

CASE AGAINST WINCHESTER'S IS POSTPONED

Will Be Tried in Police Court Saturday Morning

AN INTERESTING CASE

Attorney Bailey Asks That Case Be Postponed Until After Meeting of Board of Aldermen—Special Committee Appointed to Investigate the Winchester and Their Organization Will Be Heard Friday Night—Mayor Wynne Criticized for Doing His Duty—Was Practically Forced to Refuse Permission for Meetings Under Circumstances.

The Salvation Army case which was to have been heard this morning in the city police court was again postponed. It will probably be tried Saturday morning. This postponement was had at the request of J. W. Bailey, attorney for Captain Winchester and wife.

The case grew out of the mayor's refusal to allow one Frank Winchester and wife to hold services on the streets. At the last meeting of the board of aldermen a petition was read from a number of citizens who live near the rescue home established by Winchester and his wife on Dawson street, protesting against their continued presence in the community and declaring them a nuisance. This petition was signed by a number of good citizens and deserved the attention it received. The mayor spoke of having received letters from persons of prominence in Brooklyn, Norfolk and other places, warning people against the "American Salvation Army" and its workers. A request from Winchester to be allowed to install a drinking fountain at the market was refused by the board, and the mayor stated that he had refused Winchester and his wife permission to preach on the streets. A committee was appointed to look into the matter and investigate the charges against the offenders and report back to the board. This committee is composed of Aldermen Upchurch, Harden and Peebles, and it is understood that they have made a thorough investigation of the various charges against the Winchesters and against the American Salvation Army, which is an organization entirely separate and apart from the regular Salvation Army headed by the Booths. It is also understood that the committee will sustain the mayor in his refusal to allow the street meetings.

In some quarters Mayor Wynne is being criticised for his action in refusing to allow the Winchesters to hold street meetings; but in every instance The Times man has found on investigation that the man doing the criticizing is doing it inadvisedly and without due consideration. On page 24 of the city ordinances, section 30, is found the following:

"Nor shall any person attract a crowd to himself on any street or thoroughfare of the city so as to impede travel thereon by advertising goods or merchandise or by any manner of speech-making whatsoever."

The ordinance goes on to impose a fine of \$10 on each offender and ends with the following proviso:

"Provided, that the mayor and chief of police may grant permission to such persons as they may deem proper, to hold religious services on the streets of the city."

There is the whole thing in a nutshell. This matter is one entirely in the discretion of the mayor and when he was convinced that Winchester and his wife were not "proper" persons within the meaning of the ordinance, he promptly refused to allow them to hold street meetings. There is no violation of any constitutional right involved in the matter. It has been settled beyond peradventure or doubt that under the police power of a municipality, meetings of even a religious nature may be suppressed. The police power of a state or city is broad. It is defined by the lawbooks to be the authority inherent in the state to preserve public health, order and tranquility. In the exercise of his sound discretion the mayor evoked this power and refused to allow the meetings. In the past, meetings of this kind have been allowed without question and no attempt has been made to go behind the scenes and learn something of the character of the people holding themselves out to be exponents of the faith of the lowly Nazarene. It would have been much easier for Mayor Wynne to have "let things slide" in the good old easy way, allowing Tom, Dick and Harry to clothe themselves in uniforms and

harangue loafers on the street corners, but this he refused to do. He acted on the ground that the ordinance has put it upon him to see that the street corner evangelists are "proper" persons, men of good repute. He has backbone enough to see to it that the people of Raleigh are given a square deal and not put upon by fakirs and frauds.

The representatives of the American Salvation Army may be "proper" persons but the mayor has information to the contrary. When that information was placed in his hands it was his imperative duty to stop their work in this city, and he did it. That the board of aldermen will sustain him is almost an absolute certainty. The board meets Friday night and the report of the special committee, which is awaited with interest, will then be made public.

As to the case against Winchester and wife, there can be no uncertainty. Their only plea can be in the way of confession and avoidance. Under the ordinance, being refused permission to hold meetings and holding a meeting in defiance of the ordinance, they are clearly guilty.

