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## DIVORCED FROM WIFE, DE CASTELLANE LOSES THE GOLD MILLIONS

### The Decree of the Court a Sweeping Victory for the Countess

### SUDDEN END OF CASE RESENTED BY MORBID

Women Had Climbed Upon the  
Backs of Chairs, Straining Their  
Ears to Catch the Decision, and  
When They Became Aware That  
a Divorce Was Granted, Keen  
Disappointment Was Shown That  
There Was to Be No Public Trial  
in Which Members of the Gallic  
Aristocracy Would Be Compelled  
to Testify—The Countess is Grant-  
ed Custody of Her Children  
Though the Count is Allowed to  
See Them at Stated Intervals—  
He is Taxed With the Costs of  
the Proceedings.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Paris, Nov. 14.—The tribunal of first  
instance of the Seine, Judge Ditté pre-  
siding at noon today granted a divorce  
to the Countess De Castellane (formerly  
Anna Gould of New York) and gave her  
the custody of her children, who, how-  
ever, will not be allowed to be taken  
from France without the consent of  
their father, Count Boni De Castellane.  
The end of the famous case came  
suddenly. The court brushed aside the  
demand of the count's lawyers for an  
examination of witnesses; and, as an-  
ticipated, the public prosecutor did not  
even ask to be heard.  
As soon as the court assembled Judge  
Ditté handed down the judgment which  
is a sweeping victory. In granting her  
petition for divorce the court gave the  
countess the custody of her children,  
the count being allowed only the usual  
rights to see them and share in the  
control of their education, which was  
not contested.

The count is given the right to see  
the children at stated periods at the  
home of their grandmother and keep  
them a month annually during the hol-  
idays.  
The count's demand for an "alimen-  
tary allowance of \$50,000 annually" was  
pronounced by the court to be without  
foundation in law and was rejected.  
The only point decided in the count's  
favor was the imposition of the inhibi-  
tion on the countess to make the chil-  
dren out of France without their father's  
consent.  
The court appointed the president of  
the chamber of notaries to liquidate  
the affairs of the husband and wife.  
The judgment was given with costs  
against the count. The decree, the  
reading of which hardly consumed five  
minutes, was delivered by the judge in  
a voice so low to be practically inaudible  
to the crowd filling the court room.  
Many women climbed the chairs in  
vain efforts to hear the decision and  
when they were aware that a divorce  
was granted they seemed actually to  
resent the loss of a public trial at  
which people in high society would be  
compelled to testify.

**Degrading Career of the Duke.**  
Stripped of textual verbiage, formal  
counts upon which the attorneys of the  
Countess De Castellane asked for a divorce  
were as follows:  
1. Soon after his marriage Count De  
Castellane began the purchase of fur-  
niture at ridiculously exorbitant prices  
and immediately resold it. When the  
plaintiff protested the count abused her  
in the presence of servants.  
2. Upon the slightest pretext Count  
De Castellane created scenes, going to  
the extent of striking the plaintiff. In  
the course of one of these scenes, dur-  
ing the autumn of 1895, the countess  
was brutally pinched by her husband  
and the next day while she was still  
suffering from his violence, she revealed  
fact to an American friend, who was  
a guest at the chateau.  
3. During the summer of 1898 and  
notably during a pleasure trip which  
the Count De Castellane took the count  
was intimate with a married woman,  
"Mme. A."

4. The count maintained a corre-  
spondence with "Mme. A." fixing the  
dates for rendezvous, through the in-  
termediary of "Mme. X." and "M. N."  
in the Rue De Mantes.  
5. During the summer of 1895 Count  
De Castellane had intimate relations  
with "Mme. B." He had many meet-  
ings with her, principally at the pavil-  
ion of St. James.  
6. During June, 1905, a lady entered  
the Count De Castellane's automobile,  
dined with him at Ville D'Avray, and

