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## THE AIR RIFE WITH RUMORS

### Philadelphia Awaits Arrest of More Directors

## NEW FACTS EVERY HOUR

They Reveal Various Forms of Duplicity on the Part of the Men Entrusted With the Affairs of the Looted Real Estate Trust Company.

(By the Associated Press.) Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 6.—Rumors of arrests of directors of the looted Real Estate Trust Company filled the air today. District Attorney Ball declares in most emphatic terms that no man will be spared in the effort to bring to justice those responsible for the dissipation of the depositors' money.

The statement is made that two directors, who are also members of the bar, have profited to the extent of \$750,000 in the past three years by accepting fees from Adolph Segal for passing on security tendered by him for loans by the bank aggregating \$5,300,000. So far as is known warrants have not yet been issued for these men, but the public is awaiting with breathless interest sensational arrests of directors who stood high in the community before the crash and exposure came.

**Hipple's Cry From the Grave.** President Hipple's plaintive cry from his grave "Segal got all" has aroused the depositors to a high pitch of indignation.

On the day that Hipple shot himself, according to a statement now made public, he left a note for his son, F. Wharton Hipple, in which he said:

"Segal got all the money. I was fooled, but had no one to blame but myself."

"This note is now in the possession of Receiver Earle and District Attorney Bell.

Lawyers representing hundreds of depositors are taking an active part in the investigation of the affairs of the trust company, and facts are coming to light almost hourly revealing new forms of duplicity on the part of the men entrusted with the depositors' money, and the trust funds of large and small estates.

Investigation shows that the looting of the trust company will cost the Presbyterians less than \$100,000 and the leaders of that faith are congratulating themselves that President Hipple chose an opportune time for committing suicide as far as the church is concerned, the funds and deposits being low at this time of the year.

Receiver Earle expresses the opinion that President Hipple was "money mad" and that there seemed to be no end to the variety of methods by which he juggled with securities which fell into his hands, and concerning which he sought to deceive the directors.

**Extraordinary Method of Theft.** "He was not content with stealing the same bond or stock certificate once," said Mr. Earle, "but did it several times over.

"He would, for instance, receive a bond or certificate as collateral for a loan, the security representing a safe margin. Then, if Mr. Segal came along asking for a loan and presenting insufficient security, Mr. Hipple would take the good security deposited with a note of another man and place it with Segal's note.

"In this manner the directors were brought to believe that the fund security was collateral for the loan to Segal. This sort of operation was repeated by Mr. Hipple as often as Mr. Segal's demands deemed to render it necessary."

**Hipple's Slight of Hand.** Mr. Earle said that the practices of Hipple had left the notes and papers relating to loans in almost inconceivable confusion. It was established yesterday that the substitution of bogus bonds for good bonds among the trust securities of the Presbyterian general assembly board was accomplished by Mr. Hipple through a species of sleight of hand.

He went to the box in the vault containing the trust securities in question on the pretext of cutting coupons in order to pass them and place the proceeds to the credit of the board. After the box was opened Hipple informed the clerk that somebody at the door wanted to see him for a moment. The clerk unsuspectingly left Hipple alone for this brief interval. The time was

sufficient to enable him to substitute two bogus bonds for two genuine bonds, which he afterward hypothecated for the benefit of himself or Segal.

## STRIKING CARMEN RETURN TO WORK.

(By the Associated Press.) San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 6.—The strike of the street car men on the United States Railways, incidentally also that of the linemen, electricians, firemen and construction workers, came to an end last night when the strike committee of these unions officially declared the strike at an end. The carmen immediately reported for duty and soon cars began leaving the barns.

Of the two thousand strike breakers imported by the United Railways, President Calhoun said that many of them would remain in the company's employ, and that it could use them as well as the former employees in the building and operation of projected lines.

## STEAMER SUNK BY A COLLISION

(By the Associated Press.) Sandusky, O., Sept. 6.—Nineteen men had a narrow escape from death last night, when the steamer Homer Warren and her tow, the barge William Crosshwaite, collided in Lake Erie, near Kelley's Island and sank. Both vessels went down within a short time after the collision, and the members of the crews were picked up by an upbound passing steamer, which responded to the signals of distress.

Both vessels were lumber carriers. The Homer Warren had a crew of twelve. The William Crosshwaite carried a crew of seven.

## NET EARNINGS OF THE RAPID TRANSIT.

(By the Associated Press.) New York, Sept. 6.—The annual report of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company for the year ended June 30 was made public today. It shows net earnings of \$8,355,886.35, an increase of \$1,574,176. The surplus for the year after payment of taxes, fixed charges, betterments, etc., was \$2,162,609, an increase of \$1,012,675.

