

Weather.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 27—Forecast for North Carolina for tonight and Saturday: Fair, colder tonight. Saturday fair; light north winds.

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200 PERCENT TRADE INCREASE

Trade With Noncontiguous Territories Will Approximate \$170,000,000

LESS FOREIGN TRADE

Of the \$82,000,000 Worth of Merchandise Reaching the United States in Ten Months Ending With October, From Its Four Principal Non-Contiguous Territories—Porto Rico, Hawaii, Philippines, and Alaska—Forty and a Half Millions Worth or Practically One-half of Total from Hawaii.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.) Washington, D. C., Nov. 27—Trade of the United States with its non-contiguous territories will approximate \$170,000,000 in the year which ends with next month. Ten years ago the trade with the same territories amounted to approximately \$60,000,000, the increase during the decade having thus been nearly 200 per cent. During the same period the trade with foreign countries has increased less than 60 per cent.

This estimate of a grand total of \$170,000,000 as the value of the commerce between the United States and its non-contiguous territories is based upon ten months returns just compiled by the bureau of statistics of the Department of Commerce and Labor, which show \$82,000,000 in value of shipments to the United States from those territories and \$53,000,000 value of shipments from the United States to those territories; while for the single month of October, the latest available record, the shipments to the United States amounted to \$11,400,000, and from the United States to the territories in question over six millions.

Of the \$82,000,000 worth of merchandise reaching the United States in the ten months ending with October, from its four principal non-contiguous territories—Porto Rico, Hawaii, the Philippine Islands, and Alaska—40 1/2 million dollars worth of practically one half of the total, was from Hawaii, 22 2/3 million dollars worth from Porto Rico; 10 1/2 millions from Alaska, and 8,000,000 from the Philippine Islands.

Of the shipments from the United States to those territories, Porto Rico receives a larger amount than any other of the group, the value of the merchandise sent from the United States to Porto Rico in the ten months being, in round terms, 18,000,000 dollars; to Alaska, practically 14,000,000; to Hawaii 12 1/2 millions and to the Philippines 8 1/2 millions.

The total value of the merchandise sent from the United States to Porto Rico, Hawaii, the Philippine Islands and Alaska in the ten months ending with October, 1908, was: To Porto Rico, \$17,953,745; Hawaii, \$12,732,719; Philippine Islands, \$8,432,106; and Alaska, \$13,929,652, being in each case slightly less than in the corresponding months of last year, this falling off being due, in part at least, to lower prices of many of the articles exported, especially manufactures.

AROUSED BY SHAM ATTACK

(By Leased Wire to The Times.) New York, Nov. 27—The New Jersey state troops guarding the plant of the National Fire-Proofing plant, at Kearny, near Perth Amboy, were aroused today by an apparent attempt to take them by surprise on the present striking workmen and the soldiers turned out and fired several volleys.

There was no reply and a reconnaissance in the vicinity of the plant shortly afterward, by the militiamen, failed to disclose any signs of strikers or their sympathizers.

Investigation later today brought out the fact that the supposed attack was merely a party of strike sympathizers who had approached the plant to see what the soldiers were doing and how they were quartered near the night.

Messrs. J. E. Thomas and D. N. Williamson were in the city today while returning to their home in Louisville, after attending the football game in Richmond.

INQUIRING AS TO FINANCE

(By Leased Wire to The Times.) New York, Nov. 27—Investigation was begun today by the United States government, through its inspection service department, into the causes of the wreck of the Panama Railroad steamship Finance, wrecked off Sandy Hook, in collision with the White Star freighter Georgic, in which four persons lost their lives. Although the Finance had three water-tight compartments and only one was punctured, the ship sank. Shipping men say that under normal conditions the Finance should have remained afloat. Her condition on leaving port will be closely inquired into. The vessel was valued, according to Vice-President F. A. Drake, of the Panama Line, at about \$200,000. Her cargo is worth from \$300,000 to \$400,000, not including \$100,000 in specie, which was being shipped to the canal zone for the monthly payroll.

According to the survivors one of the chief reasons for the small loss of life was that during the days the Finance was fog-bound the passengers had been fully instructed how to use the life preservers, so that when the crash came they experienced little difficulty in putting them on.

Probably the most dramatic story told of the wreck is that of Captain Mowbray, of the wrecked vessel. When some of his crew seized a lifeboat, intending to embark in it to save themselves, the courageous commander flung himself among them and drawing a loaded revolver, threatened to shoot the first man who tried to lower the little craft.

