

Weather.

Washington, Nov. 11—Forecast for North Carolina for tonight and Friday: Cloudy with local showers tonight.

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PRESIDENT SPENDS BUSY DAY AT DESK

Was Up Early and at Work on Accumulation of Business

MADE A SPEECH

Delivered Address Before the Washington Laymen's Missionary Convention; But Did Not Tarry After the Address—Rushed Back to Executive Offices and Plunged Into Work Again—Left This Afternoon For Connecticut, Where He Will Speak Tomorrow—Received No Callers Today—Will Be Ready For Work Again Monday.

(By Leased Wire to The Times), Washington, Nov. 11—President Taft was an early riser today, on the occasion of his first morning at the white house since his departure on his 13,000 mile trip throughout the United States. He breakfasted with Mrs. Taft and her sister, Mrs. Moore, and by 9 o'clock was busily engaged with Secretary Carpenter and Assistant Secretary Michler, attempting to clear away the most vital and pressing part of the correspondence which has accumulated at the white house within the last few days, the greater part of his correspondence having been attended to each day while absent, for the president realized that it would be not only unbusinesslike, but entirely out of the question to await his return to Washington to attend to the greater part of the business affairs of the government which required his daily attention.

The president was scheduled to deliver an address at 10 o'clock this morning before the Washington Laymen's Missionary Convention, which met today at Continental Hall, but so busily engaged was he in the new executive offices with his secretaries that it was not until after the hour named that he reached the hall, accompanied by Captain Archibald W. Butt, his aide, and two secret service men, being whisked from the white house to the hall in one of the big government automobiles at a rate which came very near violating the speed law.

The president spoke briefly, welcoming the members of the convention and assuring them of his hearty sympathy with the good work which the convention has in view. Immediately upon the conclusion of his address the president was driven quickly back to the white house, where he returned to the executive offices and was soon deep attending to business affairs. It was announced that he would not receive callers of any kind today, owing to the limited time at his disposal before his departure this afternoon for Middletown and New Haven, Conn. On Monday he will be ready to plunge into affairs of state and commence giving consideration to the many important matters that require his attention.

At the missionary conference President Taft said in part: "I don't think the money we spent on the Philippines has been wasted. It has developed our national character and broadened our views of national responsibilities.

"I am always indignant with the men who express their contempt for missionaries, because they are the outposts of civilization. Their influence in the Philippines helped wonderfully in the work of civilizing the government. They were not responsible for the Boxer trouble in China.

"I was sent to the Philippines by that engaging character, William McKinley and I know his spirit animated us all, including Theodore Roosevelt and Elihu Root.

"We have gone into the Philippines for the betterment of the Philippines people. If we look for undying gratitude from them we might as well give the task up now."

PRESS OPERATOR DEAD.

Stephen R. Russell, Operator on Augusta Herald Died Today. (By Leased Wire to The Times) Augusta, Ga., Nov. 11—Stephen R. Russell, American News Service operator for the Herald for years, formerly Associated Press operator and one of the best known telegraph operators in the south, died here at 12:45 this morning from tuberculosis.

CAROLINA DRAINAGE CONVENTION

Second Annual Convention Called to Order in New Bern by President Wilkinson

CONGRESSMAN SMALL

Hon. W. M. Hays, Assistant Secretary of Agriculture Makes Address—Mayor McCarthy Makes Address Welcoming Body to New Bern—Hon. S. S. Mann Talks Interesting of "Co-operation as Only Salvation of Drainage Problem"—Many Delegates Present and Convention is Expected to Do Much Good For Cause of Reclaiming Swamp Lands of Eastern North Carolina.

(Special to The Times) New Bern, Nov. 11—The second annual convention of the North Carolina Drainage Convention was called to order this morning at 10 o'clock by John Wilkinson, president of the association. Immediately after the president had announced that the convention was in session, Rev. J. H. Brown asked divine blessings upon the delegates and the work before them.

Mayor McCarthy then addressed the convention on behalf of the city of New Bern, welcoming the delegates within the gates and turning the keys over to them, bidding them feel at home while here and assuring them that they had the earnest co-operation of this community in their work.

After the appointment of the various committees Hon. J. H. Small of Washington made a strong address on the question of drainage, showing the needs of such a work, and pleading with every citizen to become interested and give this question his consideration and his co-operation.

