

THE WEATHER
For Raleigh and vicinity:
Partly cloudy, with local show-
ers tonight or Thursday.
For North Carolina: Partly
cloudy, with local showers to-
night or Thursday.

The Evening Times

**LAST
EDITION**

ESTABLISHED 1876.

RALEIGH, N. C., WEDNESDAY, JULY 6, 1910.

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Double the Number of Paid Subscribers in the City of Raleigh of Any Other Newspaper.

A GENERAL PROTEST ALL OVER COUNTRY

Movement to Prohibit Pictures of the Jeffries-Johnson Fight General

PICTURE MEN WILL FIGHT

World-wide Protest Against Moving Pictures of the Jeffries-Johnson Fight—Every Church Element is Being Concentrated in a Movement Against the Pictures—Secretary Shaw, of the Christian Endeavor Society, Leading the Movement—Wants to Outlaw the Picture Fights.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Boston, July 6—A world-wide protest against the exhibition of the Jeffries-Johnson fight moving pictures was sent out today from Boston by William Shaw, general secretary of the United Society of Christian Endeavor. Every force of the church element is being concentrated in a movement against the pictures and against pugilism, such as has never before been seen. The pictures are already barred in seven cities and Mr. Shaw believes hundreds of others will join.

The international organization of the Christian Endeavors is being employed in the anti-fight pictures campaign, and Mr. Shaw has sent a telegram of protest to President Taft, Theodore Roosevelt, the governor of every state and the mayor of every important city in the country, as well as to points abroad.

This telegram reads:
"Race riots and murder already follow the announcement of Johnson's victory. Moving pictures of prize fight will create more violence. Will you join in appeal to authorities, cities and towns, to prohibit pictures as law requires. Help save our young people from these demoralizing shows. Wire answer."

Scores of telegrams were received at Mr. Shaw's headquarters today from prominent people in various parts of the country and abroad, pledging support to the movement. "The time has come," said Secretary Shaw, "for the Christian and moral forces of the country to rise up and demand the suppression of these moving pictures. The city and town authorities have the power to forbid the exhibition of immoral and degrading pictures under penalty of revoking the license. No additional laws are needed. All that is required is an aroused public sentiment that will demand immediate action on the part of the authorities before the flood-gates are opened."

Secretary Shaw believes that as the prize fight itself is barred by practically every state in the union, the fight pictures should be outlawed as well, and the campaign he is making and which he is pushing as rapidly as possible has this object in view.

In a communication he is sending out he tells about the work along these lines, that is, being done in Michigan and Wisconsin, and the sentiment that has already been aroused in other states. He urges that a meeting of the pastors be called immediately, and that a committee be appointed to wait upon the proper authorities with a demand that the fight pictures be prohibited.

"Arouse public sentiment," he says, "in every legitimate way and get it to express itself. Let's give the prize fight the knock-out blow by destroying the money-making feature of it."

Advices received today by Mr. Shaw led to the declaration that the fight films would not be shown in Baltimore, Atlanta, Washington, Boston, St. Louis, Cincinnati, and Johannesburg, South Africa. The barring of the pictures in these places gave encouragement to the leaders of the movement, who asserted that every big city in the country would be brought into line.

Prohibited in Los Angeles.
Los Angeles, Cal., July 6—There will be no moving pictures of the Jeffries-Johnson prize fight exhibited within the city limits of Los Angeles. This fact was established when an old city ordinance was unseated by City Prosecutor Guy Eddie. The ordinance

FAISON WINS RACE

Nominated on 477th Ballot After All Night Session

Long Session of the Third Congressional Convention a Good-natured Harmonious One—All Candidates Withdrew But Hood and Faison.

(Special to The Times.)
Goldsboro, N. C., July 6—After an all night session, on the 477th ballot in the democratic convention of the third congressional district, by a vote of 122, with 113 necessary to elect, Dr. John M. Faison, of Duplin county, was this morning at 7:20 o'clock, after a continuous, good-natured and constantly active session since 1 o'clock yesterday, chosen as the candidate to champion the cause of the people of this district. It was a hard fought contest, one candidate being in the lead on one ballot, and another on the ballot following.

The Hood delegates went wild with joy on the 395th ballot, when it was learned that he only liked seven votes and a fraction of being nominated, having received 106 votes and a fraction, but on the ballot following he lost 19 votes and from then until about 5 o'clock, it was a deadlock. A little before 7 o'clock this morning Thomas and Duffy withdrew from the race, and as Robinson had also retired this left the fight between Hood and Faison and Faison was nominated, receiving 122.77 votes.