"The women and children go first," he shouted, as the men backed away before the muzzle of the pistol thrust into their faces.

PLANS TO MERGE CHICAGO LINERS

(By Leased Wire to The Times.) New York, Nov. 27—Plans to merge the various railroads of Chicago will be discussed in this city today at the first of a series of conferences by capitalists representing the various surface and elevated lines in that city. The men who are working to combine the Chicago roads are John J. Mitchell, Henry A. Blair, Walter Peckman, Chauncey Keep, John Spoor, and W. N. Elsendroth, representing various banking interests here in Chicago. The merger would combine railroad property against which have been issued stocks and bonds aggregating about \$255,000,000, as follows: Chicago City Railway, \$6,000,000; Chicago Railways Company, \$75,000,000; Union Elevated Company, \$9,650,000; Northwestern Elevated, \$24,445,000; Oak Park Elevated, \$15,556,000; Metropolitan Elevated, \$31,000,000; Southside Elevated, \$12,500,000; and Commonwealth Edison Company, \$51,000,000. The Commonwealth Edison Electric Company is not a street car line, but it furnishes power to several roads, and is, therefore, vitally interested in the success of the plans to combine their interests.

ADMIRAL RUSSELL DEAD.

Funeral Will Take Place Monday. One of Oldest Officers in Navy. (By Leased Wire to The Times.) Philadelphia, Nov. 27—Rear Admiral Alexander W. Russell, U. S. N., retired, who died yesterday afternoon at his home on South 42nd street, will be buried on Monday.

Admiral Russell, who was nearly 85 years old, was one of the oldest officers in the navy. He was a native of Maryland and his first sea service was aboard the sloop of war Saratoga, with which he served off the coast of Africa from 1842 to 1844. Later he served with the Texas Rangers in the land forces of the United States during the Mexican war.

Castro Enroute to France.

(By Cable to The Times.) Fort De France, Nov. 27—President Castro, of Venezuela, is en route to France, where he will undergo an operation, and arrived here today on board the steamer Guadalupe. Mme. Castro and three physicians are in the party. Guadalupe will sail tomorrow.

MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE DATA

Bureau of Census Published Compilation of Statistics and the Subjects

TWENTY YEARS COVERED

Total Number of Marriages During Twenty Years Is 12,832,044—Nearly Twice as Many in 1906 as in 1887 But Annual Rate of Increase by No Means Uniform—Increases Increased in 1895 to 65,000 in 1906—One Divorce to Twelve Marriages.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.) Washington, D. C., Nov. 27—The bureau of the census has just published a compilation of the statistics of marriage and divorce covering a period of twenty years from 1887 to 1906, inclusive. This is the second statistical investigation of this character authorized by the federal government. The total number of marriages recorded during the twenty years was 12,832,044. The number annually reported increased from 483,069 in the year 1887 to 853,291 in the year 1906. The increase year by year was by no means uniform.

At the beginning of the forty year period divorces occurred at the rate of 10,000 a year; at the end of that period the annual number was about 66,000.

An increase of 30 per cent in population between the year 1870 and 1880 was accompanied by an increase of 79 per cent in the number of divorces granted. In the next decade, 1880 to 1890, the population increased 25 per cent and divorces 70 per cent. In the following decades, 1890 to 1900, an increase of 21 per cent in population was accompanied by an increase of 66 per cent in the number of divorces. In the six years from 1900 to 1906 population, as estimated, increased 10.5 per cent and divorces 29.3 per cent.

It thus appears that at the end of the forty year period divorces were increasing about three times as fast as population, while in the first decade (1870 to 1880) they increased only about two and two-thirds as fast.

The available data indicated that no less than one marriage in twelve is ultimately terminated by divorce. The total divorces granted by the United States from 1867 to 1886 was 328,716. From 1887 to 1906 the total was 945,625. The rate per 100,000 population was, in 1880, only 38, as against 73 in 1906.

The state having the lowest rate per 100,000 in 1880 was North Carolina, with 6. With 138, Colorado then had the highest proportion. In 1906, Washington led with 184 per 100,000, Delaware being lowest, with 16.

The most common single ground for divorce is desertion. This accounts for 38.9 per cent of all divorces.

The next important ground of divorces is, for husbands, infidelity, and for wives, cruelty.

Drunkenness was the ground for divorce in 5.3 per cent of cases in which the wife brought suit and in 1.1 per cent of cases in which the suit was brought by the husband.