Next on the program was the address of Hon. W. M. Hays, assistant secretary of agriculture, Washington, D. C. Mr. Hays' address was made from practical experience—as it had appeared to him from observation. He sighted lands that only a few years back was absolutely worthless to the people owning it, but after it had been properly drained it had become the most valuable lands in these sections. These conditions he said, were not confined to any particular sections of the country. It had been done in other parts of the country and it could be done here and would be done if the delegates of this convention so decreed. Mr. Hays advised all along in his remarks, the best course to pursue to accomplish the best results.

Hon. S. S. Mann, of Swan Quarters, followed Mr. Hays, addressing the convention on "Co-operation as the Only Practical Salvation of Drainage Problem". Mr. Mann's address was practical and convincing. He pointed to work of one man draining for his own interest, and asked "How much greater would be the result if every man to be benefited by such work would come together and all work together."

INTEREST IN THINGS POLITICAL

(By Leased Wire to The Times.) Washington, Nov. 11—Interest in matters political is rapidly increasing here with the return of the president from his 13,000 mile trip, the national law-makers are gradually arriving at the capital. The members who have arrived are busy with departmental matters of a local character and putting in shape the bills the resolution introduced during the extra session. At the house postoffice the following members have reported: Representatives Lloyd of Missouri; Pray of Montana; Campbell of Kansas; Foster of Vermont; Burgess, Garner, Beall, Gregg and Gillespie, of Texas; Kahn, Smith and Needham, of California; Bingham of Pennsylvania; Dwight of New York; Jones of Virginia; Barclay of Pennsylvania; and Roberts of Massachusetts.

Only three senators so far, have left their addresses at the senate postoffice. They are Bailey of Texas, Chilton of Illinois, and Cummings of Iowa. A large number of members from the west are expected here early next week.

FAVOR TRADE SCHOOLS FOR THE PUBLIC

Vast System of Industrial Education Favored by Federation of Labor

WHAT IS NEEDED

Report of Committee Resolved John Mitchell, Who Was Appointed at Denver, a Year Ago, to Investigate Industrial Education and Make Such Recommendations as Were Deemed Necessary—Favor Establishment of Schools in Connection With the Public School System, Where Pupils May be Taught the Principles of the Trades—Referred to Committee.

(By Leased Wire to The Times) Toronto, Nov. 11—A vast system of industrial education by the establishment of trades schools in connection with the public school system is recommended in the report of a special committee made today to the American Federation of Labor convention. The report was read by John Mitchell, chairman of the committee, which was appointed at Denver a year ago to investigate industrial education and make such recommendations as were deemed necessary.

The report says: "It is believed that the future welfare of America largely depends on the industrial training of our workers and in protecting them."

"The inquiries of the committee seem to indicate that if the American workman is to maintain the high standard of efficiency the boys and girls of the country must have an opportunity to acquire educated hands and brains, such as may enable them to earn their living in a self-selected vocation and acquire an intelligent understanding of the duties of good citizenship."

The substantial recommendations of the committee were embodied in the following paragraphs: "We favor the establishment of schools in connection with the public school system, at which pupils between the ages of 14 and 16 may be taught the principles of the trades, not necessarily in separate buildings, but in separate schools adapted to this particular education, and by competent and trained teachers.

"The course of instruction in such a school should be English, mathematics, physics, chemistry, elementary mechanics, and drawing. The shop instruction for particular trades and for each trade represented, the drawing, mathematics, mechanics, physical and biological science applicable to the trade, the history of that trade, and sound system of economics, including and emphasizing the philosophy of collective bargaining. This will serve to prepare the pupil for more advanced subjects, and in addition, to disclose his capacity for a specific vocation.

"In order to keep such schools in close touch with the trades, there should be local advisory boards, including representatives of the industries, employers and organized labor. "The committee recommends that any technical education of the workers in trade and industry being a public necessity, it should not be a private, but a public function, conducted by the public and the expenses involved at public cost."

The report and recommendations were referred to the committee on education with instructions to report as soon as practicable.

The fight of the factions of the electrical workers will be pushed in the convention. This was shown today when the Reid faction distributed among the delegates a circular claiming that the tobacco section of the electrical workers contains the majority of the old organization. The circular is signed by J. R. Reid, J. W. Murphy, and H. W. Potter, as president, secretary and executive chairman of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers.

