

Weather.

Washington, June 28.—Forecast for North Carolina for tonight and Tuesday: Warm, local showers; variable winds.

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JOKER FOUND IN CORPORATION TAX AMENDMENT

Senate Has Practically Completed Consideration of the Tariff Bill Schedules

ALDRICH MAY RELENT

Cotton Ties and Bagging Schedules. Yet to Be Disposed Of and Aldrich May Relent Now as He Has Gotten Everything Else He Desired, and Let These Be Placed on the Free List.—Corporation Net Income Tax Likely to Cause Prolonged and Exciting Discussion—Able Lawyers, Who Have Been Analyzing Amendment, Say That It Contains Joker of Huge Proportions.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Washington, June 28.—The senate has now practically completed this consideration of the schedules of the tariff bill and will shortly be ready to take up the proposed corporation tax amendment. There still remains to be disposed of the matter of cotton ties, bagging and a few other articles which democratic senators are anxious to have placed upon the free list. Senator Aldrich has allowed these to remain until this last and now he has got everything that he fought for in the bill, may yield and allow cotton ties and bagging to go on the free list.

The corporation tax amendment is likely to prove a much longer and more exciting discussion than was at first expected. Since its publication practically all senators have been studying it carefully. Some claim to have discovered a joker in it in the way of the exemption from taxation of dividends received by corporations from stock held in other corporations. There is likely to be much controversy over this matter. Senator Beveridge's amendment readjusting the internal revenue tax on tobacco, and which will have a material effect upon the revenue to be derived from the bill, will, by agreement, be voted upon before the income tax and corporations tax matters are considered. That there is a "joker" of large proportions in the corporation tax amendment, is asserted by able lawyers who have been analyzing its provisions. The particular feature of the bill, described as a possible "joker" is found in the fifth paragraph of exemptions from the gross income of corporations that shall be allowed in ascertaining the net income. This paragraph exempts "all amounts received by it within the year as dividends upon stock of other corporations, joint stock companies or associations, or insurance companies, subject to the tax thereby imposed."

The point raised in connection with the provision is that if it is enacted into law it will give legal sanction and recognition to a practice which congress tried to legislate out of existence in framing the railroad rate law, namely—the practice of one corporation holding stock in another corporation.

The senate met at 10 o'clock this morning and consideration of the tariff bill was resumed.

Senator Culberson of Texas offered an amendment providing that the information developed and reports made in enforcement of the law may be accessible to congress, or any committee thereof, on demand.

Senator Clapp of Minnesota offered an amendment eliminating the clause exempting holding companies from the payment of the tax.

Cotton bagging was placed on the free list, and binding twine, already on the free list, was allowed to remain there. The paragraph imposing a duty of \$6 a ton on cotton ties was adopted, with the understanding that Senator Overman of North Carolina, will offer an amendment to include them in the drawback feature when that section is reached.

Various minor paragraphs affecting zinc, and other schedules, were perfected.

Senator Stone of Missouri offered an amendment placing all structural steel and iron ore on the free list. This was defeated.

Senator Aldrich offered a new structural steel schedule, which was adopted, placing a duty of \$6 a ton on structural steel valued at \$18 or less a ton, and above \$18 a rate of \$8 a ton.

Senator Cummins of Iowa offered a series of amendments reducing the duties in the steel schedule. They were defeated.

ROYALISTS ATTACK FRENCH PRESIDENT

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Paris, June 28.—While the carriage containing President Fallieres was returning to the Elysees Palace from the grand prix race at Longchamps last night, it was suddenly surrounded by several hundred youthful royalists, who attempted a demonstration against the head of the republic. The royalists clutched at the heads of the horses, broke through the gendarmes and outriders and were pressing in upon him when the crowds lining the route turned upon the attackers and belabored them with umbrellas until the retreated into the hands of the police. Ten were placed under arrest. The police are scouring Paris for the others.

