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IS IT TO BE AYCOCK OR SIMMONS OR CLARK OR EVEN DANIELS?

Most Interesting Caucus Leak of All Has Come Out AS TO UNITED STATES SENATOR

Story Goes That Josephus Daniels Urged the Wake Delegation in Legislature Be Unpledged, and That W. E. Faison Declared He Was for Judge Clark for Senator and Didn't Care Who Knew It.

Perhaps the most interesting of all the leaks from the now famous caucus that elected the greater part of the county candidates is one that has just been sprung, relating to the discussion that was held as to the position the Wake legislators should take in the matter of United States senator.

Josephus Daniels, the leak goes on to say, addressed the meeting at some length on this very interesting subject and received the most earnest attention from his hearers.

He advised that the four members of the general assembly from Wake county should not commit themselves on this important matter thus early in the game. He declared that he did not know what might happen, all was thus far clouded in obscurity.

It was true, he told them, that ex-Governor Aycock had been urged very hard to make the race against Senator Simmons, but he had not yet given his consent to allow his name to be used in that connection. Some other candidate might jump up in the mean time. He repeated that there was no telling what might happen, and that reason urged with all his might that the five members, Messrs. W. E. Faison, W. C. Douglas and Millard Mel, and the senator, Mr. Percy J. Otter, be fancy free, unpledged and unsworn.

It appears that the only response to this advice from the sovereign power behind the throne came from Mr. Faison, who is said to have declared that he was for Chief Justice Walter Clark of the supreme court for United States senator, and further added by way of emphasis that he didn't care who knew it, either.

This seems to have ended the discussion on that subject, but the legislators elect of the caucus are pledged so far as to the caucus is concerned.

Whether Mr. Faison's remark was altogether pleasing to Mr. Daniels or not is not known.

There are those who think that in the realm of the remote possibilities that appear to be crowding the brain of the great basic mover of the caucus is a sort of unformed, uncertain, timid, modest suggestion that perhaps there might come from friends a clamor that he himself become a candidate for the United States senate to succeed Mr. Simmons. These folks say that is why he wanted the Wake delegation instructed on this point. At any rate, they point out, it shows that he at least is not committed to either Mr. Simmons, ex-Governor Aycock or Judge Clark.

Others openly declare that Mr. Daniels has given up all hope of that coveted cabinet position and is now ready upon the slightest provocation to come out as Senator Simmons' successor.

Mr. George W. Norwood, chief clerk in the office of the secretary of state called at the office of The Evening Times yesterday evening and stated to the editor that no caucus or meeting such as described had been held in the office of the secretary of state.

It is understood that County Attorney Herbert E. Norris withdrew from the caucus as soon as he found they were not going to fight any of the board of county commissioners. He was not there, it seems, to take any part in the political controversies in the county, but felt he was justified in looking after the interests of the county commissioners.

INSURANCE MAN WAS INDICTED.

(By the Associated Press.)
New York, April 27.—William A. Brewer, Jr., formerly president of the Washington Life Insurance company, was today indicted by the grand jury for perjury. The charge grows out of a report made to the state superintendent of insurance in 1903 regarding the condition of the company.

HOUSE ADDS TO THE 'FRISCO RELIEF FUND

(By the Associated Press.)
Washington, April 27.—Mr. Lattauer (N. Y.) immediately after the house convened today presented the emergency appropriation bill carrying \$170,000 for the navy and postoffice departments to be expended at San Francisco.

Mr. Williams (Miss.) said he would not object to the immediate consideration of the bill as it was intended for the relief of the San Francisco sufferers.

Mr. Lattauer explained that the president in his message recommended an appropriation of \$300,000 for the employment of labor at Mare Island, but as this was to cover a period of 12 months it was thought best to appropriate a sufficient sum to cover the remaining two months of the present fiscal year, leaving any further sums to be appropriated in the next appropriation bill. The same consideration was given to the postoffice department, the amount appropriated, \$70,000, being available until June 30. Without further delay, the bill was passed.

The house then took up pension legislation.

NO DATE FOR RATE BILL VOTE.

