

THE WEATHER

For Raleigh and Vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Saturday; slightly warmer. For North Carolina: Partly cloudy tonight and Saturday.

The Evening Times

LAST EDITION

ESTABLISHED 1876.

RALEIGH, N. C., FRIDAY, JULY 22, 1910.

PRICE 5 CENTS.

Double the Number of Paid Subscribers in the City of Raleigh of Any Other Newspaper.

NO CHANGE IN STRIKE SITUATION

Grand Trunk Trainmen, However Expect Engineers and Firemen to Join Them

TELEGRAPH WIRES CUT

If Engineers and Firemen Strike It Will Tie Up Passenger As Well As Freight Traffic—Strikers Claim That Passenger Trains Are Now Being Manned by Inefficient Men. Telegraph Wires Cut in Several Places, Dispatchers Using Telephone.

(By Leased Wire to The Times)

Detroit, Mich., July 22—Striking Grand Trunk trainmen assert that engineers and firemen on the road will strike with them inside of 24 hours, completely tying up the passenger as well as freight service of the road. The feeling exists that if the Grand Trunk is successful in combatting the standard wage scale, it would open the door for other roads to make a fight.

In Canada, the strikers say they will bring to the attention of the Dominion railway commission the fact that passenger trains are being operated against the law, manned by inexperienced men. This may also result in a passenger tie-up. Crossing the river yesterday to act as strike-breakers in Windsor, two dozen men were deported by the Canadian immigration officers, assisted by striking trainmen.

Telegraph wires between Detroit and Grand Rapids were cut in several places last night and the train dispatchers were forced to use the telephone.

Progress of the Strike.

Montreal, July 22—With the strike-breakers on the Grand Trunk and the Central Vermont Railroads armed, the lines guarded, the strikers in an ugly mood and small riots already raging, serious collisions between the opposing forces are feared for today. While the railroad officials say that they are succeeding in operating the lines satisfactorily and that they will not yield to the demands of the men nor even take the strikers back on the old terms, the determination of the strikers to win only grows every day that the strike is prolonged. The arbitration by the Canadian government through W. L. MacKenzie, minister of labor, appears to have small chance of success. The (Continued On Page Seven.)

MORMONS DRIVEN OUT OF GERMANY

(By Cable to The Times)

Berlin, July 22—All American Mormons will be driven out of Germany by orders of the government. Official cognizance has finally been taken of the attempt of a number of Mormons to extend their propaganda in Germany and today the police aided a meeting held by a number of the Latter Day Saints.

The mission was in the heart of the city and was being organized by 21 Mormons from Utah. There were a number of German women in the meeting place. All the men were placed under arrest and the women were sent to their homes, with a warning to let Mormonism alone and attend to their homes.

The Mormon leader is John Kay, of Salt Lake City, Utah. The Mormon elders were arraigned in the police court and were told that their doctrines were not wanted in Germany. They were ordered to leave the country forthwith.

Seventy Thousand Stolen.

(By Leased Wire to The Times) New York, July 22—It was discovered today that \$70,000 worth of securities had been stolen from the Russo-Chinese bank, 52 Pine street. There is no clue to the thief.

THE BATH TUB TRUST

Suit Brought to Dissolve the Trust

Suit Brought in Baltimore Under Sherman Act to Dissolve the Combination—Is One of Most Absolute Trusts in the Country.

(By Leased Wire to The Times)

Baltimore, July 22—The government filed suit here today to dissolve the "bath tub trust", the annual output of which is \$100,000,000.

The suit, which was filed in the United States circuit court, is in the form of a bill of equity under the Sherman anti-trust act, asking the dissolution of the sanitary ironware combination made up of 16 manufacturers.

The bill was filed by Edwin P. Grosvenor, special assistant to the attorney general, and Joseph Darling, special agent of the department. The investigation disclosed that the 16 manufacturing firms have entered into a combination controlling the prices and terms of sale of their products throughout the United States. The bill alleges that they compel all jobbers to sign iron-bound contracts as a condition of obtaining their goods, and refuse to sell to anyone not signing such uniform contracts. They have also advanced prices, it is charged.