The riot caused the greatest sensation because the president's carriage was in the midst of a procession of vehicles carrying thousands of celebrities, returning from the races. The racegoers, including many Americans, cheered the crowd loudly when it attacked the royalists. The president remained calm throughout.

TEST FLIGHT TODAY

Wrights Are Ready to Make Flight

Tests Will Probably Be Completed This Week and the Wright Brothers Will Then Train Three Signal Corps Men in Handling the Machine.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Washington, June 28.—There probably will be a test flight of the Wright aeroplane at Fort Myer, Va., this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock, or later.

Orville Wright said this morning that the aeroplane was ready for a flight and admitted that he, too, was ready. He said that the first flight would be a short one and would be attempted for the purpose of finding out if everything about the machine is in perfect working order.

It is more than likely that if the machine responds freely, and "finds" itself readily, the tests will be completed this week.

Immediately following the acceptance of the machine by the government, provided it is accepted, the training of three members of the signal corps in the handling of it will be commenced by the Wright brothers. It is at present uncertain whether this training will take place at Fort Myer or at Fort Omaha.

It was learned yesterday that a number of professional aviators have recently made overtures to the Wrights looking toward the purchase of one of the aeroplanes for exhibition purposes. It also was learned that the inventors have stolidly refused to sell the machine for any such purposes.

GOVERNMENT SENDS WARNING TO CUBA

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Washington, June 28.—According to information obtained here the state department has recently sent a very stiff note to Cuba concerning several things in which this government is deeply interested and which are not being handled by the Cuban government to the satisfaction of the state department. The department declines to discuss the matter, which is one of considerable importance, as it practically constitutes a warning to Cuba.

The note to Cuba deals with four subjects—the Oliver roadbuilding contract, the McGivney-Rokeby contract for paving and sewerage Havana, the proposition for an exchange of property between the United Railways of Havana, an English concern, and the Cuban government, and the construction of certain public buildings by the company, and, fourth, the purchase of arms for the Cuban army in France and Europe, without giving American manufacturers an opportunity to participate in the contract.

THE WELLMAN EXPEDITION.

May Have to Be Postponed Because of Destruction of Airship.

Trondhjem, June 28.—The steamer chartered for the Wellman Arctic expedition has returned to Tromsø from Spitzbergen. It reports that the airship Shad was destroyed by a storm at Christmas.

It is believed that this accident may possibly prevent the start of the expedition this year. It will certainly render Wellman's attempt to reach the pole more difficult.

TERRIFIC HAVOC WROUGHT BY BOMB THROWER

Many Injured and Thousands of Dollars Worth of Property Destroyed

TELEPHONE GIRLS FAINT

One Man Dying and 26 Others Seriously Injured and More Than 2,000 Telephones Put Out of Business by the Terrific Explosion—Property Damage Is \$100,000—Widespread Panic Caused by the Explosion. Wreck and Ruin Was Terrific, Heavy Steel Gates Being Twisted As if Made of Straw—All Buildings in Block Damaged and Windows in the Section Broken.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Chicago, June 28.—One man is dying at St. Luke's Hospital, 26 others are seriously injured and more than 2,000 telephones are out of service today as a result of the havoc wrought by bomb No. 31, which caused a property loss estimated at \$100,000, and a widespread panic in the Loop district.

The Chicago Title & Trust building, 100 Washington street, received the brunt of the explosion and every structure in the block was damaged. A kit of tools found in a conduit back of the telephone company's building may furnish a clue in the case.

The wreck and ruin wrought by the explosion were terrific. Heavy steel gates at the rear of the Title & Trust building were twisted as if made of straw. A heavy sheet iron ventilator pipe five feet in diameter, leading from the kitchen of Thompson's restaurant was crushed like an egg shell. Many large plate glass windows on the west side of the Boston store facing Dearborn street were blown out.

