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The Weather—RAIN.

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Double the Number of Paid Subscribers in Raleigh of any Other Newspaper

BIG CROWD AT THE OPENING OF CONGRESS

Thousands of Persons Anxious to See Beginning of Extra Session

MANY TURNED AWAY

Interest Centered in the House Where the Democrats Have Full Control — Democratic Politicians From Every Part of the Country and Thousands of Visitors at the Capital—Champ Clark Elected and Received by Great Demonstration—Dividing of Seats Followed Taking of Oath.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.) Washington, April 4.—Despite a drizzling rain and lowering clouds which marred the event, immense crowds thronged the capitol today when the extraordinary session of the Sixty-first Congress, called by President Taft because the last session failed to pass his Canadian reciprocity program, met at noon.

Interest in the assembling of the national law makers centered in the fact that the Democrats have secured control of the House, after having been sixteen years in the minority, and this fact overshadowed interest in the Senate, in which the Republicans have also a reduced majority.

Democratic politicians from every section of the country and thousands of visitors descended on the capitol at an early hour this morning and when the gavel fell in both houses it was estimated that the crowds in the capitol numbered more than 10,000 persons.

Thousands were barred out of the galleries, which were packed and jammed, with long lines waiting outside, when the big clocks in the House and Senate chambers marked the hour of noon.

After a short prayer by Chaplain Couden, with Clerk Alexander McDowell in the chair of the House, Representative Champ Clark, of Missouri, the new Speaker, was promptly elected by a party vote. After reading a brief address, Mr. Clark was sworn in by Representative Talbot, of Maryland, and ascended the Speaker's rostrum amid tumultuous applause.

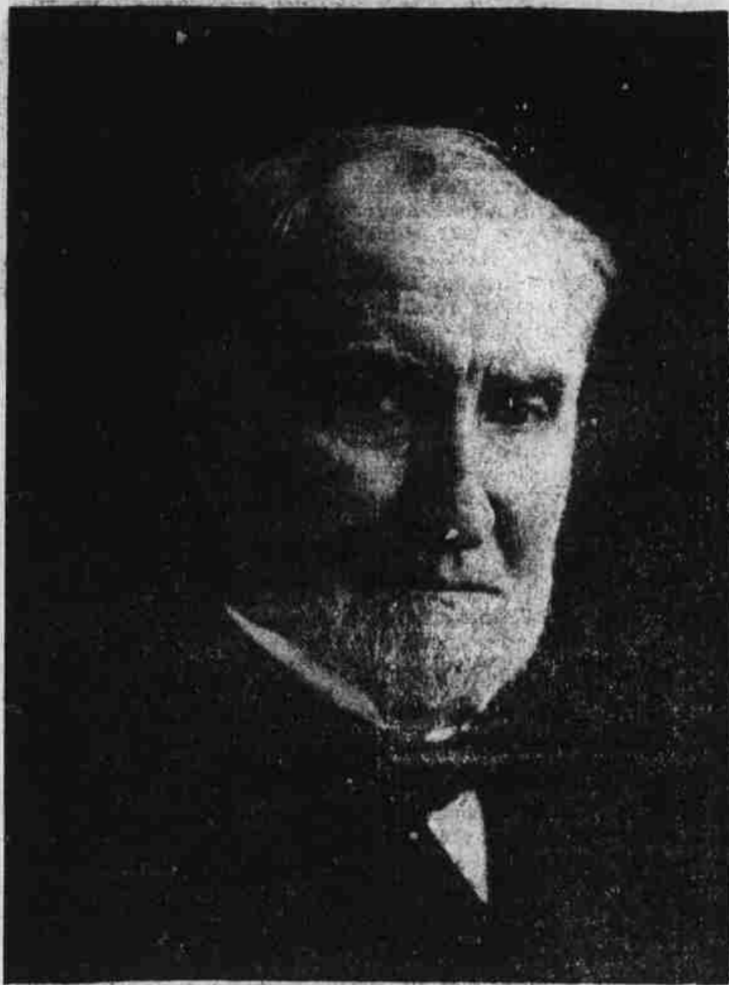
As he took his seat one of the greatest demonstrations in the history of the House occurred and the new Speaker received an ovation which has rarely been tendered to any member of the House.

