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RALEIGH, N. C., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1906.

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SIX CAUSES FOR DIVORCE NAMED

Committee on Uniform Law Drafts a Bill

TO GO TO LEGISLATURES

Second Meeting of the National Congress on Uniform Divorce Laws is Held at Philadelphia. Governor Pennypacker Presides Over the Meeting Held Today.

(By the Associated Press.) Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 13.—The national congress on uniform divorce laws held its second meeting in this city today. The first meeting was held at Washington nine months ago at which time an adjournment was taken to permit a committee to draft a bill on uniform divorce laws to be presented to the legislature of all the states. The bill drawn by the committee names six causes for which divorces can be granted. They are infidelity, felony, bigamy, desertion, habitual drunkenness and intolerable cruelty.

The committee recommends that the various legislatures be asked to agree on a period of residence, before application may be made for divorce. It is expected by the committee that this recommendation if adopted by all the states, will decrease the number of migratory divorces.

Delegates from all sections of the country attended today's session at which Governor Pennypacker presided. Judge William H. Staek, of this city, acted as secretary.

MEASURE TO PROVIDE EMERGENCY CURRENCY.

(By the Associated Press.) Washington, Nov. 13.—The currency committee of the American Bankers' Association and the New York chamber of commerce which are at work on a measure providing for the issue of emergency currency in times of financial stringency continued their work today. The meetings are secret and the members decline to discuss what is being done except today that progress is being made in the "formulation of fundamental principles" which are to form the basis of any recommendation which may be made to congress for its action. These principles expressed in the form of motions are being framed with a view to covering every phase of the subject matter so that when they are completed the remainder of the work of the committees in the agreement on details may be rapidly completed.

SUIT AGAINST STANDARD OIL

Washington, Nov. 13.—Attorney General Moody today held a final conference with Messrs. Morrison and Keating and Mr. Purdy, assistant to the attorney general on Standard Oil matters. While all concerned are reluctant as to the action to be taken there is no longer any doubt that suit will be entered within a few days against the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey under the Sherman anti-trust law.

OFFICIALS CONFER WITH THE FIREMEN.

(By the Associated Press.) New York, Nov. 13.—The committees representing the firemen of the New York Central and the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroads went into conference with the officials of the two roads at the Grand Central depot today. Committees were headed by Grand-master John J. Hannahan of the firemen's organization. Before going into the conference the members of the firemen's committees had a talk with Grand Chief Stone of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. Mr. Stone said that he was acting only in an advisory capacity.

SUIT FOR SLANDER TO COME UP THIS MORNING.

(Special to The Evening Times.) Asheville, N. C., Nov. 13.—The civil docket in United States circuit court will be called this afternoon late or tomorrow. Among the interesting cases set for trial are those

against C. W. Hunt and wife of Brevard. The Hunts are being sued for \$15,000 by three plaintiffs, young ladies of Charleston, S. C., who allege that they were slandered by a letter written by Mrs. Hunt to a Mrs. Doolittle of Charleston on September 25, 1898. The plaintiffs are Miss Ellen Thompson, Miss Claudia Rhett and Miss Pauline Thompson, all of prominent Charleston families.

NATIONAL CONVENTION OF THE PRESBYTERIANS.

(By the Associated Press.) Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 13.—Prominent Presbyterians from all parts of the country are arriving today for the national convention which will open tonight with a banquet for the purpose of organizing a brotherhood to include the several men's societies, clubs and Bible classes within the church. It is hoped to have a membership of 400,000 men. Many of the most noted Presbyterians of the country are expected.

A BULLET WOUND IN HEAD; ONE IN HEART.

(By the Associated Press.) Poplar Bluff, Mo., Nov. 13.—Thomas A. Houston, secretary of the American Audit Company of Cincinnati, was found dead last night in his room at the Quinn hotel with a bullet wound in his temple and another near his heart. Houston is believed to have committed suicide.