SCORES HURT BY BIG "TWISTERS"

(By Leased Wire to The Times.) Grand Forks, N. D., June 30.—Scores of persons were injured and farm buildings within a radius of sixteen miles were destroyed by a series of tornadoes which swept over the district in the vicinity of Niles, Benson county. Reports from Leeds say that eight persons were killed outright. A report from Minnewauken says one woman was killed and a number injured there and that the town was destroyed. These reports cannot be verified as the wires in the northern part of the state are down.

The twisters followed at intervals of a few minutes. Between twenty and thirty farm houses are total wrecks. All six of the family of Erick Ulness, near Niles, were injured. Mrs. Ulness may not survive. The youngest child was found wrapped up in a bundle of barbed wire some distance from the destroyed buildings.

NEW POSTOFFICE HOURS.

Earlier Delivery by City Letter Carriers—Other Changes.

Tomorrow, July 1st, begins a new fiscal year with the post office department. Postmaster W. G. Briggs announces that beginning in the morning a new schedule of hours will be inaugurated here.

The hours in the general postoffice will be as follows: General delivery window, open from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m.; stamp window, from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.; money order and registry departments, from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Sunday hours: Carriers window, general delivery and stamp window open from 2 to 3 p. m.

Mails, as heretofore, will close in the postoffice 30 minutes before trains are scheduled to arrive. Mail in large quantities should not be deposited in the office at the closing hour.

An entirely new schedule will be put into effect for the city carriers tomorrow. This will be known as the temporary summer schedule, while some of the regular carriers are taking their vacations.

The two-trip carriers will leave the post office on their first trip at 7 a. m. and on the second at 1:50 p. m.

The carriers in the strictly business district during the summer will make three instead of four trips: First trip at 7:15 a. m.; second at 1:50 p. m., and third at 8:05 p. m.

The carriers will make collections from the street letter boxes and in addition there will be another collection in the business district by six carriers from 8:05 p. m. to 8:55 p. m.

Raleigh Men in New York.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.) New York, June 30.—Among the southerners registered in New York today are: Raleigh—J. Baker, J. H. Baldwin, C. M. Bretsch.

WILLIAM JONES LODGED IN JAIL

William Jones, the notorious negro back-driver recently convicted of unlawful intimacy with one Maude Kelly, a denizen of the red light district, and bound over to court in a bond of \$350, was today placed in the county jail.

Whalen C. Matthews, a respectable colored man of Apex was his bondsman. For some reason Matthews decided to not further risk his property and today he had Jones arrested and turned over to the authorities. Police Officer Pool made the arrest.

Jones skipped a bond of \$200 before his trial and was with difficulty captured again. He is now under the same roof with his co-partner in crime, and will doubtless stay there until the July term of criminal court.

WHITE WOMEN AID LEON LING

(By Leased Wire to The Times.) New York, June 30.—Two white women, missionaries in Chinatown, aided Leon Ling in his efforts to cover up the traces of the murder of Elsie Sigel, according to information obtained by the police today. They went to the agent who leased the store at 370 West 126th street to Yung Wah as a laundry, where Leon tried to bury the trunk containing the body of his victim and got him to transfer the lease to Yung Kee.

Yung Wah is a brother of Yung Dat, a former partner of Leon, and Yung Wah helped Leon to try to dispose of the trunk in which Elsie's body was packed. When the floor of the laundry had been torn up in an ineffectual effort to get rid of the trunk, Yung Wah hurriedly sold out to his cousin, Yung Kee, and disappeared and the two white women, friends of Yung Wah and Yung Dat, persuaded the agent to transfer the lease.

A dispatch today from El Paso, Tex., says that three Chinamen have been arrested on the Mexican border and that one is believed to be Leon Ling. The suspect answers in every detail the printed description of Leon.

The arrests were made in Ciudad Juarez, Mex., opposite El Paso. The Juarez police, according to the dispatch, refused to talk of the arrests or to allow the suspects to be seen. In fact, attempts were made to conceal the arrests. Developments today have convinced the police that seven Chinamen were present when Elsie Sigel was strangled to death. Four of them may have aided Leon in the actual killing and the other two were accessories in that they had guilty knowledge of the crime.