Following the swearing in ceremony, Mr. Clark took the gavel for the first time, and ordered the election of House officers, who were chosen according to the selections made at last Saturday's Democratic caucus. Following this the new members were sworn in.

After the ceremony of taking the oath, drawing for seats began and occupied several hours.

There were 228 Democrats to be seated, a gain of 54 over the last Congress. The Republicans have 160 members, a loss of 55.

Meanwhile, in the other wing of the capitol, an equally interesting



From THE COLUMBIAN MAGAZINE

JOE CANNON

The Retiring Speaker of the National House of Representatives.

scene was occurring in the Senate chamber, where the immense crowds were as much in evidence as on the House side.

Vice-President Sherman called the Senate to order exactly on the stroke of noon. As in the house, the galleries in the Senate were packed almost to suffocation. After the Senate had been called to order and Chaplain Pearce had delivered the invocation, the new senators, 31 in number, were escorted to the bar of the Senate and the oath of office administered.

In the Senate there are now 50 Republicans and 41 Democrats. There is one vacancy, the Colorado senatorship being unfilled. The senators had already been allotted their seats, and therefore no time was spent, as on the House side, in the members getting settled in their places.

Second in interest to the actual assembling of both houses was the President's message, which was one of the principal topics of conversation among senators and representatives. The message will be finished today and transmitted to Congress at noon tomorrow. It will be one of the shortest messages ever sent out of the White House and probably will deal solely with Canadian reciprocity.

The present Congress is the first controlled by the Democrats in sixteen years and the first Democratic Congress ever convened in extraordinary session by a Republican President of the United States. While assembled specifically by President Taft to adopt the Canadian reciprocity agreement, the leaders in both houses of the national legislature threaten to throw open the flood gates for a mass of legislative work which may keep Congress in session for nearly six months.

Interest centered in the new members of the national body and the absence of the old leaders who have resigned for many years. Democrats of national prominence were on hand from all sections of the United States for the session which is like-

ly to have vast bearing on the presidential campaign of 1912.

The desks of representatives were banked high with flowers contributed by admirers.

The interest in the House was only a fraction of that in the Senate, where changes even more radical marked the new personnel of the upper chamber. While the Republicans are nominally in control of the Senate, the innovations from the old conditions were so sweeping that old time attaches could scarcely reconcile the beginning of the Sixty-second Congress to the close of the Sixty-first.

Vice-President Sherman, a Republican, in his official capacity as president of the senate, faced a body wherein the colored forces of the Republican Progressives and Democrats will likely rule.

As in the House, the desks of the senators, old and new, were piled high with flowers, and scores of congratulatory telegrams piled in upon the national legislators.

In the House before it assembled, more than a hundred of the new members were entirely "green" as to what they were to do, and they were going here and there seeking advice from old members concerning the correct manner of deportment while taking the oath.

It was not generally known that admission to the House galleries was to be by means of card only, nor did the public seem to realize that the doors of the capitol building itself, on the House side, would remain closed until 10:30 o'clock. Consequently, a vast army of the disappointed, armed with nothing except an ambition to get within, hung around the capitol for several hours in the rain, only to be turned back at the doors. Admission to the House galleries today was by card only, and there were not enough cards by thousands to go around. The House galleries might have been filled a score of times over again if all those who clamored for admission had been admitted.

END OF THE CAMPAIGN FOR THE A. & M.

Total Amount Reported at Meeting Was Over Eleven Thorsand

A GOOD SHOWING

The Campaign for \$10,000 From Raleigh Ended Last Night, With a Total of \$11,055 Pledged—Largely Attended Meeting Held at Metropolitan Hall at Seven O'clock at Which the Committees all Make Good Reports — Resolutions Adopted.

The end last night of the campaign for funds for the A. & M. C. A. was just as splendid as the end of the Raleigh campaign Saturday night. Ten thousand dollars had been asked for and the amount reported was \$11,055, something over a thousand dollars being added to the amount reported at the 1:30 meeting.

The committees and the A. & M. boys put in a good day's work and the community responded liberally and cheerfully. At the night meeting the ladies were on hand and served a delightful supper. The reports of the committees showed that all had been at work since the meeting earlier in the day and all brought in good amounts.

A number of special gifts were announced, one being \$250 from students at Wake Forest. Another was for \$100 from the Y. M. C. A. at Chapel Hill. After the reports were all in several short speeches were made.

