

# THE RALEIGH EVENING TIMES.

VOLUME 30.

RALEIGH, N. C., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1907.

PRICE 5c.

## OIL TRUST MUST NOT AGAIN ACCEPT JOHN D.

### Of All Men He Should Not be Reinstated as Head of the Company

### THE BIG SUIT IN NEW YORK RESUMED

Wesley Tifford, Secretary of the Octopus, the First Witness on the Stand Today—W. G. Rockefeller Will Testify This Afternoon—Counsel for Defense Resists Attempt of Government to Secure Certain Information From the Witnesses—Miss Tarbell's Arraignment of the Daddy of the Oil Trust, Creates Interest Again.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)  
New York, Sept. 19.—John D. Rockefeller is most emphatically the man above all others who should not be put back in control of the Standard Oil Company. The new leader should be an honest man—strong enough in principle and will to dispose of all the other men who have been brought into charge during the Rockefeller and Rogers regimes. Standard Oil will be honest all only when its whole slate has been rubbed clean.

Ida M. Tarbell, the woman whose denunciations of Mr. Rockefeller and the oil trust have won her international fame, gave this opinion of what the great monopoly must do to be redeemed.

"The author has encased herself in a grape-trellised little cottage in the woods back of Bethel, Conn. "I did not intend to talk about Standard Oil again—ever; or at least while the government is conducting such a sweeping and widespread investigation of the trusts," she said.

"I don't wish to interfere with the government's case. The tendency is to chatter too much about many important questions. I should rather wait to see what the federal authorities accomplish before commenting upon their work.

"Above all men, Mr. Rockefeller is not the one who should be given charge of Standard Oil again.

"When he developed the corporation years ago, standards of right and wrong were different. Rockefeller built up the oil trust under methods that would now bring it into the greatest disrepute.

"Mr. Rockefeller would probably believe that the right way to run the company would be any way that would bring in the richest results.

"It may be that Mr. Rockefeller believes himself honest. I don't say he knows what he is himself. But he is either the greatest hypocrite in all the world, or else he is a very narrow-honest man. I must decline to discuss Mr. Rogers, since he is ill," she said. "I will say, however, that he is one of the old Standard Oil regime

who had some other thoughts outside the profits of his company."

Hearing in Oil Case Resumed Today. (By Cable to The Times.)

New York, Sept. 19.—Wesley H. Tifford, treasurer of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey and vice president of the Standard Oil Company of New York, was in the witness chair when the federal dissolution suit hearing was resumed today before former Judge Ferris, of St. Louis, sitting as special master.

Lawyer John G. Milburn, for the trust, offered vigorous objections to allowing him to answer questions concerning the acts of the Standard previous to the passage of the Sherman anti-trust law on July 2, 1890.

William G. Rockefeller is expected to follow Mr. Tifford on the stand. Investigator Kellogg, for the government, wanted Treasurer Tifford to tell what interest the Standard had in the old Chess-Carley Company of Kentucky back in 1882, and Mr. Tifford, when called to the stand last evening just before adjournment for the day, admitted he had looked after the Standard's connection with that concern.

The trust lawyers made it known that they will object to any investigation of the Standard's dealings previous to 1890, and it was said their defense will be that since that date the trust has conscientiously and strictly obeyed the law, notwithstanding profits of from 100 to 1,000 per cent on capital stock were made by the various subsidiary concerns.

Mr. Kellogg has got hold of some of the Standard's books which cover the period between 1882 and 1889 when the "trustees in liquidation" were cleverly continuing the business of the monopoly which had been declared illegal by the Ohio supreme court.

Sweating Treasurer Tifford. Special Attorney Kellogg called Mr. Tifford to the stand again this morning. He hoped to learn from the treasurer some of the great monopoly's guarded secrets concerning the liquidation of 1889. This liquidation was after the highest tribunals of Ohio had declared that the half score or more of oil companies operating together in Ohio and adjacent states under a trust agreement, was an illegal and unlawful combination.

The first question asked of Mr. Tifford was whether Comptroller Fay had not been in error slightly yesterday when he said the Standard's dividend in 1889 was \$4,000,000.

"Did he not mean \$22,800,000, and did not the \$4,000,000 dividend mean for a portion of that year?"

Witness said he could not say but would be glad to look it up. Then Mr. Kellogg took up the question of the original trust agreement, placed on the record last night. The Chess-Carley Company was what Mr. Kellogg wanted first to know about. Mr. Tifford said that concern was a party to the original trust agreement.

