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## W. G. BRIGGS IS APPOINTED

### President Roosevelt Has Signed Papers

## THE NEWS CAME TODAY

Endorsed by State Chairman Adams For the Place Several Weeks Ago. Mr. Briggs Will Enter Upon His New Duties About September 1. Sketch of the New Postmaster at Raleigh.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Washington, August 16.—Willis G. Briggs was today appointed postmaster at Raleigh, N. C.

Willis Grandy Briggs, whose appointment by President Roosevelt as postmaster at the North Carolina capital city is announced in the above Associated Press dispatch, is the first postmaster recommended by Judge Spencer B. Adams since his election as state chairman. The Raleigh postmaster is the paymaster for all rural free delivery carriers in the state, hence in a measure is the head of the postal system in North Carolina.

The appointee to this important position is a young newspaper man who for the past eight years has been working on dailies and is now city editor of The Raleigh Times.

Mr. Briggs comes from a well known family; his forefathers have lived in Raleigh since the foundation of the city. His father, Thos. H. Briggs, is a hardware merchant, treasurer of Wake Forest College, and is interested in many local corporations.

Mr. Briggs graduated from Wake Forest College in the 1896 class, which numbered 32, with high honors. A committee from the faculty awarded him the senior oratorical medal offered by an alumnus, Thomas Dixon, the author and lecturer. He was also first debater from the Euzellian Society and was one of the first commencement day speakers.

Although from a democratic family Mr. Briggs aligned himself with the republican party before he became of age. He was strongly opposed to free silver and the theories then advocated by Bryan. He reached his majority just in time to cast his ballot for McKinley and the republican candidates in the memorable 1896 campaign. The following winter a republican daily newspaper, The Tribune, was started in Raleigh to aid United States Senator Jeter C. Pritchard in his campaign for reelection by the 1897 legislature. Mr. Briggs was induced to resign the position he then held and become city editor of The Tribune although in adopting this course he encountered strong opposition from his intimate friends. The Tribune ceased publication after the adjournment of the legislature, which had triumphantly reelected Senator Pritchard, and Mr. Briggs has since that time been continually employed on Raleigh newspapers and as correspondent at the state capital for outside papers. He was city editor of The Morning Post until November last when it was consolidated with The Raleigh Evening Times and he continued in the same capacity on the latter paper. Mr. Briggs has taken much interest in the study of local history and has embraced his researches in several interesting contributions to the press.

Mr. Briggs' newspaper work at the capital has given him a personal acquaintance with practically every man in public life in North Carolina. No young man in Raleigh, it is safe to say, has a wider acquaintance in that city and county. He is unmarried, a prominent factor in the social life of the city, an active member of the Capital Club and holds membership in four secret orders.

Raleigh's new postmaster has ever been keenly interested in political questions and the career of public men. He was appointed United States jury commissioner by Judge Thomas R. Furnell and held this position for four years until a republican became clerk of the court when Mr. Briggs resigned since the law requires that the jury commissioner and clerk shall be of opposite political parties. The position of jury commissioner seems to be a mascot. He has been secretary of the republican committee in his precinct sev-

eral times and was a delegate to the recent state republican convention at Greensboro where he was made secretary of the caucus held by the supporters of Judge Adams for state chairman.

The new postmaster for Raleigh, as may be conjectured from this sketch, was strongly backed by the position by political and personal friends.

## TO JAIL ON CHARGE OF EMBEZZLEMENT.

(Special to the Evening Times.)  
Wilmington, N. C., Aug. 16.—On a warrant secured by Superintendent General J. N. Tompkins of the International Correspondence Schools, Seranton, Pa., C. J. Berry, agent here of the company, has been committed to jail charged with embezzling \$280 of the company's funds. Berry is a Cincinnati man.

## THE CONFERENCE AT NORTHFIELD.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Northfield, Mass., Aug. 16.—At the general conference for Christian workers today, the Rev. R. A. Torrey of Philadelphia, addressed the camp conference at Camp Northfield, and Rev. G. Campbell Morgan of London, England, continued his series of addresses on "The Book of Deuteronomy."

Rev. H. W. Pope, of New Haven, Conn., gave the first of a series of three addresses on "Christian Living," after which Rev. G. A. Johnson-Lord of Cambridge, continued his address on "The Gospel of St. John."

