

THE RALEIGH EVENING TIMES.

VOLUME 27.

RALEIGH, N. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 31, 1906.

PRICE 5c.

BRYAN ARRIVES IN NEW HAVEN

Crowds Fill Streets and Cheers Resound

GIVE ROYAL WELCOME

A Procession of Men in Carriages Accompanied Him to Democratic Headquarters, Where a Luncheon is Served and the Program of the Day is Begun.

(By the Associated Press.)
New Haven, Conn., Aug. 31.—William J. Bryan reached New Haven at 12:15 o'clock, the car occupied by the party being detached and set on a siding. At the station a long line of carriages for the members of the party, and for the committee of entertainment. In and about the station and on the nearby streets the crowd filled the walks and a hearty round of cheers was given the arrivals. Many of the men gathered were employees of nearby factories, and of downtown office buildings.

Mr. Bryan was greeted by Lieutenant Governor Woodruff and Mayor Studley, the latter riding with Mr. Bryan together with ex-Senator McNeil of Bridgeport and Chairman Hewell of the local committee. As soon as the carriages were filled a brass band struck up a lively march and the procession started across the city to the headquarters of the democratic city committee in Chapel street.

Just before the arrival of the New York train a delegation from Rhode Island headed by ex-Governor Garvin came from the east so that the escort to Mr. Bryan was of considerable numbers. Owing to the fact that arrangements were a little behind hand, the stop at the democratic committee's rooms was only for a few moments, and handshaking was limited to a small number of the more prominent men present. The carriages were then driven into Court street, where at Music Hall the luncheon was spread.

The visit here of Mr. Bryan today was an event of more than ordinary interest, although he is no stranger to the city. Many times in the last two years and immediately prior to his trip abroad, Mr. Bryan was here to attend to duties as executor of the estate of the late Philo S. Bennett and to appear as a party in the legal complication developed by his administration of the trust.

The throng on the streets today from the station to Music Hall where luncheon was served was made up largely of persons from the summer resorts in this vicinity. The city people turned out by thousands at the mass meeting on the green. Trains from the east and west all the morning were crowded mostly with men who bore the mark of travel, as if coming from a considerable distance. The drift of trolley traffic from outside began early. The mercantile houses closed at noon. The day's program was marked with an absence of formality, the only special arrangements being the erection of a small number of the more prominent stand, and the issuance of tickets to the luncheon.

At the luncheon the arrangement of tables placed the guests at one which ran across the hall, while from this at right angles were six tables, one for each New England state delegation. Covers were laid for six hundred. Dr. A. B. Fuller of this city was toastmaster. As Mr. Bryan passed into the hall he was rousing cheered, everybody standing, and the more enthusiastic ones climbing upon chairs and waving hats. Those who were near the head table pressed forward to shake hands with Mr. Bryan and there was delay in getting everybody seated so that luncheon could be served.

Mayor Studley, Lieutenant Governor Woodruff, ex-Governor Garvin of Rhode Island and ex-Congressman George Fred Williams of Massachusetts, were the chief guests' nearest neighbors. Among the late comers was Chairman Garber of the democratic central committee of Ohio, who was cheered.

In the gallery were many women. The serving of the luncheon was slow, and it was almost 2 o'clock before Toastmaster Fuller arose and for the democratic club welcomed the guest, an da tonic introduced Mayor Studley, who extended the city's welcome.

Lieutenant Governor Rollins S. Woodruff, acting governor, then in behalf of the state welcomed Mr. Bryan "as a distinguished American gentleman," and extended to him the freedom of the commonwealth.

Mr. Bryan Speaks.
Mr. Bryan was introduced by Mr. Fuller as a man respected all over the world. As the guest arose there were prolonged cheers. Mr. Bryan said he found it difficult to speak at all upon political subjects without being misconstrued, and as a consequence he would say nothing political. He spoke about his trip around the world, saying he took it for an education and had found it to be as

educating as he had expected. He was impressed while abroad by the altruism of the United States. Nothing in the world approached American in this respect. He cited examples as applied to different countries of the globe of the influence of the United States in those countries. Mr. Bryan said that if we spent one-tenth of the money upon education that we spent in building up an army or navy, we would have better protection. In speaking of the conditions in orient he said that the educational movement there was one of the most important of all problems and he hoped all Americans would realize it and act accordingly.

