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UNDER THE RED FLAG

Russian Streets Stained With Blood of Many Victims

ANARCHY IS RAMPANT IN THE CITY OF ODESSA

From All Parts of the City's Vast Domain Come Stories of Countless Victims to the Bloody Riots Which Are Occurring Daily.

(By the Associated Press.)
Odessa, Nov. 2.—Anarchy is rampant here. Killing and plundering by bands formed of hundreds of "Loyalists" continued this morning. Night was made hideous, bodies of "Loyalists" with whom the police are fraternizing, marching through the principal streets bearing the national flag and portraits of the Emperor and icons, singing the national hymn, smashing everything in their way and looting shops and houses. Hospital wagons passed through the streets incessantly, carrying off the killed. The population is panic-stricken.

A Hundred Wounded.
Warsaw, Nov. 2.—It now appears that thirty persons were killed and over a hundred wounded during the conflicts of last night. Instead of the expected abolition of martial law to-day the military governor had the walls covered with proclamations announcing that in consequence of yesterday's disturbances, crowds assembling in the streets will be dispersed by force of arms.

Widespread Rioting.
Radom, Russia, Nov. 2.—The anti-government demonstration yesterday ended in widespread rioting. Soldiers fired volleys at the rioters. There were many victims, both civilians and soldiers.

Citizen Militia Formed.
Kazars, Russia, Nov. 2.—The city is now under the guardianship of the newly formed citizen militia consisting of students and workmen armed with weapons taken from the police. No disturbances have been reported so far.

Stop Celebrations.
Tashkend, Russian Turkistan, Nov. 2.—Peaceful celebrations of the issuing of the imperial manifesto granting Russia a constitution, were dispersed by troops yesterday. Cosacks fired three volleys. Many were killed or wounded.

Wholesale Plundering.
Rostoff on the Don, Nov. 2.—The whole town is in the hands of rioters who are plundering by wholesale. Firing is frequent in the streets. Many persons were killed or injured. The clergy left their churches in attempts to pacify the rioters but their efforts were unavailing.

FEVER UNDER CONTROL

It is Not Thought That Many Cases Will Be Reported Before Frost.

(By the Associated Press.)
New Orleans, Nov. 2.—All quarantines in the parish of Calcasieu, including Lake Charles, have been raised. The cases remaining under treatment in New Orleans have dropped to 18, and the centers of infection are so completely under control that it is regarded as improbable that many more cases will be reported before frost.

Prof. Rupert Boyce, of Liverpool, says there is comparatively little yellow fever in British Honduras, but much in Spanish Honduras and Guatemala.

Referring to the possibility of yellow fever next fall, Dr. White expresses the opinion that there is no more danger in New Orleans in September, 1906, on account of the present outbreak, than if such an outbreak had never occurred.

AFRO-AMERICAN COMPANY.

Negroes Form Plans for Big Trust Concern in Louisville.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 2.—A preliminary meeting was held here to-day for the formation of an Afro-American trust company, with \$500,000 capital. The scheme is the most gigantic financial undertaking ever attempted by colored people. The

idea originated with T. Thomas Fortune, editor of the New York age, the official organ of the colored people of New York and influential through the country. The concern will be known as the Afro-American Trust Company and will have its headquarters here. Eight negro banks, operating in Alabama, South Carolina, Mississippi, Tennessee and Kentucky have pledged their support. It is the purpose of the company to transact a general banking business and perform the functions of a trust company.

California Shipping Oranges.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 1.—Shipments of the orange crop of central and northern California began to-day. The estimates of the crop are not fully completed, but it is certain that it will be in excess of last year's. The railroads will have the entire crop removed by the first of the year.

Fever On Steamer.

(By the Associated Press.)
Lima, Peru, Nov. 2.—The British steamer Chill, which arrived at Callao yesterday from Panama had on board five cases of yellow fever. She has been quarantined. Since leaving Panama fifteen cases of fever, one of which was fatal, occurred on the Chill.

Taft Arrives at Colon.

(By the Associated Press.)
Colon, Nov. 2.—Secretary Taft has arrived here and the second anniversary of the establishment of the republic of Panama is being celebrated coincident with Taft's arrival.

SUPREME COURT TO-DAY.

Argument in Cases From Tenth District Completed, and Raleigh Dispensary Case Taken Up.

In the Supreme Court to-day the following cases were argued: Kern vs. The Southern Railway Company. Clark vs. The Town of Statesville. Lane vs. Commissioners of Rowan County. Eubanks vs. Aispaugh. Mills vs. Lumber Company. These were the last of the cases from the tenth district to be argued, and upon the completion of these the Raleigh dispensary matter was taken up.