## Killed by Fall.

(By the Associated Press.) Bar Harbor, Me., Sept. 6.—James F. Grant, of Camden, N. J., a water carrier on the battleship Maine, was instantly killed aboard the vessel here today. He was struck by a falling bucket of ashes.

## WILL FIX THE LOWEST PRICE

(By the Associated Press.) Hot Springs, Ark., Sept. 6.—The executive committee of the Southern Cotton Association met late today for a three day's session. President Harvey Jordan and Secretary Richard Cheatham arrived today. Chief among the matters scheduled to be considered is the minimum price of cotton, the price to be named depending upon the data in hand considered most reliable as to acreage and present condition of the crop.

Another important matter is the consideration of a charge against Secretary Cheatham involving alleged connection with brokerage firms.

## THE RACES AT SHEEPSHEAD.

(By the Associated Press.) Sheepshead Bay, Sept. 6.—First race, six furlongs: Roseben, 1 to 3 and out, first; Rusk, 3 to 1, second; Pretension, third. Time 1:12 1-5.

## DOUBLE MURDER AVENGED BY LAW

(By the Associated Press.) West Chester, Pa., Sept. 6.—Ricardo Forte was hanged here today for the murder of two children, Marie and Dominick Di Lucca, aged four and nine years respectively. Forte, eighteen months ago, enticed the girl from her home at Howellsville, near here, and after assaulting the child beat her to death. The boy encountered Forte and his victim and was also fatally beaten.

## NECKS OF TWO BROKEN BY LAW

### Negroes Die Amid Jeers of Their Race

## HANGED FOR MURDERS

The Story of the Atrocious Crimes For Which These Men Suffered the Supreme Penalty of the Law Upon the Gallows in Pittsburg is Briefly Told.

(By the Associated Press.) Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 6.—Cornelius Coombs and John Williams, negroes, were executed by hanging in the jail yard here today. Coombs was the first to pay the death penalty. He was placed on the scaffold at a few minutes before 10 and promptly at 10 the trap was sprung. He was pronounced dead at nine minutes past 10 and when the body was cut down the physician announced that his neck had been broken.

The preparations for the execution of Williams were then made and at 10:23 the trap was sprung from beneath his feet. Seventeen minutes later the body was cut down and it was announced that his neck also was broken.

Coombs, who has no friends or relatives, will be buried by the county, while Williams, who leaves a wife and one child, will be buried by his relatives.

During the execution the streets about the jail were crowded with men, women and a large number of children whose jeers and laughing and shouting had to be quieted by a special detail of police.

**Crimes for Which They Were Hanged.** The crimes for which John Williams and Cornelius Coombs, negroes, suffered the extreme penalty of the law here today were murders of a most atrocious character. Their victims were women of their own race.

Williams shot and killed Mary Quincey, his mother-in-law, at her home in this city on September 16 last year. Without any apparent provocation he fired five shots at the woman, each one of which inflicted a wound that would have been fatal. Williams retained one cartridge in his revolver, with which he tried to shoot the detective that arrested him. He remarked at the time that he had saved the one for the man who should try to arrest him.

Coombs shot and killed Lizzie Dickerson, a woman with whom he boarded in McKeesport, February 8, 1905. The shooting was done in the presence of the woman's husband and was prompted by jealousy.

## OUR TRADE WITH CUBA Expansion Noted in the Last Fiscal Year

Particularly True of Our Exports. The Increase is Larger in Manufactures of Iron and Steel Than in Other Articles.

(By the Associated Press.) Washington, Sept. 6.—A report issued by the department of commerce and labor today says:

Commerce of the United States with Cuba in the fiscal year just ended was greater than in any earlier year of the trade relations between the United States and that island. This is particularly true of exports. The imports from the island fell slightly below those of 1905, due to the fall of prices of sugar but the exports to the islands were 23 per cent. greater than in 1905, 75 per cent. greater than in 1904, and about 120 per cent. greater than in 1903.

Exports to Cuba aggregated \$47,763,688 in 1906. Prior to 1895 the value of the imports into the United States from Cuba ranged in most years from fifty to seventy-five million dollars. Of the five articles forming the bulk of our imports from Cuba, sugar amounted in value in 1906 to six million dollars, tobacco 13 1/2 millions, cigars and cigarettes four millions, iron ore two millions and bananas one million. Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes, and iron ore show an increase in the fiscal year 1906, and bananas show a reduction of less than half a million dollars, while sugar shows a reduction of over four million dollars in value in 1906, as compared with 1905.

The increase in shipments to Cuba, while visible in many articles, occurs chiefly in manufactures of iron and steel, of which the total exports to the island were \$9,579,645 in 1906, against \$6,164,908 in 1905.