Tried to Bury Girl Alive.

A remarkable sequence of new facts discovered today show that Leon Ling, the supposed murderer of Elsie Sigel, tried, with the assistance of his closest friend, to bury the girl alive in the cellar of his friend's laundry at 370 West 126th street.

The autopsy on the girl's body showed that she was still alive when she was placed in the trunk where she was eventually found. It now appears that she must have been alive all the time that the trunk was being carted to Harlem from Ling's room at 782 Eighth avenue and that she was still alive when she was carried down into the cellar of the laundry by the two Chinamen.

It was found that the former proprietor of the laundry was Arthur Yung, also known as Yung Wah and Yung Dat. He is the man who was a frequent visitor at the Sigel home, where he was familiarly called "Art," while Leon Ling was known as "Grandpa." He disposed of the laundry a week ago last Friday to Gong Yee and then disappeared as completely as Leon Ling himself.

GERMAN SOLDIER KILLED IN DUEL.

(By Cable to The Times.)

Berlin, June 30.—The details have only now become known of a duel fought between infantry Lieutenants Granier and Switzer near Blankenburg a fortnight ago, in which Switzer was killed. One of the most striking features of the affair was that though duelling is nominally illegal this one was practically a state-aided one.

A military court of honor sanctioned it and arranged the fight. Two companies of soldiers kept the ground. A locomotive and an ambulance car were provided by the state railway to carry the expected victim to the nearest town having a hospital.

The conditions were to alternate shots at ten paces. Thirty seconds were allowed in which to aim. Granier won the first shot, but missed. Switzer's first shot proved a miss-fire. Granier's second shot pierced his opponent's lung.

The wounded man was hurried to a hospital, where he died shortly after. He leaves a widow and one child.

The cause of the duel was Switzer's escorting Granier's fiancée home one evening, on which occasion he tried to kiss the lady, but was repulsed. He apologized to her and was forgiven, and she promised not to tell of the occurrence, but she subsequently told Granier.

The latter probably will now undergo a few months comfortable detention in a fortress.

LAKE MATTAMUSKEET.

Mr. J. O. Wright Conducting Negotiations For Sale.

Mr. J. O. Wright, an employee of the United States department of agriculture, drainage division, is in the city. It is understood that he is acting as the agent of the state board of education and is attempting to effect a sale of Lake Mattamuskeet, an area of about 50,000 acres, a part of the Williamsport drainage district of 250,000 acres. Lake Mattamuskeet is the property of the state board of education.

PRESIDENT AND PARTY AT YALE

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

New Haven, Conn., June 30.—President Taft and his party arrived here early today. The private car Olympia was shifted to a sidetrack. President Taft will go to the home of President Hadley, of Yale, later.

A squad of local police surrounded the car after it was sidetracked and will remain on guard until the president leaves it for President Hadley's house. The trip was without incident. Mr. Taft will attend the commencement exercises today.

President Taft was accompanied by Assistant Secretary Mischler and Captain Archibald W. Butt, his military aide. The president will spend all of today and this evening in New Haven, leaving there late and reaching Washington on Thursday morning.

Among others who received degrees today were William Howard Taft, of class 1909, a nephew and namesake of the president, and son of Henry W. Taft, of New York city. The president's brother, Charles P. Taft, of Cincinnati, is also here to attend the reunion of his class of '74.

CAUSES COMPLICATIONS.

Extra Session of the Legislature May Be Necessary to Straighten Out Difficulties.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.) Topeka, Kas., June 30.—A special session of the legislature may be necessary to settle banking complications that have followed the adoption of the Bryan plan for the guaranty of bank deposits.

The guaranty law includes a provision that banks shall not pay more than three per cent interest on time deposits or these deposits cannot be allowed to participate in the guaranty fund. The federal attorney general ruled that national banks can not participate in the guaranty and these have organized a deposit insurance company.

This company, which is ready for business, does not limit the interest rate and national banks are advertising a higher rate than the state bank under the guaranty law can pay. Numerous state banks have declined to participate in the guaranty plan and are advertising that their deposits will be insured by the surety company and pay higher interest. The state guaranty banks see in this the ruin of their business and demand that the legislature amend the law so as to allow the same rates of interest as the other banks are advertising.