The meeting closed with the adoption of the following resolution, introduced by Professor Withers: Resolved, That the thanks of the Young Men's Christian Association, the student body, the faculty, and alumni of the North Carolina College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts are due and hereby tendered.

To Mrs. Josephus Daniels, Mrs. W. C. Riddick, and the other ladies, whose gracious presence and invaluable services made possible our noon and evening gatherings.

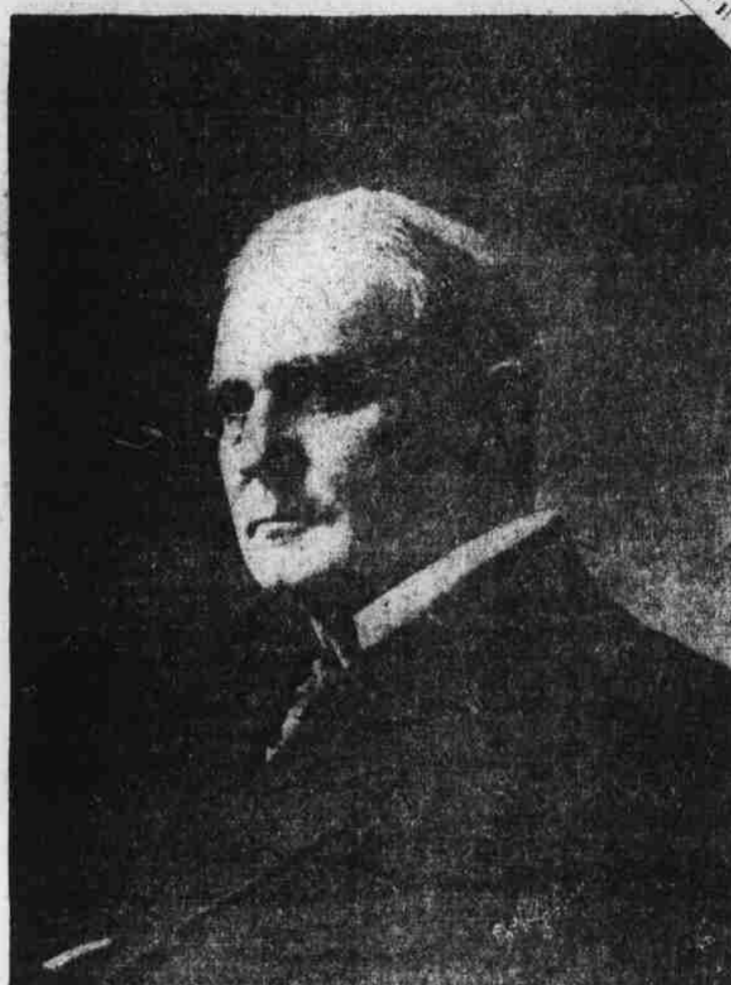
To Leaders N. B. Broughton and H. A. Royster, and to the captains and workers of the citizens' and young men's committees of Raleigh: to Leaders G. R. Ross and C. W. Ross and to the captains and workers of the teams of the A. & M. College: to Secretaries Weatherford, M. C. Williams, C. G. Huntington, and our own J. W. Berghold, for their unremitting and faithful work.

To the News and Observer and the Raleigh Daily Times for their full, favorable and enthusiastic press notices.

And finally, to the residents of Raleigh, white and black, whose ears heard the call of the young men whose purses were so generously opened to their needs, and whose hands have been outstretched to lead them to the higher and better life.

The ladies who were in charge of the hall last night were, besides Mrs. Josephus Daniels and Mrs. W. C. Riddick, Mrs. John Harding, Mrs. Henry Bagley, Miss McPheters, Mrs. James Litchford, Mrs. F. L. Stevens, Mrs. S. W. Brewer, Mrs. Charles Lee Smith, Mrs. J. S. Wynne, Miss Mary M. Chamberlain, Misses Pauline and

(Continued on Page Two.)



From THE COLUMBIAN MAGAZINE

CHAMP CLARK

The New Speaker of the National House of Representatives.

Elizabeth Hill, Miss Lillian Riddick, Miss Elizabeth Thompson, Miss Betty London, Miss Lucy Moore, Miss Grace Cross, Miss Lela Brewer, Miss Vivian Dotts, Miss Annie Jones, Miss Alice Aycock, Miss Evie Sears, Mrs. Justin Jones, Miss Eunice Hayward, Miss Louise Sloan, Mrs. M. T. Norris, Miss Bessie Bates.