## FOR INCITING RIOTS

## New York Courts Deal With Coney Island Trouble

Three Officers of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company Arraigned and Held in Bond—Question of Fare From Manhattan to Ocean.

(By the Associated Press.)  
New York, Aug. 16.—John F. Calderwood, vice-president, Dow S. Smith, general traffic manager, and William Newbury, superintendent of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, were arraigned in a police court in Brooklyn today charged with inciting a riot. They pleaded not guilty, and were held for a hearing tomorrow in \$1,000 bail each, which was given. The cases grew out of the disorders resulting from the attempts of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company to collect a double fare to Coney Island after conflicting court decisions as to whether or not the company is entitled to more than five cents.

Police Magistrate Higginbotham ordered the arrests last night. Today he arraigned the prisoners before himself and read a complaint charging them with committing acts productive of public disorder. Acting Mayor McGowan announced today that before night he will issue a proclamation to the people urging them to preserve peace and order pending the issue of rebate checks by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company. It will be impossible for the company to issue these checks before Saturday night.

## KING AND KAISER KISS AND PART

(By the Associated Press.)  
Cronberg, Aug. 16.—King Edward left Friedrichshof at 9:30 this morning. Emperor William, Prince and Princess Frederick Charles of Hesse-Nassau, and the Crown Princess Sophia of Greece, accompanied him to the Cronberg railway station. The leave-taking of the sovereigns was particularly cordial, both kissing each other on the cheeks. The emperor accompanied the king to his compartment, where they engaged in conversation till the train was ready to move.

## ONE CUT TO DEATH; ANOTHER IS MISSING

(By the Associated Press.)  
Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 16.—As the result of a battle last night at Butler Junction, Pa., between union and non-union miners, Stef Kenway, a non-unionist, was fatally stabbed and Steven Mosely is missing and is supposed to have been killed.

## HARMONY LOST IN LONG NIGHT

### But Bryan Men of Nebraska at Last Agree

## SHALLENBERGER NAMED

Conference Committees From the Nebraska Democratic and Populist Conventions Meet in an Effort to Fuse on Candidates, and Agreement is Finally Reached.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Lincoln, Neb., August 16.—The harmony for "Bryan's sake," which was hoped for at the beginning of the democratic convention yesterday, disappeared at 5 o'clock this morning when, after an all-night session, the democrats of Nebraska adjourned until 7 o'clock for the purpose of holding a conference with the populists regarding some of the offices upon which the two conventions might fuse. This action came after George W. Berge, the favorite of the populists for governor, had been defeated by the democratic convention and after Berge had declined the nomination tendered him by the populists. The democratic portion of the state ticket is as follows:

For governor—Ashton C. Shallenberger of Alma.

For lieutenant-governor—William H. Green of Creighton.

For secretary of state—Carl R. Goucher of Wahoo.

For treasurer—Frank C. Babcock of Hastings.

For attorney-general—L. I. Abbott of Omaha.

Conference committees from the two conventions met at 5 o'clock this morning, a proposition having been made to permit the populists to name their candidates for state commissioner and two candidates for railway commissioner, the democrats also to withdraw their candidate for auditor, Mr. Lulchhart, and give that place to the populists.

These conferees were in session for several hours, and when the time came for the democrats to re-assemble this morning the conferees were far from a settlement.

This morning's conference between the democrat and populists resulted in the completion of the state fusion ticket, the populists being permitted to name the following:

For auditor—J. S. Cannady of Minden.

For tax commissioner—J. V. Wolfe of Lincoln.

For superintendent of public instruction—Prof. Watson of Cherry county.

For railway commissioner—George Herst of Polk county; J. W. Davis of Fillmore county; Dr. A. P. Fitzsimmons of Johnson county.

The result of this morning's work on the part of the conference committee is fusion on the entire ticket. When Berge was defeated for governor the populists, with whom he had formerly affiliated, and who claimed him when he ran for governor two years ago, were indignant, and it looked as though the two conventions would be unable to get the ground. This morning, however, the populists were willing to take the remaining portion of the ticket and to endorse Shallenberger, the gubernatorial candidate who had defeated Berge.

