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ANOTHER BIG EXPLOSION IN COAL MINE

Deep Rumbling Sound In Mine Causes Panic Among the Rescuers

THE TUNNEL BLOCKED

Despite the Danger a Crew of Men at Once Descended into the Mine to Investigate and Found That a Fresh Cave-in of Serious Proportions Had Occurred...

A crew of mine firemen had just returned from below after two hours hard work fighting fire in the west end of the mine...

Despite the danger a new crew at once descended and in a short time news was sent up that a fresh cave-in of serious proportions had occurred...

Hundreds of tons of debris and charred timbers have blocked the tunnel, necessitating new timbering before the men could enter with any degree of safety...

The conditions found in the mine last night after entrance to the levels had been made through fire and smoke were such as to preclude the possibility of bringing out more bodies at that time...

Dead men were found lying about everywhere, many of them pinned under fallen timbers and masses of rock.

The official announcement was made that the fire might be so far under control as repairs in the drifts sufficiently advanced by noon today to permit the raising of bodies to the surface.

It is not believed that the mine will be sealed again until the last of the bodies have been recovered.

Crowds of women remained standing outside the military patrol line until long after midnight. Military officers passed among them urging that they get some sleep, as the actual removal of bodies would not begin until today...

After the fire has been extinguished it will be necessary to pump out the bottom, which is flooded with water.

While the men engaged below ground are under orders not to talk of what they find there, it is known that scores of bodies have been seen, most of them mangled in one way or another that identification will be a matter of much difficulty.

After almost a week of ceaseless effort, the first body was recovered from the mine late last evening. It was that of Ole Frieberg, 35 years old, and he had evidently been galled to death. Frieberg was a cager, and the body was identified by a peculiar pair of spiked shoes which he wore. A desperate rush that caused alarm was precipitated by the findings of Frieberg's body...

Straight to the little brick building they ran, stumbling, falling, gasping for breath, pale with apprehension, each fearing the identification.

When the body was identified as that of Frieberg, a single man, the long procession of widows and orphans turned and walked away.

The inspectors who found the body of Frieberg declared that he was lying on his face and had evidently crawled a considerable distance to reach the air shaft, where he had...

Rescuers at Cherry Hill Mine



Rescuers adjusting the oxygen helmets before entering the burning mines at Cherry Hill, Ill., where 300 miners were entombed. These caps are worn for the purpose of avoiding the poisonous gases which prevail in the galleries of a mine after a fire explosion.

FIGURE-HEAD HERE ANNUAL MEETING

Also General Patterson's Coach Arrived for the Hall of History

Figure-head of the U. S. Cruiser Raleigh Has Arrived and Will be Placed in the Hall of History—Gen. Patterson's Coach Came This Morning—Figure-head of the Cruiser North Carolina Expected Every Day.

The large brass figure-head of the second-class cruiser Raleigh, which has been secured, largely through the efforts of Col. Fred A. Olds, for the Hall of History, arrived here yesterday.

The figure-head, which is of solid brass, came in sections, and will be set up as soon as the wood supports can be arranged. It has a total weight of 4,180 pounds, and is of beautiful design. The center piece is the coat of arms of the United States, consisting of a shield and an eagle, the eagle holding an olive branch in one talon and a bunch of arrows in the other. This is surrounded with massive scroll work and the prominent portions of the figure-head are gilded, presenting a handsome appearance.

The figure-head of the cruiser North Carolina is expected every day, and will be mounted at the side of that of the Raleigh.

These elaborate figure-heads were used on the warships, but the war department has issued orders to have them removed, as they would furnish a shining mark for the enemy, the size and the brightness making them easy to pick up by searchlights. They were used when the ships wore the white dress of peace, but since this paint has been replaced by a dark color, in order to make the vessels harder to be seen by an enemy, the bright head-pieces have also been discarded.

The Patterson coach arrived here this morning and will be placed in the Hall of History, along-side the famous La Fayette coach. This coach was the one used by General Samuel Patterson, and is about 65 years old.

These additions to the Hall of History will be of great interest to all North Carolinians, and, as was said before, Colonel Olds deserves great credit for securing these interesting and valuable relics.

Snow in New York. (By Leased Wire to The Times.) New York, Nov. 19.—The first real snow of the season fell here today when the storm which has swept from the west hit Gotham.

UNCLE SAM IS ON THE TRAIL OF ZELAYA

Thousands of Men and Women Have Been Thrown in Prison by the Ruler

HUNDREDS EXECUTED

President of Nicaragua Has Dungeons Filled With Prisoners, Where They Are Subjected to Every Kind of Torture Known to Man—Zelaya is Fighting to Retain His Capital and Has Arrested Everyone Who is Suspected of Being in Sympathy With Revolutionists—United States Government Will Take a Hand as Soon As Warships Reach Scene of Atrocities.

