

The Raleigh Daily Times

Vol. LXIX. No. 21.

WEATHER—Unsettled.

RALEIGH, N. C., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 25, 1911.

LAST EDITION.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

Double the Number of Paid Subscribers in the City of Raleigh of Any Other Newspaper.

THE SENATE APPROVES THE SALARY BILL

Pharr Introduces Bill to Amend the General Insurance Laws of the State

ROAD BILL BY SIKES

Sikes Bill to Encourage Road Building in North Carolina—Bill by Cox of Jackson to Raise Revenue for the Protection of the Forests of North Carolina—Bill by Graham to Provide for the Settlement, Registration, Transfer, and Assurance of Real Estate—Many Other Bills, Some Important, Some Not.

The senate, by an overwhelming vote, today passed Senator Gardner's bill increasing the governor's salary from \$1,000 to \$6,000 per year, the bill to become effective at the beginning of the term of the next chief executive. Senator Graham's amendment to increase the salary to \$5,000 was lost, he and Senator Sigmon casting the only two votes against the Gardner bill.

The special order for debate on the Lenoir and Blowing Rock Turnpike Company bill was deferred until tomorrow.

A great many new bills were introduced at today's session, the most notable being two by Senator Pharr amending the general insurance laws of the state, one of them relating to classes of insurance. Other important bills introduced were by Senator Barham, exempting practicing dentists from jury service; by Senator Hobgood, increasing the salary of superior court judges to \$3,500 per year and allowing them \$1,000 for traveling expenses; by Senator Costen, providing for settlement, registration, transfer, and assurance of real estate, and by Senator Sikes to encourage road building in North Carolina by issuing bonds.

Eight bills of a local nature were ratified and the senate received a number of bills from the house, all of them being local measures. The senate session lasted over two hours, and during that time a considerable amount of work was done.

SENATE PROCEEDINGS.

The senate met at 11 o'clock, President Newland presiding, and Rev. Mr. Farmer making the invocation.

Senator Sikes of Wake offered a petition, memorial of S. A. Ashe.

New Bills Offered.

Pharr, of Mecklenburg: Amend the general insurance laws of North Carolina; also amend the general insurance laws regulating classes of insurance.

Bassett of Edgecombe: Relative to (Continued on Page Five.)

COTTON SUPPLY FOR FOUR MONTHS PERIOD

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Washington, Jan. 25.—The census report issued today shows cotton supply for four months period ended December 31, 1910, to be 11,852,529 bales made up of 1,249,614 bales stocks at the beginning of the period; 10,731,204 bales ginned and 60,575 bales imported. Distribution is, exports 4,373,340 bales; consumption, 1,576,442 bales; stocks at the close of December 5,823,138 bales. Segregation of stocks held at close of December: manufacturers 1,356,436; independent warehouses, 3,027,210; elsewhere 1,198,492 bales.

Washington Wants Curfew Law.

Washington, Jan. 25.—One hundred prominent residents of Washington will be organized into a committee to investigate conditions relating to the presence of young girls on the streets of the capital at night, as revealed by members of the Washington curfew club. The committee will be divided into sections, and each assigned to separate districts of the city to observe the actions of the girls.

The first object of the committee of 100 will be to procure the passage of a curfew regulation which will make the presence of children under 16 years of age on the streets after 9 o'clock at night punishable by fines and imprisonment.

HOKE COUNTY FIGHT

Heard Last Night Before the Joint Committee

North Robeson and Rowland Counties Are Added to the Bill to Kill Hoke, Declare Speakers—Warm Contest With Enthusiasm at High Pitch—Senator Webb Closes by Paying Tribute to Gen. Hoke.

The joint committee on counties, cities and towns were kept busy all yesterday afternoon and last night with the fight for the new counties, namely: Hoke, Rowland and North Robeson. Crowds had been pouring into the city until it was full with men wearing their badges, "Hoke County" and similar ones. The hall of the house of representatives was packed, and as each speaker advanced his claim a series of crossfire questions were hurled back and forth. Something like three hundred were here urging these three, proposed counties, the opposition coming mainly from Fayetteville, Lumberton, Red Springs and North Cumberland. It was the warmest county fight to come yet during the present general assembly and their enthusiasm boiled over, they kept the chairman busy rapping for order.