The votes of the different counties were as follows: Hood; Carteret 23, Craven 8.43, Duplin none, Jones 5.94, Pamlico 6.05, Pender 5.25, Sampson 8.50, Wayne 40.00, Onslow none, Totals 102.17. Faison; Carteret none, Craven 21.57, Duplin 33, Jones 7, Pamlico 6.95, Pender 14.75, Sampson 19.59, Wayne none, Onslow 20.00. Totals 122.77.

SCOTLAND NECK NEWS.

Several Picnic Parties—County Commissioners Meet—Hon. E. L. Travis Re-elected Chairman of Democratic Executive Committee—Appointments—Marriage of Miss Helen Daniel and H. R. Marshall.

(Special to The Times.)
Scotland Neck, N. C., July 6—There were several small picnic parties yesterday, mostly children. Aside from these and the suspension of business, there was no Fourth of July celebration. In town everything was very quiet. No accident of any kind has occurred in this community.

The county commissioners yesterday at their regular monthly meeting, besides transacting the regular business allowed nearly \$700 costs in the noted Powell trial that took place in Warrenton last week.

State Senator E. L. Travis has been unanimously re-elected chairman of the democratic county executive committee.

The county board of education was in session at Halifax yesterday and made an appropriation of \$1.00 per capita for the different schools of the county. Mr. B. O. Joyner was appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. Moses Strickland as committee man from Rosemeath township. Mr. W. R. Neville was appointed a member of the board to fill the unexpired term of Mr. Thos. H. Taylor, resigned.

Some days ago at Halifax, Miss Helen Litchford Daniel became the bride of Mr. Henry Ridgeway Marshall, of Laurel, Md. They left immediately after the ceremony for Spring Lake, N. J., where they will spend their honeymoon. The bride is a daughter of Mr. R. H. Daniel, of Halifax.

Mrs. J. Harper Alexander is visiting relatives in Henderson and other points. Mrs. Alexander is the oldest daughter of Scotland Neck's slain chief of police, C. W. Dunn.

May Strike For Higher Wages.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
Pittsburg, Pa., July 6—Employees of the Pennsylvania lines are taking a vote on the question whether they will strike for a wage increase ranging from 5 to 20 per cent. In this action they are following the lead taken by the Pennsylvania Railroad employees, members of the Railway Conductors and Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, on the routes operated east of . . . and Erie.

The result of the vote on both the eastern and western systems of the Pennsylvania are expected on July 12. Over 6,700 trainmen, conductors and yardmen are involved on the Pennsylvania lines.



Mrs. Anthony Drexel, Jr., who prior to her marriage a few weeks ago was Miss Marjorie Gould and who is suffering from an abscess in the ear, which may necessitate a dangerous operation. Her father departed hurriedly from New York to join her in London, where his daughter is staying.

HEROIC AGT SAVED LIVES OF HUNDREDS

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
Pittsburg, Pa., July 6—Beating his way through a wall of smoke and flame, W. A. Weaver today prevented the explosion of two immense benzene tanks, near which were 30,000 barrels of crude coal oil. Weaver, who is superintendent of the Atlantic Refining plant, saved the lives of hundreds of persons, almost sacrificing his own.

A still, connected by pipe with the tanks, caught fire. The flames spread rapidly. Weaver, seeing that an explosion would result if a cock in the pipe were not turned off, rushed through the blaze, with his clothes afire and turned the cock.

A crowd of nearly 3,000 persons saw him disappear in the smoke, and, stung, blackened and all but suffocated, reappear after he had saved the plant. As he staggered to safety, Weaver was unaided cheered.

SENATOR ALDRICH COMING.

Will Make a Speech-making Tour of the South to Sound Public Sentiment.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
Washington, July 6—On the success of a speech-making tour of the south, which Senator Aldrich will make early in the fall, will depend the decision as to whether a bill for the reform of the currency system will be introduced in congress at the next session. This trip has been decided upon by President Taft and Senator Aldrich's western tour was not regarded as successful in bringing about a final verdict. If sentiment in the south proves to be favorable to a central bank, it is probable that a currency reform bill will be introduced next January, thus giving Senator Aldrich an opportunity to start the bill on the ways of congress before his announced retirement on March 4.