Washington, Nov. 19.—The cruiser Des Moines and the gunboat Vicksburg, American naval vessels ordered to Nicaragua following the execution of the two Americans, Cannon and Grace, are racing for that country today in an effort to save the lives of nearly 2,000 men and women, prisoners of President Zelaya.

Uncle Sam is on the trail of Zelaya, the trouble-maker of Central America and he will find himself in a trap, as the warships will appear on different sides of the Nicaraguan coast. They will exact full penalty of Zelaya for his deeds.

The government officials today would make no direct admission that one of the purposes of the United States in sending warships to Nicaragua was to rescue from prisons there hundreds of prisoners who have been subjected to terrible torture by agents of Zelaya, nevertheless such is the case. Private dispatches received here tell of horrible vengeance taken by Zelaya's orders.

Not only is Zelaya reported to have executed 500 men summarily, including two Americans, but he has at his mercy fully 1,800 men and women who were seized when the Estrada revolt broke out. These, confined in loathsome dungeons, are daily submitted to tortures equal to those of the Spanish inquisition. With the Des Moines and the Vicksburg hurrying to Nicaragua and the revolutionists recognized by the United States, blocking Greytown, officials here fear that Zelaya will complete his reign of terror by executing all his prisoners. If the American war vessels arrive before the executions, it is believed that Zelaya will fear to act.

From the stories of refugees from Managua and other points which Zelaya has made his strongholds at various times during the progress of the uprising, it is clear that the president has seldom awaited proof of his suspicions. Hundreds of men have been thrown into over-crowded prisons, and many of them shot, merely on the strength of his belief that they were secretly in sympathy with Estrada's rebellion. Executions have been conducted daily and by the wholesale. The searching of the homes of suspects has been an everyday occurrence. Not even women have escaped from this monster seeking to retain his grip on the land.

There has been a steady exodus of refugees to Panama and Costa Rica, and all have told the same story, according to the dispatches in the hands of the officials of the government there. The recognition of the rebels by Washington would speedily be followed by a similar course by other powers, it was declared today.

Greytown, where there is a force of 1,000 followers of Zelaya, is blockaded today by the Estrada followers. The provisional government of the rebels is in control of a vast part of the country, and Zelaya is fighting to retain his capital, Managua.

FEDERAL COURT AGAIN CONTINUED

The Federal court which was to have convened here December 14th, has been continued until some time in January the exact date to be announced later. The court has been continued from its regular date until December 14th on account of Judge Connor's absence sitting with the court of appeals in Richmond. It has been found that the court cannot finish its work in time to hold the Raleigh court on December 14th, and today it was announced continuance until some time in January.

Mme. Steinheil Still in Trouble



Mme. Steinheil from an artistic sketch made in court during her recent trial in Paris. Mme. Steinheil's troubles didn't end with her acquittal on the charge of murder. Frederick H. Burlington, the American, whose red beard led to a false identification, has brought suit for \$8,000, and Couillard, the valet, who was also falsely arrested, says he will bring suit for \$5,000.

METHODISTS HAVE A MOST BUSY SESSION

Work of the Western North Carolina Conference Moving With Dispatch

THE ORPHANS' HOME

Reports From All the Institutional Schools Show Them to be in Fine Condition and There Will be No Change in the Management of Them—Work on the Children's Home Has Begun in Earnest—The Epworth League Anniversary—Notes and Stories Told—Fine Reports from Presiding Elders.

(Special to The Times) Hickory, N. C., Nov. 18.—The second days' session of the Methodist Conference was given over to the passage of the character and hearing the reports of undergraduates, and the hearing of a learned speech from the book edition, Dr. Gross Alexander, of Nashville, Tenn.

Rev. M. T. Smathers, a young minister, was discontinued at his own request on account of sickness, and Rev. P. C. Battle was referred for superannuation, his health being precarious.

The reports from the trustees of Greensboro and Davenport Female Colleges and Rutherford, Weaverville and Trinity Colleges, showed all these institutions in fine condition, as to attendance, and Greensboro is now worth \$300,000. There will be no changes in the management of any of them.

The report of the trustees of the Children's Home (the orphanage) shows the work there has begun in earnest and Prof. A. H. Hayes was introduced as the superintendent.

Thanksgiving and other days are to be made special orphanage days and many ways set in motion to make money grow for orphan children. Rev. J. P. Rodgers, the field secretary, will go again to the work. He has raised \$25,000 the past year.

