

Double the Number of Paid Subscribers in the City of Raleigh of Any Other Newspaper.

SOLDIERS FIGHT FOR ROOSEVELT

Mounted on a Black Charger Rough Rider Watches French Troops

"BULLY" HE CRIED

Every Branch of the French Army Participated in the Great Entertainment for the Former President

(By Cable to The Times.)

Paris, April 27—Mounted on a black charger, Theodore Roosevelt today reviewed the crack troops of the French army in siam battle and evolutions at Vincennes, the principal military center about Paris.

Upon his arrival on the field, under the guidance of General Jules Dalstein, military governor of Paris, Mr. Roosevelt laughingly remarked:

"It is hard to see a battle and have no share in it."

In a moment General Dalstein had remedied that: a handsome charger was brought to Mr. Roosevelt, and a pair of leggings hastily found.

Then, in frock coat, silk hat and leggings, Mr. Roosevelt sprang to the saddle and took the foremost place in the reviewing line by the side of the emperors and judges.

The French officers watched him closely, to see how the savior impressed him.

"Our boys could not have done that better," he cried at one point in the battle. The French officers afterward expressed surprise at his knowledge of military affairs, apparently forgetting his service in the Spanish-American war.

As the lines and files wheeled, advanced, counter-marched and performed intricate feats of a large body of carefully trained men, Mr. Roosevelt again and again vehemently praised them to those about him.

"Bully," he cried, as a particularly difficult formation was consummated successfully. He saluted each company as it passed in review at the conclusion of the evolutions.

He was scarcely less interested in the inspection of the arsenal, the great barracks, the artillery school and the ranges. At the school the cadets turned out as an escort of honor, and he was conducted about a good portion of the institution between lines of trim youths whom he compared with the cadets of West Point.

Mr. Roosevelt went over the equipment. (Continued on Page Five.)

FULLY HALF YOUNG COTTON IS RUINED

(By Leased Wire to The Times)

New Orleans, April 27—That fully half the young cotton throughout the entire belt has been ruined by frost is the conclusion from reports received today. In the eastern and northern part of the belt the early crop has been completely ruined. In Louisiana and southern Mississippi the damage will not be so heavy, although many planters have determined to abandon efforts to replant cotton and will make corn instead.

The first reports of the famine in cotton seed is the only feature of the frost damage that has been modified. Cotton-seed mills now say they have more of a supply than was first believed. Many mills are placing their seed on the market for planting and quitting grinding.

THE HEINZE CASE

Heinze Suffered Defeat In Court Today.

Asked That Indictments be Dismissed But Judge Dismissed Motion—Attorney Wise for Prosecution Says Bare the Secrets of the Copper Trust.

(By Leased Wire to The Times)

New York, April 27—A. Augustus Heinze suffered a defeat today when his trial on charges of violating the national banking laws was resumed in the United States circuit court. Judge Hough dismissed a motion made by Heinze's chief counsel, John B. Stanchfield, for the dismissal of the indictments, and the setting aside of subpoenas requiring the defendant to produce the books of the National Copper Company and other Heinze corporations.

District Attorney Wise began his opening address with the declaration that the Standard Oil Company had nothing to do with the prosecution. Heinze has professed to fear the influence of the Standard and its interests, which he long combated.

The jury that will decide the fate of Heinze was completed yesterday. It included a millionaire and a coachman.

The secrets of the organization and workings of the United Copper company, the Heinze copper trust, were revealed in Mr. Wise's address. He declared flatly that \$70,000,000 of the \$80,000,000 capital stock was water, and that Heinze and his two brothers had formed a pool to send the price of the stock up, deceiving innocent investors. A dividend, Mr. Wise said, was declared out of the capital when the earnings warranted no such action.

"The United Copper Company," said Mr. Wise, "was organized in New Jersey with a capital stock of \$80,000,000. Of this amount \$50,000,000 was issued, \$5,000,000 in common stock and \$45,000,000 in preferred. The company was the result of the amalgamation of five concerns controlled by Heinze interests and their total value was \$10,000,000."

"At that time, and ever since, the United Copper stock was valued at \$20 a share. The defendant owned 25 per cent of it, and Arthur and Otto Heinze owned more."

