

POLICE ARREST VITRIOL JACK

Fellow Who Maliciously Ruined Ladies Apparel

MORAL DEGENERATE

He is a Woman-Hater—Says a Woman Treated Him Wrong Once and He Has Since Hated the Sex—For That Reason Alone, He Declares, He Has Thrown Vitriol On the Dresses of Hundreds As He Passed Them On the Streets.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
Baltimore, Md., Feb. 19.—In the arrest of John Kriegendorfer, the police of the northwestern district say they have captured "Jack the vitriol thrower," who for two years has been throwing acid on the dresses of young women and girls. He is 32 years old, is employed in a box factory on Frederick street. From what he has said of himself the police believe that he is a degenerate, who finds pleasure in throwing vitriol on the dresses of women.

In the station house after his arrest he broke down sobbing and said he had been throwing vitriol on women for several years.

"I have always hated women," he said. "One of them treated me wrong once, and I've got no use for any of them. I suppose that's the reason I threw the acid on them."

In the past eighteen months thirty-three cases of acid throwing have been reported to the police, and it is believed there were many other victims who never reported their cases.

SWAMP MURDERER FORMALLY INDICTED

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
New York, Feb. 19.—The grand jury of Hudson county, N. J., has found an indictment for murder in the first degree against Theodore S. Whitmore, the elevated railway motorman suspected of killing his wife in Lamp Black Swamp in Harrison, N. J., on Christmas day.

The indictment, which was returned to Justice Blair at Jersey City, charges that Whitmore "willfully and feloniously and with malice aforethought did murder Helena Whitmore in the township of Harrison on December 25."

Under the Jersey law, the degree of murder may be determined by the prosecutor on the basis of the evidence at hand.

It is probable that Whitmore will be arraigned on the indictment today and that a speedy trial will result. He expressed himself as anxious to be brought to trial and Georgia Dickinson, the chief witness against him who is being held, is equally anxious. Assistant Prosecutor Vickers will have charge of the case.

ANOTHER SETBACK FOR HARRY THAW; DELAY ADVISABLE

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
New York, Feb. 19.—It may be many months before Harry Thaw is released from Matteawan. Mrs. William Thaw, the mother of the prisoner, has again commissioned Martin W. Littleton to take full charge of the case, but the lawyer does not intend to make any quick move. As a matter of fact, Thaw has declined to permit the physicians at Matteawan to make a physical examination of him, and until this is done, Dr. Lambe, the head of the institution, will entertain no move looking toward his liberty.

It is said Thaw's condition is such that it is not deemed advisable to have the physicians go too far into his case at the present time.

Evelyn Thaw will visit him this afternoon.

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POSTAL SAVING BANKS BILL IS INTRODUCED

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
Washington, Feb. 19.—Senator Knox, of Pennsylvania, introduced this afternoon a bill to establish postal savings banks. The plan he proposes has the approval of the president and the postmaster general. Section 1 authorizes the postmaster general to designate as postal savings banks such money order postoffices as he may select, which shall be required to accept from the public whatever deposits are offered, dispose of them in accordance with the terms of the bill and arrange for their repayment to depositors.

Accounts may be opened by any person ten years old or over, by married women, by trustees, by parents, guardians or benevolent or charitable societies. Deposits are to be received in even dollars only, in person or by mail. No sum less than one dollar is to be accepted. Interest is to be paid at the rate of two per cent, payable quarterly, the last days of September, December, March and June.

Postal savings may be deposited by the postmaster general with the approval of the secretary of the treasury in national banks to be selected by the postmaster general and secretary of the treasury. Such deposits are to be made in national banks in the states and territories in which the funds are received and as far as possible in the counties and immediate vicinity of the postoffice in which the monies were deposited.

Such postal savings are declared to be public monies subject to the safeguards and preference prescribed by law therefor. Provisions are made for safeguarding depositors from loss, and for prevention of embezzlement and like improper handling of the funds. All statutes relating to such matters being made applicable to postal savings funds. The measure carries an appropriation of \$100,000 or as much thereof as may be necessary for the establishment of the system.

EXCITEMENT IN NEW YORK OVER RACE GAMBLING

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
Albany, N. Y., Feb. 19.—The capitol is filled today with those who favor and oppose race track gambling. There were repeated clashes today at the joint hearing of the Hart-Agnew bill in the assembly chamber. The ministerial delegations were out in force and expressed the belief that they have already won the fight. Arguments in favor of the repeal were many. Letters from fifteen district attorneys throughout the state favoring the repeal of the bill were read, as well as one from Dr. Lyman Abbott. District Attorney Jerome was the second speaker in behalf of the bill. Harry Bull, of Buffalo, opened the fight. Others who were there were Alphonse G. Koebler, president of the federated Catholic Societies; W. M. Giles, president of the State Grange legislative committee; Rev. Nehemiah Boynton, of the Greater New York churches and synagogues, and Dr. Daiter Laidlaw, chairman of the cooperative committee of the anti-race track gambling campaign. William Aurbach, of the Jockey Club, and former Governor Frank S. Black, were the principal ones who appeared in opposition to the bill. It was said that former Governor Black represented the alleged agricultural interests that were opposed to the Hart-Agnew measure.