The circular says that the executive council has placed the labor movement "in an inconspicuous and ridiculous position" in appealing from a United States court decision on the grounds of a violation of constitutional rights, while "they have enjoined the majority of the electrical workers from exercising their constitutional rights, and branded their friends as secessionists."

NEW PORTRAIT OF STEINHEIL WAS PAINTED

Woman Shown in New Characters By Her Relatives In Proceedings Today

A DEVOTED WIFE

Father-in-law of Accused Woman Says She Was Devoted to Her Family and a Splendid Housewife—Brother-in-law Says She Was Ever Kind and Loving Towards Him—Brutal Manner in Which the Trial Has Been Conducted Has Caused a Reaction of Feeling and Public Now Sides With the Woman.

(By Cable to The Times) Paris, Nov. 11—A new portrait of Mme. Steinheil was painted today at her trial by M. Bordet, father-in-law of Mme. Japy, one of the victims of the Impasse Ronsin murders, and by the prisoner's own brother-in-law, M. Ayres. It was not the accepted picture of a scion whose witchery captivated a score of France's most famous men, that they drew. Their picture was that of a quiet housewife, devoted to her family, and with an eye only to her family's interests.

"Mme. Steinheil was a devoted daughter," declared M. Bordet, when he took the stand. The witness declared that he had never seen anything to indicate that the defendant was not entirely devoted to Mme. Japy and he asserted that this affection was reciprocated.

M. Ayres testified to the same effect, and, according to his story, the woman accused of murdering her artist husband was ever kind and loving toward him. When these two men, who turned out to be no more than character witnesses, left the stand, the depositions of several minor figures in the case were read and others of equal unimportance testified.

Mme. Steinheil received the testimony of the relatives of her stepmother and herself with equanimity. While they were telling their stories, she allowed but scant traces of her emotions to be exhibited in her expression, but when they left she smiled with a trace of mockery at the presiding magistrate, M. DeValles.

She had taken fresh heart from the developments of the last few days. If she has had behind her subtle influences that have refrained from coming to the open, she now is supported by the clamor of the public throughout France. Public opinion, once hostile, is now for the defense. The brutal manner in which the trial has been conducted has done much to bring this about, but the remarkable woman's own splendid exhibition of courage has done more.

The reports that the trial is to be stopped for another investigation out of court were more persistent than ever today. Such a move by the prosecution would be nothing short of surrender. It would be an admission of weakness that would swing Mme. Steinheil into the position of a martyr and an idol. No charges more serious than those already preferred could be made—unless the state would dare all and delve into the secrets of her liaisons, creating a sensation which would shake the present government. If the present charges were merely reviewed, or some of them withdrawn, the result would be fatal to all hopes of a conviction. But there are those who declare that the government would like no way out of the case better than to assure an acquittal. If convicted, Mme. Steinheil might prove that she is a woman who cannot keep a secret forever.

Hookworm In New York. New York, Nov. 11—Susan Lawrence Davis, New York hygienic expert, after an investigation through the south, declares there are ten times as many sufferers from hookworm in New York as in the factory districts of the south and that there are many victims among the wealthy classes in the best of Manhattan residence districts.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Jones



Mr. and Mrs. Lieutenant Paul Jones, U. S. A., who taught Mr. Charles E. H. Stengel, of the leather manufacturing firm of Stengel & Bottschild, of Indianapolis, that love laughs at locksmith almost as much as a Lieutenant seems a partner in the leather business. Mrs. Horton met the Lieutenant two years ago. It was love at first sight. Her father, a retired Lieutenant, who was attached to the coast artillery at Fort Totten, N. Y., a partnership in his firm as a wedding gift. The Lieutenant refused and Mr. Stengel ordered his daughter to return the engagement ring. Recently while Miss Stengel and her mother were on a visit to Newark, N. J., he met the girl and they were married at the little Church Around the Corner and went for their honeymoon to Fort Totten. Mr. Stengel threatened to disinherit the girl. She don't care.

MURDERED MAN FOUND IN GULLY

Simson Coble Young Guilford County Farmer Found With Skull Crushed

TWO MEN ARRESTED

Dan Coble and Heitman Elliott Arrested and Brought to Greensboro, Charged With the Crime—Body Horribly Mangled and Had Been Near Elliott's Home Since Tuesday Night—Parties Had Had Fuss Over Blockade St. Which Was Captured Along With the Men—Coroner and Jury on Their Way to Scene of Crime.