## SLAIN BY A NEGRO OVER CRAP GAME.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Bluefield, W. Va., Aug. 16.—When John Smith, a white trackwalker, broke Oley Fulton, a negro laborer, in a game of craps at Antler yesterday and declined to resume play after Fulton had obtained more money, the negro shot the white man, killing him instantly. Fulton was arrested by Foreman Johnson of an extra force gang and was hurried to Welch on a hand-car to prevent a lynching. Johnson's gang was enraged by the murder.

## A DEATH VAPOR TANNER WON'T STAND FOR IT

### Men Descending into it Reeled and Sank

## ONE OF THEM IS DEAD

Another is in a Dangerous Condition—Others Rushing to the Rescue of Men Overwhelmed by the Poisonous Fumes Driven Back by the Foreman.

(Special to the Evening Times.)  
Asheville, N. C., Aug. 16.—As a result of a serious accident at the Hans Rees Tannery near the passenger station this morning, one employe of the tannery is dead and three others are at the hospital, one of whom is not expected to live.

The dead man is Zaney Saxton, colored. W. S. McLain, white, is in a critical condition, while Rocket and E. W. Robinson are expected to recover.

It seems that this morning it became necessary to flush one of the vats. Two of the men were sent into the vat, which contained probably two feet of fluid. They were overcome by the poisonous gases and sank to their knees. Other men hurried to the rescue and as fast as they entered the vat were overcome. In all six men got into the poisonous hole. The foreman, realizing the danger of going into the vat, literally drove the rescuers back. Two of the men came out unaided. The other four were hauled out by means of a hook. All were immediately taken to the hospital, where Saxton died shortly afterwards.

## CANNON AGAIN BY ACCLAMATION

### Renominated to Congress for Eighteenth Time

## DON'T REVISE TARIFF

### Such is His Advice in an Address to the Republicans Declaring That Revision in Time of Prosperity Will Work Woe to Industrial Activity in the Nation.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Dauville, Ill., Aug. 16.—The convention of the republicans of the tenth Illinois congressional district was called to order at one o'clock today. The convention renominated the Hon. Joseph C. Cannon for the eighteenth consecutive time, this being his seventeenth nomination by acclamation.

There was the greatest enthusiasm, especially over the prospective candidacy of Mr. Cannon for president. Mr. Cannon had not intended to launch a boom for president at this convention, but the pressure of his supporters was so great as to sweep away his wishes in the matter.

Mr. Cannon's supporters in his own district will likely urge the state convention to make similar endorsement. There seems to be little doubt that this will be done.

Mr. Cannon was given a splendid welcome upon the occasion of his appearance before the eighteenth republican congressional district convention. Mr. Cannon, after the applause had quieted enough for him to speak, made an address on the tariff question he said:

"Tariff revision in time of prosperity always has, and always will, halt business activity, production and commerce. The manufacturer will lessen his output, for he fears to pile up his product unless there is a reasonable certainty of realizing its cost and a fair profit. The farmer halts in making improvements and consumes less, because there is a shortened demand for his products. The decrease in the wages of labor alone pending revision will amount to many hundred million dollars. Where there is confidence and prosperity without precedent there would be doubt and destruction of confidence.

I heartily endorse the platform lately adopted by the republicans of Indiana, which, in substance, says that the republican party will revise the tariff when it will do more good than harm to the great mass of people.

It is vital that the republican party should remain in power for the coming two years in order that the legislative two-year building on Second street near Howard.

## TANNER WON'T STAND FOR IT

### Turns Down Plea of the Women of the South

## NO MONUMENT TO WIRZ

Suggestion by Women of the Confederate Army is Politely Rebuked—Grand Army About Evenly Divided on the Canteen Question—Work of the Convention.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Minneapolis, Minn., Aug. 16.—The business sessions of the grand army of the republic began today in the auditorium about 1,500 delegates being present. The most important questions that are to be taken up during the meeting of the delegate body are the abolition of the canteen from the old soldiers homes, and the proposed erection of a monument to Henry Wirz by the women of the south.

On the question of the canteen the delegates are apparently about evenly divided according to the estimate made prior to the opening of the convention by the officers of the organization who are familiar with the feeling. On the question of a monument to Wirz there was considerable opposition. The first session of the day was occupied by the formal opening exercises and the proceedings then waited upon the report of the committee on credentials. When this was presented and adopted the reports of the officers of the organization were submitted.