No Parade For Johnson.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
Chicago, July 6—Chief of Police Stewart today announced he had refused to give a permit to admirers of Jack Johnson, the champion pugilist, to hold a parade in honor of his home coming tomorrow.

The chief, in view of the trouble which has arisen in the west through which Johnson has passed on his way east, declares that there might be race trouble in Chicago if the parade were held.

"The Johnson followers had intended to meet the negro pugilist at noon tomorrow with a brass band, a long line of automobiles, and form a triumphant procession down Michigan avenue to Johnson's home on Wabash avenue."

"I don't intend to allow any parade to be held," said the chief. "I do not believe that the city should dignify the home coming of a negro pugilist by furnishing an escort of police for him. There might be all sorts of trouble over such a parade."

PROGRAM Laid OUT FOR NEXT CONGRESS

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
Washington, July 6—It became known today that before going to Beverly, Mass., President Taft insisted that all left-over business be taken up early in the next session of congress. The program already prepared is as follows:
To create the Appalachian and White Mountain forest reserve, to build up the merchant marine by a system of ship subsidies, to regulate the granting of injunctions, to permit the federal incorporation of railroads and other common carriers, to regulate the issues of stocks and bonds of transportation companies, the enactment of additional conservation measures, eight bills remaining without action; to establish a bureau of public health, to encourage the study of agriculture and the mechanical arts, for which an appropriation of \$10,000,000 is proposed; a form of civil government for Alaska, modification of the Sherman anti-trust act, modification of the postal laws and reorganization of the postal system, a plan for the retirement of civil service employees and to expedite legislation in the federal courts.

NO NOMINATION YET AT GREENSBORO

(Special to The Times.)
Greensboro, July 6—The congressional convention adjourned at 3:30 this morning, the sixty-fifth ballot showing little change from the first.

The session began at ten this morning, the sixty-sixth ballot showing no break from the last ballot of the night session. At twelve today the still ballot indicated no break—the vote being Steadman 146.68; Jones 103.05; Royster 91.27; Mebane 66.

The convention at one took recess till two-thirty after the announcement of the ninety-first ballot, Steadman 147.78; Jones 107.89; Royster 91.17; Mebane, 66.16.

Greensboro, July 6—The ninety-second ballot, taken after re-assembling at three o'clock, showed Steadman 148; Jones 99; Royster 92; Mebane 67. No signs of break.

FUNERAL OF CHIEF JUSTICE FULLER

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
Sorrento, Me., July 6—Men of national prominence today attended the simple services held over the body of Melville W. Fuller, late chief justice of the United States supreme court. His associates on the bench were represented by Justices O. W. Holmes and McKenna officially and Governor C. E. Hughes, of New York, recently appointed to the supreme court, was also present.

Many messages of regret at being unable to attend the services were received from prominent men, including President Taft and Theodore Roosevelt.

The funeral took place at Mainstay, the home of Mrs. Nathaniel Francis, where Mr. Fuller died Monday. The Rev. J. E. Freeman, who conducted the services, will accompany the body to Chicago. There it will be interred in Graceland Cemetery beside the grave of Mr. Fuller's second wife.

JEFFRIES NEARLY HOME.

Wan and Tired and Attracted Little Attention.

San Francisco, Cal., July 6—James J. Jeffries, wan, tired and disconsolate, arrived here today on his way to his home in Los Angeles and was met by a few scribbles and sporting men. Otherwise he attracted as little attention as any ordinary passenger. Stowed away in a corner compartment of his private car the big fellow took things easy and refused to speak at length on any subject.

Three weeks ago when he was here his presence attracted crowds and every one was eager to shake his hand. Now that he is vanquished the hero worshippers have turned away.

Jeffries is said now to be worth about \$250,000, including his winnings on the latest fight.

Official figures of the fight show that Gleason and Rickard will clean up at least \$100,000 on the big quarrel. The total gate receipts were \$270,775. The paid admissions were 15,760.

There were 760 complimentary tickets issued to members of the press and to others. Rickard believes 1,500 saw the fight by sneaking in or by other means.

There were sold 1,258 seats at \$50; 150 at \$40; 613 at \$30; 1,505 at \$25; 1,457 at \$20; 1,706 at \$15 and 9,050 at \$10.

The purse amounted to \$121,000 with the bonuses and the expenses \$50,000.