Messrs. R. H. Hayes and C. A. Webb led the fight for Hoke, and they won the opening and closing arguments.

Mr. R. H. Hayes, of Pittsboro, opened the debate, speaking at length for Hoke county. He argued that to cut off a part of Robeson would then leave it the largest county in the state, nor would Hoke be a pauper county. The June assessment would give it a valuation of \$3,600,000. The population would be about 12,000 and it would be heavily democratic. He declared that the fight for the other two counties was simply to defeat the Hoke proposition, at least it is simply "Hoke or no Hoke."

Senator McLachlin introduced the bill and spoke feelingly in favor of it. He declared that it will not be a deficit county as some had said.

North Robeson was advanced by Mr. A. E. Seawell, of Sanford, who said that Hoke would be a pauper county and he ridiculed the argument and figures of Mr. Hayes. A map was produced showing the relative positions of the counties.

Prof. Stacey, of Rowland High School, spoke for North Robeson county, saying that its county seat would be Rowland and the people find it extremely hard to get clear to Lumberton to attend to court matters. He plead for a chance to let the people vote on the proposition.

At the night session quite a crowd of Fayetteville citizens appeared in opposition to the Hoke county movement. Messrs. R. H. Dye and D. K. McBride each declared that Cumberland would go republican if the corner is cut off and given to Hoke, for that part of the county practically saves the ticket at each election.

Ex-Congressman Gilbert Patterson spoke against any change at all and gave some interesting figures concerning the railroads and conditions.

After many other speeches, Mr. Charles A. Webb closed for Hoke in a very warm speech. He said that these other two county propositions were designed merely for tactics in an effort to defeat Hoke county; also that the establishment of this county would settle the family row now going on in Robeson. In concluding he paid a fine tribute to Gen. R. F. Hoke, after whom this new county is to be named.

The meeting adjourned about 11:15 without giving any decision on how they would report to the house and senate.

DE LESSEPS MARRIED.

Count Jacques DeLesseps Married to Miss Grace McKenzie.

London, Jan. 25.—Count Jacques De Lesseps' romance of the air culminated at the altar today when he and Miss Grace McKenzie, a Canadian belle, were married at St. James Church in the presence of a fashionable assemblage. The bridesmaids were Miss Ethel McKenzie and Miss Mabel Magher. Mrs. W. W. Beardmore was matron of honor. All wore pale pink chiffon with blue sashes and large pink tulle hats.

Miss McKenzie was given away by her father, Sir William McKenzie, the famous Canadian railroad builder. The bride and groom will spend their honeymoon in Egypt. Though they will maintain a permanent residence in Paris they will spend much time in America and Canada.



Edna Goodrich, the defendant in the Stubbs case, who is now suing him for divorce. It developed Friday that Goodrich had received a check for \$1,700.00 at the time of her fourth marriage with the proviso that he and his wife should share equally in the income until the death of either, whereupon the entire amount should belong to the survivor. Goodrich, it seems, is now basing her suit on the fact that she and her husband had agreed to break the agreement, and Mrs. Goodrich is just as busy preparing herself to thwart the attempt he may make in that direction. A referee has been appointed to take the divorce testimony.

WILL OPPOSE TAFT

New Progressive League Opposed to President

Insurgents' League Openly Opposing the Renomination of President Taft—Regard Taft as a Reactionary.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.) Washington, Jan. 25.—With the hope of enriching itself in the public confidence as the militant advocate of progressive legislation, the National Progressive Republican League is openly opposing the renomination of William Howard Taft for the presidency.

The league hopes to strengthen the popular impression that Taft is a reactionary and in thorough sympathy with the "old guard."

The president does not propose, however, to allow the league to take the wind out of his sails in this fashion. In his two remaining years of office he hopes to prove himself a sound and sane progressive and regain much of the popular support that was lost through the passage of the Payne-Aldrich tariff.