The report of Commander-in-Chief Tanner was of considerable length and covered all features of the work done by the grand army during last year. No mention was made in the report of the canteen question, but considerable space was given to Wirz, and the recommendation was made that the grand army enter a dignified and emphatic protest against the erection of the monument. The report in substance was as follows:

In his speech before the grand army veterans, Gen. Tanner, the commander-in-chief, said that notwithstanding the fearful inroads of death upon the comrades of the grand army of the republic, Mr. Tanner declared the organization today is 3,500 stronger than at the encampment in Denver last year.

The commander-in-chief bitterly arraigned those who, posing as "the most eminent men of the nation" had proven false to their trust in various ways, but declared that among all such the name of no civil war veteran could be found. On this subject he said:

"Repeatedly during the past year on various public occasions I have defiantly, and perhaps, arrogantly, called attention to the fact that while the public conscience has been shocked and outraged by the exposure of moral turpitude on the part of many of those who stood among the so-called most eminent men of the nation, eminent in financial and religious circles, trusted guardians of the interests of widows and orphans, for whom loved ones dead and gone had thought they had made careful safeguards to cover the necessities for comfort through all their natural lives, men who in church circles stood on the very steps of the altars, trusted cup-bearers of the cause of Christ, yet who, when their real characters were exposed were exhibited in such poverty of soul and honor as compared to them Lazarus in his lowest state might justly be considered a multi-millionaire and in all the list search it from top to bottom, the name of not one veteran of the civil war can be found."

Care of Confederate Graves.  
The commander-in-chief reiterated his views expressed in general orders regarding a proper observance of memorial day, and said that as the result of his recommendations concerning the graves of confederates buried on northern soil he had received a number of touching messages from mothers of the south whose sons are buried in northern soil pouring out their appreciation of the spirit embodied in his order.

These, he said, were too tender and sacred to be heralded publicly, but if he had received but one such communication he would have felt amply justified for the recommendations he made.

Reference also was made to his recommendations that the Sunday preceding memorial day be duly observed as memorial Sunday in order

that "the growing custom in many places regarding memorial day as a mere holiday for games and amusement" may be checked.

He expressed gratification at the general observance of flag day following its official recognition by the thirty-ninth encampment. While the observance of the fourteenth of June as flag day by the G. A. R. had its value for those who had reached mature life, he said, its primary object was to inspire the young with love for their country.

After urging upon members to always uncover upon hearing the national anthem, Commander-in-Chief Tanner dwelt at length on the subject of patriotic societies auxiliary to and in sympathy with the G. A. R.

Opposes Monument to Wirz.  
The proposed monument to Captain Wirz, who was in charge of Andersonville prison, was strongly condemned. He said Andersonville was the property of the woman's relief corps and that no monument to Wirz ever would be permitted upon it, but there was no legal power to prevent any one so disposed from purchasing a plot of ground near Andersonville and erecting thereon any monument that might be desired. He declared, however, that the veterans of the confederate army were not to any appreciable degree interested in the movement. The whole project, he said, had its impetus and force among the women of the south. After deprecating the necessity for calling public attention to the matter, he said:

"As one who welcomes with joy (Continued on Page Two.)"

## TO RULE THE BALKANS

### Rivalry Between Greece and Bulgaria Becomes Acute

### The Anti-Greek Movement in Bulgaria is Growing Apace and Outbreaks More Violent Than Any Yet Are Expected.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Sofia, Aug. 16.—The anti-Greek movement in Roumania and especially in Bulgaria is daily assuming greater proportions and threatens to become a serious danger to peace.

The Bulgarian government, it appears will be forced to take exceptional measures to terminate the disturbances, which are due to the anti-Greek feeling with which the entire population of the principality is imbued.

The cause of this feeling is the historical competition between Greece and Bulgaria for domination in the Balkans, which was recently re-awakened and stimulated by their rivalry in Macedonia, rivalry which it is alleged has been artificially encouraged by the Turkish authorities—and particularly by the atrocities of the Greek bands. It is asserted that the patriarchal church at Constantinople has acted as an accomplice of these bands, with the object of forcing the peaceful population of Bulgaria to join the patriarchal church.

The trouble at Anchialos arose from a meeting called to protest against the action of the Greek band in Macedonia. The Greeks armed themselves under the leadership of the bishop and attacked the peasants coming in to attend the meeting. They burned most of the town and many were killed and wounded in the fighting which ensued.