Proof is in the possession of the government that the 16 manufacturers gave complete authority to E. L. Wayman, the former secretary of the Enamelled Ironware Association to dictate prices to the trade.

Wayman introduced himself to the dealers of the country as licensor and claimed to have purchased all of the controlling patents. He said he had granted licensing to the 16 companies to manufacture under these patents a product which was to be stamped with a monogram, meaning "licensed sanitary enameled ironware".

On June 1 Mr. Wayman issued an ultimatum to all "blue listed" jobbers in the United States that unless they signed a contract with one of the 16 companies, to buy exclusively from the trust and be governed by the prices he dictated they could not purchase at all from the combination.

The "blue listed" jobbers were also told by Mr. Wayman that if they dealt with the trust they could not resell its wares to any jobbers not on the "blue list". The "blue list" is a secret bulletin issued by the national committee of the confederate supply association of New York, which is controlled by a clique of manufacturers and "exclusive" jobbers.

The government contends that the novel scheme of perfecting a combination through a license agreement is only a screen to hide a flagrant violation of the Sherman law. Wayman's claim of purchasing the controlling patents is characterized as simply a subterfuge.

The far-reaching effects of the combination, had it been perfected, are emphasized by the fact that it would have imposed an extra tax on the country of \$25,000,000 a year. At a secret meeting last spring at the Hotel Astor in New York City the prime movers in the trust planned to raise prices 25 per cent. on a yearly output of \$100,000,000.

The products whose cost would have been increased include not only bath tubs, but also drinking fountains, wash basins, sinks, shower receptacles, lavatories and practically all other enameled sanitary devices which have become absolutely necessary in a home equipped according to present standards of health.

Francis J. Torrance is credited with being the master mind of the combination. He has long been the dominating spirit of the Standard Sanitary Manufacturing Company, of Pittsburg, Pa., which today controls nearly 65 per cent. of this business.

FREIGHT RATES ON SALT.

Kansas Says Rates Are Discriminatory and Hurt Industry.

Washington, July 22—Complaint was filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission today by the Board of Railway Commissioners of the state of Kansas declaring the present rate charged on salt shipped from points in the state of Kansas to points in Missouri and vice versa to be so discriminatory and exorbitant that they practically cripple the salt industry. Complaints say that the industry of mining and manufacturing salt is the most important in the state and that 3,000,000 barrels are shipped out of the state annually.

Complaint was also filed by the International Salt Company of Illinois against rates on salt shipments between points in New York and the middle west.



Miss Alice Thaw and her divorced husband, the Earl of Yarmouth. It will be recalled that the Earl held up the marriage to Miss Thaw, for a half hour for the additional sum of \$500,000, he having already received \$1,000,000 previously. Today the Earl is "broke" and is now doing fancy dancing steps on the London stage, which earned him an honest living before the Thaw millions loomed on his horizon.

EPISCOPALS TO MEET

General Convention to be Held at Cincinnati in October

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

North Carolina's Delegates Divided—Laity and Clergy Being the Two Sets—Several Important Questions to Come Up—Change Name of Church Proposed—Most Important Meeting Church Ever Held—Large Delegation From North Carolina to Attend.

(Special to The Times.)

Charlotte, N. C., July 22—The Episcopal world and many of the leading members of that church in this state are already beginning to look forward with pleasure to the approaching meeting of the general convention of the Episcopal church in October next, when representatives of the laity and of the clergy will gather in large numbers at Cincinnati, Ohio, for the meeting which takes place only one time in every three years.

North Carolina Delegates. Although this convention, held every three years, is representative of the whole United States and of the missions in foreign lands, under the control of the church, each diocese in the union is treated as a unit, and has its own delegation, clerical and lay, at the great assembly of the entire church in this country.