both later went to the pavilion of St.  
James, where they spent two hours.  
7. During the same year, 1905, Count  
De Castellane was intimate with a wo-  
man who lived in a furnished room  
house in the Rue Castiglione.  
8. In 1905 the Count De Castellane  
was intimate with "Mme. C." which  
involved indiscretion, repeated ren-  
dezvous and automobile excursions, ob-  
jects forgotten in an automobile and  
found by two domestics making al-  
most public scandals. Count De Cas-  
tellane went frequently with this lady  
to an apartment which he maintained  
at Neuilly.  
9. In June 1905 at the end of a big  
reception at the mansion on the Aven-  
ue Malakoff, Count De Castellane and  
"Mme. C." were found an hour after  
alone in the garden and the count was  
compelled to summon aid for the  
opening of the gate. The servants who  
responded recognized "Mme. C." who  
left the mansion hurriedly.  
9 a. In the absence of her husband,  
and notably in the course of a journey  
of "M. C." "Mme. C." received Count  
De Castellane every day at her resi-  
dence and upon his arrival gave or-  
ders to the servants to turn away  
further visitors. The Countess De  
Castellane going one day to the resi-  
dence of "Mme. C." was told by the  
servants that "Mme. C." was not at  
home, although at that time the count  
was on the premises.  
9 b. While "M. C." was at Paris  
two maids of "Mme. C." were  
mounting guard to permit Count De  
Castellane to emerge by the back stair-  
way in case of the arrival of the hus-  
band, did in reality see him so de-  
scend.

9 c. The servants of "Mme. C." were  
not ignorant that their mistress met  
Count De Castellane, and one of them  
frequently sometimes three times a  
day, carried letters to the count. There  
were frequent scenes between "M. and  
Mme. C." on the subject of the count  
De Castellane.  
**Intimacy With Madame D.**  
10 While the countess De Castellane  
was absent in America Count De  
Castellane was intimate with "Mme.  
D." He dined with her in a private  
room at the Cafe Anglaise and or-  
dered orchids for the decoration of the  
table.  
11. On May 11, 1904, while the Count-  
ess De Castellane was absent, Count  
De Castellane took "Madame D." to the  
Chateau Des Marnis, where he pass-  
ed the afternoon with her.  
**The Dens of a Voluptuary.**  
12. For several years Count De Cas-  
tellane rented in Paris a number of  
places for his rendezvous, in particular  
No. 26 Rue La Rochefoucauld, where  
he was known under the name of  
"Pascal." No. 16 Rue DeGeneral-Foy,  
the pavilion of St. James and No. 5 Rue  
Cave, at Neuilly. At these different ad-  
dresses he received, to the knowledge  
of several of his servants and chauf-  
eurs, the women with whom he was  
intimate belonging to the monde and  
the demi monde classes.  
Here follows a long list of dates ex-  
tending from the years 1901 to 1906.  
The text of the decree does not go into  
the details of the countess' bill of par-  
ticulars, "inasmuch as Madame De  
Castellane submitted letters and docu-  
ments, several of which were from the  
count himself, establishing sufficiently  
that since their marriage, notably in  
1898, 1902 and 1905 he had relations and  
correspondence with various women of  
easy virtue, which was most offensive  
to a wife, thus rendering himself guilty  
of acts justifying a divorce, and as he  
had failed to establish a reconciliation  
the petition of Madame De Castellane  
is granted."

**Boni's Will for Gold Denied.**  
The count's demand for an "alimen-  
tary allowance of \$50,000 annually" was  
denied on the ground that the guilty  
party in a divorce loses all the advan-  
tages accorded either by a marriage  
contract or the course of married life  
and consequently the court refused to  
allow not only the count's original  
claim for \$50,000 per annum, but the  
\$20,000 which the countess offered and  
which it now seems the count claimed  
to have accepted October 25.  
The court also took a precaution  
against any unreasonable attitude on  
the part of the count toward allowing  
his wife to take her children out of  
France by providing that in case of his  
refusal judicial authorization could be  
granted.  
The decree orders the countess to  
send the children on Thursdays and  
Sundays to their grandmother, the  
Marquise De Castellane, and their sur-  
render to their father for a week at  
New Year's and Easter and for a month  
in the summer.

**Brief Sketch of Married Life.**  
Anna Gould, the youngest daughter  
of the late Jay Gould, was married to  
Count Ernest Boniface De Castellane,  
the eldest son of the Marquis De Cas-  
tellane at the New York home of her  
brother, George J. Gould, March 4,  
1895, the late Archbishop Corrigan of-  
ficiating. Miss Gould's dowry was un-  
derstood to have been \$18,000,000, and  
it was further stated that her income  
was \$600,000 a year. Immediately after  
(Continued on Page Five.)