The Standard owned 56 per cent and Mr. F. D. Carley the remainder. The Standard's stock, he thought, stood in the name of some of the individual stockholders.

Mr. Tifford then told of his connection with the oil business, which commenced with the firm of Bostick & Tifford in 1889. He later became connected with the Standard Oil Company of Ohio. He

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## BRYAN WANTS TO RUN AGAIN

### Would Surrender Pet Schemes for the Chance

### MAKES ANNOUNCEMENT

His Friends Say He is a Very Willing Barkis, and is Ready to Surrender for the Time Being His Cherished Initiative and Referendum and Government Ownership Ideas, Country and Party Not Ready For Them Yet—He is to Issue Statement Telling Us All About It.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Washington, Sept. 19.—Friends of William Jennings Bryan announce that within the next few days he will issue a statement defining his attitude toward next year's democratic presidential nomination. The statement will be issued after a conference between Mr. Bryan and his most trusted friends from all parts of the country, and will be in the nature of an outline of the platform upon which he is willing for the third time to lead his party in a national contest.

In the statement, it is said Mr. Bryan will announce that he is willing to accept the nomination if it be the judgment of the convention and the party at large that he is at present the most available democrat for the presidency. In order to assist the party in reaching a conclusion as to his availability, Mr. Bryan will state his position on all public questions that are likely to figure as issues in the campaign. He will discuss the tariff, trusts, railroads, federal and state powers and their respective spheres and the limitations, and other important matters.

Mr. Bryan has said to close friends recently that he realizes that government ownership is an issue for the future; that the party is not ready to follow him on that question now, and that he will defer to the majority of his party as to issues that are of ultimate and those of immediate importance. Therefore that subject may not be discussed. Likewise the initiative and referendum may be passed over.

To Address Negroes. (By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Macon, Ga., Sept. 19.—William Jennings Bryan has accepted an invitation to deliver an address at the negro state fair here in October. The invitation to visit Macon was extended to Mr. Bryan some months ago, but his acceptance was not received until today. It is not yet certain what date he will be here.

## BEGGAR SHAKES THE CARDINAL

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 19.—Cardinal Gibbons was seized forcibly and shaken by a beggar on the street today after the prelate had refused to give him money. Police and citizens rushed to the assistance of the aged cardinal and dragged the man away. But for the interposition of the priest, the beggar would have been roughly dealt with. As it was, he will probably be sent to the workhouse as a vagrant.

Georgia Jurist Dying. (By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 19.—Judge James Schley Hook, the distinguished jurist, lies at death's door. Judge Hook has been ill for over two months and each day has seen his condition grow gradually worse until now any moment, it is feared, will mark his death.

## THE FASTEST BOAT AFLOAT

(By Cable to The Times.)

Hamburg, Sept. 19.—Torpedo boat G. 137 which has attained a speed of 33.9 knots, is declared to be the fastest war vessel afloat. This turbine boat is the result of extensive experiments extending over months, conducted by the Germania Shipbuilding Company. Hitherto the fastest German torpedo boat had done only 27 knots an hour.

## WOULD HANG MORE OF THEM

### Atty-Gen. Would Extend Capital Punishment

### LAW NOT BROAD ENOUGH

Mr. Bonaparte Addresses National Prison Congress—Takes the Position That Instead of Repeated Sentences to Prisoners of Habitual and Confirmed Criminals, They Should Grace the Hangman's Noose or Feel the Thrill of the Electric Chair.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Chicago, Sept. 19.—Attorney General Bonaparte, in his address before the National Prison Congress here, took occasion to reiterate his formerly expressed opinion that the capital punishment laws are not broad enough when habitual criminals are concerned.

"We have developed a class of men, few, doubtless, in proportion to the aggregate population, but nevertheless far too many for our credit or our safety, who pass a very large part of their adult years in one prison after another, using their intervals of liberty only to devise and perpetrate new crimes, and their periods of confinement only to debauch their fellow prisoners and to perfect their own education in deviltry.

"The 'habitual criminal' it must be remembered, is a product of modern civilization; our ancestors would have hanged him for his first felony, or, if by any chance, he escaped this fate, he would have almost surely died of some of the maladies then endemic in prisons, while awaiting trial for the second.

"I would not have men hanged today for a trifling theft, nor our prisons dens of filth and hotbeds of disease; but I would have modern society cease to nourish and shelter its proved and inveterate enemies.

"Some years since, in a magazine article on certain defects in our criminal law, I suggested that an attempt to commit a capital crime ought to be itself capital, when this should seem proper to the trial judge and also, that when a man has been already three times convicted of major crimes upon his conviction for his fourth offense of the like grade, he should be liable, again in the discretion of the court to the death penalty.