SOUTHERN'S PROMOTIONS.

Captain Word, Former Raleigh Citizen Gets Promotion, While J. S. Correll Goes to Greensboro.

Among the recent promotions of the Southern Railway are two Raleigh men who go up higher in the service of the road. Capt. F. L. Word, who has been traveling freight agent in Greensboro, and now becomes general live-stock agent, was for a number of years clerk in the freight office when the department was situated in the rear of the Citizens National Bank building. After remaining here for some time Captain Word was sent to Greensboro and later made traveling freight agent, which position he has held until the present promotion.

Mr. J. S. Correll, who has been in the freight office at this place for some time, succeeds Captain Word. The following story of the promotion is taken from one of the Greensboro papers: The Southern Railway Company, in keeping with a general plan of improvement in the territory through which its lines are laid, a plan that has heretofore embraced noticeably cotton and agricultural and other industries, has extended its scope of endeavor to a co-operation with the people in encouraging the development of live-stock, and yesterday announced the appointment of Capt. F. L. Word, traveling freight agent, of this city, to the office of general live-stock agent. Captain Word will assume his new duties at once and will be located temporarily in Washington. He has many friends here and elsewhere who will be pleased to learn of this appointment.

The new office has a broad and liberal idea in view, and is an advance-

ment of the original plan to co-operate with and help the people, and will encourage not only the general improvement of live-stock conditions, but especially the propagation of horses and mules. Captain Word's duties will cover that territory east of the Mississippi river and south of the Ohio and Potomac rivers. He will probably locate permanently in Atlanta.

J. S. Correll, who has been in the railway service in Raleigh, succeeds Captain Word as traveling freight agent and his office will be in Greensboro.

ELECTROUTION MAY 12.

Date Changed From 5th to 12th on Account of Conflicting Execution.

Governor Kitchin at first named May 5th as the date for the electrocution of Norman Lewis, the negro who killed J. M. Stallings, chief of police at Spring House, but later changed the date to May 12th as on the former date Lewis West will be executed. The reason for the change in naming the date is due to the fact that the supreme court never certifies its opinions until the first of each month, and as they handed down their decision about the first of month of March and waited until the first of April to forward the certified opinion to the governor the date could not be set beforehand.

DIRECTORS APPOINTED.

Governor Kitchin Fills Vacancies in Boards of Directors.

Governor Kitchin has appointed John W. Graham, of Hillsboro, as director of the North Carolina Railroad, to succeed Allen J. Ruffin, deceased.

He has also appointed Maj. Leo D. Heartt as a director of the Soldiers' Home, to succeed Maj. J. J. Thomas, deceased.

Rev. P. G. Elsom Returns Home.

Rev. P. G. Elsom has returned from Western North Carolina, where he held successful meetings near Brevard. Twelve joined the church and large numbers attended. Mr. Elsom will preach at Evangelical church tomorrow night.

TRIAL OF THE CAMORRISTS AT VITERBO

Alfano Greeted With Cheers By Fellow-Members of the Society

PLOTTER ON THE STAND

DeMarinis, Who is Accused of Actually Plotting the Murder of Cuocollo, on the Stand—Has a Bad Criminal Record—Justice Laughlin, of New York at the Trial—Demorris Bears Scar, But Denies It Was Inflicted by the Camorra.

(By Cable to The Times)

Viterbo, April 4.—Buoyed up with the strength of the protestations of innocence of Enrico Alfano, the fellow-prisoner of the reputed head of the Neapolitan Camorra greeted Alfano with cheers as he was led into the assize court today for the resumption of the Camorrist trial.

Alfano was still hoarse today from his loudly shouted protestations to President Bianchi of the Assize court and jurors and from the lengthy harangues directed toward the newspaper correspondents in which he indulged on Saturday.

Gennaro De Marinis, commonly known as "El Mandriere", who is accused of actually plotting the murder of Gennaro and Maria Cuocollo, was called to the stand for direct interrogation by the court today. De Marinis is one of the few prisoners who wear the "fregio" or scar inflicted upon the cheek by the Camorra as a violation of one of the society's pledges.