VIRGINIA RY SCANDAL IS NOW ON TAP

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
Washington, D. C., Feb. 19.—Attending revelations in the granting of routes by railroads in Virginia are promised as the outcome of an inquiry begun in the federal court building at Richmond today.

Interstate Commerce Commissioner Lane, who has become known as the Harriman inquisitor, left here last night to institute such an inquiry into the operations of interstate lines in the south, as he expects will disclose an illegal situation, implicating prominent railroad officials.

The greatest secrecy has surrounded the inquiry. It is announced upon excellent authority that necessity for these unusual precautions was to prevent giving alarm to the railroad companies said to be involved, and thus enable Commissioner Lane to secure records disclosing a startling situation before any attempt could be made to have them destroyed.

TODAY'S WORK IN CONGRESS

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
Washington, Feb. 19.—In the senate today Mr. Tillman called the attention of the senate to the startling increase in crime in the District of Columbia and ascribed it to the negroes. He introduced a comprehensive vagrancy bill.

Senator Hale, of Maine, chairman of the naval affairs committee, announced that a thorough investigation of the Reuterbach charges would be made and said that he believed the American navy was the second best in the world.

Senator Gallinger addressed the senate on the shipsubsidy bill.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
Washington, Feb. 19.—Senator McEnery has introduced a bill appropriating \$135,000 for finishing the crypt of the chapel at the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis as a permanent resting place for the remains of John Paul Jones. The fulfillment of the project is left to the secretary of the navy.

Senator Johnston, of Alabama, made his maiden speech in the senate this afternoon in opposition to the Aldrich currency bill.

The house considered the census bill under the five minute rule.

The committee on coinage weights and measures reported favorably the bill to restore to the coins of the United States the motto "In God We Trust."

Johnson On Aldrich Bill.
Senator Johnston, of Alabama, addressed the senate at some length this afternoon in criticism of the Aldrich currency bill. It was the senator's maiden speech on the floor of the senate, and at the conclusion of his remarks he received many congratulations on the ease with which he handled himself and the effectiveness with which he had analyzed the arguments against the measure. Senator Johnston especially criticized the bill because he said in its draft no provision was made for the enactment of features which would not only be useful but which had been commended highly by Senator Aldrich himself in his own address on the bill.

BAD NEGROES IN WASHINGTON SAYS TILLMAN

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
Washington, D. C., Feb. 19.—Addressing the senate this morning in a brief speech, Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, called attention to the startling increase of crime in the District of Columbia and ascribed it largely to the negroes of the city. He made his remarks prior to the introduction of a comprehensive vagrancy bill which is based on the Massachusetts code dealing with this subject.

Senator Tillman declared it was important that the cause for the crime which the district was now suffering should be removed rather than that efforts should be made to correct the evils after they had been done. He claimed the negroes of the idle and shiftless class as being to a great extent responsible for the robberies and like crimes lately reported.

The same existed in all southern cities. It was partly due to the over-education of some of the negroes, in his opinion.

"Owing to the over-education of some negroes," he said, "they are made to have higher aspirations than it is possible for them to attain."

Senator Tillman's bill to define and suppress vagrancy specifies in detail the persons who shall be considered vagrants. Its definition includes all idle and immoral persons and those leading a profligate life; idle persons who have no visible means of support; persons who frequent evil resorts; persons wandering abroad and begging, and various others. The bill provides that every person who is convicted of vagrancy shall be put under a bond of \$500 for his good behavior for one year. Violation of these conditions of the bond will be punished by sentence to the workhouse for a period not to exceed one year.

Inquiry into Railway wages

(Continued from First Page.)
mission:
"I am informed that a number of railroad companies have served notice of proposed reduction of wages on their employes. One of them, the Louisville & Nashville, in announcing the reduction states that 'the drastic laws inimical to the interests of the railroads that have in the past year or two been enacted by congress and the state legislatures' are largely responsible for the conditions requiring the reduction.