Through the four-story building at 111 Madison street, the explosion swept like wind through a hallway, the force taking everything before it. In every floor the Madison street windows were blown out.

At the time of the explosion 13 girl operators, employed in the telephone exchanges, were at work on the third floor. Some of them fainted, while others ran to the street.

Three labor leaders, seated at a table in Powers' & Gilberts saloon, 119 Clark street, were injured by flying glass.

Employees of Thompson's restaurant were thrown in a panic, and one of them perhaps fatally injured.

A nickel theatre at 168 Madison street, had only a few minutes before closing its performance. Most of the building in the explosion zone, fortunately, were unoccupied.

STEEL STRIKE THREATENED.

Republic Iron & Steel Company Will Fight Organized Labor, and Strike Will Result.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Pittsburg, June 28.—The Republic Iron & Steel Company has posted notices in all its plants that after midnight, June 30, all its mills will be open shops, that it will not deal again with the Amalgamated Association. This is taken to mean that the Republic has joined the steel corporation in its effort to put organized labor out of the mills entirely.

Amalgamated Association officials admit that this move of the Republic has upset their plans for fighting the corporation, for they have been led to expect that the Republic would not make any move until after the fight with American Steel & Wire Company's plants was over.

A busy Sunday was spent by the union officials and it is asserted that if the Republic adheres to its intention 3,000 men at Youngstown, 1,000 at Moline, Ill., and 1,200 at East Chicago will strike on Wednesday.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

Twenty-five Men, Who Had Gone Into Cave For Shelter, Injured by Lightning.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Pittsburg, June 28.—Seeking shelter in a cave in the Leach farm 25 men were seriously, three of them perhaps fatally, injured by being struck by lightning.

The most seriously injured are: Filbert Jones, aged 24; Edward Borland, 30; Peter Day, 35.

KELLY WOMAN IS TRIED AND FOUND GUILTY

Major Grant Not Brought Into the Case at All This Time

GIVEN EIGHTEEN MONTHS

Colonel Harris Stated That if Major Grant Was Brought Into the Case the State Would Have to Bring Him In—Very Few Witnesses Examined—Sallie Crowson, Colored, Tells Her Same Old Story—Officer Warren and W. H. Hicks Are the Other Witnesses—Three Drunks, Bad Boy Sets Fire to the Big Black Bear at Park.

The case of State vs. Maude Kelly, set for nine o'clock, was finally reached at 9:40 this morning, when the prisoner appeared in the courtroom in the custody of Police Officer Pool and followed by her attorneys, Mr. John E. Woodward and Colonel J. C. L. Harris.

Mr. Woodward moved to quash the warrant on account of two clerical errors, but Judge Stronach allowed the warrant to be amended. Colonel Harris also demanded a jury trial, the demand being refused and the trial was begun.

Mr. J. N. Holding and Mr. C. B. Aycock were in the court-room, representing Major H. L. Grant. Attorney H. E. Norris, who represented Jones in the first trial, was in the court as a spectator.

Judge Stronach gave notice that if the same line of evidence was introduced in this trial as in the previous trial he would not enforce the rule excluding witnesses from the court-room as to Major Grant, but would allow him to be present. Col. J. C. L. Harris stated that it was not the intention of the defense to bring Major Grant into the case, and if he was brought into it at all it would be by the state.

Officer Warren was the first witness for the state, and told of seeing Jones, the negro hack-driver, go to Maude Kelly's house frequently, and he also told of certain conversations he had heard between them. On cross-examination he admitted that he could not say that Jones did not go to the place to carry passengers to or from the Kelly place.

Sallie Crowson, colored, was the next witness and she repeated the story of disgusting relations between Jones and the Kelly woman. Sally was house-maid at the Kelly home. She is a girl of a very low order of intelligence and it was necessary to ask her many questions to get the story and this occasioned much quarreling among the lawyers. Colonel Harris and Mr. Woodward kicking incessantly at the "leading questions" propounded by City Attorney Jones.