## DEAD IN THEIR BLAZING HOME

### Young Mother and Three Children Perish Miserably

### CALLING TO THE DEAD

### The Husband and Father Unable to Enter the Blazing Home, Shout- ing Through a Window But There Was No Response—Four Probably Suffocated in Their Beds.

(By the Associated Press.)  
Coldwater, Mich., Nov. 14.—Mrs.  
Charles Mowry, aged 21 years, and  
her three children, Homer, aged 6  
years, Louise, aged 3 years, and a  
baby of six months, were burned to  
death early today in their home on  
a farm at Batavia station, six miles  
southwest of this city on the Lake-  
shore Railroad.  
Charles Mowry, the husband and  
father, rose early and built the fires  
in the house. He then went to the  
barn to do chores and while there  
discovered that his house was afire.  
He rushed back, but the flames had  
made such headway that he could  
not enter the house and his calls  
through the windows to his family  
brought no response.  
It is thought that the mother and  
three children were suffocated to  
death while asleep.

**ARREST OF PREACHER  
CHARGED WITH LARCENY.**  
(Special to The Evening Times.)  
Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 14.—While  
in the midst of an earnest exhortation  
to his flock gathered at Mount Zion Afri-  
can M. E. church, pastor Shell was  
suddenly interrupted by a summons  
from deputy sheriff Smith. Hastily  
leaving the pulpit the negro divine  
was taken into custody by the deputy.  
The senior deacon continued the ser-  
vice.  
Shell is charged with robbing a de-  
aconess of his church of a small por-  
tion of miscellaneous articles which  
she had spent twenty years accumulat-  
ing. An hour or so after his arrest  
he was released on a \$100 bond.

## BURLIARS LAUGH AT PITTSBURG'S POLICE

(By the Associated Press.)  
Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 14.—Despite the  
efforts of city officials and the police  
department to put an end to the bur-  
glaries and hold-ups in this city, and  
notwithstanding the veritable drag-  
net that has been thrown out by the  
public protectors, reports of hold-ups  
and burglaries continue to reach the  
public.  
In the fashionable east-end section  
of the city where most of the recent  
crimes have been committed, the house  
of W. A. Forman, a prominent me-  
chanical engineer was entered by bur-  
glars between midnight and daylight  
this morning. The burglars had forced  
a side window with a jimmy and ran-  
sacked the house. Among the arti-  
cles taken by the thieves was an au-  
tomatic revolver recently purchased  
by Mr. Forman to protect himself  
against occasions of this kind.  
The house was robbed while Mr.  
and Mrs. Forman were visiting and the  
burglary was discovered upon their  
return.  
The Forman residence was entered  
several months ago and several hun-  
dred dollars worth of goods were  
taken.  
Mrs. Forman is prostrated by nerv-  
ousness brought on by the shock of  
the burglary, and fear, through pub-  
licity given the burglaries and other  
crimes in the city within the past two  
weeks.

**TARIFF RELATIONS  
WITH GERMAN EMPIRE.**  
(By the Associated Press.)  
Berlin, Nov. 14.—During the  
course of a speech in the Reichstag  
today Chancellor Von Buelow said:  
"Our relations with the United  
States continue on a most friendly  
basis, resting as they do upon his-  
torical and natural reasons. The  
frontiers of the two countries do not  
touch, nor do our optical interests  
collide anywhere. In order to smooth  
our economic relations it will be  
necessary to arrange a mutually ben-  
eficial agreement in an obliging  
spirit. As both sides have this spirit,  
it seems impossible that we should  
not come to an understanding."

## THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION

### Issued This Afternoon by Gov. R. B. Glenn

### STATE'S PROSPERITY

### Exceeded the Governor's fondest Hopes—Calls on People to Give Thanks for Past Mercies and Ask for Future Guidance—The Full Text of the Proclamation.

Governor R. B. Glenn issued today  
his proclamation, joining with the  
president of the United States in fix-  
ing Thursday, November 29, as a day  
of general rejoicing and thanksgiv-  
ing, during which "thanks for past  
mercies may be given and requests  
for future guidance made."  
In the course of the proclamation  
the governor refers to the great pros-  
perity the state is now enjoying, in-  
dustrially, and to the progress along  
educational lines, declaring that  
"manifold blessings have so far sur-  
passed our temporary ills that they  
call to us for thanksgiving and  
prayer." Excessive rains which  
damaged the crops, and outbreaks of  
lawlessness twice during the year,  
are mentioned as the ills that came  
upon the state.