WILD FAKIR IS SORRY NOW

Georgia Negro With Horns and Tusks Wants Doctor to Tame Him After Posing as Real Borneo Product.

(By the Associated Press.)
Chicago, Nov. 2.—A dispatch to The Tribune from Springfield, Ill., says: A real wild man, with horns and huge tusks, was discovered here to-day. He is George Brown, a big negro, hailing from Georgia, who applied to a doctor to have the silver plate which held the horns in place removed. He said the plate had been inserted under the scalp for the purpose of fastening two horns upon it. Two front teeth had been sawed off and supplied with gold crowns upon which could be screwed down two formidable looking tusks, and when this had been accomplished he went on the road with a show posing as a real "wild man." He declared he had traveled all over Georgia, attracting wonderful multitudes of people who came to gaze on a real live "wild man," captured in the recesses of Africa.

"PLEASED WITH MULET ROAD."

Governor Glenn Returns From Beaufort, Where He Went to Inspect the A. and N. C. Railroad, Says He Is Well Pleased With Its Condition.

Governor Glenn returned last night from Beaufort, where he went to make an address at the laying of the corner stone of a public school building, and to inspect the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad. The Governor said that great improvements were being made in the "mulet road"; that the new management was laying new and heavier iron, and building new depots and bridges. He said that the long bridge which would connect the towns of Morehead City and Beaufort would soon be completed, and was a fine piece of work.

Governor Glenn said that he was very well satisfied with the condition of the road as seen by just passing over it hurriedly.

ROOSEVELT ON THE RATE BILL

Consults Callum and Dolliver About the New Party Measure

STILL DETERMINED TO HAVE IT PASSED

Wants Commerce Commission to Have More Powers and Will Insist On Action By Congress—Letter Carriers Ask Better Pay.

(By the Associated Press.)
Washington, Nov. 2.—The question of railroad rate legislation was considered at length at the White House to-day at a conference between President Roosevelt and Senators Callum, of Illinois, and Dolliver, of Iowa, two of the men who are expected to lead the administration's fight in the approaching session of Congress. The President outlined the measure he desired to have Congress enact; the chief feature of which is that the Interstate Commerce Commission should be clothed with powers to revise railroad rates when found to be unreasonable. It is understood that President Roosevelt is committed to no measure, but made it clear that he will continue a determined fight for issues he has repeatedly and publicly advocated. A committee representing the letter carriers waited on Postmaster General Cortelyou to-day and presented a memorial urging better pay for carriers. The postmaster general told the committee that he would give the memorial his fullest consideration.

WANTS HIS SONS SAVED.

Murderer Rawlings Confesses to Awful Crime in Georgia.

Valdosta, Ga., Nov. 2.—J. G. Rawlings has made a confession of hiring Alf Moore to kill W. L. Carter, but he says that the killing of the children was not in the "trade." He says that he particularly cautioned the negro not to harm the children. Rawlings says Joe Bentley and Mitch Johnson made a trade with Alf Moore to do the bloody work, and that Joe Bentley and Alf Moore wanted to kill Carter on Sunday night before, but that they could not get a buggy at Bahria to go to Carter's house. He says that the liveryman would not hire it to them unless they would tell where they were going. Rawlings says that his confession came without the knowledge of his lawyers, as he had reached the place where he could not keep quiet any longer.

He says that he is thoroughly indifferent as to the decision of the Supreme Court so far as he is concerned, but that he wants his sons saved.

JUDGMENTS SIGNED TODAY

Argument in the \$20,000 Case Against the S. A. L. Has Been Completed—Will Go to the Jury To-Day.

In the Superior Court to-day the following cases were disposed of: Walter Pratt & Company against A. V. Bacon & Company, compromised and settled, and judgment signed in the case of T. M. Whitaker and Nancy Whitaker against the Board of Commissioners of Wake County, in which the plaintiffs get damages to the amount of \$80 because of the changing of a public road running through Swift Creek township. The argument in the case of Stewart against the S. A. L. for \$20,000 damages, went to the jury this afternoon.

Sugar Price Reduced.
(By the Associated Press.)
New York, Nov. 2.—All grades of refined sugar have been reduced 10 cents per hundred pounds.

PROVES SMITH WASN'T THIEF

White Man Killed at Union Station Not the Pickpocket

CAPTAIN THOMPSON MAKES AN AFFIDAVIT

Brother of Victim Secures Evidence in Raleigh to Defend His Name Against Serious Charge—What the Documents Show.