## NO PRECEDENT IN THIS STATE

### Objection to Issuance of Law License

## HEAR CHARGES MONDAY

Supreme Court of North Carolina Called Upon for First Time to Pass Upon Charges Against Character of Applicants for License to Practice Law—Winston-Salem Case.

Members of the Winston-Salem bar were here last night conferring with members of the supreme court with reference to the procedure in preferring charges to prevent the issuance of license to a citizen to practice law. It develops that no case of the kind has ever come up in this state, but there will be two before the supreme court next Monday, one from Winston-Salem and the other from Sampson county.

The one from Winston-Salem is to prevent license being issued to B. C. Tavis, who passed the mental examination successfully two weeks ago.

It seems that the applicant for license from Winston-Salem is a young man who has been in business there several years as a money lender, and the prosecution in making objection to the issuance of the license, claims among other things that he has been charging usurious rates for money loaned. Watson and Hendon are among the lawyers of the Winston-Salem bar who have volunteered their services to make the fight against the issuance of the license to Tavis.

It is alleged that this charge of usurious rates in loaning money was brought against Tavis in a magistrate's court at Winston-Salem some time before the supreme court met, and he claimed in the hearing that a part of the amount collected for the use of the money (in this case twelve hundred per cent of the principal loaned) was for drawing up the legal documents necessary. He was reminded by the prosecution that he was not a lawyer and had no right to charge a lawyer's fee. His answer was that he knew the law all right and that he intended to go before the supreme court at the approaching session, stand the examination successfully, but before the license was issued the charges from members of the Winston-Salem bar came with objection to the issuance of the license.

Both the cases are set for a hearing before the supreme court Monday morning, beginning at 10 o'clock.

## ARMY WORMS MOVING Quit Simpkin's Place and Strike Elsewhere

All Have Not Gone, But Scouts Forage for New Field of Endeavor—Millions March Slowly, Pulling Fodder as They Skidoo.

Army worms, which invaded the premises of Mr. W. A. Simpkins, four miles from Raleigh, are marching on again. They have begun to move and while Mr. Simpkins is glad his neighbors are not. While the progress is slow there is the hope that they will hurry.

A mix up of the type yesterday made it appear that the worms were four and one-half inches long. They ranged in size from half an inch to one and a half inches, but even at that they are big enough to ravish potato vines and strip great stalks of corn of the fodder awaiting the farmers.

Mr. Simpkins has talked with the men at the department of agriculture about the pest, but he is still in doubt as to the best method of warfare. Just how many millions of worms got into his fields is not easily estimated, but they were there, just the same.

Farmers in nearby sections are somewhat concerned and they expect a visit of the enemy at any moment of the day or night.

## MANY GOING TO LAUNCHING

### Indicated by Letters to Navy Department

## "RALEIGH" LAUNCHING

That Vessel Was Christened by Mrs. A. W. Haywood of Hay River, Daughter of Gov. Thomas Holt—Exercises Were at Portsmouth About a Dozen Years Ago.

An Associated Press dispatch sent out this morning from Washington says:

The navy department today wrote a letter to the Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock Company, which is building the armored cruiser North Carolina, directing the company to communicate with Governor Glenn of North Carolina with a view to the selection of his daughter as the sponsor for the cruiser when it is launched on October 6 at Newport News, Va. Communications to the navy department indicate that a large number of North Carolinians are preparing to attend the launching.

This letter is in accordance with the agreement reached between Governor Glenn and the navy department while the former was in Washington some days ago.

Miss Rebekah Glenn, the governor's popular daughter, will christen the cruiser when she slides down the ways at Newport News on the sixth of October, and everything points to the presence of a great number of North Carolinians.

It is always an inspiring sight to see a vast craft launched, and when it is a man of war and named after one's own state there are few occasions of greater interest in the life of any commonwealth.

Not many years ago North Carolina enjoyed a somewhat similar distinction when the Raleigh was completed, and a large number of North Carolinians and especially a goodly representation from this city went to Portsmouth for the exercises.

That vessel was christened by Mrs. A. W. Haywood of Hay River, daughter of Governor Thomas Holt.

The question has already arisen as to what shall be the contents of the bottle that is to be broken upon the cruiser's prow as she slides into the water. In this matter it will of course be impossible to suit everybody. If champagne is used some will think it a shameful waste. If anything else but wine is sprinkled over the bow of the North Carolina some will be sure to say all the things of the good old days are being unworthily supplanted by new and more unpalatable ones. At any rate if wine it is, it should surely be of native production. It was a bottle of champagne, the real article, that Mrs. Haywood broke.