There is no denying the fact that seasoned republican managers are afraid of the new organization. The president, himself, is said to feel that the league is a direct menace to his nomination in 1912, and is not making the mistake of underestimating its influence.

Vitality is assured to the new movement by the presence among its organizers and supporters of Jonathan Bourne, of Oregon; Charles R. Crane, of Chicago; and Clifford Pinchot. All of these men have ample fortunes, and have shown a disposition not to be niggardly in supporting any movement which they conceive to be for the public good. Pinchot and Crane are bitter enemies of Taft. In fact most of the members of the league are anti-Taft men.

The relation of Colonel Roosevelt to the league is a matter of endless speculation. Some say the organizers of the movement declined the co-operation of the ex-president, because they feared the public might regard it as merely an instrument to promote the third term movement. Others say Roosevelt has refused to come out in the open against Taft. The fact remains, however, that Clifford Pinchot used every possible influence with the ex-president to bring him within the fold.

The league has not announced its program for 1912. Senator La Follette is undoubtedly the strongest candidate it could offer for the presidency.

STUBBS BILL HEARING IN LOWER HOUSE

Debate on Constitutional Convention Bill Opened by Representative Stubbs

MANY LOCAL BILLS

House Has Busy Session, Grinding Out Many Matters Before the Special Order, the Constitutional Convention Bill Was Debated—Bill to Let Board of Agriculture Pay Debt of A. & N. On Out of Budget—Bill to Amend Law Relating to Chain and Heavy Freight Cars.

The house convened at 10 o'clock, Speaker Dowdell presiding. At 10:30 a bill of Raleigh, introduced Tuesday, a procedural bill, was reported favorably.

Only one petition was presented, this being by Cass of Anson, from 90 per cent of Anson's farmers, praying for a change in the law relating to the purchase or leasing of land.

Practical Committee Reports, (Except as Otherwise Noted.)

Amendments: To be passed by a vote of 100 yeas and 20 nays, out of all reported bills.

To reserve the title, subject to Lincoln and Catawba counties.

Judiciary No. 1.

To provide for a district court in the county of Madison, subject to confirmation by congress.

To prohibit the manufacture and sale of bear-skin and badger in North Carolina. Sent to committee on commerce.

To amend the constitution and add to it the following: "The county of Madison shall be divided into two townships."

To establish a special criminal court for Washington, and for Long View and Chesapeake townships in Beaufort county.

To amend the constitution, which shall be subject to the action of the people in a future election. (Unfavorable report.)

To amend the law relating to the delivery of mail.

To amend the law relating to the venue of a trial.

To amend the law relating to the work on Sunday. (Unfavorable report.)

Propositions and Grievances, of Wake county.

To allow Camden and Cumberland counties to establish their boundary lines.

To authorize Anson county to keep bloodhounds.

To allow the Charlotte Park and (Continued on Page Two.)

VOTE BUYING IN CANNON'S DISTRICT

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Parvill, Ill., Jan. 25.—Investigation of vote buying in every county of the eighth congressional district, Cannon's district, was planned here today and following the inquiry into the sale of votes in Vermilion county, the next will be moved to Edgar county.

The census of local politicians, who know of the vote-seekers has numbered the grand jury considerably; and Foreman Woodard is threatening to sue to oust it. Phillips had the office of Sheriff Shepard fail to serve subpoenas.

City Attorney Frank Jones will be called to the stand today and will answer several other questions.

Vote selling is said to have been prevalent in Edgar, Kanawha and Boone counties, also in Cannon's district, as it was here.

Prof. Fox a Suicide.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.) Winchester, Ky., Jan. 25.—Professor Edward C. Fox, a well known educator and uncle of John Fox, the novelist, committed suicide some time during the night by hanging. His body was found this morning.



Mr. Daniel Phillips, author of the book 'The Story of the American Federation of Labor'.