"Under such circumstances it is possible that the public may soon be confronted by serious industrial disputes, an idle law provides that in such case either party may demand the services of your chairman and of the commissioner of labor as a board of mediation and conciliation. These reductions in wages may be warranted, or they may not. As to this the public which is a vitally interested party can form no judgment without a more complete knowledge of the essential facts and real merits of the case than it now has or than it can possibly obtain from the special pleadings certain to be put forth by each side in case their dispute should bring about serious interruption to traffic. If the reduction in wages is due to natural

causes, the loss of business being such that the burden should be, and is, equitably distributed between capitalist and wage worker, the public should know it. If it was caused by legislation the public and congress should know it, and if it is caused by misconduct in the past financial or other operations of any railroad, then everybody should know it, especially if the excuse of unfriendly legislation is advanced as a method of covering up past business misconduct by the railroad managers, or as a justification for failure to treat fairly the wage earning employes of the company. Moreover, an industrial conflict between a railroad corporation and its employes offers peculiar opportunities to any small number of evil-disposed persons to destroy life and property and foment public disorder. Of course, if life, property and public orders are endangered, prompt and drastic measures for their protection become the first plain duty. All other issues then become subordinate to the preservation of the public peace, and the real merits of the original controversy as necessarily lost from view. This vital consideration should be ever kept in mind by all law-abiding and far-sighted members of labor organizations. It is sincerely to be hoped, therefore, that any wage controversy that may arise between the railroads and their employes may find a peaceful solution through the methods of conciliation and arbitration already provided by congress which have proven so effective during the past year. To this end the commission should be in a position to have available for any board of conciliation or arbitration relevant data pertaining to such carriers as may become involved in industrial disputes. Should conciliation fail to effect a settlement and arbitration be rejected, accurate information should be available in order to develop a properly informed public opinion.

"I therefore ask you to make such investigation both of your records and by any other means at your command, as will enable you to furnish data concerning such conditions obtaining on the Louisville & Nashville and any other roads, as may relate, directly or indirectly, to the real merits of the possibly impending controversy."
(Signed)
"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

Senator Clay Still on the Mend.
Washington, D. C., Feb. 19.—Senator Clay, of Georgia, who has been confined to his apartments with an attack of grippe is rapidly improving. His physicians believe he will be able to go to the capitol the latter part of the week.

TELEPHONES.
Notice to Subscribers.
The following list of patrons have been added since the last Telephone Directory was issued. Please cut out and place in your directory:
519—Mitchell, Mrs. Geo. W.
227—Broughton, Dr. Ernest.
94—Freeman & Sorrell.
71—Horne, Ashley, headquarters.
300—Messick Grocery Co., A. F.
257—Miller, W. R.
639—Moore, V. C.
981-F—Stirling, G. W.
490—Smith, Monroe.
822-F—Smith, M. M., residence.
927-F—Summers, Oscar.
The following subscribers' numbers have been changed since the last directory was issued:
Abernathy, Dr., C. O., office—910-F.
Associated Charities—939-F.
Baker, A. L.—292.
Baker Thompson Lumber Co.—102.
Baldwin, Mrs. L. E.—852-R.
Beckham, C. H.—860-R.
Birdsong, Jas. C.—494.
Bland, H. A.—642.
Brown, J. E.—925-R.
Brown, Jos. G.—537.
Busbee & Busbee—633.
Busbee, C. M.—634.
Cameron, B.—624.
Capital City Fuel Co.—562-F.
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Farnham, J. A. P.—571.
Folk, Geo. P.—633.
Garvin, C. H.—555-F.
Greater Raleigh Pressing Club—513.
Hartsell, Miss Lena—312.
Haywood, Dock—373.
Haywood, Miss Elsie—645.
Hines, Dr. P. E.—643.
Hinsdale, J. W., residence—951-R.
Holloway, S. W.—626.
Hunter, Rev. A. B.—637.
Hutt, W. N., residence—479.
Jordan, Dr. T. M.—804-F.
Jordan, James F.—856-F.
King Drug Co., W. H.—25.
Koonce, C. F.—856-F.
Lassiter, A. M.—949-F.
Matthews, A. W.—625.
McCallum & Co., T. L.—263.
Morris, W. E.—838-R.
N. C. Car Service Association—68.
Pou, Jas. H.—355.
Raleigh Iron Works—98.
Rogers, Dr. J. R.—12.
Riddick, Prof. W. C.—870-F.
S. A. L. Delivery Office—499.
Sherrill, E. M.—814-R.
Sherrill, Dr. R. G.—86.
Simpson Drug Store, Robt.—110.
Terrell, A.—854-F.
U. S. Department of Justice—385.
Varner, H. B.—305.
Victor Fire Co.—622.
Ward, John—629.
Weathers, Jo. H.—640.
Woodall, C.—379.

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