"Max Schultze, a partner in the brokerage firm of Otto Heinze & Company also had some of the stock and between them they controlled the corporation."

"Otto and Arthur Heinze, brokers, were dependent upon F. Augustus Heinze. They were indebted to him for \$500,000. They formed a pool to put up the price of the stock. They took from the capital of the company enough to pay a dividend of 1 1/2 per cent, and thus deceived the public into thinking that the stock paid 7 per cent annually. To carry out the fraud, wash sales were made by the brokerage firm who bought and sold to themselves."

"The whole thing was nothing but a gamble of the most dangerous and reckless sort. It could only result in disaster."

"Heinze then secured control of the Mercantile National Bank with Arthur P. Heinze and Max Schultze. F. Augustus Heinze knew all about the pool, and knew that the copper stock was worth only \$20 a share, but he advanced several loans to his brothers brokerage firm. Up to October 11, 1907, they aggregated \$991,000 and they were made with practically no security—only the copper stock, worth about as much as last week's newspapers."

"On October 14, in the midst of the panic, Otto told his brother he could close out the shorts in United Copper, but he needed money to do it."

"F. Augustus Heinze then called upon his associates in the Mercantile directorate, Charles W. Morse. The bank's reserve was down to 17 per cent but Heinze and Morse said Otto Heinze got \$60,000, after F. Augustus Heinze had been notified by the cashier that the bank had only \$39,000 left. The president (nevertheless, told the cashier to certify checks up to \$400,000 or more. After there were drawn out sums aggregating \$357,000 on checks certified by the president against an account that was practically nothing."

Lord Kitchener At Home. (By Cable to The Times.)

Southampton, April 27—Lord Kitchener, on his arrival here today on the liner Oceanic, on the completion of his trip from Australia via America, was greeted by vast and unusually enthusiastic crowds. He was formally welcomed by the mayor.

Silence sometimes is the best sort of courtesy.

MRS. GABRILOWITCH.



Mrs. Ossip Gabrielowitch, the daughter of the late Samuel Clemens (Mark Twain) and his only living child, who came from Europe at the news of her father's illness and was at his bedside when he died. Her presence during the latest few days of the great author's illness brightened him greatly. His last words were whispered to her.

HON. B. F. AYCOCK DIED AT FREMONT

(Special to The Times.)

Goldboro, April 27—News reached here this morning of the death last night at Fremont of Hon. B. F. Aycock. He had been in poor health for some time, but his death came as a surprise to his many friends here, who thought he was on the road to recovery.

Death came suddenly after supper while he was talking to his wife in the sitting room. Heart failure is given as the cause of his death.

Benjamin Franklin Aycock was born in Wayne county, February 11, 1853. He was one of the oldest sons of the late B. F. Aycock, a prominent citizen of Wayne county. He was like many others at that period, was prevented from getting a college education by the hard times that resulted from the civil war, and was brought up on the farm, becoming one of the county's best agriculturists.

He married Miss Sallie Farmer, of Wilson, who, with seven children survive him, the children are William T. Flora, Clarence, Wiley, Ivor, Ben K. and Herman. The only living brother is Charles B. Aycock, of Raleigh, and William Aycock, of Florida.

Mr. Aycock served as state senator from Wayne county in 1888, 1891, 1893 and 1897. He was a director of the D. & D. school at Morganton and trustee of the State Normal and Industrial at Greensboro.

All his life was spent on the farm where he was born and he was considered one of the most successful farmers in his section.

As a legislator he performed his duties with unusual ability and many valuable laws on our statute books are due to his energy.

Mr. Aycock served as state senator for state treasurer in 1896, but was defeated as was the entire ticket.

In 1898 he was nominated for corporation commission and elected that fall. He has performed the duties of that responsible position with fidelity, and the state has been the gainer by having his services.

B. & O. INCREASES WAGES.

Six Per Cent Increase For Nearly All Employees.

(By Leased Wire to The Times)

Baltimore, April 27—An official announcement was made this afternoon at the central office of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad that notice has been given to the heads of the various departments of the road of a six per cent increase, effective April 1, in the rate of pay of all employees receiving \$200 or less per month, excepting those affected by the agreement recently arrived at with the engineers, firemen, conductors, trainmen, yardmen and telegraphers. Between 50,000 and 60,000 will be benefited by the increase.