(By the Associated Press.)
Washington, April 27.—Another ineffectual effort was made in the senate today to secure a vote on the railroad rate bill. Senator Allison suggested that general debate be closed in a week and that amendments then be considered under the ten minute rule.

OAKLAND WILL GET PART OF THE RELIEF FUND.

(By the Associated Press.)
San Francisco, Cal., April 27.—The finance committee of the relief committee and Red Cross funds has voted \$100,000 to Oakland. The Rev. P. C. Yorke was authorized to draw \$25,000 for the relief work he is doing across the bay. At a previous meeting \$25,000 had been voted to Berkeley. This is in line with the announced Spokane and other policy of allotting a part of the relief fund to the cities that are housing and feeding people of San Francisco.

Dewey in Suez Canal.

(By the Associated Press.)
Port Said, Egypt, April 27.—The United States dreadnaught Dewey, on her way to the Philippines in tow, entered the Suez canal today.

THREE MORE EARTHQUAKES

(By the Associated Press.)
Los Angeles, April 17.—A long distance telephone message to this city from a correspondent of the Associated Press at Sallinas, 120 miles south of San Francisco, at 10:30 o'clock this morning states that three more very heavy earthquake shocks were felt there last night, one at 8 o'clock, another at 9:50 and the last at 2 o'clock this morning. The shocks lasted about four seconds each, but so far as known did no damage.

The news could not be reported from Sallinas early because of the lack of all communication. The damage at Sallinas from the earthquake shock of last week is in excess of one million dollars.

The Sallinas river is reported to have been sunk ten or twelve feet along its course for miles. Nearly all of the bridges across the river have been condemned and will have to be rebuilt.

A telephone message today received by the Evening Express says that earthquake shocks have been felt there daily since the first disaster, April 18, but that no further damage was done.

King Edward in Naples.
(By the Associated Press.)
Naples, April 27.—King Edward and Queen Alexandra arrived here today from Messina after a stormy voyage. It is feared that they will be unable, on account of the weather, to make their proposed ascension of Mount Vesuvius.

CRAPSEY TRIAL NEARS THE END

Ecclesiastical Court Heard Arguments Today

CHURCH IS ON TRIAL

Witnesses for the Defense Were Excluded and Lawyers Speak for and Against the Episcopal Rector—Law and Scripture Quoted During the Discussion.

(By the Associated Press.)
Batavia, N. Y., April 27.—The testimony of witnesses in support of Rev. Algernon S. Crapsey, pastor of St. Andrew's Protestant Episcopal church at Rochester in his trial for heresy, having been excluded by the ecclesiastical court which is trying him, counsel today began their arguments.

Franklin D. Locke began the summing up for the prosecution by saying: "We maintain that the apostles' creed forms part of the faith of the Protestant Episcopal church and every clergyman in this church must accept every concrete statement contained therein. It is intolerable to think that any clergyman of this church can declare in his church in the morning that he believes these things and by night deny them in the evening. It is admitted by the defense that Dr. Crapsey does not believe some of the statements contained in this creed. Then this is no church for him. He can go to the synagogue, or to some other church. We do not challenge his belief, but we do challenge his right to fill his official position in the church while he holds these views. We say he should go. This is the attitude of the prosecution. Dr. Crapsey's life is at stake in the highest, but this only magnifies his offense, for such a man must hold himself higher than others."

After reading to the court a statement of Dr. Crapsey, Congressman Perkins addressed the court for the defense. He said in part: "The church is the church itself which is on trial here today. We believe there is room in this church for Godly men, but this only magnifies his offense, for such a man must hold himself higher than others."

"The fifteenth specification against Dr. Crapsey says that true religion is to visit the fatherless and the widow and to keep himself unspotted from the world, such is the meaning of the scripture itself. If it is heresy to obey God's word, to declare that true religion consists in relieving the fatherless and leading a pure life, then for heresy we will be condemned."

Later in the address he said: "If the position of counsel for the prosecution is correct any person who deviates in the least from any printed words from the liberal signification of any phrase in the book of common prayer, must be expelled from the church."

"There is not a person in our church, there is not one person in the court who believes the apostles' creed as it was believed by the men who framed it."