When Mr. Bryan had concluded he was cheered enthusiastically for several minutes, after which ex-Governor Garvin of Rhode Island made a few remarks in which he said Mr. Bryan was to be complimented upon his success, both here and abroad, and that the influence and popularity of the Nebraskan was fully established abroad, as well as in this country. Another speaker at the luncheon was former Congressman Fred Williams of Massachusetts.

New York, Aug. 31.—William J. Bryan left the Grand Central station on a train for Connecticut at 10:06 this morning. About one hundred persons were gathered on the station platform as the Bryan train pulled out and they cheered him as he departed. Mr. Bryan bowed his acknowledgments from the rear platform. A party of friends accompanied Mr. Bryan in a special car.

(Continued on Page Two.)

BRYAN INVITED HERE

Can't Answer Yet About Accepting, However

Gov. Glenn, Senator Simmons, Editor Hale and Col. Cameron, the Committee, Call on Him and Urge Him to Attend—Replies Later.

Mr. Bryan has not given an answer concerning the invitation to visit the fair in Raleigh. The Raleigh committee talked with him yesterday afternoon as the following Associated Press dispatch will show:

A delegation from North Carolina including Governor Glenn, Senator Simmons, Major E. J. Hale and Col. B. Cameron, made an urgent plea to Mr. Bryan today to make an address at the state fair to be held at Raleigh in October. President Roosevelt spoke there last year.

A similar plea for the Alabama State Fair at Montgomery the following week was made by a delegation including Governor William D. Jelks, H. D. Clayton, national committeeman; R. E. L. Neil, president of the state press association, and Bruce Kennedy. Still another plea of the same sort was made by John Temple Graves for the Georgia state fair at Atlanta.

Mr. Bryan said he could not give a final answer at this time.

DAMAGE BY FLOODS WROUGHT AT WHITNEY.

(Special to the Evening Times.)

Salisbury, N. C., Aug. 31.—Mr. A. C. Mauney of Whitney says the floods where the Whitney Company is developing the great waterpower have wrought great damage to the company, \$25,000 or more. A trestle is washed away, two sections of the new bridge are destroyed and the water now the highest in its past fourteen years. It was still rising last night at a rate of four inches an hour and greater destruction is threatened. One man observed the hopper, bolters and other mill fixtures floating down the river.

The large concrete wall running parallel with the main line of the Southern, caved in yesterday afternoon and fell on the track though it was blocked but a short time.

PIERCED FIGHT WITH A NEGRO CRIMINAL.

(Special to the Evening Times.)

Salisbury, N. C., Aug. 31.—Officers had a desperate struggle here last night with a nescaped convict named Ernest Farrow of Charlotte. He was manacled, broke the chain, gouged, bit and kicked the men. He was clubbed into submission by three and locked up.

WOMEN LOVE AND PRAY FOR EXILE.

(By the Associated Press.)

Sebastopol, Aug. 31.—Admiral Skrydloff, commander of the Black Sea fleet, has received a number of applications from women who desire to marry sailors condemned to be exiled to Siberia for mutiny, and accompany them to their place of exile. Several of such requests have been granted.

SAY SHOOTING WAS ACCIDENTAL

The Wounded Woman's Condition is Critical

FERRELL IS ARRESTED

Bertha Brown Says the Pistol Went Off Accidentally While She and Another Woman Were Trying to Get It From Mr. Ferrell—Woman Witness in Jail.

At three o'clock this morning Wayland Ferrall, the man whose pistol inflicted a wound on Bertha Brown last night as a result of which she lies in a critical condition today at the house on east Davis street, was arrested by Chief of Police J. H. Mullins and Officer Barrow. The officers had been searching for him ever since about half past twelve o'clock, when the shooting took place. He returned to the scene of the trouble and was found there.

Mr. Ferrell is still in the station house, and the question of admitting him to bail will probably be passed upon this evening.

Soon after Mr. Ferrell was taken to the police station several of the inmates of the house of Bertha Brown drove up to the police court in a state of much perturbation and told Chief Mullins that Irene Vallier, the woman who had struggled with Bertha Brown to take the pistol from Mr. Ferrell, had tried to shoot herself in her room, having actually fired a pistol, and they were afraid to stay in the house with her.

The chief then went back to the house and found the woman considerably under the influence of liquor and with a slight scratch on her finger. She denied positively that she had tried to commit suicide, but on account of her condition and in order to make sure of her as a witness the chief put her under arrest also, and she is in the lockup too.