RAY LAMPHERE GUILTY OF ARSON

(By Leased Wire to The Times.) Laporte, Ind., Nov. 27—Ray Lamphere was found guilty of arson last night after the jury had been out twenty-six hours. Judge John C. Richter immediately sentenced him to the penitentiary for an indeterminate time of from two to twenty-one years and assessed a fine of \$5,000.

Lamphere probably will begin serving his sentence at Michigan City today.

The verdict was in the nature of a compromise, ten of the jurors having held out from the first for a verdict of murder in the second degree, with a penalty of life imprisonment. Two stubborn members all day contended for a verdict of arson and not guilty, respectively. Following the sentencing of Lamphere all the jurors signed a statement that they were convinced by the evidence at the trial that the adult body found in the ruins with the bodies of the three children was that of Mrs. Gunness.

JOHN D. GIVES SOME ADVICE

Makes Known His Method of Giving and His Philosophy of Philanthropy

ADVICE TO YOUNG MEN

Tells Them Not to Begin Career With Idea of Getting From World by Hook or Crook All They Can. Mere Expenditure Money For Things Soon Falls on One—Novelty Being Able to Purchase Anything One Wants Soon Passes, But What People Most Seek Cannot Be Bought.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.) New York, Nov. 27—"I am sure it is a mistake to assume that the possession of money in great abundance necessarily brings happiness." "The very rich are just like all the rest of us; and if they get pleasure from the possession of money it comes from their ability to do things which gives satisfaction to some one besides themselves."

"The mere expenditure of money for things soon falls on one." "The novelty of being able to purchase anything one wants soon passes, because what people most seek cannot be bought with money."

John D. Rockefeller today made known his philosophy of philanthropy, describing the method of giving he has devised, with the aid of a regularly organized committee for the purpose. Incidentally, he made known some of the things the very rich man must get along without in spite of his riches and gave some more advice to young men, "about to begin their careers."

"The philanthropy," says John D., "the help that does the most good and the least harm, the help that nourishes civilization at its very root, that most widely disseminates health, righteousness and happiness, is not what is usually called charity."

"The mere expenditure of money for things, so I am told by those who profess to know, soon falls upon one."

"If I were to give advice to a young man starting out in life, I should say to him: 'If you aim for a large, broad-gauged success, do not being your business employment, let your first thought be: 'Where can I fit in so that I may be most effective in the work of the world? Where can I lend a hand in a way most effectively to advance the general interest?'"

"The only thing which is of lasting benefit to a man is that which he does for himself. Money which comes to him without effort on his part is seldom a benefit, and often a curse."

SEND GUNBOATS TO SHANGHAI.

American Consul-General There Requests Manila to Send Boats. (By Leased Wire to The Times.) New York, Nov. 27—A dispatch to the Herald from Manila says:

Rear Admiral Harber has received requests from Consul-General Denby, at Shanghai, to send at once the gunboats usually stationed in the Yangtze River. The Helena will steam out tomorrow, prepared to protect American interests. The Helena will be especially effective against rioting along the Chinese rivers.

Persistent rumors continue that the battleship fleet will also be detailed, but the officers on the flagship say to the contrary. The Panther and the Culgoza have received written orders to proceed to Colombo Saturday. The Yankton steams for Singapore on Sunday.

TURK THROWS JENKINS.

Gets the Better of Him in Both Bouts in Wrestling Match. New York, Nov. 27—Yussif Mahmoud, the Turk, bested Tom Jenkins in two wrestling bouts at the Madison Square Garden last night before an enormous crowd. Jenkins never had a chance with his giant opponent. The Turk rolled Tom in 34 minutes and 32 seconds in the first bout with a croch and half-Nelson.

In the second bout Tom was fopped in 7 1/2 minutes with a double grapevine and bar hold. The men were a long time in going to the floor, but when they did, it was Jenkins who was underneath. The Turk worked silently and easily, as he did at his training camp.

JUSTICE QUILTS MURDER CASE

Following Charges That Mrs. Steinheil Poisoned Late President Faure

PEOPLE EAGER FOR NEWS

Magistrate Seydett Withdraws From Case Because It Was Charged That He Knew About the Death of President Faure and Was Shielding Mrs. Steinheil in This Case—Case Transferred to New Judge—Streets Crowded With People Anxious to Hear Latest News.