(Special to The Times) Greensboro, N. C., Nov. 11—Simson Coble, a prominent young farmer residing eighteen miles from this city, died this morning from the effects of an assault committed Tuesday night near his home in Greene township, adjoining the Alamance and Randolph county lines, and his father, Dan Coble and brother-in-law, Heitman Elliott, are under arrest, charged with the murder. Officers are bringing them to jail and will meet the coroner with a jury of inquest on the way to the remote scene. John Amick and H. M. Holt came to Greensboro last night and reported they found Simson Coble lying in a gully ten feet deep near Elliott's house yesterday morning, with one eye knocked out, skull crushed, dislocated shoulder, and unconscious, with pool of blood nearby, and that Elliott and the father, Dan Coble, admitted while helping to carry the wounded man to Elliott's house, that they saw him there the night before and did not help him because he did not deserve assistance. The injured man was unconscious and never spoke before dying this morning. Officers went to the scene at midnight and this morning arrested Coble and Eli-

SUGAR TRUST STOLE ABOUT 30 MILLIONS

New Facts Reveal the Wholesale Corruption of Customs Officials and Politicians

MORE INDICTMENTS

New Facts Brought to Light Today Disclose That the Sugar Trust Has Stolen \$30,000,000 From the United States Within the Last 20 Years—Has Been Stealing From Five to Ten Per Cent. of the Duty on All Sugar Importations—Wholesale Corruption of Customs Officials and Politicians.

(By Leased Wire to The Times) New York, Nov. 11—New facts brought to light today disclose that the American Sugar Refining Company, better known as the sugar trust, has stolen the enormous sum of \$30,000,000 from the United States treasury within the past 20 years, through under-weighting of importations and under-payment of custom duties. As a result more federal indictments have been drawn up.

These facts reveal the trust's wholesale corruption of customs officials and its bribery of politicians to accomplish its ends. The customs officials under-weighted the importations and the politicians kept them in their jobs.

It appears that the trust has been stealing from five to ten per cent. of the duties on every cargo of sugar brought into the United States for the past 20 years.

The present prosecution of the sugar trust, it is said, is taking cognizance of these facts. The methods revealed have given the United States authorities cause for considerable thought and much planning.

It appeared today as if claims would be made against the tobacco trust and the Arbuckle Sugar and Coffee concern for repayment of heretofore under-paid duties.

The accusation is made that the tobacco trust has been importing the product in bales listed as fillers, which pays a certain duty, when the bales also contained wrapper tobacco. The latter should pay a considerably higher duty.

The government authorities have under investigation the sugar importations of the Arbuckle Brothers. It is claimed that there is a discrepancy between the original invoices of the sugar and the weigher's returns. It is this on which the claim for repayment of back duties will be made.

In the recent developments of the fight on the trust the corporation has been forced to give up more than \$2,000,000. The exact showing is: \$600,000 for rebating, which at the time imposed were four times as large as any precedent, \$168,000.

Punishment for cheating the government with false scales, \$135,000. Back duties paid when the trust was convicted of defrauding the government with fraudulent scales, \$2,000,000.

Total, \$2,363,000. Henry L. Stimson, deputy United States attorney-general, who was formerly United States district attorney, is today preparing to push the criminal prosecutions in the sugar cases, having connected, it was declared today, a high official in the American Refining Company with the import scales frauds.

For nearly a year Mr. Stimson has been finishing the work he began when United States district attorney. His former associates, Winfred T. Dennison and Felix Franfurter, and two other attorneys, Franklin H. Mills and Delancey K. Jay, have assisted him.

For a week Mr. Stimson has been almost constantly before the United States grand jury while it was in session. A few days ago the government's stand was decided on at a conference held in New York and participated in by Mr. Stimson, Attorney-general Wickersham, Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh, Collector of the Port Loeb, United States District Attorney Wise and D. Wickham Smith, a special prosecutor in the big land cheese cases. Special Treasury Agent Richard Parr, with a corps of assistants, has been put in charge of the sugar weighing and he has collaborated with Mr. Stimson. It was said today that several confessions had been obtained.