Mr. Perkins laid particular stress upon a certain clause of the service for the ordination of priests, wherein the bishop asks the applicant: "Are you determined to teach nothing as necessary to eternal salvation, but that which you shall be persuaded may be concluded and proved by the scriptures?"

"A man is told," he continued, "to study the scriptures for himself and to interpret them, not according to what he is told by others, but according to what he is persuaded may be concluded and proved therefrom. Those words are plain and clear; there is no mistaking them; but according to the presentation of the prosecution Dr. Crapsey must break this vow as solemnly as he can."

NO TELEGRAMS IN DUKE SUIT

(By the Associated Press.)
New York, April 27.—Several depositions concerning telegrams alleged to have been sent from Durham, N. C., by Mrs. James B. Duke to Frank T. Huntington in New York, will not be for the present at least be admitted as evidence in the Duke divorce suit which is on trial at Newark, N. Y. This decision was announced by Vice-Chancellor Pitney when the trial was resumed today. Mrs. Duke, as the defendant, was ill today and unable to appear in court, and as a result the cross-examination of Nellie Sands, her former maid was deferred until later.

GALLANT MEN MARCH TODAY

One Flag Waves Over the Confederate Heroes

NEW ORLEANS IS GAY

Magnificent Spectacle Along Canal Street When Battered Remnant of Southern Army Troops Amid the Blare of Trumpets and the Joyful Shouting of the Multitude.

(By the Associated Press.)
New Orleans, La., April 27.—For two days the confederate reunion has devoted itself to business—today was given over to the glorification of the cause that died long since, but still lives on.

It is but little more than two score years ago that the close blockade maintained by the federal navy was driving the iron into the soul of the proud city of New Orleans. The grass grew in the doorways of warehouses whose traffic had died and disappeared. The best and bravest of her young manhood was with Johnston in Tennessee and Lee in Virginia and her heart and her old time gaiety had in large degree gone with them. Socially the city was dying—commercially it was dead.

Today the uniform of the navy was again seen along St. Charles street, this time shoulder to shoulder with the confederate gray, and doing honor to the cause against which it was then engaged in war.

Out in the river, where lay Farragut's black ships of war with broadsides bearing on New Orleans, there floated today a craft as different from them in color as in mission.

From end to end there was no blemish in her spotless white. Over this glistening ship, the Columbia, as over Farragut's grim Hartford, old glory snatched in the wind, for she came as an evidence of good will from the very government against which the confederates strove through four long years with such desperate valor and undaunted persistence. It was the signal gun from this warlike messenger of peace that set in motion today's great parade in honor of the confederacy. The day was ideal in all respects for the event—perhaps a little too warm for the sailors of the Columbia, who are accustomed to the ocean breezes, but none too hot for the men of the south. The wind was steady and strong, but not too high. It was just the wind for a parade—one that lifted the flags into things of motion.

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FOURTEEN DEAD FROM TORNADO

(By the Associated Press.)
Fort Worth, Texas, April 27.—Thirteen people were killed and a number seriously injured by a tornado which last night swept over the little town of Bellevue, Texas. The place is practically wrecked. After the storm had razed every business building, fire broke out and completed the work of destruction. Only four houses in the place are reported to have escaped destruction or injury. The tornado covered an area of eight miles wide and destroyed farm houses and crops.

A car load of provisions has been sent from Fort Worth and tents were forwarded from Wichita Falls. The property loss will probably reach \$200,000. Reports from Stoneburg says the cotton gin there has been wrecked by the storm and several residences were damaged. No one was injured.

Sydney Webb, chairman of a relief committee organized at Bellevue, Texas, has asked the Associated Press to give publicity to the following: "Six hundred of our people are homeless and practically destitute. Thirteen were killed and a number seriously injured. The entire town is in a heap of ruins the destruction being complete. Help of every kind is needed and this relief committee appeals to the public for aid. The committee requests that all contributions be sent to W. B. Worsham & Company, bankers, Henrietta, Tex."

DREWRY SAYS DANIELS LIED

Answers Attack Made by the News and Observer

TRUTH ABOUT ROAD LAW

Mr. Drewry Declares That He Had Nothing to do With the Passage of That Measure, Regrets Use of Harsh Language, But Finds That it is Necessary.