W. H. Hicks, a white man, told of seeing Jones' carriage at the Kelly house frequently and also told of the Kelly woman trying to pawn jewelry to him because Jones had quarreled with her and she was going to leave.

After the testimony of Mr. Hicks, Mr. Jones announced that the state would rest. The attorneys for the Kelly woman announced that they would put on no evidence and argument of counsel began.

Attorney John E. Woodward, of Wilson, made the first speech. His speech was a strong one, reviewing the testimony in an able, masterly way, making a stirring appeal for the woman.

City Attorney W. B. Jones made a very short speech, taking up less than ten minutes in its delivery, but making up in effectiveness what it lacked in length. He ably expounded the law relative to the case by reference to supreme court reports and showed that the state had proved every essential necessary to establish the crime.

Col. J. C. L. Harris' speech was also one of considerable spirit. He attacked the evidence of Sallie Crowson bitterly, declaring her entirely unworthy of being believed. He proclaimed her testimony to be "perjured and corrupt" and dismissed the evidence of Warren and Hicks as "not worth anything." He scored City Attorney Jones for asking leading questions in the examination of the Crowson girl and took up much of his time attempting to disprove her testimony and show its unreasonable-ness. He also took a full out of the

state for not putting on more witnesses.

After he had concluded his speech Judge Stronach pronounced the woman guilty and sentenced her to 18 months on the roads. Her attorneys gave notice of appeal and her bond was fixed at \$500.

Other Cases.

The Salvation Army case, in which Captain F. M. Winchester and wife were charged with holding services on the street without a permit, was postponed till Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock.

Larkin Bushee, white, was fined \$5 and costs for being drunk on the streets, a charge to which he pleaded guilty.

W. J. Beddingfield, white, also pleaded guilty to the same charge and was fined \$5 and costs. C. W. Williams, white, submitted to the charge of being drunk on the streets and was fined \$5 and costs, a total of \$7.35.

A young man named Johnson was brought into court charged with an unusual offense. He has been a fugitive from justice for some time, and has been a hard one to catch. He will stand trial tomorrow on the charge of setting fire to the big black bear at Pullen Park—an offense committed two months ago. One Sunday afternoon he engaged in the pastime of throwing lighted matches at Bruin, one of which landed in his thick wool. His bond was fixed at \$100.

WOMAN SHOOTS MAN

Says the Man Killed Her Husband

Young Italian Widow Shoots Young Man, Who, She Says, Was a Member of the Black Hand Organization, and Killed Her Husband.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

New York, June 28.—While large crowds of men and women were hurrying past Heral Spring and Sullivan streets today, Mrs. Louisa LaBarcea, a young widow, drew a revolver and mortally wounded Dominico Versagla, 19 years old, whom she accuses of having killed her husband a year ago.

Mrs. LaBarcea fired four shots at the youth and each bullet took effect. The shooting caused a panic in the crowd.

At the police station Mrs. LaBarcea made a complete statement in which she said that several weeks ago she received an anonymous letter stating that Versagla was the man who killed her husband, and that the youth belonged to a secret black-mailing society. She took the letter to the police, she said, but they refused to arrest Versagla. Then she decided to take the law into her own hands.

The wounded man cannot recover. Mrs. LaBarcea has had six children. A few months after her husband was killed another baby came to her. She lost this as well as the infant she was nursing when LaBarcea was murdered.

INDIANS CELEBRATE CUSTER MASSACRE

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Phillip, S. D., June 28.—Without any attempt on the part of the government to prevent it, the Cheyenne River Sioux Indians will celebrate on July 4 the massacre of General Custer's band of soldiers. A great council of all the Indians of the Cheyenne agency was held recently, and when the plan was suggested all the chiefs with one or two exceptions spoke earnestly in favor of it.