(By Cable to The Times.) Paris, Nov. 27—Following the sensational charge made by a Paris newspaper that Mme. Steinheil, arrested on the accusation of having strangled her artist husband, also poisoned the late President Faure, Magistrate Seydett withdrew from further investigation today of the Steinheil murder. The papers in the case have been transferred to Judge Boncard.

M. Seydett's withdrawal, on the heels of the newspaper allegations that he knew of the circumstances attending the death of President Faure and because of his relations with Mme. Steinheil, stifled the whole affair, has caused even keener public curiosity as to the next official move.

Much political capital is being made out of the affair, especially by opponents of the government led by Mr. Henri Rochefort, and efforts are under way to a complete airing of the old scandal attending President Faure's death years ago. In anticipation of the unveiling of a national scandal the boulevards were crowded early today by throngs eager for news, and if possible, even more sensational developments.

Mme. Steinheil's family physician describes her as being neurotic and with having a strange mania for telling lies.

BRYAN ON REVISION.

Says With Cannon and Sherman Presiding No Reform May Be Expected.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.) Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 27—Mr. Bryan doesn't believe the republican revision of the tariff will be a genuine one. He says in a Commonsense editorial that with Cannon presiding over the house and Sherman over the senate, the result may now be foretold.

He says that the interests are already making their wants known through their subsidized papers; they are trying to scare the people into consenting to what they demand by their threats of disaster if revision is downward.

"Then," he says, "the grinding will begin again—the exploiting will be renewed, and the masses will continue their tribute to the beneficiaries of republican privilege and favoritism. How long, O Lord, how long, will it take the voters to understand the influences that dominate the republican party, and through that party the government?"

"How long must the average man be made the toy and plaything of the favor-seeking corporations that furnish the campaign funds for the republican party and then reap themselves through the leaders that have dictated? How long can the voters be driven and the readers be misled?"

DIED FROM A BROKEN HEART

(By Leased Wire to The Times.) Chicago, Nov. 27—Mrs. Barbara Billik, mother of Herman Billik, convicted and sentenced to be hanged two weeks from today, died today in her home in Cleveland, Ohio, literally because of the awful fate impending over her son.

The news, brought from Cleveland in dispatches, was taken to Billik, who collapsed with grief in his cell at the county jail at the news.

Mrs. Billik had been in failing health for some time, and fell in a dead faint when she received a pathetic letter of farewell from her doomed son on Wednesday in which he said that he had given up all hope and must die on the gallows. She was put to bed and given the best of medical attendance, but weakened steadily till her death came in the early hours today.

WILL EXPOSE BONI'S RECORD

(By Cable to The Times.) Paris, Nov. 27—"We will expose these lies of Boni De Castellane next Wednesday and also make public some facts about the moralities of others of his family," was the angry declaration made by Prince De Sagan today. In this he is supported in every way by the princess, who is apparently as deeply in love with him as ever. Prince Helle said:

"In a French court a long-winded lawyer can get up and say anything he pleases. He can make all sorts of charges and paint you as the blackest villain alive, but what he merely says is never part of the judgment. Only what he proves counts. Just wait until next week. We will show them some things then that they don't suspect exist."

"Yes," broke in the princess, "the whole thing is a lot of lies—absolute lies! The point was raised that I left my children without a nurse. They not only had a nurse, but a priest also."

"What can a person do?" the prince went on. "I can't pull Boni's ears, for he is not responsible. Honestly, he is not right mentally. But what does it matter?"

"The idea," said the prince, "of Boni's daring to suggest that the atmosphere of the Marquis De Castellane's home is a proper one in which to raise children, with that racially old marquis, who has been guilty of all sorts of things, which we will prove Wednesday. Why he is so dishonorable that he was kicked out of the jockey club."

The correspondent said: "Well, what about the automobiles? Mr. Bonnet stated in court yesterday the prince shifted from Madame Mercier to Jeanne Labrousse and finally to—"

Prince De Sagan jumped up and shouted: "Stop! Stop that! Don't worry my wife with such silly stuff!"

Princess De Sagan looked unusually charming in a black lace afternoon gown, but her princely husband seemed worn and worried. He said: "Good-bye; we've answered questions enough."

WILL REVISE TARIFF

In Conformity With Platform Pledges

Representative Sernow E. Payne, Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means, Will Pass Bill in Conformity With the Demands of the People.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Washington, Nov. 27—That the republican leadership of the house of representatives plans to pass a bill revising the tariff in conformity with the platform pledges of the party, and in consonance with the demands of the interests affected, and for the benefit of the whole people, is the substance of a statement made last night by Representative Sernow E. Payne, chairman of the house committee on ways and means committee. Chairman Payne declared that in entering upon the task of revising the tariff the committee had made elaborate plans long in advance, and had begun comprehensive inquiries to ascertain facts that would enable it to proceed intelligently and for the best interest of all concerned.