Editor Evening Times:
I have been absent from the city for the past week, which accounts for my silence in regard to the unjust attacks made upon me by the News and Observer.

Even now, after reflection, it is difficult to know how best to deal with a man like Josephus Daniels. He has been kicked and cuffed so often, and is such a cowardly cur that it is no credit to kick him again. He has been denounced as a liar and a blackguard so frequently that it seems almost pitiful to use language of this sort again in denouncing him. What course, then, is best to pursue in dealing with this journalistic viper who attempts to damage and defame the character of some of the best men in North Carolina?

He says in his article that I resigned from the board of aldermen because the bond issue was defeated, when he knows I moved out of the second ward into the first ward, and it had always been customary when an alderman removed out of his ward for him to resign, and it was in conformity to this custom that I did so. Joe Daniels knew this fact, and yet he deliberately lies about it.

He says, as chairman of the street committee, I was extravagant and wasteful of the city's finances, when he knows that the record shows that more work was done, and at less expense while I was chairman of the street committee than ever before in the history of this city. I do not claim all the credit for this service, because I had associated with me on the committee such men as Capt. John R. Ferrall, Mr. J. D. Boushall, Mr. L. B. Pegram, and Mr. D. S. Hamilton—all good men, who rendered the city valuable services.

He says the people of Raleigh refused to vote for the last bond issue because of a lack of confidence in me. He knows he deliberately and willfully lies when he makes that statement. The people of Raleigh voted for two separate and distinct bond issues while I was chairman of the street committee, and the votes in both cases were almost unanimous.

He knows that the last bond issue was defeated because the ignorant negro vote was sold to vote against it. No one knows this fact better than Joe Daniels, and yet, this would-be boss, this political ringster who has dictated the politics of Wake county and North Carolina, and slandered just men so long, deliberately makes this false statement for a selfish purpose, and in order to defeat me for the state senate.

In order to show the inconsistency of this hypocrite, almost in the same issue of his paper in which he tries to place me in a false light concerning the closing of the Johnson street crossing, he has an editorial in which he advises the closing of all railroad grade crossings in the state of North Carolina. The hypocrisy of such a man is so apparent that everyone can see it.

He attempts to make capital of my using the word "until." He knew this was a clerical error, and that the quotation marks were intended to be after the word "until," instead of in front of it, because I sent him a copy of the contract with the article so that he could see the full text of it, and asked him in my article to publish the contract so that everyone could see it, but this act of his is in keeping with his low down methods.

He says he is going to show up my record as chairman of the street committee, etc. I have nothing to fear from that, as the record will speak for itself, and will show that every dollar was honestly and wisely spent. He has a right to criticize my public record in a fair and legitimate way, so long as he confines himself strictly to the truth.

His opposition to me for the state senate arises from the fact that he does not want me, or anyone else, in the legislature who will not take

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TO REPORT TILLMAN MEASURE FAVORABLY

PROFESSIONAL MEN IN NEED OF HELP

DOES NOT APPLY TO RECEIVERS OF FUND

(By the Associated Press.)
Los Angeles, Cal., April 27.—H. E. Huntington yesterday opened with a gift of \$30,000, a fund to alleviate the ruined fortunes of professional men and women who lost their all in the San Francisco disaster. The statement made public by Mr. Huntington went his gift is in part as follows:

"During my recent visit to San Francisco I was struck most forcibly by the misfortune that had accrued to professional men by reason of the disaster. The sturdy laboring man will find work at once and through the assistance of the relief committees and the abundant call for labor will soon be on his feet again and in almost as good condition as he was before the earthquake."

"It seemed to me that as a class the lawyers, doctors and other professional men who depend upon libraries, skill and their clientele for support are most heavily hit. I know personally of many professional men who lost their libraries, homes, instruments and everything but the clothes they were wearing. The men are not well equipped to do manual labor and must take a practically new start in their professions with little or nothing to begin with."

Freight Train Hit Dynamite.