A. M. Smith, of Washington, a brother of Charles G. Smith, who was killed at the union station in Raleigh on October 21st, has secured a number of affidavits to prove that the deceased was not the "G. Smith" arrested here and lodged in the police station on the charge of being a pickpocket. Mr. Smith called at the office of The Evening Times to-day and submitted the affidavits, with the request that the gist of the evidence be published in the interest of justice and to show that his brother was not the man held for robbing a visitor during fair week.

There are eight affidavits. In a statement sworn to before E. B. Crow, a notary public, Martin Thompson, a captain of police, says that on Sunday morning, October 22nd, he went to the undertaker's to view the body of Charles G. Smith to ascertain if he was the same man who was arrested and arraigned before Police Justice Badger, charged with being a pickpocket. "My honest opinion," he says, "is that Charles G. Smith, deceased, is not the same person who was arrested and arraigned, as was reported in the local papers and elsewhere."

A similar affidavit was made by W. A. Champion, turnkey at the police station, and by W. E. Austin, a member of the police force of Raleigh, both of whom viewed the remains and who are certain that the victim of the shooting was not the thief.

Archie M. Parker, of 304 Oakwood avenue, testified that he went to the Fair Grounds on the day G. Smith was arrested; that he was with Charles G. Smith; that Edward C. Smith, Melvin Wood and Frederick Pitt were also with them and that they were able to prove an alibi for deceased, substantiating the statement that he was at the fair while another man by the name of Smith was in the station house. This information is corroborated by other members of the party.

R. G. Harris, of Norfolk, says in his affidavit that he knows G. Smith and Charles G. Smith, and that they are not one and the same. The evidence is very strong and upsets the theory that the Smith who was killed was the Smith previously arrested for having picked a pocket.

ANOTHER LIFE INSURANCE CO.

The Secretary of State Charters the Charlotte Life Insurance Company and Also a \$450,000 Electric Railway Company for High Point.

Charlotte is to have another life insurance company. To-day the Secretary of State incorporated the Charlotte Life Insurance Company, which will begin business with a capital of \$100,000 with the privilege of increasing to any sum not to exceed \$500,000. The incorporators are B. D. Heath, D. A. Tompkins, John M. Scott, T. W. Hawkins, A. H. Washburn and others.

Another important company chartered to-day was the High Point and Winston-Salem Railway Company, with an authorized capital of \$450,000. The principal office of the company will be in High Point, and the company is privileged to build railroads to be equipped with electricity or other power, but the charter limits the mileage to be owned or operated to 50 miles from the town in which is the principal office of the

company. The incorporators are: C. C. Taylor, of Greensboro, Pa.; J. H. Hill, R. A. and R. H. Wheeler, of High Point.

The Barker-Kelley Company, of Des Moines, was also chartered to-day with a capital authorized of \$150,000, of which \$10,000 is paid in. The purpose of the corporation is to conduct a hardware business, and the incorporators are: H. M. Hamaker, R. L. Cromer and J. E. Wall, of Des Moines.

THE MORTUARY REPORT.

Figures Indicate Very Healthy Condition in the City of Raleigh. The mortuary report for the city of Raleigh for the month of October was issued to-day from the office of the clerk to the Board of Health. The report shows a total of 31 deaths during the month—19 whites and 12 negroes—only one of these being from a contagious disease. Of those 31, 22 were over 20 years of age and 9 under 20 years and 4 were over 80 years of age. The proportion of deaths to population during the month is: White, one death in 611; colored, one death in 492, and for all colors, one death in 545. The births for the month were as follows: White, 7; colored, 16, making a total of 23. The monthly rate for the white population is 1.63 per cent; for the colored population it is 1.44, and the monthly rate for all colors is 1.55 per cent. These figures include the corporate limits only, and are based upon a total population of 20,000, divided as follows: Whites, 11,000 and negroes, 9,000.

WILL CONDUCT A PARTY.

County Superintendent Z. V. Judd Will Conduct a Party From Raleigh to Attend the Southern Educational Association.

The next meeting of the Southern Educational Association will be held in Nashville, Tenn., November 22-25, 1906. The Association of Southern Colleges will meet there at the same time.

County Superintendent Z. V. Judd, of Raleigh, will conduct a party from here, and all who wish to join may communicate with him. The Southern Railway will sell tickets from Raleigh for \$11.75, good until November 30th. A large number will go from Raleigh.

JEWS KILLED IN STREETS

London Report Says That Five Thousand Are Dead and Wounded at Odessa—Worse Than Kishineff.