James Wadsworth, Jr., the young Speaker of the Assembly of the New York State Legislature, who lead the fight against Governor Hughes' direct primary bill and at the same time openly defied Colonel Roosevelt, who, as the new Republican boss of New York State, had issued orders that the bill be passed. It was for the express purpose of enacting legislation of this character that Governor Hughes had called a special session of the Legislature. But, the measure was defeated by a substantial majority.

UNION CLOAK-MAKERS GO OUT ON STRIKE

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
New York, July 6—At the sound of a whistle the strike of men and women union cloak-makers began in New York today—in response to an order issued by the executive committee of the organization.

By night, the union leaders declared, fully 30,000 will have been called out.

The committee ordering the strike consisting of 45 union men visited all union shops today. The sound of a whistle called the employees from their work and they escorted the committee to other establishments.

The demands are: Recognition of the union, increase in pay and better working conditions.

In the first hour of the committee's work more than 2,500 left their tasks.

SURVIVORS PICKED UP.

Spent the Night in An Open Boat After Ship Sank.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
New York, July 6—Three men and a boy, survivors of the two-masted schooner Garfield White, which sprang a leak and sank seven miles east of the Ambrose Channel lightship, were picked up near Arverne, L. I., today, after having drifted about all night in a small life boat.

When they were taken ashore by United States life savers they were so exhausted that they had to be carried out of the tiny boat. They said that during the night they had battled against heavy seas and had given up all hope of ever touching land again.

MISS COCKRILL MARRIES.

Daughter of Former Missouri Senator Married This Afternoon.

Norwich, Conn., July 6—Miss Anna Cockrell, daughter of former United States Senator F. M. Cockrell, of Missouri, and Lambros A. Coromilas, Greek minister at Washington, will be married quietly this afternoon at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Edison F. Gallaudet. There will be no attendants and only members of the family and a few intimate friends will be present.

The bride will be given away by her father, and the ceremony will be according to the Greek church service, the Greek priest at Washington officiating.

Big Battleship For Brazil.

London, July 6—A super-dreadnaught of 32,000 tons with an armament of twelve fourteen inch guns, and twenty-eight six and four inch guns will be built in England for Brazil. Announcement of the placing of the order with the Armstrong Company was made today.

POU BY ACCLAMATION

Fourth Congressional District Convention Held Today

Hon. E. W. Pou Nominated by the Democrats for the Sixth Time—Strong Resolutions Adopted—Mr. Pou Accepted in An Excellent Speech.

The democratic congressional convention for this district met here in the court house today at 1 o'clock and nominated Hon. E. W. Pou, of Johnston county, to succeed himself as representative of the fourth district in the national house of representatives. Mr. Pou had no opposition and received the entire vote of the six counties, the total being 274, divided as follows:

Chatham, 32; Franklin, 42; Johnston, 56; Nash, 37; Vance and Wake, 83.

The convention was called to order by the chairman of the executive committee, Hon. James R. Young, who stated that the purpose of the convention was to nominate a candidate for congress. He said that prospects were bright for a good old time democratic victory. The republican party has broken every pledge and we should sweep the county.

Judge Jacob Battle was called to act as temporary chairman. He stated that the convention was ready for business.

Mr. E. E. Britton and other press representatives were selected as secretaries. The temporary organization was then made permanent.

The secretary called the roll, and as each county was called the delegates named their member of the credentials committee, vice president, member platform and resolutions committee, and permanent organization. The following committees were selected:

Credentials Committee—Wake, C. U. Harris; Franklin, J. J. Barnes; Johnston, J. A. Weldon; Chatham, Spence Taylor; Nash, L. C. Morris; Vance, J. C. Kittrell.

Committee on Permanent Organization—Wake, Walter Clark, Jr.; Franklin, J. T. Wilson; Johnston, Ed. S. Edmondson; Chatham, H. D. Mason; Nash, B. F. Taylor; Vance, J. M. B. Hunt.

Vice Presidents—Wake, R. C. Strong; Franklin, B. W. Ballard; Johnston, W. M. Sanders; Chatham, H. D. Mason; Vance, J. B. Owen; Nash, T. M. Arrington.

Resolution and Platform Committee—Wake, B. M. Gatling; Franklin, B. T. Holden; Johnston, L. H. Allred; Chatham, Spence Taylor; Nash, R. A. P. Cooley; Vance, C. L. Blackhall.