THE WRIGHTS EXPECT TO FLY THIS TIME

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Washington, June 30.—The Wright Brothers arrived at Fort Myer, Va., at 10 o'clock this morning, where, with their mechanical expert, they immediately set to work in the balloon shed turning up their aeroplane for the flight which they expect to make today. According to their established rule no outsiders were permitted in the shed, but it is known that the three men gave particular attention to the motor of the machine, correcting and regulating it in such a way that the failure of yesterday will not be repeated. The repairs required but a comparatively short time and there will not be a repetition of the difficulty of yesterday.

After the work was completed Wilbur Wright consented to talk. He said that they were in no wise disturbed because of yesterday's unsatisfactory flight, and that if the wind was fair there would surely be a flight between 5 and 6 o'clock this afternoon.

He also announced that he and his brother have decided on the course over which the ten mile official flight will be made. This will be practically due south from the Fort Myer parade grounds for five miles and return. The date of this flight has not been settled.

FIGHT OVER OLD GRUDGE.

C. C. Walker Meets Man Against Whom He Had a Grudge and Opens Fire.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Chicago, June 30.—After a patient search for three years, C. C. Walker, of Fayette, Mo., who had a grudge against James Dorsey, met the latter here and in a desperate gun fight in an automobile, shot him through the abdomen. Walker was shot in the head and leg. He will recover, but Dorsey's wound is believed to be mortal. The men quarrelled four years ago in Mexico, where they were partners in cattle deals and Dorsey charged Walker with mutilating two car loads of cattle. Walker was arrested and remained in prison 17 months.

Recently he located his man at Gilberts, Ill., and, under the name of Durban, induced Dorsey to come to

Chicago for a prospective cattle deal. A small man, who resembled a Mexican, met Dorsey, and posed as Durham. They took an automobile ride. Concealed in the rear of this machine was Walker with his gun. Dorsey did not know who it was until the car stopped at Washington boulevard and Curtis street. Here Walker jumped out and, turning, shot Dorsey. The latter reached for Walker and caught his arm. A struggle began. Dorsey succeeded in wrenching the revolver from Walker's grasp and shot him twice.

Walker's companion escaped and it was found that a \$400 diamond stud and \$400 of Dorsey's money had disappeared.

Holding Airship Down.

(By Cable to The Times.)

Birbarach, Germany, June 30.—A battalion of troops are holding down the balloon Zeppelin II, which landed near here yesterday on its aerial cruise from Friedrichshafen to Metz. A strong gale is blowing and it is feared the balloon may break away.

VOTE DIRECT ON INCOME TAX

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Washington, June 30.—The impression that there will not be a vote direct on the Bailey-Cummins income tax amendment is not correct. Senator Bailey said today. The parliamentary status of the corporation tax amendment is such that a vote will be had direct on that amendment, but when the tariff bill is reported to the senate from the committee of the whole the bill will then be open to amendment. Senator Bailey added that the opportunity will be presented to the senate to vote direct on the income tax amendment and it will be then known just how many senators have yielded to the white house influence.

It was intimated today that Senator Aldrich's frank statement of yesterday that the corporation tax was merely a subterfuge to kill off the income tax may make a change in the number of votes cast for the Taft amendment, but hardly enough to defeat it.

TAFT AND DIAZ TO MEET.

Meeting Will Take Place on the International Bridge at Laredo.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Mexico City, June 30.—It is reported in government circles that the proposed meeting between President Diaz and President Taft this fall will probably take place on the International bridge connecting Laredo, Tex., and Nuevo Laredo, Mex. President Diaz wants to visit Monterey and other points in that part of northern Mexico and prefers that the meeting place be at this crossing instead of at the El Paso gateway, as had been suggested.

Charles P. Taft owns a 200,000 acre ranch about fifty miles from Laredo, and as President Taft intends to visit it on his trip it would be convenient for him to visit Laredo.

COAL STRIKE EXPECTED.

Strike of 200,000 Welsh Coal Workers Expected Tomorrow.