The two sets of delegates, the clergy and the laity, will be represented from the North Carolina diocese as follows: The representatives of the clergy: Bishop Josepha Blount Cheshire, of Raleigh; Rt. Rev. E. A. Osborne, of Charlotte; Rev. A. R. Berkeley, Rev. I. McK. Pittinger, D. D.; Rev. S. S. Bost. Representatives of the laity: Hon. J. C. Buxton, Winston; Hon. Richard H. Battle, Mr. W. J. Irwin and Hon. John Henderson.

Nine Hundred Delegates. The conference, or assembly, held every three years, is divided into two (Continued On Page Seven.)

AMERICAN CARGOES TO BE PROTECTED

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Washington, July 22—Telegrams were sent today to seven American firms in New Orleans engaged in trade with Bluefields, and which used Norwegian vessels, for the purpose of advising them of the attitude of this government in respect to the blockade of Bluefields.

Norway recently recognized the blockade by the Madrid faction by declaring her inability to protect the ships flying the Norwegian flag and holding that any Norwegian vessel captured by Madrid was liable to seizure. The state department today holds that there was not an effective blockade of Bluefields by reason of the fact that both the Venus and the San Jacinto left Bluefields on several occasions for extended trips.

It is also held that both of these vessels have violated all prohibitions of international law and cannot therefore be recognized as naval vessels in any sense of the word.

This government gives the assurance that American cargoes no matter in what vessel they are carried, will be fully protected.

A copy of the conclusions of the state department, has been sent to the Norwegian charge d'affaires here, just what that country's position in the matter will be is not now known. Consul Moffat today advised the state department that Vice Consul Clancy at Bluefields had handed in his resignation. He is the man, it is said, who acted in a like capacity for Norway, sending that country erroneous reports which led that government to formally recognize the blockade of Bluefields.

More Than Two Million For King.

(By Cable to The Times)

London, July 22—The house of commons today adopted resolutions authorizing \$2,350,000 for the king's civil list and making other allowances for the royal family. The vote was 197 to 19. The laborites put up a fight to reduce the allowances, but were beaten. King George was made exempt from the income tax by special legislation.

BANK GOES TO THE WALL

Peoples Bank of Chapel Hill Closed Yesterday Afternoon

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Bad Loans Cause of the Closing—It is Thought That Depositors Will Be Paid—Receiver Appointed Today.

Bank Examiner J. K. Doughton closed the doors of the Peoples Bank of Chapel Hill yesterday afternoon, by order of the corporation commission.

The cause of the closing was that the bank was carrying too many bad loans. Mr. Doughton will have charge of the affairs until the receiver is named, which was done today, Commissioner Rogers going to Durham this morning for that purpose.

The assets of the bank are given at \$78,116.37; loans, \$31,144.52; time deposits, \$11,855.63, and deposits subject to check \$12,038.38. The capital of the bank is only \$5,000.

The officers are: J. D. Webb, president; Herbert Lloyd, vice-president; W. H. Harbeck, cashier; W. C. Lloyd, assistant cashier; C. B. Griffin, J. M. Nevills, J. T. Harris, J. D. Webb, Herbert Lloyd, and H. H. Williams, directors.

Attorney R. O. Everett, of Durham, went to Winston today to appear before Judge Bell and ask that a receiver be appointed.

Congressman Guilty.

(By Leased Wire to The Times)

Boston, July 22—Congressman Joseph F. O'Connell in the Dorchester district court today was found guilty of the charge of distributing campaign literature at a polling place last fall. He was fined \$20.

Purchased Somerset.

(By Leased Wire to The Times)

Washington, July 22—The Washington team has purchased for cash Third-baseman Somerset, of Terre Haute in the Central League.

MANY HAVE BEEN MURDER FOR REVENGE

(By Leased Wire to The Times)

Chicago, Ill., July 22—Coroner Hoffman announced today that a clew had been discovered leading to the belief that Ira G. Rawn, president of the Monon Railway, had been murdered for revenge.

Coroner Hoffman made this announcement after a conference with C. Furness Hatley, foreman of the coroner's jury impelled to investigate the killing.

Immediately upon receiving the information, Coroner Hoffman sent for Acting Chief of Police Schuetler, and the two officials and Mr. Hatley held a lengthy conference in Coroner Hoffman's private office.