CUT BY THE RATE BILL

Editors to be Called Together to Discuss It

Executive Committee of the National Association Meets in St. Louis on the Fourth of December to Talk Over the Matter.

(By the Associated Press.) Lexington, Nov. 13.—A meeting of the executive committee of the National Editorial Association has been called for December 4th in the Southern Hotel at St. Louis, for the purpose of discussing the discrimination of the Hepburn rate bill against newspaper men in the matter of railway transportation. The committee will also take up the matter of second-class postage with a view toward fighting the move to increase the rate on newspapers, and will also make arrangements for the annual meeting of the association which will take place in Norfolk during the exposition.

Durand's Possible Successor.

(By the Associated Press.) London, Nov. 13.—Gerard A. Lother, the British minister at Tangier, is mentioned as the possible successor of Sir Mortimer Durand as ambassador of Great Britain at Washington.

TWO BURNED TO DEATH IN HOTEL

(By the Associated Press.) New York, Nov. 13.—Two men were burned to death last night in a fire which destroyed Weeks Hotel at Port Chester, both bricklayers. They were William O'Brien of Brooklyn and William Kane of Rahway, N. J. These, with Mrs. Weeks, the proprietress, her little daughter and her aged father, were the only occupants of the hotel. They were rescued when almost suffocated by the smoke. The fire is believed to have been of incendiary origin.

METCALF RETURNING TO MAKE HIS REPORT

(By the Associated Press.) San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 13.—Secretary of commerce and labor Victor H. Metcalf who was sent to San Francisco by President Roosevelt to investigate the exclusion of Japanese children from the schools attended by whites, has concluded his work and will depart for Washington to make his report. Secretary Metcalf has during his visit here gone very thoroughly into the matter and will take a great amount of statistics and facts bearing on the case to Washington with him. He heard complaints of the alleged boycotting of Japanese restaurants and other places of business; investigated cases of assault on Japanese and white boys.

FOUR GRANTED; SEVEN REFUSED

Gov. Glenn Passes on Many Petitions for Pardon

BUT ONE COMMUTATION AND RECOVERED FAST

Pardon for Bigamy in Burke County—Wife Beater in Rockingham Was More Sinned Against Than Sinned—Twelve Year Old Boy in Mecklenburg Pardoned for Stealing Bicycle.

Governor Glenn this afternoon granted four pardons and refused seven others applications for pardons. He also granted one commutation, this being to John Gaddy of Brunswick county, sentenced at the April term of 1906 to two years on the public roads for forcible trespass. His commutation was to one year, his release to be next April. The list of pardons granted and refused and the reasons given by the governor for his action in each case follow:

Pardons Granted.
Frank Towery, Burke county, August term 1905, convicted of bigamy and sentenced to two years on the public roads. He is an ignorant man and his first wife deserted him and has been reported as dead. I have grave doubts as to whether at the time of his second marriage he knew that she was living. He is an old man and infirm, and on recommendation of solicitor and county commissioners, defendant having already served over 12 months—pardon is granted, conditioned on his good behavior.

John Evans, Rockingham county, convicted of assault and battery on his wife and sentenced to 12 months in jail. He is an old man and infirm, and on recommendation of solicitor and county commissioners, defendant having already served over 12 months—pardon is granted, conditioned on his good behavior.

Walter Nelson, Buncombe county, November term 1905, convicted of aiding in breaking jail and sentenced to 18 months. His pardon is recommended by the judge and solicitor and by the county commissioners. He has made a good prisoner and has served over 12 months of his term. For these reasons a conditional pardon is granted.

Willie Philfer, Mecklenburg county, August term 1905, defendant was a boy of 12 years of age who stole a bicycle valued at \$35.00 and was sentenced to 18 months. He has now served 15 months of his term and upon recommendation of trial judge and solicitor, a pardon is granted on his good behavior.