It was decided to hold the mock battle on Bear Creek at a point where the topography is similar to that of the scene of the massacre. The Indians have begun the preparation of their costumes. Under the direction of the survivors of the battle they will decorate themselves as did the redskins in Sitting Bull's command thirty-three years ago. The Indians will supply themselves with blank cartridges and circle around the band representing Custer's men.

FIRE AT CARTHAGE.

Livery Stable Burned, Including Vehicles, Etc.—Loss \$5,000.

(Special to The Times.)

Carthage, June 28.—G. C. Graves' livery stable was burned here last night at 11 o'clock. No stock was burned but the other contents, including a lot of wagons and buggies were destroyed. The loss is about \$5,000. No insurance. This is the third stable burned on the same site in the last four years.

POLICE BELIEVE THAT LEON LING WAS ALSO KILLED

New Theory in the Sigel Murder Mystery Developed by Officers

WAS KILLED BY RIVAL

New Facts in Case Indicate That Leon Was Killed by Same Hand That Slew the Girl—Believed That He Was Killed by Chinese Rival For Girl's Affections—Think That Girl Was Not Killed in Leon's Room, But Killed Elsewhere and Taken There—Plan Adopted by the Real Murderer to Throw Officers Off the Track.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

New York, June 28.—A sequence of new facts in the great Elsie Sigel murder mystery that came to light today caused a shift in all previous explanations of the crime, now indicating clearly that Leon Ling, in whose room the girl's body was found, is dead, killed by the same hand that slew the girl.

These new facts lead to a belief that Leon Ling was killed by a Chinese rival for Elsie Sigel's affections and one of the men of Chinatown rich enough and powerful enough to secure secret and efficient help in covering up his tracks.

The facts as now obtained by the police lead to the theory that Elsie Sigel was not killed in Leon Ling's room on the third floor of the chop suey resort at 782 Eighth avenue. She was killed somewhere else, possibly at the home of the enemy of Leon.

The Chinese who killed Elsie Sigel saw that the best way of proving his own innocence was to have the girl's body found in his enemy's room. That immediately led to the suspicion that Leon was the murderer. And Leon dead and his body disposed of, all solution of the mystery must in the end be impossible, since Leon would never be found.

The police believe that Chong Sing, the Chinese who occupied the room next that of Leon Ling, was a confederate of the slayer. Chong Sing has confessed that he gave Leon money to leave the city. That, according to this newest theory of the murder, was only to help in throwing suspicion on Leon. The police believe that Chong Sing has lied throughout his examinations and his various contradictions as to his own actions leave little doubt that most of his statements are false.

BROKE INTO POSTOFFICE.

West Raleigh Postoffice Is Minus \$6 Cash, a Large Amount of Stamps, and a Revolver.

Saturday night the postoffice at West Raleigh was broken into by unknown persons and \$6.00 in cash, several books of stamps, and the postmistress's revolver. The safe was untouched.

The job must have been done late at night. The screen was torn out, a pane of glass broken to give entrance for the thief's hand and the window was raised. The officers are working on the case and will doubtless cause some one trouble.

CAR GOES INTO RIVER.

Young Russian Millionaire and His Chauffeur Killed.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

St. Petersburg, June 28.—A young Russian millionaire named Vetchinln and his chauffeur were killed today while speeding in an automobile by the river Shosha. The car skidded off the roadway where it is built high above the river and tumbled fourteen feet.

TEN HURT IN AUTO WRECK.

Big Touring Machine Goes Over Embankment and Turns Over.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Pittsburg, Pa., June 28.—Ten were badly, two probably fatally, injured at an early hour today when the large touring automobile in which they were riding crashed through a fence and over an 17-foot embankment on East Ohio street near Bennett station. The machine turned turtle at the foot of the embankment. The party was bound for the Elks' picnic at Keystone park.

The most seriously injured are Mrs. Ida Saylor, aged 30, condition critical; Oscar Muel Bronner, aged 29, condition very serious.