It is feared that there will be a renewal of the outbreak at Philippopolis on Sunday next, August 19.

## MURDERED FOUR; LOOTED STATION

(By the Associated Press.)  
London, August 16.—A dispatch to a news agency from Odessa says that early this morning fifteen anarchists took possession of the railway freight station there, killed a police inspector and three policemen, who resisted them, and carried off \$8,000.

## A SLIGHT ACCIDENT DELAYS BRYAN TRAIN

(By the Associated Press.)  
Bordeaux, Aug. 16.—The train by which William J. Bryan and his party is traveling to Madrid was delayed by a slight accident for half an hour yesterday near Poitiers. Mr. Bryan may decide to abandon his intention to visit Grenada and go to Tangier instead. He will spend only a few hours in Madrid on Thursday.

## THE TERRORISTS ARE WAGING WAR

### Reign of Fear From the Vistula to Germany

## MURDERS OF POLICE

### This Campaign of Assassination Is Especially Bitter in Poland—At Warsaw Thirteen Police Killed—Two Women Fall Before Volleys of the Soldiers.

(By the Associated Press.)  
St. Petersburg, August 16.—The war of terrorism which the fighting organization of the social revolutionists declared immediately after parliament was dissolved seems now to have begun in earnest. From all parts of the empire the telegraph brings the same story of attacks on public officials of all classes, accompanied in the majority of cases by plunder.

The Polish revolutionists are especially active. There is a veritable reign of terror from the Vistula to the German frontier. Almost fifty cases of assassination were reported early last night. The Novoo Vremya today heads its list of murders and other crimes "St. Bartholomew's Night in Poland."

The resumption of terroristic activity on a large scale renders the task of the government more difficult and darkens the prospects of the present ministry in accomplishing anything in the direction of an amelioration of the situation. While for the moment the campaign of the terrorists is bound to increase the revulsion of the more conservative public opinion against the wild excesses of the extremists, it is at the same time certain to force the government to redouble the measures of repression which it is claimed will in the end drive public sympathy back to support almost any means of relief.

A Retaliatory Step.  
Some of the dispatches from Poland assert that the outbreak of terrorism is in retaliation of the wholesale arrests and repressions of the governor-general.

The government announces that the new parliament will not be deprived of the right to revise the budget for 1907. The budget will be submitted to parliament when it assembles in March, and in the meantime the credits for the first two months will be one-sixth of the credits of the present year, under the authority of the fundamental laws assigning the credits for the preceding year in case of the failure of the passage of the budget.

Several liberal papers have been permitted to resume publication either under their old names or with new franchises.

Fierce Fighting at Warsaw.  
Warsaw, August 16.—It is now stated that during yesterday's massacre thirteen policemen, four police sergeants, seven gendarmes and four soldiers were killed and that eight policemen, two sergeants, two gendarmes and six soldiers were wounded. The soldiers in replying to the attacks on the police with volleys and charging the crowds killed thirteen men and two women, and severely wounded seventy persons and slightly injured ninety-five.

During the night shots were heard in different parts of the city, but the casualties have not been ascertained.

The Police Polska Gazeta and the Dzwon Polska organs of the Polish nationalists today published strong leading articles denouncing the state of anarchy which the socialists are producing in Poland. Their object, the papers declare, is not the attainment of freedom but the bringing about of a civil war.

Plock, Russian Poland, August 16.—Last night five policemen were killed and two were wounded. The assassins escaped.

The Prince Stops the Police.  
Moscow, Aug. 16.—While the constitutional democrats were conferring at the house of Prince Dolgoroukoff today, a sergeant of police appeared and ordered them to disperse. But on the representations of Prince Dolgoroukoff to the prefect of police that the meeting was of a private nature the conference was allowed to continue. It is the intention of the constitutional democrats to issue a campaign text book containing articles by M. Rodicheff, Prof. Paul Milukoff and other leaders.

Hundreds of Jews Killed.  
London, Aug. 16.—A Warsaw dispatch to the Jewish Chronicle says: In yesterday's disturbances which the police quelled, 250 Jews were killed or wounded by the soldiery.

Will Settle Poaching Incident.  
(By the Associated Press.)  
Tokio, August 16.—It is confidently asserted here that the Aleutian Islands incident, involving the killing and capture of a number of Japanese seal poachers, will be amicably settled without the slightest complications.