(By the Associated Press.)
Harrisburg, Pa., April 27.—J. P. Good, engineer, was killed and C. H. Leffer, fireman, and J. J. Wallower, brakeman, were fatally injured today by the explosion of an eastbound freight locomotive at Ducklow Tower, on the Pennsylvania Railroad. Good's body was found half submerged into the Susquehanna river near the tower. The injured men were brought to the Harrisburg hospital. The train was composed of 25 cars and every car was connected with air hoses.

The cause of the explosion is not known but the theory is advanced that the engine struck a stick of dynamite which had been accidentally dropped along the tracks.

JAMAICA RACES.

(By the Associated Press.)
Jamaica, L. I., April 27.—First race, selling, three year old and up, six furlongs; Toots Mook, seven to ten and one to four; Hocus Pocus, three to one place, second; Bailot Box, third. Time 1:13 2-5.

SPOONER STILL TALKS RATE BILL

(By the Associated Press.)
Washington, April 27.—Mr. Spooner today resumed his speech in the senate on the railroad rate bill, again taking up the question of the distinction between judicial power and jurisdiction. Replying to Mr. Bailey he said that owing to the fact that the powers are totally different it cannot be said that one is greater than the other.

He also took up the Bailey non-suspension amendment saying that if it should become a law the courts would be deprived of the power of granting relief even if the rates fixed should be confiscatory. "Is it possible," he asked, "that congress can substitute its judgment in such a proceeding for the judgment of the courts?" Indications he declared to be the right arm of equity and said that without them there would be no preventive relief. It is not a mere instrumental-ly, it is a part of the body of jurisprudence," he continued. "If congress could take off one arm it could take off both, or even the head of jurisprudence and thus leave nothing but a headless body."

AUSTRIAN WON SWIMMING RACE.

(By the Associated Press.)
Phaleron, Greece, April 27.—In the four hundred metres swimming race here today Scheff, Austria, was first; H. Taylor, England, was second and J. A. Jarvis, England, was third. The victory of the young Austrian, who is only sixteen years old, was most enthusiastically received by the spectators. He swam in fine style and passed the winning post a yard ahead of Taylor. Time 6 minutes, 23 4-5 seconds.

Italian crews won both the 1,000 metres and the 1,500 metres pair oar races.

A Frenchman won the single sculls.

TO DEEPEN CAPE FEAR.

(By the Associated Press.)
Washington, April 27.—District Engineer Johnson has made a contract with F. C. Blackner, of Jacksonville, Fla., to construct two four-pocket bottom dump scoops for use in deepening the channel of Cape Fear river from Wilmington to the sea.

The contract is about \$20,000. A bill is now pending in congress to increase the channel of the Cape Fear river from 22 to 24 feet.

Prohibit Insurance and Other Corporations from Giving Campaign Money

Vote of Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections

Makes Offending Corporations Subject to Fine of \$5,000, and Employees \$1,000.

(By the Associated Press.)
Washington, April 27.—The senate committee on privileges and elections by unanimous vote today authorized Senator Foraker to report favorably the Tillman bill to prohibit insurance and other corporations from contributing to campaign funds.

The bill was amended by a sub-committee consisting of Senators Foraker, Knox and Bailey, and was made to apply to corporations of all kinds and to all elections for presidential and vice presidential electors, for legislatures where United States senators are to be chosen, and for representatives in congress. It makes offending corporations subject to a fine of \$5,000, and an employee of corporations subject to a fine of \$1,000. The measure does not apply to persons receiving such contributions.

It is believed by members of the sub-committee that this measure will furnish the model for state legislation prohibiting state corporations from contributing to election expenses.

UNIVERSITY STUDENTS ARE STRANDED TODAY.

(By the Associated Press.)
Palo Alto, Cal., April 27.—No attempt is being made to begin the work of repair and reconstruction necessary on the Stanford University buildings torn down by the earthquake. Cheap workmanship and defective construction are attributed as the sole causes for the absolute overthrow of the larger university buildings. The work of rebuilding the town of Palo Alto is already well under way.

Many university students are stranded without the means to get home. The university has no ready money to advance for transportation but the railroad company is very liberally attempting to relieve the situation. Despite their own hard condition the students are helping greatly toward the San Francisco relief work.