The impression seems to be general now that the shooting was accidental. The wounded woman has stated positively to several persons that the pistol was discharged in the struggle when she and Irene Vallier were trying to get it away from Mr. Ferrell. She says that she does not want anything done to Mr. Ferrell, as she does not consider that he was trying to shoot anyone when the pistol went off.

Mr. Ferrell's attorneys, Messrs. Argo and Shaffer, state for their client that the man with whom he is said to have had a difficulty previous to the shooting was not in the hall where the shooting took place at the time the revolver was discharged. This man states that he was not in the house even when the weapon was drawn, having left in order to avoid trouble. However, he went to the police last night and told them that he would respond to any summons if he was desired as a witness, although he had seen nothing of the struggle with the woman or the shooting.

Dr. D. S. Rowland, who is attending the injured woman, stated this morning that her condition was critical. The bullet passed in at the right side, about midway between the hip and shoulder, through the end of the liver, through the lower part of the right lung, possibly lodged in the left lung. The woman was in a bad state of collapse for awhile after the shooting, but rallied well, and is now resting fairly well under the influence of the medicine administered.

If no unfavorable complication sets in, Dr. Rowland is of the opinion that the woman will recover.

FIRE MENACES TOWN WITH DESTRUCTSON

(By the Associated Press.)

Portland, Me., August 31.—Fire broke out in the town of Fryeburg today and the latest reports showed that the place was in danger of being destroyed. The Oxford Hotel and several buildings occupied as stores or residences had been destroyed, and the flames were being carried to other buildings by a strong wind. An engine and a crew of firemen have been sent from this city.

DEATH BENEATH THE BLACK CAP

Henry Bailey is Hanged at New Bern

SLAYER OF LANCASTER

He Mounted the Scaffold With a Firm Tread—Death Scene Prolonged by Prayers and Addresses. Drop Fell at 1:12—Bailey Died of Strangulation.

(Special to the Evening Times.)

New Bern, N. C., Aug. 31.—For the first time in thirty years a legal execution took place here today, when Henry Bailey, who on June 24 killed John M. Lancaster in Vanceboro, was hanged.

The execution was conducted in a quiet and orderly manner and without any remarkable incident.

Although Bailey had previously stated that he did not believe in any religion, he professed religion this morning and was baptized after the rites of the Baptist Church. Eight ministers, all but one colored, attended him and were with him most of the time since Thursday morning. A woman was among the advisers, and it is declared by those who heard her, made one of the most eloquent prayers ever heard here.

The scene at the gallows was prolonged by addresses and prayers made by the numerous ministers, and Bailey himself talked for a long time, expressing his faith in religion and saying that he believed himself saved. He stated as he has all the time that he acted in self-defence. He was bold to the very last, going up the scaffold steps with firm tread, and only at the last did he show signs of fear. As the men were adjusting the noose he repeated, "Oh Lord, have mercy on me," and after the black cap was placed his prayer was heard by those standing near.

The drop fell at 1:12 and in 12 minutes he was pronounced dead. Death was caused by strangulation.

PALMA STANDS FIRM

No Political Compromise With Rebels

The Methods Employed for Suppressing the Insurrection Daily Growing in Efficacy and Developing More Ability on Part of Troops

(By the Associated Press.)

Havana, Aug. 31.—Upon the highest official authority the Associated Press is able to announce that President Palma positively will not consider, in the efforts made in the interest of peace in Cuba, any plans which involve political compromises by the government. In this the president's official advisers and practically all his closest friends agree, those holding different views being in a decided minority.

The business of suppressing the insurrection is daily becoming more methodical and developing more ability upon the part of those engaged in it. The question of the possibility of complications arising owing to the enlistment of foreigners was, it is claimed, settled today by the foreign recruits signing an agreement which provides that they only enlist for the purpose of suppressing the insurrection and do not enter the regular Cuban services as soldiers.

The governor of Santiago has received reports of a rising at Songo, twenty miles from Santiago. He has been unable to ascertain how many men have taken up arms there, but he dispatched a force of mounted rural guards shortly before midnight yesterday to Songo on a special train. It is reported that the veteran Colonel Carlos Dubois is at the head of the Songo insurgents but this has not been confirmed.

STRIKE IN FRISCO GETS TO DEADLOCK.

(By the Associated Press.)

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 31.—At the end of the fifth day of the street railway strike the situation has practically resolved itself into a deadlock between the company and its employees.