DAVID PHILLIPS DEAD

Author Succumbs to Bullet of Assassin

Hundred of Messages of Sympathy Received by the Family—Body Removed to the Home.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.) New York, Jan. 25.—The death of David Phillips, author of the book 'The Story of the American Federation of Labor', was announced today by the family. He was shot by an assassin in the city of New York.

Hundreds of messages of sympathy were received by members of the Phillips family today when the funeral services were being conducted and arrangements were being made for the removal of the body to the home in the city of New York.

The funeral services will be held in the city of New York.

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CASE AGAINST BOYCOTTERS

Famous Contempt Case Nearing the End

Verdicts in the Case Against Gompers, Mitchell, and Morrison Will Be Made Tomorrow—Story of the Case.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.) Washington, Jan. 25.—The question in the case against Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, Samuel Mitchell, of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, and John Morrison, of the International Union of Marine and Shipbuilding Workers of America, in the district court in the city of New York, will be made tomorrow.

Verdicts in the case involving the boycott of the St. Louis, Mo., and the American Federation of Labor, will be made tomorrow.

The case against Gompers, Mitchell, and Morrison will be made tomorrow.

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THE CLOSING ARGUMENT IN SCHENCK TRIAL

Prosecutor Handlan Summing Up the Case Against the Woman For the State

Phillips Denounced

Attorney Boyce Terrifically Denounces Daniel Phillips—Says He Should Not be Allowed to Return to the County—Declares Mrs. Schenck Never Asked Mrs. Kline to Poison Her Husband—Woman Spent a Sleepless Night, Crying Nearly All the Time—Handlan Makes Strong Speech for State.

Phillips Denounced

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Washington, W. Va., Jan. 25.—Daniel Phillips, whom sweetheart of Mrs. Emma Farnsworth Schenck was denounced in scathing terms as a traitor to the woman who cared for him when she was in the case were resumed today.

"This man betrayed and testified against the woman who had lavished money and love on him," declared Attorney Boyce when he took up the argument where he had left off yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Schenck came into court on the fifth day of her trial looking worn and haggard. The county jail officials said she had cried all through the night and had secured practically no sleep.

As the argument court she said she was glad that her ordeal was nearly over.

"I am going to be freed," she said, "and then I will go back to my children. Oh, it has been horrible!"

When Boyce resumed his argument he said that it would not take long to conclude and it is believed the case will go to the jury before night.

For the first time since Judge Jordan banished his order forbidding the attendance of women at the trial, a woman was present today. She was Miss Annabel Sharp, representing a Cleveland newspaper.

Continuing his argument, Attorney Boyce said in a dramatic manner:

"Gentlemen, I say, as every other man in this country who has red blood in his veins would say, that John Schenck has the God-given right to kill on sight the scoundrel worm that betrayed Mrs. Schenck."

Again referring to Phillips, Boyce exclaimed:

"Thank God in Heaven that Daniel Phillips has left this court room and may Heaven interpose and never allow him to enter Ohio county again."

Mr. Boyce took up the testimony of chauffeur Lundy Wilson, identifying it as the man who had been seen in the city of New York, identifying the man who had been seen in the city of New York.

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CARELESS SMOKER CAUSES SEVEN DEATHS

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Pittston, Pa., Jan. 25.—Seven men were instantly killed in the mine of the Erie Coal Company near here today when a miner smoking a pipe carelessly to rules carelessly shook a live spark into a quantity of blasting powder causing an explosion which destroyed a portion of the mine. Michael Ruch, foreman, and six foreign miners were blown to bits and fifteen other miners were entombed by the explosion but were rescued.

The powder was being hauled into the mine and the men had extinguished their lamps but one of the foreigners forgot about his pipe. Rescue parties brought the survivors to the surface. All of them are suffering from burns and bruises.

Riot Over Weddings.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Chicago, Jan. 25.—One man was fatally stabbed, a dozen others seriously injured and ten arrests made following a riot at Seventeenth and Wood streets early today where three Hungarian weddings were being celebrated in the same block.

The trouble started over rivalry in the various celebrations.

(Continued From Page Six.)