Halt in Graft Trials.

(By Leased Wire to The Times) Pittsburgh, Pa., April 27—Judge Frazer this afternoon called a halt on the graft trial and discharged all jurors on the present panel except those now deciding the case of M. S. Coffey. This action caused a sensation. No reason was assigned.

THAT UNION DEPOT

Chamber of Commerce Wants a New Union Station

The Chamber of Commerce Wants the Railroads to Give Us a Station Worthy of the Capital City—Matter Will Probably be Carried Before the Corporation Commission.

Probably the most important matter discussed at last night's meeting of the chamber of commerce was that of a better union station, and the sentiment expressed was against the proposed improvements, and favoring a new station, one worthy of the state's capital city.

The railroads have prepared plans for improving the present station at a cost of about \$15,000. For months the public has been patiently awaiting for these improvements, but so far nothing has been done. The members seemed to think that if the railroads merely made certain improvements that it would be years before anything further would be done, and that it would be the part of wisdom to go after a new and up-to-date station right now, so we could have the facilities afforded by other capital cities.

Mr. Albert Cox brought the question before the meeting, suggesting that the various organizations of the city hold a joint meeting and prepare plans for urging the advisability of building a new station now. He said other towns had gone to the corporation commission and secured depots equal to the progress of their city, and saw no reason why Raleigh should not use the same method.

Colonel Olds states that he had appeared before the commission, and that the railroads had met the request by saying that they could not see their way clear to build a new station at this time.

A committee consisting of F. W. Habel, Albert Cox, J. B. Pearce, Col. Chas. E. Johnson, and Col. F. A. Olds was appointed to examine the plans of the proposed improvements and go before the corporation commission if necessary to secure a station that would be a credit to the city.

A resolution was adopted tendering, so far as possible, the aid of the chamber of commerce to the Montgomery Lumber Road Company in extending its line to Raleigh.

The following delegates were appointed to the good roads meeting, which will be held in Durham Friday: Wm. H. Williamson, John A. Park, P. D. Gold, C. B. Barbee, and John W. Cross.

A resolution was adopted endorsing the tuberculosis exhibition.

Five Negro Children Burned to Death

(By Leased Wire to The Times)

Monroe, La., April 27—News from Good Hope, seven miles from Monroe, reports that five negro children were burned to death in a fire which destroyed the home of Mack Shelman, a negro, on the place of Mr. J. E. Prather, Monday night. The family were asleep when the fire broke out.

Senator Daniels Much Improved.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Lynchburg, Va., April 27—Dr. Waugh's bulletin this morning states that the condition of United States Senator Daniel is better than at any time since he was stricken at Daytona, Fla. He had five hours sleep last night and seems much improved.

ANOTHER TRUST INVESTIGATION

(By Leased Wire to The Times)

Savannah, April 27—A federal investigation into the workings of the beef trust and the high prices of meat was begun here today. It is under the direction of W. S. Gregg and Oliver E. Pagan, special assistants to Attorney General Wickersham. Officials of the local packing houses have been subpoenaed to appear before the grand jury, which was convened by Judge Speer.

KILLED IN FOLDING BED.

Bed Closed Up on Them—Husband Instantly Killed—Wife a Prisoner.

(By Leased Wire to The Times) New York, April 27—Willard Smith, sixty-five years old, a wealthy wall paper manufacturer of Waterbury, Conn., was instantly killed and his wife, Mrs. Anna Smith, sixty, was held a prisoner from 10:30 o'clock last night until 12:30 this morning when a folding bed in which they were sleeping in a boarding house at 426 West Twenty-third street, closed up on them.

SENATOR CUMMINS.



Senator Albert Cummins, of Iowa, who has scolded a warning in the Senate that the recent special elections for Congressmen from New York and Massachusetts with the downfall of local Republican strongholds means a generally weakened confidence in the Republican party, "if the people lose all confidence in their servants," said Senator Cummins, "they will wreak their vengeance on all our institutions in such frightful characters that not only he who runs may read but he who reads will run."