Pardons Refused.
L. A. Sprouse, Madison county, February term 1906. The defendant pleaded guilty of forcible trespass and was sentenced to 12 months on county roads of Buncombe. He was really guilty of forgery and obtaining money under false pretences, and in my opinion sentence is not excessive. Pardon is therefore denied.

Thos. Hathaway, Chowan county, convicted fall term 1906 of perjury and sentenced to 15 years in penitentiary. He has not yet served one half of his term and as neither judge, or solicitor recommend his pardon, application is denied.

Nelson Bumgarner, Wilkes county, March term 1906. Convicted of manslaughter and sentenced to four months in county jail. In my opinion the defendant received a very mild sentence as his conduct caused the death of the deceased. There is no good reason shown why pardon should be granted and same is therefore denied.

Stokes McCrary, Buncombe county, convicted July term 1905 of larceny and sentenced to two years. Pending his application for pardon he made his escape. Application is therefore denied.

Bob Smitherman, Forsyth county, May term 1905. Convicted of larceny and sentenced to two years on public roads of Forsyth. Neither judge or solicitor recommend the pardon and no good reason being shown, same is denied.

G. C. Mills, Rowan county, February term 1906. Prisoner was convicted of larceny and sentenced to 12 months. Neither judge or solicitor recommend his pardon and no good reason being shown it is denied, but on account of defendant's condition I recommend to the county commissioners that defendant be kept in jail and not assigned to the public roads, to the end that he may be suitably cared for.

MADE A MANIAC BY BLOW OF THUG

Found by Police, He Responded to Treatment

AND RECOVERED FAST

But When the Police Sought to Gain From Him Some Clue as to His Assault He Showed That the Crushing Blow Had Affected His Mind.

(By the Associated Press.) New York, Nov. 13.—As a result of a blow on the head, probably dealt by a blackjacker, nabbed by a hold-up man, a young man believed to be John Driscoll, of Waterford, Conn., is a raving maniac at Bellevue Hospital. His skull was crushed by the blow and his condition is believed to be critical. The victim is about 24 years old.

Driscoll was found lying on the sidewalk at 116th street and Amsterdam avenue early today. He was unconscious. An ambulance surgeon found a long wound above and behind the right ear, suggesting that the man had been struck by a thug.

It was thought at that time that Driscoll was not seriously hurt, as he responded quickly to treatment, and after he had recovered consciousness, seemed little the worse for his experience.

When he was taken to a police station to give the officers what assistance he could in finding out how he received his injuries, however, he began to shout and struggle in a manner that left no doubt that the blow had affected his brain. All efforts to calm him proved futile, and it became necessary to remove him to Bellevue.

DR. MATTHEWS' COUSIN

Young Man Who Killed Himself Here Other Day

Their Fathers Were First Cousins—Herbert L. Matthews Was At Union Station Here on Morning of Day He Swallowed Poison Asking Way to Sunbeam and Appearing Very Jolly.

It has been learned that Herbert L. Matthews, who committed suicide here the other day by swallowing twenty grains of strychnine, was a second cousin of Dr. J. B. Matthews of Greensboro, who was convicted of poisoning his wife while he himself was under the influence of drugs, and who recently killed himself in Baltimore rather than enter upon his sentence of twenty years in state's prison.

On the morning of the day that young Matthews killed himself here, he was at the union station in very jolly mood. He accosted Judge R. W. Winston of Durham and Mr. W. X. Coley of The Evening Times, introduced himself and asked them how to get to Sunbeam, Va. Neither knew of the place, and Mr. Matthews then pulled out a fresh pint bottle of liquor and invited each to have a drink, saying the liquor was not his, that he had procured it for a friend, but he knew the friend would not mind their refreshing themselves from its contents. Both declined the proffered whiskey, and Matthews replaced it in his hip pocket. His coat caught up over it and several persons joked him about not minding to show his colors and he replied with lively jests in the best of humor. That evening he swallowed the poison.