"At that time these suggestions appeared to grate upon the nerves of some of my critics, but I have seen no reason to repent of them."

## TAYLOR WILL SUCCEED BARR

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Norfolk, Va., Sept. 19.—The resignation of Jas. M. Barr as director general of the Jamestown Exposition will be accepted and Col. Walter H. Taylor, president of the Marine Bank, in all probability, will be elected as his successor.

As the head of one of Norfolk's leading institutions, Colonel Taylor has been foremost in the state and the south as a successful financier. He has for years been an influential director in the Norfolk & Western Railway system and has the intimate acquaintance of most of the leading men of affairs in the eastern section of the United States.

## FEAR TRAINING SHIP IS LOST

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

New Orleans, Sept. 19.—The United States naval training ship *Huntress*, on her way to St. Louis by way of this port, is two days overdue here. Dispatches cannot locate her. She left Pensacola late last week. There have been heavy storms on the gulf and it is feared she may be lost.

Beaufort County Citizen Dead. (Special to The Evening Times.)

New Bern, N. C., Sept. 19.—Mr. George Credle, a prominent citizen of Aurora and Beaufort county, died in the Tayloe Hospital at Washington. He had many friends and relatives in this section.

## NEGRO APOSTLE IS FORAKER

### And They Want Him Nominated for President

### U. S. ON A BLACK BASIS

A South Carolina Illiterate Without a Ballot Expects to Go to Republican National Convention and Whoop It Up for the Ohio Fire-Eater—It's Anybody, Lord, to Beat Roosevelt, Because He Disciplined Curly Negro Soldiers—Hughes or Knox, but Not Taft.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Chicago, Sept. 19.—The Tribune's Washington correspondent writes:

"I am not in a position to speak for the republicans of the state. Neither would I attempt to voice the full sentiment of the committee of which I am a member, for a majority of that committee are administration pets, obliged to do administration biddings. But I am for Foraker first, because he has shown his full sympathy for equal justice to all citizens. I am opposed to Taft because he is the president's choice. I am for Fairbanks, Knox, Hughes or any conservative man that will be president for himself, and not for the anti-administration."

"The quotation comes from a member of the republican state central committee of South Carolina. Not alone by its orthography, but by its line of argument one might assume that the writer belonged to the colored race. He is not at all alone in his point of view, for the chairman of a republican county committee in the same state writes to the Tribune without hesitation:

"I would rather support a southern democrat than Roosevelt. If Roosevelt is nominated I will stump the northwestern and eastern states to defeat him. The democrats of the south will not support him. I expect to attend the national convention but will not support Roosevelt."

"There are dozens of such answers from each state into which the Tribune inquires penetrated. The negroes, almost to a man, in the south, are declaring against Roosevelt, and are coming out for Foraker. Wherever they have a chance, as these answers show, they will send delegates to the next convention whose principal work will be to resist the stampede for Roosevelt, and, if possible, to make a demonstration for Foraker."

## HIS AFFINITY ILL; TRIAL POSTPONED.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

New York, Sept. 19.—The trial of Patrick Henry Hirsch, the wealthy contractor, accused of deserting his wife for Miss Ruby Yergain, his affinity, was today postponed until September 28 on account of the illness of the "affinity."

## A SHOT FROM SHOOTERSVILLE.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

San Antonio, Texas, Sept. 19.—Adolph Tupperwien of this city, yesterday continued in his remarkable run of rifle shooting at flying targets by passing the 7,000 mark without a miss. Tuesday he broke two world's records by making 5,750. The target used is a two and a half inch wooden block.

## ROWAN FARMER IS A SUICIDE

(Special to The Evening Times.)

Salisbury, N. C., Sept. 19.—Geo. A. Kopley, a good farmer, forty-five years of age, committed suicide this morning by drinking laudanum. Had been on a debauch for several days, threatening to kill himself yesterday. The laudanum was taken from him then. This morning a son was aroused from bed by a gurgling in the throat of his father and discovered two bottles by his bedside empty. Physicians worked several hours, but were not able to revive him.

## INJUNCTION VS. LONG ET AL IS CONTINUED

(Special to The Evening Times.)

Asheville, N. C., Sept. 19.—In the United States circuit court this morning, Judge Pritchard, in the railroad matter of the Southern Railway against Counselor Jacob A. Long and several of his clients of Alamance county, continued the injunction on the bill of complaint and the answer restraining the respondents from prosecuting their penalty suits in the superior court of Alamance county against the North Carolina Railroad Company and the Southern.