INDIANA DEMOCRATS HAVING WARM FIGHT

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Indianapolis, Ind., April 27—After one of the fiercest preliminary skirmishes ever held before the state committee, in which Tom Taggart, endeavoring to manipulate the state convention program with a view to furthering his plan of having a state-wide primary select a senatorial candidate after the November election, and Governor Marshall who as temporary chairman of the convention is expected to advocate the endorsement by the convention of a candidate to oppose Albert J. Beveridge, the program for the state democratic convention as originally arranged will stand.

The matter of selecting a senatorial candidate will be fought out in the convention which opens at 7:30 o'clock this evening.

All the delegates are on the battlefield and the fight will be a hot one. The primary object of the convention has been completely lost sight of in the factional scrap over the manner of selection of senatorial timber. Taggart himself is an avowed candidate for the honor of opposing Beveridge for re-election and there are eight or ten other avowed or receptive candidates brought forward by what are considered unusually good prospects for the next state legislature being democratic. The chief of these is John Lamb of Terre Haute. Governor Marshall will be temporary chairman of the convention and Senator Shively will be permanent chairman.

CAPT. YARBOROUGH DEAD.

Well Known Citizen of Louisville Died There Yesterday.

(Special to The Times.)

Louisville, N. C., April 27—After a protracted illness Capt. Richard F. Yarbrough died yesterday morning at 3 o'clock at his residence here, aged about seventy-five years. Having been a merchant here for many years, he was very widely known, honored and profoundly respected by all.

He went as lieutenant of company C in the Forty-seventh Regiment, Confederate Army, and was made captain afterward of another military company. He leaves a wife, a brother, Colonel W. H. Yarbrough, three sons and four daughters, one of the latter is postmistress here now. He was a member of the Episcopal church.

Funeral services will be held today at the Episcopal church at 10 o'clock, Rev. John London, the rector, officiating. Interment will be at the cemetery.

MISS REID'S DEATH.

Was Accidentally Drowned in the Report of the Consul.

(By Leased Wire to The Times) Washington, April 27—"Accidentally drowned" is the report United States Consul Crowninshield, at Naples made to the state department today concerning the recent death of Miss Estelle Reid, the young American woman whose body was recently found on the beach at Naples. He adds that by direction of relatives of Miss Reid, in New York City, he has delivered the body to a cousin of Miss Reid, who is now in Naples.

TAFT'S PET MEASURE

Having a Hard Road to Travel

The Railroad Bill Having a Hard Time of It—Progressives Insist on Many Amendments, and the Bill Losing Its Original Form.

(By Leased Wire to The Times)

Washington, April 27—It has been asserted by the regulars and the insurgents that their differences had to do with Cannon and the rules and that the president's legislative program would be accepted without question, but at the very first test of one of the president's pet measures—the railroad bill—the country witnesses a difference of opinion that may prove vital to that measure. Not that the bill will be defeated, but it may be so amended that the president will not recognize his offspring.

Representative Mann, of Illinois, chairman of the committee on interstate and foreign commerce, made no secret of his opposition to the committee of the whole, and in all probability the action of the committee would have been sustained on a record vote.

Yesterday afternoon's fight on the railroad bill in the house revealed a strong opposition to the measure on the republican side, and there were regulars as well as insurgents who refused to bow to the dictates from the white house and the department of justice, where the railroad bill was conceived. There is an under-current of talk that Speaker Cannon and his lieutenants may use the railroad bill to get even with the president for his refusal to help the organization in its fight against the insurgents. This could be accomplished by a number of regulars being absent when votes are taken on important amendments offered by the democrats who are opposed to the bill as a whole. This was shown yesterday in the adoption of the Lenroot amendment taking from the president the right to appoint the members of the commerce court and providing that the court shall be composed of judges assigned to it by a majority of the justices of the supreme court. This amendment was carried by the votes of regulars.

In the senate yesterday afternoon the attack was directed chiefly against Attorney General Wickersham, who is the real author of the railroad bill, and who has been intolerant of opposition to the bill. Senator Clapp, of Minnesota, severely arraigned the attorney general for what he termed his attempt to dictate to congress legislation it should enact and to read out of the republican party those who are not willing to accept his instructions. Senator Clapp referred to the fact that Roosevelt had sought to enforce his policies on congress, but he declared that the former president had never sent to congress and demanded the enactment of such a measure as the pending railroad bill as has been done by President Taft.