A few days later Mr. Coley learned from a gentleman at Graham that Mr. Matthews and Dr. Matthews were related, both coming from the Matthews family of Harnett county, their fathers having been first cousins.

A CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT PEONAGE.

(By the Associated Press.) Mobile, Ala., Nov. 13.—Another indictment charging conspiracy to commit peonage was returned last night by the United States grand jury at Pensacola, Fla., against W. S. Harlan, manager of the Jack Lumber Company of Lockport, Ala., Robert Gallager, woods foreman of the company, Oscar Sanders, an interpreter, and John Atwell, a deputy sheriff of Walton county. The indictments relate to a conspiracy two foreigners whose location is at present unknown.

MASS MEETING FOR TONIGHT

Interest of Juvenile Courts and Reformatory

THE RESCUE OF A BOY

Rev. Crawford Jackson of Atlanta, Chairman of the Central Juvenile Protectors Committee, Will Address the Meeting—He Has Done Things in Georgia.

Tonight at 7:30 there will be a mass meeting in Metropolitan Hall in the interest of the establishment in North Carolina of juvenile courts and a reformatory for wayward young people. In order that such offenders may not have to be sent to jail to associate with hardened criminals.

The meeting will be addressed by Rev. Crawford Jackson of Atlanta, chairman of the Central Juvenile Protectors Committee, the man through whose efforts mainly juvenile courts were secured in Georgia and a state reformatory established. Mr. Jackson has been in the city since Saturday afternoon. He spoke here five times on Sunday and made a fine impression as a sincere, earnest, forceful and eloquent speaker. He has the air and ways of a practical man.

Besides Mr. Jackson, other speakers will be Rev. A. J. Mackinway of Atlanta, Mayor Jas. I. Johnson and possibly Gov. R. B. Glenn.

As an illustration of his work and the difficulties he has had to encounter Mr. Jackson tells the following story of a boy he rescued and what has become of him:

"I find me for a personal reference and speaking of a boy found by me four years ago in the hands of a policeman—a boy who had been left motherless from his infancy, whose father had led him wrong, when he led him at all, but had finally given him up saying to me, 'I can do nothing with that boy.' He was spending many of his nights, when I found him in goods-boxes, or sleeping under the viaducts, but often in jail. I talked with him a long time, but made absolutely no impression upon him. The boy had in his heart sworn defiance against everything which stood for law and order. He promised me, however, in a somewhat half-hearted way, that if I got him delivered he would be a better boy. This promise was given to get out of prison much more than from a desire to reform.

"The speech was made next morning for his freedom. The policeman smiled while I was speaking and arose, as I concluded, telling the court and myself what that boy had done for three or four years back. For this and that theft and other offenses he had been in the police barracks twenty times, and about a dozen times in the stockade. I came to my feet a second time, and spoke more emphatically, saying, 'Your Honor, as bad as this boy is, I am going to stick to him.' I said that boys face light up, and I saw I had him, but I did not quite have the court. The judge remarked in some sort of combined pleasantry and earnestness, 'Why, Mr. Jackson, if I turned this boy loose, you could not get him to your office except with a four horse team and using him beside.' 'Your Honor, you have done everything else with this boy, I wish you would now do for him what General Wellington did with a very troublesome soldier, whom he was on the point of executing to get him out of the way, because he was uncontrollable and demoralizing the army when an old merciful soldier arose holding up the stab of an arm, the rest of which he had lost in battle, and asked the General if he could say a word. Permission being given, he said, 'My Lord, you say you have done everything you know what to do for this soldier, have you ever forgiven him? suppose you try that, and put him on his honor to be a better man and a better soldier.'"

"This short but powerful appeal went straight to the heart of the great man, who turned to his prisoner saying, 'Well, my man, I believe I will try that plan. I will turn you loose out of pure mercy, and trust you to be a better man and a better soldier.'"