Furthermore, he asserted, the schedule of hearing under which the commission is now working allowed more than double the time ever allotted by any committee having a tariff measure under consideration.

Mr. Payne's statement was brought out by an interview made public in St. Louis by James W. VanCleave, president of the National Association of Manufacturers. He complained that few manufacturers had been invited to offer testimony, and that inadequate notice of hearings was given.

Further, he said that committee members showed by questions put to witnesses that they were, as a general proposition, opposed to a reduction. Mr. VanCleave charged that, as the committee is now proceeding, it meant that a bill would be passed providing for a "bogus revision."

"There is not a single republican member of the committee who is not committed and who does not intend to revise the tariff, so far as in him lies, honestly and sincerely, in accordance with our pledge," said Chairman Payne.

Big Flour Mill Destroyed.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.) Red River Falls, Minn., Nov. 27—The Red River Falls Milling Company's complete plant was destroyed by fire last night. Loss will reach \$750,000. The plant had a capacity of 400 barrels of flour daily.

THE PRESIDENT AT DEDICATION

Makes Address at Laying of Corner-Stone of Colored Association

GOOD WORK OF Y. M. C. A.

Spoke Highly of the Work Among Both Races—Pays Better to Support a Y. M. C. A. Secretary in a Community Than a Policeman. Homes Are Made Safe and the Community is Lifted to a Higher Level by Lifting These Young Men to Higher Ideals of Life.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.) Washington, Nov. 26—President Roosevelt expressed his pleasure at being present at the laying of the corner-stone. He spoke of the good work of the Y. M. C. A. among young men of both races, saying the bowling alleys, swimming pools and gymnasiums of the association were important adjuncts to the effort for the moral and religious uplift with which the association movement has always been identified.

He spoke highly of the colored men who have been helpful and influential in Y. M. C. A. work, and especially of those whose contributions had made the erection of the colored Y. M. C. A. building possible.

"It pays far better," he said "to support the secretary of the Y. M. C. A. in a community than to pay the salary of a policeman. Homes are made safer and the community is lifted to a higher level by lifting these young men to better ideals of life."

"As for the white man," said the president, "let him remember in this as in all other matters, that to do justice to the colored man is demanded not only by the interest of the colored man, but by the interest of the white man also. Sooner or later in this community every class of citizens will feel the effect of the raising or degradation of any other class. 'All men up' is a much safer motto than 'Some men down'; and it is to the interest of every class of any community that the members of every other class shall feel that industry, sobriety, good behavior, the conduct that marks a man as being a good neighbor and a good citizen, should receive a proper reward, so as thereby to put a premium upon the development of such qualities. I am not speaking of social relations; I am speaking of equality of treatment before the law, of equality of opportunity to earn a living, of equality of opportunity to earn the respect that should be accorded to the man who behaves decently, and is a good neighbor and good citizen. There are plenty of difficult problems in this country, plenty of problems requiring infinite patience, forbearance, and good judgment if they are to be dealt with wisely, and which cannot by any possibility receive even an approximately complete solution within a short time. What is known as the race problem is one of the most difficult; and it exists in the north as well as in the south. But one thing we can rest assured, and that is the only way in which to bring nearer the time when

(Continued on Page Three.)

MOTHER SEES RAY LAMPHERE

(By Leased Wire to The Times.) Laporte, Ind., Nov. 27—A pathetic farewell being probably the last, occurred today at the Laporte county jail between Ray Lamphere, convicted of arson in connection with the burning of Belle Gunness' home, and his mother, Mrs. William Lamphere, who has passed her seventieth year. Mrs. Lamphere caressed her wayward son and collapsed.

Mrs. Lamphere was sobbing and supported by her daughter, Mrs. Pearl Steele, of South Bend, Ind., this morning when she entered the jail and requested permission to see Ray.

Sheriff Smutzer allowed the meeting to take place in his office. As soon as the convicted man entered his mother said:

"Ray, I know you are innocent. Your mother still believes in you." Sheriff Smutzer caught the aged woman as she was sinking to the floor and carried her to his home in the jail and cared for her. Because of her advanced age, Mrs. Lamphere may not live to see her son again.