Within the past week the attack of the insurgents and progressives in the senate has been chiefly directed against the traffic agreement feature of the bill, with the result that it is now apparent that the republican leaders will be obliged to modify this section of the bill which was one of the pet projects of the administration.

It seems likely that the senate will adopt something like the Cummins' amendment which provides that the interstate commerce commission must approve traffic agreements. It is contended that this amendment practically would nullify the provision for traffic agreements, because the commission could not perform the work, as there would be before it daily more than 100 agreements to be considered.

Albanians Winning Over Turks.

(By Cable to The Times.)

Constantinople, April 27—It is reported that Pristina and Prisenid, the towns that are the key to the situation in northern Albania, were captured today by the rebels. Turkish troops have been driven back again and again in an attempt to capture the Kachanik Pass. Machine guns, captured from the Turkish army, moved down the regulars as they attempted to scale the heights. The casualties on both sides were heavy in today's fighting.

Women and Children Killed.

(By Cable to The Times.)

Salonika, April 27—Five hundred Albanians, mostly women and children, have been killed in the Turkish bombardment of Godantz.

WOLTER IS SENTENCED FOR MURDER

Must Die In the Electric Chair Unless Appeal Saves Him

SHOWS NO EMOTION

Just One Month and Three Days Since the Murder Until Prisoner Was Sentenced to the Death Chair, Stood Indifferent While Sentence Was Being Passed—His Attorney Will Carry Case to Higher Court, Election Fixed For Week of June 6—Murderer Wants to Marry the Mueller Girl—She is Now With the District Attorney.

(By Leased Wire to The Times)

New York, April 27—The record-breaking speed that marked the trial of Albert Wolter, the youth of 19, convicted of murdering 15-year-old Ruth Wheeler, has been maintained. The prisoner was today sentenced to death in the electric chair at Sing Sing by Judge Warren W. Foster if the court of general sessions, Ruth Wheeler was killed just one month and three days ago.

On March 24 the pretty girl, who was seeking employment that she might aid her mother and sister, was killed in Wolter's rooms at 224 East 75th street, where she had been lured by prospects of getting a position.

As he heard the words that sent him to his death, Wolter did not lose the apathetic manner, containing just the suggestion of bravado, which has marked his demeanor since he was first placed under arrest before he was suspected of murder and when the charge against him was abduction.

He stood erect, with his hands clasped behind him, and gazed at Judge Foster unblinkingly, while the sentence was pronounced.

Wallace D. Scott, the lawyer who defended the convicted murderer, announced that he would immediately carry the case to the court of appeals.

Before he goes to the death chair, Wolter wishes to marry Kate Mueller, his sweetheart, who tried to defend him on the stand, but whose testimony did much to clinch the case against him.

The girl is now in the home of Assistant District Attorney Frank Moss, who conducted the prosecution. She is in the care of Mrs. Moss until her future plans can be arranged.

In pronouncing sentence and fixing the execution for the week beginning June 6, Judge Foster said the murder of Ruth Wheeler and the attempt to burn her body, was an atrocious crime which had attracted the attention of the whole world. The bench also congratulated the lawyers on both the defense and the prosecution on the manner in which the case had been conducted.

A big crowd filled the court room. (Continued on Page Five.)

SHARP CRITICISM DRAWS CROSS-FIRE

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Washington, April 27—The sharp criticism of Attorney General Wickersham's prosecution of the cotton pool led the department of justice to issue the following statement today:

"The action of the government in instituting the investigation before the grand jury in New York concerning an alleged cotton pool, should not in any way be construed as an attack on legitimate operations on any cotton or produce exchange in the United States. The proceedings being on before a grand jury and not yet completed cannot, with propriety be discussed at the present time."

Quiet in Chang Sha.

(By Cable to The Times)

London, April 27—The foreign office today received from the embassy at Peking a cablegram saying that official precautions had proven effective in restoring quiet in Chang Sha and that no serious disorder had occurred in the city last night. The province of Hunan is becoming tranquil.