The afternoon was given to hearing the second lecture by Dr. S. A. Steele and at 7:30 Dr. J. C. Kilgo spoke on the educational phase of the churches work. Few reporters ever made any headway writing after so profound a thinker and this scribe never tried it but once. It goes without saying that Dr. Kilgo made good. Epworth League Anniversary.

Wednesday night was given over to the celebration of Epworth League anniversary, and the exercises were in charge of Rev. A. T. Bell, the energetic minister and president of the Epworth League board of the conference. The exercises consisted of religious devotion, the reading of necessary reports and the set address by Dr. S. A. Steele, there being present a great throng, composed of the conference and the townspeople.

The conference trio, composed of Revs. E. Myers, J. H. West and E. K. McLarty, contributed largely to the pleasure of the evening by singing "Peace, Peace, Wonderful Peace." They sing most sweetly.

Dr. S. A. Steele's Address. Dr. S. A. Steele was introduced by the president and spoke on the early work of Methodist ministers in America. Dr. Steele has a reputation as a speaker that covers the church connection, and his address at this service was timed and prepared to interest all, starting out by saying the old Methodist circuit rider was no longer in our midst, but he had left his impress upon the world as among the true makers of America, as was said by President Roosevelt. Dr. Steele followed these men, former ages through many mazes show their fidelity to God to the church and to saving of souls. He paid glowing tribute to those early men, raising many hearty amens from the ministers present, as he invited the good things that clung to these men to remain as a blessing to the present day church.

Without attempting a synopsis of so learned an address, Dr. Steele carried his audience through many fields of eloquence as he described one after another of the illustrious pioneers of the first American ministers.

Notes—Stories Told. It has been given out in the secular press that Winston-Salem would ask strongly for the next meeting of the conference, from the fact that it is about the time for a return of the body to that good city, but especially for the reason that the location of...

AMERICAN FEDERATION BEHIND THEM

Federation of Labor Declares Case Shall be Carried to Highest Court

COMMITTEES REPORT

Gompers, Mitchell, and Morrison Are Upheld by Federation of Labor, Who Endorse Position Taken by Leaders—Report of Committee Says, "When a Court Empowers Itself to Issue Injunction to Enforce Criminal Law It Invades Domain of Personal Rights"—Officers Will be Elected Tomorrow—Gompers Will Probably be President Another Term.

(By Leased Wire to The Times) Toronto, Ont., Nov. 19.—The alleged contempt of court committed by President Gompers, Vice-President Mitchell, and Secretary Morrison, of the American Federation of Labor, in the Bucks Stove and Range Company injunction case, was upheld by the federation in convention today.

The report of the committee on the president's report was enthusiastically adopted. This committee endorsed the position taken by the leaders who now face jail terms. The report declared that the case should be carried to the United States supreme court and that funds should be raised for that purpose.

The report, which was adopted with a cheer, says: "When the court arrogates to itself the power to issue injunctions for the purpose of enforcing criminal law it invades the domain of personal rights in a manner for which there can be no excuse, except that the court thereby becomes the sole judge of the law and the fact, and if the parties enjoined are declared guilty of contempt, the extent of the punishment. All of which is in direct violation of the fundamental laws of the land and the Anglo-Saxon concept of human liberty."

The business of the convention is well cleared up and the interest now centers in the election, to be held to-morrow, of the officers of the federation. (Continued on Page Two.)

PRESIDENT SPEAKS FOR BIGGER NAVY

Key to His Naval Policy The Better Fortification of Hampton Roads

GREAT TAFT DAY

Favors Building Fort in the Centre of the Entrance to Chesapeake Bay and Would Make it as Impregnable as Gibraltar—Policy Should be Recognized in All Naval Appropriations—Every Waterways Project Should be Considered on its Merits as a National Improvement. Every Appropriation Should be Considered as an Investment of the Nation.

(By Leased Wire to The Times) Norfolk, Va., Nov. 19.—President Taft declared for a greater navy today before the citizens of Norfolk and the delegates to the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Convention. He said that the key to his naval policy was the fortification of Hampton Roads to the point where it would be as impregnable as Gibraltar. To do this, he declared, it would be necessary to establish a great fort in the center of the channel between Forts Monroe and the Virginia shore.

He declared Chesapeake Bay was the greatest strategic rendezvous in the United States and should be treated as such in the naval appropriations. In regard to deeper waterways on the Atlantic coast President Taft said: "I am not in favor of distributing the millions for deeper waterways piecemeal, giving a little to this section and a little to that, but I believe every project should be considered on its merits as a national improvement and not upon the benefit it will give to a comparatively small section. Every appropriation we make should be considered as an investment of the nation, and should be expected to yield national dividends."

Sailors from the warships Minnesota, Virginia, and North Carolina, marines, and the Virginia militia. (Continued on Page Two.)