The full text of the proclamation,  
which is duly signed by Governor  
Glenn and by Col. A. H. Arrington  
as private secretary, follows:  
"While the excessive rains have  
damaged our crops, and twice during  
the year the public peace was marred  
by acts of lawlessness, yet our man-  
ifold blessings have so far surpassed  
our temporary ills that they call to  
us for thanksgiving and prayer.  
"The percentage of increase in the  
state (agriculturally, industrially,  
educationally, and morally) has been  
phenomenal, and far exceeded our  
fondest hopes. The prices of farm-  
ing and trucking lands have largely  
increased in value. Industrial enter-  
prises are being rapidly developed  
throughout the state and are paying  
good dividends. Peace and good-will  
now exist between labor and capital;  
no pestilence or scourge has visited  
our state, and with the above two  
exceptions law and order have been  
maintained.  
"Our educational progress is a  
source of congratulation, as longer  
terms, more efficient teachers, better  
school houses and equipment mark a  
new and progressive period in our  
school life, while the growing tem-  
perance and religious spirit of our  
people denote a moral condition  
never before witnessed. Thus in  
things material and things moral, we,  
as a state, have prospered during the  
past year as never before, and it is  
therefore appropriate that a certain  
day be set apart for praise to the  
Supreme Ruler of the Universe for  
the blessings so abundantly given.  
"Therefore, that all shall have an  
opportunity of showing their grati-  
tude, I, R. B. Glenn, governor of  
North Carolina, join with the pres-  
ident of the United States in fixing  
Thursday, the 29th day of November,  
1906, as a day of general rejoicing  
and thanksgiving, during which day  
thanks for past mercies may be given  
and requests for future guidance  
made.  
"On this day I ask our people, as  
far as is practicable, to suspend all  
business and grant a holiday, and to  
assemble at 11 o'clock at their places  
of worship and offer up thanks to  
God for His numerous blessings, and  
to consecrate themselves afresh to  
His service, and to the protection and  
building up of the state.  
"I likewise ask the ministers of all  
churches on that day to especially  
hold up before the people the bless-  
ings to come from a life of sobriety  
and industry, peace and good order,  
and by freely giving to the cause of  
charity, thus making us more loyal  
citizens and better Christians.  
"I also implore all, while enjoying  
their holiday, to do nothing that will  
tarnish the fair name of the state or  
dishonor God, but that all they do  
may increase their love of country  
and devotion to their Maker.  
"In witness whereof, I have here-  
unto set my hand and caused the  
great seal of North Carolina to be  
affixed.  
"Done in our city of Raleigh, this  
9th day of November, 1906, and in  
the one hundred and thirtieth year  
of our American independence."

## FROM THE NAKED AND THE HUNGRY

### The Amount Stolen Will Total a Million Dollars

### FRISCO RELIEF FUND

### Roosevelt, the Moving Spirit of the Investigation, Declares That No Man Guilty of Diverting This Money Shall Escape the Penalty for the Crime.

(By the Associated Press.)  
San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 14.—The  
Chronicle says today:  
A new investigation is progressing  
in the course of developments in the  
local graft scandal. It now appears  
that many sums of money, large and  
small, that were sent from different  
states to San Francisco for the relief  
of the sufferers from the calamity nev-  
er reached the relief committee. Some  
of these amounts which aggregated  
large sums were mailed to the care of  
Mayor Schmitz. P. J. Heney, detec-  
tive, Williams Burns and about one  
hundred government agents have been  
making an investigation.  
President Roosevelt is the moving  
spirit behind the inquiry and he de-  
clares that no man guilty of divert-  
ing the relief funds shall escape jus-  
tice.  
The cases come within the jurisdic-  
tion of the federal authorities because  
of the interstate character of the postal  
service, which, it is alleged, was  
intentionally tampered with.  
A considerable sum of money was  
also sent through the express com-  
panies and Wells Fargo, which com-  
panies are now investigating the dis-  
appearance of \$10,530 sent in one pack-  
age from the citizens of Searchlight,  
Nev., which the relief committee says  
they never received and which Wells  
Fargo company says was delivered to  
the representative of the committee to  
whom it was addressed. The crime of  
forgery is said to be included in the  
offenses of the raiders of the relief  
contributions.  
It is said that in the aggregate the  
stealings will amount to a million dol-  
lars.