He has been one of the ringleaders in the noisy outbreak of the prisoners in their steel cage and his throat became so inflamed from his constant shouting that the monastery physician had to minister to him. Friends of the accused man feared that he would not be able to make a good impression with his oratorical powers thus crippled today.

Among the spectators expected for the afternoon session was Justice Frank Laughlin of the New York state supreme court, who will spend a week listening to the sessions of the trial. In letters to President Bianchi and Crown Prosecutor Santoro, Judge Laughlin explained that he is collecting information in connection with the blackhand in New York, and for that reason desired to ascertain definitely, if possible, the connection between the American blackhand and the Camorra.

De Marinis, like Alfano, denied the existence of the Camorra, and protested his innocence of the murder of Cuocollo. Asked by President Bianchi if it were not true that the jagged scar upon his cheek had been inflicted as punishment for violating one of the rules of the society, he replied:

"No, I received that in a quarrel." The witness is one of the most interesting of the prisoners, and his criminal record, according to the police dockets of Naples and Rome, extends back for a number of years.

De Marinis is accused of hating Cuocollo personally because of the treachery of the latter. Several years before the Cuocollo murder in June, 1906, Cuocollo planned a big robbery.

(Continued on Page Six.)

BUTTE ELECTS A SOCIALIST MAYOR

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Butte, Mont., April 4.—Butte today is the second city in the United States to elect a socialist mayor. Besides that, at the election yesterday the voters elected socialist city clerk, police judge and five out of nine aldermen.

The new mayor is the Rev. L. J. Duncan, a Unitarian minister, and he carried every ward save one. He won from J. J. Quinn, a democrat, by a plurality of 1,843, the largest ever given in a mayoralty election.

In Helena, a socialist alderman was elected, and in the Butte suburb of Walkersville two socialist councilmen were elected. The democrats two years ago elected every city officer here.

MEXICO HAS BEGUN HOUSE-CLEANING

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)

Mexico City, April 4.—Mexico's house-cleaning has begun. A congressional committee today took under consideration the resignation of Ramon Corral as minister of the interior and his request for indefinite leave of absence from the office of vice president, Teodoro D'hesa, governor of Vera Cruz, will conduct the office of the interior after Corral sails for Europe. He expects to leave on April 12.

The next step will be the forced resignation of governors of fifteen states and then the peace negotiations will be begun.

The government expects that Madero will yield when he sees that President Diaz is in earnest in his promises of reform.

ALL SOLD OUT.

Every class of buyers reads The Daily Times and takes advantage of the advertising columns. When a commodity is advertised in The Times, no matter how large or how small, there is a purchaser to be found.

Listen what Mr. C. C. McDonald, dealer in Stocks and Bonds, says: "On February 23 I advertised in The Times \$41,500 worth of Durham Hosiery Mills 6% pfd. stock for sale. All of this \$41,500 of stock has been sold." How's that?

Mr. McDonald is a strong believer in printer's ink. He advertises as no other stock or bond broker in the state, and he knows how to get up advertising copy.

Ask the merchant, the lawyer, the banker, the broker, what they think of the advertising columns of The Daily Times. They all believe in it. And why?

Because an ad. in The Times brings results.

ASK OUR AD. MAN

BRYAN AND HARMAN GIVEN OVATIONS

(Special to The Times.)

Washington, April 4.—When congress convened this morning William Jennings Bryan and Judson Harmon were in the house.

A great demonstration was made in honor of Bryan. Harmon was given an ovation but not as great as that of the Nebraska, for more people know the latter.

Thousands of men and women filled the galleries and hallways of the house to see Champ Clark and other democratic officers elected.

It is said here today that Mr. Bryan has notified close personal friends that he will run for the presidency again. "Roosevelt and Taft were elected on my policies, why should I fail," he is quoted as saying.

TREATY FORMALITIES ARE COMPLETED

(By Cable to The Times.)

Tokio, April 4.—The ratified and sealed drafts of the American-Japanese treaty were exchanged with elaborate ceremony in the Mikado's palace today.

United States Ambassador O'Brien, represented America, and received the Japanese draft in exchange for the draft bearing the seal of the United States and President Taft's signature. Each draft was accompanied by a message of international friendship.

The Mikado was attended by Count Komura, minister of foreign affairs and other members of his cabinet. The Tokyo press hailed the exchange as one of the most important in recent Japanese history.