JUDGE FOUND EDITOR DEAD

Edward Rosewater of Omaha Bee Passes Away

HEART FAILURE CAUSE

Left His Newspaper Office to Rest in Court Room and Body Was There When Judge Troup Went to His Chambers—Prominent in Nebraska Politics for Over Thirty Years.

(By the Associated Press.)

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 31.—Edward Rosewater, proprietor and editor of the Omaha Bee and prominently identified with political, financial and business affairs of Omaha and the state of Nebraska for forty years, was found dead in district court room No. 6, on the third floor of the Bee building early today. It is supposed that Mr. Rosewater sat down on a bench in the court room, fell asleep and died of heart failure.

Mrs. Rosewater had left a light burning last night at the family home, directly in the rear of the Bee building anticipating that her husband would be home during the evening. When he did not appear she notified Chief of Police Donahue. Nothing was done in the way of search, however, as it was not uncommon for the veteran editor to be detained late at the newspaper office.

The death of Mr. Rosewater, coming thus suddenly, was a great shock to the people of Omaha, who learned of it through extra editions of the Omaha papers.

Dr. Charles Rosewater, brother of the dead editor, said to the Associated Press that Mr. Rosewater had often expressed a wish that when death came it would be quick and painless.

Dr. Rosewater attributed the sudden death of his brother to excitement attendant on a long campaign in which Mr. Rosewater was a prominent candidate for the nomination for United States senator by the Nebraska state convention. The convention was held August 22, and Mr. Rosewater unanimously supported by the delegation from Douglas (Omaha) county was a prominent figure at that gathering. His chief opponent was Norris Brown. After the ballot which nominated Mr. Brown, Mr. Rosewater showed some evidence of physical weakness but revived quickly and addressed the convention, thanking his friends for their support and pledging himself to the support of Mr. Brown and the state ticket. Later he announced through the columns of his paper, the Omaha Bee, that he was out of the senatorial race.

MOB HOT AFTER NEGRO FOILED BY QUICK ACTION.

(By the Associated Press.)

Danville, Ky., Aug. 31.—Transfer to this city of Perry Copenhagen, a negro who it is declared attacked the five-year-old daughter of Leonard Fairchild, of Wayne county, prevented a lynching yesterday evening. The negro was identified by the victim, and a mob quickly gathered. He was hurried to Somerset but the mob started to that city from Monticello, and an order from the county judge was given for the transfer of the prisoner to this city.

Mother of George L. Morton Dead.

(Special to the Evening Times.)

Wilmington, N. C., Aug. 31.—Mrs. Mary C. Morton, mother of Col. Geo. L. Morton, died at her home here this morning. Mrs. Morton was in her sixty-fifth year and had been ill for several years.

THE MEAT TAINTED; THE TROOPS REBEL

(By the Associated Press.)

Chicago, Aug. 31.—A Tribune special from Indianapolis says:

The United States troops in camp at Port Benjamin Harrison made it plain yesterday that they would not accept as ration tainted meat, and for an hour or more there were indications of rebellion against the ration.

The beef had been taken to the camp in a refrigerator car and had changed color after being exposed to

the air for several hours. The protests of the soldiers caused a board of inspection to be appointed, which reported that the beef was tainted in spots, but recommended that the untainted spots be used. General Carter, however, ordered all the beef destroyed and a new ration issued.

PROFESSES FAITH IN THE POPULATION.

(By the Associated Press.)

St. Petersburg, Aug. 31.—Premier Stolypin has sent a circular to the governors instructing them not to be dismayed by the threats or act of terrorists as he is sure the population generally will eventually come to the support of the authorities in the war against the revolutionists. The court which has been hearing the charges against newspapers has permanently suppressed the Nasha Shimi for violation of the press laws. M. Vodovozoff, editor, has been sentenced to a year's imprisonment in a fortress.

FILIPINO STUDENTS TO GO TO SOUTHERN FARMS.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, Aug. 31.—W. A. Suteland of the bureau of insular affairs, who has charge of the Filipino students being educated in this country at government expense, left Washington for New Orleans. He will make arrangements there to place agricultural students in position where they will acquire a knowledge of methods used in growing sugar, tobacco, rice and other crops suited to the Philippine Island.

EXPORT COTTON RATES New Law Presents Grave Problem to Shippers

(By the Associated Press.)

Cotton Producing States and Railroads Interested in Important Hearing Ordered by Interstate Commerce Commission—Thirty-Day Notice Question.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, Aug. 31.—A hearing of importance to the cotton producing states and to the cotton carrying railroads will be held here by the interstate commerce commission on Wednesday, September 12. It will relate to petitions which have been received by the commission for authority to change rates on export cotton on less than thirty days' notice to the commission which is provided for in the new interstate commerce act.