## CASCADE SNOWS FILL PLAINS WITH FLOODS

(By the Associated Press.)  
Tacoma, Wash., Nov. 14.—  
Swamped by a soaking rain the  
snow on the slopes of the Cascade  
mountains has melted and flowed  
into the rivers at the base, thereby  
resulting in one of the worst floods  
in this section for years. Bridges  
have been washed away, telegraph  
and telephone wires are down, the  
train service of the Northern Pacific  
is completely deranged and up to the  
present time one life has been lost.  
The whole country between Auburn  
and the Cascade mountains is re-  
ported to be flooded. The full ex-  
tent of the danger and damage is  
difficult to ascertain as all wire com-  
munication is interrupted.

**HEAVY SNOW STORM  
HITS SPARTANBURG.**  
(By the Associated Press.)  
Spartanburg, S. C., Nov. 14.—A  
heavy snow storm began at noon to-  
day, accompanied by biting north  
winds. The temperature dropped to  
22 degrees last night and many water  
pipes in residences are frozen. In  
addition to the damage to the cotton  
crop, much of which has not been  
gathered, it is feared that there will  
be great suffering among the poor, as  
there is a shortage of wood and coal  
in this section.

**HUGE ORDERS FOR  
ROAD EQUIPMENT.**  
(By the Associated Press.)  
Chicago, Nov. 14.—The large pur-  
chases of equipment which have been  
announced within the last few days  
by western railroads indicate that all  
records relating to increases in  
equipment will be smashed this year.  
The Wabash expects within a few  
weeks to make contracts for \$12-  
320,000 worth of new cars and en-  
gines, and the Northern Pacific has  
just made public its purchase of  
\$7,700,000 worth of new freight cars.  
The Burlington has begun to re-  
ceive \$5,558,000 worth of new loco-  
motives and cars, the orders for  
which will not be filled until next

## BLOODHOUND ON THE TRACK OF HARRIS, THE ATROCIOUS MURDERER

### Armed Posse Follow Negro Who Made Night in Ashe- ville a Red Horror

### TWO OFFICERS SLAIN BY BLACK DESPERADO

The Chief of Police Wounded and  
Two Negroes Slain—This is the  
Fearful Record Made by Harris  
in a Few Hours and for Which the  
Authorities Are Now Tracking  
Him Down—The Bloodhound  
"Hope" is Following a Hot Scent.  
The People of Asheville Are  
Aroused to White Heat, and No  
Effort to Capture the Negro, Who  
is an Escaped Convict, Will be  
Spared—The Crimes of Harris  
Last Night Seemed to Have Been  
Committed Without the Slightest  
Provocation.  
(By the Associated Press.)  
Asheville, N. C., Nov. 14.—An armed  
posse of officers and citizens is scour-  
ing the surrounding country for the  
negro, said to be Will Harris, of Char-  
lotte, who last night shot and killed  
Policemen Blackstock and Bailey,  
mortally wounded a negro named Neill  
and wounded Police Captain Page.  
There is talk of lynching if the fugi-  
tive is captured.  
Mayor Bernard offered a reward of  
\$500 for the capture of Harris, and  
this amount was quickly increased to  
\$1,200 by private subscriptions. The  
list of Harris' victims was increased  
by one today when the body of  
"Jocko" Williams, a familiar negro  
character, was found dead on Valley  
street with a bullet hole in his head.  
When the news of this discovery  
spread over the city Chief Bernard  
summoned the citizens to the public  
square by sounding a general fire  
alarm from headquarters. Hundreds  
of men immediately offered their ser-  
vices and formed themselves into  
parties. The majority of the men  
came armed, and those who were not  
were given Winchester rifles by var-  
ious merchants.  
"Hope," the famous bloodhound,  
was taken to the house wherefrom  
Harris is said to have started on his  
murderous tour last night. The  
hound took the scent immediately  
and started on a dead run for the  
Biltmore estate. At noon a report  
was received from the searchers that  
the dog had traveled ten miles and  
was still going on a hot scent.  
At 1 o'clock this afternoon no tangible  
trace of the negro desperado has been  
secured. A large posse of mounted  
men started at that hour for the west-  
ern section of the county. The weather  
is cold and snowing, but Chief Bernard  
has no trouble in securing a posse. It  
is estimated that 800 men are now en-  
gaged in the man hunt. Tom Neal, the  
fifth victim of the negro's gun, is said  
to be dying at the hospital.