"Now, said I, 'Your Honor, you have done every thing else with this wayward and motherless boy. The lash of the law has been laid on again and again for several years, and the boy has grown worse. Won't you now please forgive him and turn him over to me.'"

"Then the judge turned to the boy and said, 'John, will you go with Mr. Jackson and be a better boy?' 'Yes, sir,' was the boy's whole-hearted reply, and John has been true to his word.

"That is out of the Fulton county.

A NEW FORCE AT WORK IN SOUTH

Southern Immigration and Industrial Association

OFFICERS ARE CHOSEN

Governor Heyward of South Carolina is the President of This Organization, a Permanent Development of the Southern Immigration and Quarantine Conference.

(By the Associated Press.) Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 13.—The Southern Immigration and Quarantine Conference today effected a permanent organization to be known hereafter as the Southern Immigration and Industrial Association, and elected these officers:

President, Governor D. C. Heyward, Columbia, S. C.; Secretary-Treasurer, J. R. McMullen, Gadsden, Ala.

The annual convention will be held in Birmingham, Ala., the second Tuesday in November.

The appointment of the committee on organization was the first business of the day. It recommended that the association be continued as a permanent organization to be known as the Southern Immigration and Industrial Association, its object being to exercise an educational and supervisory influence over matters pertaining to immigration, health, labor, technical education and general enforcement of vagrancy laws, in order that a uniform policy regarding these matters may prevail throughout the south.

Governors and state commissioners of agriculture, representatives from commercial, manufacturing and business organizations are made honorary members of the association. The active membership is to be composed of railroads, corporations, firms or individuals. The appointment of a vice president from each state is recommended.

The report of the committee on organization was adopted unanimously. The report of the committee on education was then submitted and adopted. It recommended the adoption in southern schools of the Louisiana system of hygienic instruction; hearty co-operation by the farmers with state experiment farms; the founding of trade schools, and that the governors of all southern states call the attention of their people to the great need of technical education for the whole youth of the south.

The report of the committee on immigration recommended that the several southern states establish departments of immigration. The report urges the federal government to provide liberally for the reception of immigrants at the south Atlantic and gulf ports, and thus encourage the establishment of steamship lines for the direct importation of immigrants, thereby relieving the crowded condition of Ellis Island and the congested eastern cities."

The report was adopted.

EXPRESS CLERK AND CASH GONE

(Special to The Evening Times.) Salisbury, N. C., Nov. 13.—W. S. Gray, for some time night money clerk in the southern Express Company's office here, is missing and with him several packages amounting to more than a thousand dollars. The company kept the matter a secret until today when District Agent Sadler investigated the matter. Gray is seventeen and has stood well.

NINETY PEASANTS KILLED BY TROOPS

(By the Associated Press.) Maltan, Courland, Russia, Nov. 13.—A punitive expedition which has been operating at the Krusenberg district during the last few weeks killed ninety peasants belonging to a revolutionary organization termed the "Forest Brothers," who levied tribute on the surrounding country.

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DECLARES THAW NERVOUS WRECK

(By the Associated Press.) New York, Nov. 13.—D. M. Delmas, the California lawyer engaged as chief counsel for Harry K. Thaw, said today that he had visited Thaw in his cell in the Tombs prison and found him a nervous wreck. Mr. Delmas said: "Judging from my single interview with him, which took place yesterday afternoon, the young man is laboring under great excitement and is evidently of a highly nervous temperament. 'It is true,' continued Mr. Delmas, 'that some time ago Joseph H. Choate was approached in behalf of Mr. Thaw by his Pittsburg attorney, David E. Watson. Mr. Choate declined a retainer. John E. Parsons also was approached, but he declined to take the case on the ground that he was too old or such active service. Now, so far as I know, there will be no other New York lawyer concerned.'"

MONEY ON CALL BEGINS TO SOAR.

(By the Associated Press.) New York, Nov. 13.—Money on call was loaned at 14 per cent soon after the opening of the stock market today.