(By Cable to The Times.)

Cardiff, Wales, June 30.—The strike of 200,000 workers in the Welsh coal fields probably will be declared tomorrow. Today representatives of the workers and employers are in conference but little hope is entertained of an amicable adjustment of their differences. Trade Minister Churchill has volunteered to arbitrate but neither side has yet evinced willingness to accept his services.

In the meantime a strong force of troops is being held ready to cope with violence that will inevitably follow upon the declaration of a strike.

SUFFRAGETTES PLEAD GUILTY

(By Cable to The Times.)

London, June 30.—The 112 militant suffragettes who were arrested by the police last night in their raid on the house of parliament, were arraigned today in the Bow street police station. Many of them came prepared to make it a gala occasion, bringing lunches and bottles of iced tea and lemonade. In fact, the big court room looked like a picnic scene. The majority of the women came determined to plead guilty and accept a jail sentence instead of a fine. Miss Pankhurst and Mrs. Lawrence, two of the ringleaders, were early in attendance. Sir Albert DeRutten, the magistrate, heard the charges which were three fold in character, obstructing the police, assaulting the police and wilful damage.

A TROUBLESOME MATTER IS THIS CORPORATION TAX

The New Tax Measure Now Before the Senate and is Troublesome

DO NOT LIKE THE PLAN

Opening Debate on the Corporation Tax Shows Trouble Ahead—Both Republicans and Democrats Are Dissatisfied With the Situation With Regard to Inheritance, Income and Corporation Taxes—With Chairman Aldrich and His Associates it is Said to be Altogether a Question of Choice Between Evils and Does Not Think Proposed Law Will Stay on the Statute Books More Than Two Years.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Washington, June 30.—The opening of the debate on the corporation tax in the senate yesterday promptly developed the fact that President Taft's administration and the finance committee republicans have set up for themselves a troublesome proposition in trying to supplement the revenue features of the tariff revision bill with what they are inclined to believe is the least objectionable of the different forms of excise taxation.

From the moment the corporation tax question came up and was placed before the senate by a clever piece of parliamentary strategy on the part of Chairman Aldrich and Senator Lodge, to the end of the day, there was enough discussion of the complex questions involved in corporation taxes, inheritance taxes and income taxes to demonstrate conclusively that both the republicans and the democrats are dissatisfied with the situation in the senate with respect to any of these tax propositions.

With Chairman Aldrich and his associates, it is said, to be altogether a question of the choice between evils. This is understood to be the real basis of Mr. Aldrich's admission on the floor of the senate yesterday that the corporation tax probably would not remain on the statute books more than two years.

The senate republicans do not like the plan. Many of them, no doubt, would prefer an income tax law to a corporation tax. If assurances could be given that the income tax would be held valid, and that it could be enforced with anything like the effectiveness that probably would attend the enforcement of the corporation tax.

The senate met at 10 o'clock this morning. Senator Kean, of New Jersey, read a communication from the Building & Loan Association League protesting against the corporation tax as affecting building and loan associations.

Senator Gore, of Oklahoma, offered a resolution directing the senate finance committee to report each schedule of the tariff bill as a separate measure. He explained that this would give senators an opportunity to vote against any individual schedule which they might oppose, without prejudicing their action on other schedules. It would also give the president, said Senator Gore, an opportunity to vote an objectionable schedule without disapproving the others.

The resolution was laid on the table and Senator Gore announced that he would make an inquiry into the right of the senate to act as his resolution directs.

Senator Cummins, of Iowa, then resumed his speech on the income tax, arguing for the necessity of such a tax as a means of providing revenue. He said the general deficit of the treasury amounted now to \$119,000,000, while the sinking fund for the payment of the national debt showed a deficit of \$580,000,000. If the intent of the law were carried out.

Senator Cummins charged that the purpose of the effort now being made to cut down expenses in the executive departments was to demonstrate that an additional revenue from an income or a corporation tax is not necessary. He said it was becoming apparent that in order to maintain a proper protective system, the customs revenue must be supplemented by some additional income, as a duty on imports, correctly adjusted, so as to protect American industries, would not produce enough revenue to meet