**NEW COUNTERFEIT  
TEN-DOLLAR NOTE.**  
(By the Associated Press.)  
Washington, Nov. 14.—The United  
States secret service announces the  
discovery of a new counterfeit \$10  
"Buffalo" United States note.  
This counterfeit is apparently a photo-  
lithographic production printed on  
two pieces of paper with silk fiber dis-  
tributed between them. The face of  
the note is grayish black. The num-  
bering, seal, and large X TEN are of  
good color and workmanship. The  
check letter and plate number do not  
appear in the lower right hand corner.  
The back of the note is a dark bluish  
green. By itself this counterfeit is apt  
to deceive, but when handled with  
genuine notes the market difference  
in the color of the back should lead to  
its immediate detection.

**THREE PIPE LINES  
INCREASE STOCK.**  
(By the Associated Press.)  
Harrisburg, Pa., Nov. 14.—Three  
pipe line concerns controlled by the  
Standard Oil Company, filed notices  
in the state department today of heavy  
increases in their capital stock. They  
are the Crescent Pipe Line Company  
of Philadelphia, whose capital has  
been increased from \$1,000,000 to \$2-  
600,000; the Southern Pipe Line Com-  
pany, Oil City, from \$5,000,000 to \$10-  
000,000 and the Northern Pipe Line  
Company, Oil City, \$1,000,000 to \$1,000-  
000.

**GENERAL AERIAL  
NAVIGATION SOON.**  
(By the Associated Press.)  
Paris, Nov. 14.—Santos Dumont,  
pilot of the successful flight of his aero-  
plane, "The Bird of Prey," predicts  
the early approach of the day when all  
mankind will be navigating the air  
and when flying machines will be more  
common than automobiles. Indeed,  
he thinks that the flying machine will  
eventually become the "poor man's au-  
tomobile," be safer, faster and cheap-  
er. Next year, he said, people will be  
able to go to the seashore on their  
aeroplanes. It will become the fad  
and the commencement of a new in-  
dustry.

**THE FIFTY-FIRST VICTIM  
OF WRECK AT WOODVILLE.**  
(By the Associated Press.)  
Chicago, Nov. 14.—Zaslav Palovics,  
seventeen-year-old, who was injured in  
the recent wreck on the Baltimore and  
Ohio Railroad at Woodville, Ind., died  
in the Mercy Hospital today. His death  
makes the total fatalities fifty-one.  
Much dissatisfaction has been caused  
among the survivors of the wreck over  
the fact that the dead, the majority of  
whom were Roman Catholics, had been  
buried without religious rites. Local  
church officials have arranged with the  
railroad to have the bodies dug up and  
reburied.

**Earlier Report of the Sensation.**  
(Special to The Evening Times)  
Asheville, N. C., Nov. 14.—Asheville  
is all excitement this morning over the  
street duel last night between a des-  
perado believed to be Will Harris of  
Mecklenburg county and police offi-  
cers, in which patrolmen C. R. Black-  
stock and J. W. Bailey were killed and  
Police Captain Page injured and two  
negroes named Addison and Copen-  
land killed.  
The desperate fight occurred at mid-  
night and since that time armed pos-  
sessed have been scouring the surround-  
ing country for the negro.  
Harris used probably a Mauser rifle  
or a Krag Jorgensen, an empty shell  
from the gun found this morning in-  
dicating as much.  
The fight started when the patrol-  
men answered a call that a negro was  
raising a ruckus. The negro came out  
from the house firing as he ran. He  
killed Blackstock on the spot and in-  
jured Page. He ran toward the square  
and killed Addison. As he went he  
fired at every one in sight.  
On the square Bailey took up posi-  
tion behind a phone pole 12 inches in  
diameter and opened fire. The negro  
returned the fire shooting through the  
pole and killing Bailey.  
Several persons drawn to the scene  
narrowly escape the random shots  
(Continued on Page Five.)