Coroner Hoffman said that his information directed suspicion against a negro who, he said, had a motive to kill Mr. Rawn for some reason growing out of trivial business relations. Beyond this statement Coroner Hoffman would say nothing about the information.

Meantime the greatest apprehension is felt over the condition of Mrs. Rawn, widow of the slain railroad president because of her condition. She is in a state of collapse that has become more complete every day since the tragedy and all night she was under the constant care of a physician.

SUICIDE BY DROWNING IN A FOUNTAIN-POOL

(Special to The Times)

Asheville, July 22—The dead body of John Morrison, an aged insurance agent, was found in the fountain-pool behind the county court house early Thursday morning, with all indications pointing to suicide.

The care-taker of the grounds was attracted to the pool by seeing a cap lying on the curb, and on investigation the dead body was found to be that of Morrison.

According to information received from the house where Morrison lived, he had gone to his room about 10 o'clock the night before. It is not known at what time he left the house, but it is evident that he slipped out quietly, as he had removed his shoes before leaving the house. It is thought that ill-health and possibly mental troubles was the cause of the act.

Morrison came here from New York about eight years ago and went to work for the Virginia Insurance Company and continued with them up to a few months ago. He then secured employment with another insurance company here, but a few months ago resigned, or was relieved, on account of ill-health.

It is said that some time ago he told a friend that he was "about ready to give up the fight".

The dead man leaves a wife here, and two sons in New York.

A ROWDY CONVENTION

The Session Breaks Up In a Row Among the Delegates

Godwin Forces Attempted to Oust Cumberland and New Hanover Delegates—Chairman Bellamy Deposed—Godwin Delegates Withdrew From the Convention—Clark Nominated by Regulars.

(Special to The Times)

Wilmington, N. C., July 22—After the most turbulent session the sixth congressional convention ever held, early this morning on the 43rd ballot they nominated Hon. O. L. Clark, of Clarkton. The nomination followed one of the most sensational conventions ever held here.

The delegates were divided into two factions—the Godwin followers and the Field. The Godwin forces refused to vote in the convention. After Clark's nomination early this morning, the Godwin forces met with George H. Bellamy, deposed as chairman by the field, presiding. The Godwin forces decided to hold a meeting later on today. The advice from the beach now say they are in session and sensational developments are anticipated. The delegates are at daggers points. It was a deadlock yesterday afternoon when the Godwin forces attempted to tarow out the votes of Cumberland and New Hanover. They claimed that those delegates were appointed by the executive committee and not elected. A meeting of the executive committee was called, at which Geo. H. Bellamy, temporary chairman, was deposed and Wm. E. Springer elected instead. When the convention was called to order both chairmen attempted to preside. Great disorder reigned for hours. The house was in a perfect turmoil. Policemen from the city were summoned and these got the convention to order at 8 p. m. last night. Gilbert F. Patterson, of Robeson, was elected permanent chairman. Springer retired, but Bellamy kept his place as chairman of the Godwin forces. The convention proceeded to balloting. The Godwin forces refused to vote in the convention, declaring that they did not recognize the legality of the organization. They were in the minority, ratio 104 to 148. There was much jockeying on the ballots. The votes swinging from one candidate to another. Chairman Patterson ruled that where the Godwin forces would not vote, the vote could be cast by the minority delegates, therefore the full vote of the convention was polled on every ballot and the Godwin votes were counted. The break came at 1 a. m. Hon. O. L. Clark, of Clarkton, being nominated. The house was in wild disorder. The Godwin forces immediately withdrew, saying that they would hold a meeting today with Mr. Bellamy as chairman to take action as they may see fit. The situation was tense. Pandemonium reigned. There was one fistfight. Order could not be secured on the floor for six hours until policemen secured from the city arrived. Whenever the majority would attempt to proceed with the business the Godwin forces would drown out everything with megaphones, yells, etc.

It looks now as if the Godwin element will nominate their man also, making two candidates for congress. If this is done the matter will probably go to the state democratic executive committee for adjustment. Many former Godwin followers are incensed at the position assumed by Bellamy and his cohorts, and the sentiment of course is with Clark.