District Committee—Wake, W. T. Turner; Johnston, C. F. Kirby; Franklin, J. B. Yarboro; Chatham, Fred W. Bynum; Nash, I. T. Vaughn; Vance, H. T. Parnell.

The vice presidents were requested to come forward and be seated in the bar.

A roll call was had and a list of delegates was handed in to the secretaries.

Upon motion of Judge Winston the report of the credentials committee was dispensed with.

Mr. L. H. Allred, of Selma, in a short speech placed the name of Hon. E. W. Pou before the convention. "He is a man of broad statesmanship and noble qualities. He is a man in every way qualified to discharge the duties of a representative in the national congress."

"The great people of old Johnston have faced every crisis bravely and nobly. They have contributed to the rebuilding of the south. In the cataclysm of 1894 they stood faithful, and in the great uprising they battled for noble purposes of the party. It is for those people that I speak, who place the name of their son, a man who stands upon the highest legislative committee of the world. A man who guards every right of his constituency and for the everlasting glory of the commonwealth. A man who believes in the ideals of his fathers, in a republic which does not retreat. He believes the honor and integrity of the country to be more than the wealth of the world."

Mr. Allred's nominating speech, while short, was a most eloquent one.

Judge Winston, of Raleigh, seconded the nomination of Mr. Pou, paying a glowing tribute to his great ability. "There is no man in congress who is higher than Ed. Pou. It doesn't matter how many times you send him to congress, he will never get too big for his pantaloons."

Mr. Charles U. Harris, representing the young men of the democracy,

REPORTED THAT BONDS WERE STOLEN

Charged That \$400,000 Worth of Southern Railway Bonds Were Stolen From Trust Co.

BEFORE GRAND JURY

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
New York, July 6—Details of the theft of \$400,000 worth of bonds from the Carnegie Trust Company were laid before the grand jury and the district attorney this afternoon by Attorney Henry B. Twombly, representing Charles E. Wellborn, a local broker.

Mr. Wellborn owned the bonds and had them on deposit with the Carnegie Company as collateral for a loan of \$25,000. That the bonds had disappeared was noticed just after the death of ex-President Charles Coulter Dickinson, of the trust company, who was reported to have been overcome by fumes while watching an experiment in the transmutation of silver in the laboratory of Dr. F. W. Lange, at Scranton, Pa.

Mr. Wellborn is now trying to get back his bonds. When the theft was reported to him he called in Attorney Twombly.

Attorney Abram Levy was also called in by Mr. Wellborn. The two lawyers held a conference with the district attorney this morning. The grand jury concludes its investigations today.

Mr. Twombly is said to have told the district attorney and the grand jury that during the last few months he had made repeated demands on the trust company for the return of the bonds and that he was informed they could not be found.

The broker then made an investigation of his own, and it is reported that he found the bonds had been sold by C. W. Chapman & Co., brokers.

Ex-Judge Keener, representing the Carnegie Company, was next approached and he said that none of the officials of the trust company knew anything about the matter. Upon getting this reply Mr. Wellborn went before the district attorney.

The bonds are Southern Railway securities.

Ex-Judge Keener, when seen today, said he did not understand that any bonds had been stolen from the trust company. President Reighman, of the trust company, was with Keener at the time.

"All that I know of this matter is what I have just heard from a newspaper man," said Mr. Keener. "He told me someone had gone before the district attorney. I understand from him that Mr. Wellborn had turned the bonds over to Chapman & Co. I was also informed that Mr. Wellborn had obtained all of the bonds with the exception of \$100,000. As to the Carnegie Trust Company being concerned directly in the matter, that is all news to me. I know nothing directly of any robbery."

The death of Dickinson was set in such unusual surroundings that the case seemed to come into the class of fiction instead of as a matter of cold fact. An alchemist, Dr. F. W. Lange, of Scranton, Pa., attracted Dickinson for a financial venture.

Dr. Lange claimed, and still claims that he can make silver in the laboratory out of base metals, one part silver and 99 base. Dickinson heard of this laboratory possibility and went to Scranton to see with his own eyes the alchemist perform the feat that has absorbed alchemists for centuries.

The banker was shown a pot with matter in it heated to 4,000 degrees and from this stew of metals arose the fumes of a deadly gas.

Here an atom of silver was to be increased to 100 times its weight and the silver wealth of the world would

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