The matter involves a question of particular interest not only to the railroads, but also to cotton shippers. Heretofore it has been a practice of ocean carrying steamers to change their rates on the transportation of cotton from this country to points in other countries almost without notice to the railroads carrying the product in the United States. In order to meet this condition, the railroads have been in the habit of quoting rates on cotton from inland points to the seaboard in consonance with the ocean carrying rates. Many of the railroads are opposed to this sudden and sometimes violent change in rates and the declaration has been made by railroad officials that if the interstate commerce commission will insist upon the provision of the new law for a thirty days' notice of a change of rates the cotton shippers easily can adjust themselves to the situation.

It will be necessary for the commission to issue an order as to the matter but before doing so it has been decided to hear all sides of the question.

MASKED QUARTETTE BLOW OPEN A SAFE

(By the Associated Press.)

Kingston, Aug. 31.—The automobile robbers who have committed depredations in Long Island have probably appeared in this vicinity. Early today three men and a woman, all masked, entered the postoffice at Highland. They blew open the safe, secured \$50 in money and \$800 in stamps and escaped in an automobile when residents, who had been aroused, came on the scene.

CHURCH DESTROYED BY BAND OF ROBBERS.

(By the Associated Press.)

Moscow, Aug. 31.—A church situated near the railroad station at Butovo was completely destroyed last night by robbers who even carried off the altar cross.

BRYAN OUTLINES HIS PLATFORM

Wants Government to Own the Railroads

GOT A GREAT OVATION

Twenty Thousand Persons Heard His Stirring Address in Which He Rapped Republicans and Told What His Party Should Do in the Next Campaign—Wonderful Demonstration.

(By the Associated Press.)

New York, August 31.—William Jennings Bryan, of Nebraska, landed in New York City yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock and was the recipient of a continual ovation from that hour until he had finished a notable eighty-minute address before 20,000 persons gathered in Madison Square Garden. Mr. Bryan outlined vigorously and clearly the principles he thought should guide the democrats in their next campaign.

Mr. Bryan's speech was a clear-cut outline of his ideas as to what the democratic policy should be. The election of United States senators by the people; regulation of trusts by the government; a universal eight-hour day; a settlement of all international disputes by arbitration rather than by resort to force, and revision of the tariff—were some of his points. Mr. Bryan declared, however, that he was merely expressing his own opinion and not attempting to forecast the policy of his party. Mr. Bryan declared that the trusts were the great issue of the day. He called for the enforcement of the criminal clause of the Sherman anti-trust law and the placing of trust controlled articles on the free list.

He went into the question of the government ownership of the railroads at great length and declared that what he had seen in other countries had served to strengthen his convictions on the subject. He saw danger in centralization, however, and for this reason advocated the federal ownership of the trunk lines and the state ownership of the local lines. He said in part:

I return more convinced than before of the importance of a change in the method of electing United States senators. There is noticeable everywhere a distinct movement toward democracy in its broadest sense. In all the countries which I have visited there is a demand that the government be brought nearer to the people.

Throughout Europe, the movement manifests itself in various forms. In the United States this trend toward democracy has taken the form of a growing demand for the election of United States senators by a direct vote of the people. It must be difficult to overestimate the strategic advantage of this reform, for since every bill must receive the sanction of the senate as well as the house of representatives, before it can become a law, no important legislation of a national character is possible until the senate is brought into harmony with the people. I am within the limits of the truth when I say that the senate has been for some years the bulwark of predatory wealth, and that it even now contains some men who owe their elections to favor-seeking corporation and are so subservient to their masters as to prevent needed legislation. The popular branch of congress has four times declared in favor of this reform by a two-thirds vote and more than two-thirds of the states have demanded it, and yet the senate arrogantly and impudently blocks the way.

The Income Tax.

The income tax which some in our country have denounced as a socialistic attack upon wealth has, I am pleased to report, the endorsement of the most conservative countries in the old world. It is a permanent part of the fiscal system of most countries of Europe and in many places it is a graded tax, the rate being highest upon the largest incomes. England has long depended upon the income tax for a considerable part of her revenues and an English commission is now investigating the proposition to change from a uniform to a graded tax. I have been absent too long to speak with any authority on the public sentiment in this

(Continued on third page.)