The matter was disposed of this morning without argument. At the hour set for the hearing Mr. Long was not present, whereupon Judge Pritchard signed an order continuing the injunction.

## THE JOKE IS MOVED-OUT

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Washington, Sept. 19.—The feature of this morning's session of the hearing before Standing Master Montgomery, in the case of the State of North Carolina vs. The Southern Railway consisted of the labored removal of the scores of file boxes from the office of Comptroller Plant. The attorneys for the state had finished with the 12,000 vouchers contained in these files, so orders were issued for their removal. The same army of boys and young men who yesterday had so triumphantly marched in with these documents, appeared again and marched out with them although the operation was a laborious one and occupied almost half an hour's time.

Instead of bringing in another month's supply the North Carolina attorneys agreed to examine the books and make notations of such vouchers as they thought they would need, these only to be brought into the room.

Then the two representatives of North Carolina's dignity settled down to an inspection of the books.

Recess was taken at 1 o'clock.

## ELEVEN KILLED TWELVE HURT

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Toluca, Mex., Sept. 19.—Eleven persons were killed and twelve injured by the explosion of a boiler in the Ferrer factory at Asoradero, in the Anguagueo district of the state of Michoacan. The explosion was due to neglect of an employe who permitted the boiler to carry too great a head of steam.

U. S. Steamship Disabled. (By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Mobile, Ala., Sept. 19.—The United States ship *Huntress* has put back into Pensacola with her machinery disabled.

## PERMANENT COURT OF ARBITRATION DEFEATED

(By Cable to The Times.)

The Hague, Sept. 19.—The American plan for the organization of a permanent court of arbitration has failed. It was suggested by Joseph Choate that fifteen judges be selected by direct vote of the governments, but this was also defeated by the special committee before whom the matter was considered. Mr. Choate in his speech said:

"On behalf of America, we believe in the election of the judges and we are perfectly willing to take our chances, even though such election might result in not having a judge from the United States on the court. The delegation from the United States did not come here to advance the selfish interests of its own country, but to promote the cause of justice and the general welfare of mankind for which we deemed the creation of the permanent court to be essential."

A proposal introduced by Sir Edward Fry of Great Britain was adopted. It was to the effect that the conference should pass the scheme for the organization and procedure of the court and remit the complete convention to the various governments, leaving blank the article providing for the election of judges, but recommending that the government consider among themselves how best to overcome the difficulty. Delegates of Italy and Argentina

counting their penalty suits in the superior court of Alamance county against the North Carolina Railroad Company and the Southern.

The matter was disposed of this morning without argument. At the hour set for the hearing Mr. Long was not present, whereupon Judge Pritchard signed an order continuing the injunction.

## ANOTHER OIL CO. IN TROUBLE

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Findlay, O., Sept. 19.—A suit to force the Manhattan Oil Company from doing business in Ohio has been filed against Prosecutor David. David charges that the company is operating in defiance of Ohio anti-trust laws. The petition alleges that Manhattan is a Standard branch and is attempting to eliminate the National refining company by subsidizing National customers by offering three cents more per barrel for oil than is offered by the National and five cents more than the Buckeye Pipe Line Company, the Standard's buying organization.

Protecting American Fishermen. (By Leased Wire to The Times.)

St. Johns, N. F., Sept. 19.—The United States government has ordered the revenue cutter *Gresham* to Newfoundland to protect the interests of American fishermen in Canadian waters. The fishing vessels expect to ship crews in Newfoundland, as they offer good wages.

## CONDEMNED 22 TO DEATH

(By Cable to The Times.)

St. Petersburg, Sept. 19.—Twenty-two men have been condemned to death at Riga for taking part in the revolt in the Baltic provinces in 1905. Since the uprising several hundred men have been executed for connection with it.

The Duke is Promoted. (By Cable to The Times.)

Rome, Sept. 19.—The Duke of Abruzzi has been promoted to the rank of second commander of the naval forces of the Mediterranean. He will retain his command of the *Varese*.

## A SHIPPING TIE-UP IS NOW THREATENED

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

New York, Sept. 19.—Representatives from coastwise steamship and towboat lines gathered today in regard to the demands of the marine engineers beneficial association for a new wage scale, to take effect on October 1. If the companies refuse to comply with the demands, it is promised that every engineer in the association will quit work if the promise to their association is not fulfilled.

As nearly every marine engineer on the Atlantic coast boats is said to belong to the association, this would mean a big tie-up in shipping. Besides that the American line's ocean steamships New York, Philadelphia, St. Louis and St. Paul, would be affected.