STOLE ABOUT \$35,000. Young Teller Got Away With This Amount of Banks Funds. (By Leased Wire to The Times)

New York, July 22—Vice President Charles E. Orville, of the Greenwald Bank, a state institution, admitted today that the amount of money taken from the young teller, Walter Hall, from the vault of the Herald Square branch of the bank was \$35,000. Hall disappeared July 3rd.

It is understood that the matter is in the hands of a private detective agency.

Much sympathy is expressed for Hall's wife, who is ill at her home in Brooklyn, where she had been living with her husband and two small children.

President Duncan of the Greenwald Bank, advanced the theory that Hall had become temporarily deranged by the heat and expressed confidence that the young man would be found ill in a hospital.

BRITISH STRIKE SETTLED.

(By Leased Wire to The Times)

Newcastle, Eng., July 22—Traffic resumed on the Northeastern Railroad as result of settlement. (By Cable to The Times)

Newcastle, Eng., July 22—Traffic on the Northeastern Railroad was resumed today as a result of the settlement of the strike of 12,000 employees. The service is discontinued, however, and it will be several days before train schedules are carried out on the old system.

Estimates of the loss caused by the three day strike show that they will be enormous. Conservative figures fix the loss suffered by the corporation, employees and general trade at \$6,000,000.

Considerable dissatisfaction is expressed by a large number of the employees, but there is little doubt that they will all go back to work.

MANY ACTS OF HEROISM AT FORT MONROE

Injured Men Directed Work Removing Bodies and More Seriously Injured

CAUSE OF ACCIDENT

(By Leased Wire to The Times)

Fort Monroe, Va., July 22—Flower covered coffins, side by side under the old elms behind the walls of Fortress Monroe, bore mute evidence today to the tragedy which occurred at Battery De Russay yesterday. The funeral of the men was held this afternoon on the parade ground. Chaplain William R. Scott officiated. The garrison turned out to give the last token of respect to their comrades.

The men who had been their companions when the explosion occurred, and who were suffering in the hospital, begged to be carried to the scene on stretchers, but this was impossible.

Each coffin was wrapped in the American flag, while on top of each was placed a bouquet of southern roses. The fourth artillery band furnished the funeral music and sounded taps.

Three were buried at Hampton; the others were taken to their homes.

Much Sympathy Expressed. Washington, July 22—Officers of the line and general staff on duty at the war department express their deepest sympathy today for the men who lost their lives or were injured in the premature explosion on the big 12-inch gun at Fortress Monroe yesterday. Major General Leonard Wood, chief of staff, sent a telegram to Colonel Townsley, commanding at the fort, telling of his sympathy and conveying his appreciation of the excellent conduct of the wounded officer and men following the explosion. General Wood said today that it was his belief that the accident was due to a tension in the line, which set off the charge of powder before the breech block returned and locked.

Just what was responsible for the explosion is not known definitely but (Continued on Page Six.)

RACE TROUBLE BREAKS OUT IN MISSISSIPPI

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Carroll, Miss., July 22—Frenzied by the killing of seven of their race yesterday by Deputy Sheriff Sid Caulty, the negroes of this section wrathfully armed themselves today, determined upon vengeance. So widespread was their action, covering miles in area and including many hundreds of the black population, that the local authorities considered it an open defiance to race war and they prepared accordingly. Word has been sent to the governor at Jackson that it may be necessary to call upon him to preserve order. It has been intimated at the capitol that the troops will be rushed to the scene of the disturbance at any hour they are asked.

The negroes killed were wanted on a charge of assault. A few days ago Sheriff McKinzie went to the farm of Henry Beck, a negro, to arrest them, but failed to do so. They threatened death to any white man that came after them. Then Caulty went after them. When he made known his mission the seven negroes advanced on him with axes and pitchforks to cut him down. With a six shooter in each hand he killed five as they came. Two others died of their wounds.

Mothers keep children in their teens longer than fathers do.