(By the Associated Press.)
London, Nov. 2.—The Evening Standard's dispatch from Odessa says that the casualties yesterday number five thousand killed and wounded. In Jewish quarters bodies still strewn the streets and sidewalks. Jewish women and children were strangled and hacked to pieces in the streets. A Red Cross doctor says that the horrors of Kishineff were repeated one hundred fold. The military are placing one hundred machine guns at various points. The mobs swear they will not leave a single Jew alive.

INTEREST IN REVIVAL.

Services at Edenton Street Methodist Church Still Drawing Large Crowds.

That the interest in the revival meetings being held at Edenton Street M. E. church is growing was evidenced by the increased attendance last night. The service of song before the sermon, led by Rev. A. B. Hunter, was impressive and beautiful. The sermon by Rev. Harry M. North was on "Man's Way of Covering Sin and God's Way of Covering Sin." It was a forceful discourse impressed upon attentive hearers by apt illustrations and incidents. His preaching is growing upon his congregations day by day as he preaches the Word with great earnestness and clearness and with power. Every one invited to attend the meetings held daily at 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Service of song at 7:30 each night.

Southern Postmasters.

(By the Associated Press.)
Washington, Nov. 2.—Alabama: Riverfalls, Julia S. Wilson. North Carolina: Lincolnton Store, Robert D. Nobbitt; Lenoir, Emma J. Giffikin; Rusk, William C. Douglas.

St. Louis Factory Destroyed.

(By the Associated Press.)
St. Louis, Nov. 2.—The Columbia Box Factory was burned to-day at a loss, of \$175,000.

DISPENSARY OR SALOONS

Final Argument Up Before the Supreme Court Today

JUDGMENT OF JUSTICE FIGURES IN HEARING

Mandamus Proceedings Against the Board of Aldermen to Compel Them to Order an Election so as to Determine Question.

The hearing of the Raleigh dispensary matter began this afternoon in the Supreme Court immediately after the completion of the argument of the cases from the tenth district. This is the mandamus case against the Board of Aldermen of the city of Raleigh to compel them to call an election on the question of saloons or dispensary as provided in the new charter granted by the last Legislature, and compels up on appeal from the lower court from the following judgment issued by Judge Justice:

Judgment.
North Carolina—Wake County. In the Superior Court—Before M. H. Justice, Judge, holding the courts of the sixth judicial district, September 25, 1905.

The State ex rel. J. M. Pace, W. C. Norris and W. J. Ellington, petitioners in their own behalf and in behalf of the other petitioners; and J. M. Pace, W. C. Norris and W. J. Ellington, petitioners in their own behalf and in behalf of the other petitioners, plaintiffs, against

The city of Raleigh and the Board of Aldermen of the city of Raleigh, and James I. Johnson, mayor, and William Boylan, William B. Grimes, W. A. Cooper, Ed. Hugh Lee, George M. Harden, H. W. Jackson, L. G. Rogers and J. S. Upchurch, the last eight constituting the Board of Aldermen of the city of Raleigh, defendants.

This cause coming on to be heard by his honor, Michael H. Justice, judge presiding in the courts of the sixth judicial district, in chambers at Raleigh, on the 27th day of September, 1906, upon the pleadings and the admissions of the parties, and it being admitted by the parties, plaintiffs and defendants, that the only question to be considered in the case and arising upon the pleadings is one o. law, to-wit, whether under the law, chapter 233, section 7, Laws 1903, the requirement as a qualification to vote, to-wit, that no person shall be entitled to vote unless he shall have paid his poll tax on or before the 1st day of May of the year in which he offers to vote, should be applied as a test of the competency of a petitioner to sign the petition specified in the complaint; and it being further admitted that if it should not be so applied, under the said law, the petitioners number more than one-third of the registered voters in the city of Raleigh, who were registered for the preceding municipal election:

Now, therefore, after hearing the arguments of counsel for the respective parties, it is considered, ordered and adjudged by the court, that the payment of poll tax for the previous year on or before the 1st of May, 1905, is not a necessary qualification under section 7, chapter 233, of the Laws of 1903, to enable a petitioner to sign the petition specified in the complaint. It is further considered and adjudged that the petition set out in the complaint was signed by more than one-third of the registered voters of the city of Raleigh who were registered for the preceding municipal election therein, and that said signers petitioned for an election as specified in said petition, and that said petition contained more than the requisite number of petitioners under the provisions of said law of 1903.

It is further considered, ordered and adjudged that the Board of Aldermen of the city of Raleigh forthwith assemble, and that they forthwith order an election to be held, after 30 days notice, in the said city of Raleigh, to determine whether bar-rooms or saloons shall be established in said city under the high-license law provided by the present charter of said city, said election to be held and conducted in accordance (Concluded on Third Page.)