## PUT ON THE BLACKLIST Charge Made Against the Baltimore and Ohio

Also Against the United States Express Company—A Discriminating Rate on Parcels—Relief Asked of Interstate Commerce Commission.

(By the Associated Press.) Washington, Sept. 6.—A charge of blacklisting is contained in a complaint filed with the interstate commerce commission today by J. Eugene Walker, a citizen of Media, Pa., against the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad company and the United States Express Company.

The allegation is made that in accordance with a joint system of package express for persons in towns adjacent to Philadelphia, inaugurated by defendants, certain fixed rates were established, and complainants avers that he with numerous other citizens enjoyed the benefit of these rates on parcels from Philadelphia to Hockessin, not only on defendant's lines, but also on the trolley line to Hockessin, not only on defendants have since blacklisted the patrons of the trolley line and compelled them to send packages by the Pennsylvania Railroad to Kennett Square, about five miles distant, to avail themselves of the package rates. It is declared that the station agent of the Balti-

## MURDER TRIAL GOES TO STANLY

### Negroes Indicted for Slaying the Lyerlys

## MOTION OF DEFENSE

Judge Ferguson, After Hearing Argument, Grants the Motion, and the Trial Will be Held in Stanly County Next January.

(Special to the Evening Times.) Salisbury, N. C., Sept. 6.—On motion of the defense this morning, the case of the Gillespies, indicted for the murder of the Lyerlys goes to Stanly January next.

Attorney Williams, representing the accused negroes, made an earnest plea for removal, Solicitor Hamer urging that the case be tried here at an early date. Mr. Williams introduced an affidavit from George Ervin, Mr. Kluttz, replying to it, said Ervin had been returned after being taken out of jail by a mob. He thought this plainly showed that the mob had no feeling against the defendants. The solicitor also said in view of the fact that the mob came from other counties he did not see the advantage to be gained from removal. He paid a high tribute to Rowan's intelligence, saying juries are uniformly just.

Judge Ferguson said the prisoners were entitled to all protection and that he felt the danger of violence, though there was no sign of it now. The solicitor, he said, had asked that the state have a fair trial as well as the defendants, but the state could live if men did not receive conviction, but if they were taken from jail by the mob they could not.

## STOCK MARKET WAS FEVERISH

(By the Associated Press.) New York, Sept. 6.—An opening call loan rate of 20 percent at the stock exchange showed less relief from the money stringency than was hoped for amongst stock operators as the result of the treasury department's order to facilitate gold imports. As the measure is made effective only for next Monday, it did not offer means for an immediate addition to bank resources. The assurance of future facilities, however, was expected to induce greater freedom in extending credits. Stocks opened higher stimulated by the news of the treasury order, but were affected by realizing sales and by the high rate maintained for money.

Bankers interested in Secretary Shaw's gold importation order made inquiries at the sub-treasury today as to whether or not the order applied to the importation of gold from Australia. In the absence of definite instructions the inquiries were referred to the treasury department at Washington.

By 2:30 p. m. the quotation on call money had declined to 10 per cent.

Washington, Sept. 6.—In answer to an inquiry today Secretary Shaw said, in explanation of his offer yesterday to facilitate gold imports, that it would apply to gold imported from Australia or any other point. The imports, however, from far distant countries, will be required to file with the treasury department evidence of the fact of the purchase, giving the date that the gold would be shipped.

## INSTANT DEATH FOR TWO MEN

(By the Associated Press.) Elyria, O., Sept. 6.—Three men were killed and a dozen seriously injured by the falling of the second floor of the new factory building Garford Company under construction here today.

Sixteen workmen on the first floor of the building were caught beneath the fall of heavy tile, brick and steel beams of the wrecked floor.

The dead and injured, so far as is known, are Hungarians, who were doing the heavy work about the construction of the building. Their names are unknown. The injured were removed to a hospital as fast as taken from the ruins. All the ambulances and doctors in the city were called to the relief of the injured.

Those rescued from the ruins are said to be in a very critical condition.

The cause of the accident is unknown.

## TWO MEN DROP TO SWIFT DEATH

(By the Associated Press.) New York, Sept. 6.—Paul Plotjan, a machinist fifty years old, and Louis Zoebel, 26, his helper, fell five stories to the basement through an elevator shaft in a new building at Broadway and 62nd street today and were killed. They fell from a swinging scaffold.

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## WORLD CONFERENCE ON TUBERCULOSIS.

(By the Associated Press.) The Hague, Sept. 6.—The international conference on tuberculosis was opened here today with a good attendance, in the presence of Prince Henry of the Netherlands. The French foreign minister, M. Bourgeois, was appointed president of the anti-tuberculosis association.