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The Weather—SHOWERS.

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INSURGENTS GIVEN GOOD ASSIGNMENTS

Minority Is Making Best Efforts to Placate the Insurgent Element

MR. CANNON'S PLACE

Ex-Speaker Given His Old Place on Appropriations Committee—Insurgents Given Places on All Good Committees Except Ways and Means, Where the Old Members Hold Over—Independent Democrats Taken in by the Minority—Victor Berger on District of Columbia Committee.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
Washington, April 11.—The full meaning of the plan of Minority Leader James H. Mann and other republican regulars to placate the insurgent wing of the party was revealed today when, soon after the house convened, Mr. Mann presented the minority assignments to the various standing committees of the house.

Practically all of the insurgents have better berths than during the last session when they were punished by Speaker Cannon and relegated to the minor committees.

Minority Leader Mann took no committee assignment himself. He is designated simply as "the chairman of the conference." Uncle Joe Cannon goes back to his old place on the appropriations committee and is ranking minority member.

The seven surviving republican members of the ways and means committee retain their places.

Representative John Dwight, who ranked eighth among the survivors, is now on appropriations, as the democrats allowed the minority but seven members on ways and means.

A number of the house insurgents were made ranking minority members of various committees: Representative Haughton of Iowa, stands first among the republicans on the committee on agriculture; Representative Cooper of Wisconsin, is ranking minority man on elections No. 3; Prouty of Minnesota, on elections No. 1; Lindbergh of Minnesota, on claims; Morse of Wisconsin, on war claims; Gardner of Massachusetts, on immigration, and Hubbard of Iowa, on the committee on expenditures in the department of justice.

The insurgents secured representation on every committee of importance excepting ways and means, where the old republican members hold over. Among the choice assignments handed out to the insurgents, who claimed they were discriminated against under the Cannon regime, are the following:

Norris of Nebraska, judiciary committee; Cooper of Wisconsin, and Kendall of Iowa, foreign affairs and expositions; Volstead and Pickett of Iowa, public lands; Victor Murdock, postoffices and postroads; Kent, the new California insurgent, civil service and industrial arts and expositions.

The important rules committee will have on it two of the more radical insurgents—Madison of Kansas, and Lenroot of Wisconsin. The regulars on the rules committee are John Dalsell of Pennsylvania, and Wilson of Illinois.

Representative Woods, Iowa insurgent, finds a place on the claims committee and industrial arts and expositions. Representative Good of the same state, goes to the big committee on appropriations.

Representative Theron Akin, of the twenty-fifth New York district, who ran as a democrat, but who has turned "independent," has been taken into the minority fold. He was rather badly treated, however, his assignments being to the committee on education and that on enrolled bills.

By agreement between the two parties, Victor L. Berger, the only socialist in congress, is given a place on the District of Columbia committee and is charged to the minority.

A bill of wide interest to educators, philanthropists, humanitarians and aid societies and associations generally, was introduced by Representative Barnhardt, of Indiana. The bill provides for the establishment, in the department of commerce and labor, of a bureau to be known as the "childrens bureau." The bureau shall investigate and report upon all matters pertaining to the welfare of children and child life, and especially investigating the questions of infant mortality, of birth rate, physical degeneracy, sanitary conditions of the schools and orphan homes, juvenile delinquency, juvenile courts, desertion, dangerous occupation, diseases and care of children, employment and such other information as may have a bearing upon the health, efficiency, character and welfare of human life.

When the committee assignments have been read the old fight between republicans and democrats over the relative proportionment of majority and minority members on the fifteen leading committees of the house was renewed.

Representatives Mann, Gardner, of Massachusetts, and Miller, of North Dakota, protested along the usual lines that the democrats have acted unfairly in taking a ratio of 2 to 1 on fifteen committees and Representative Underwood, democratic leader, came back with figures to show that there are as many committee places in all for the republicans and the democrats had in the last congress.

Ex-Speaker Cannon got into the debate and reminded his colleagues that it was no use to kick, as the majority party was responsible for the house, its organization and its legislation and they might run it to suit themselves because they would be responsible for any mistakes.

The republicans have been given the relative number of committee assignments on the smaller committees which makes up their average, but the democrats have increased the majority representation on fifteen other committees.

After adopting numerous resolutions authorizing the chairman of the various committees to have printing and binding done the house adjourned at 2:30 o'clock until tomorrow noon.

Announcement was made from the clerk's desk that the democratic members of the house would hold a caucus tonight in the house chamber.

This caucus will consider the legislative program and it is expected to authorize that Canadian reciprocity shall be passed ahead of class legislation.

A lively row over house patronage is impending in democratic circles today. The democrats have discovered that since abolishing \$182,000 worth of patronage that no member will have more than one or two minor jobs at his disposal. This has displaced several of the new members, especially those who have promised four and five jobs to constituents.

An effort may be made in the caucus to throw aside the entire retrenchment program approved by the ways and means committee.

The senate was not in session today, having adjourned yesterday until Thursday noon.

Wilmington, April 11.—Gen. L. Coleman, president of the Dupont Powder Co., announced today that he will start three squads of engineers at work to survey for a boulevard which he will build the length of Delaware and give to the state.



TOM L. JOHNSON, Former Mayor of Cleveland, who died at his home in Cleveland, Ohio, at 8:30 last night.

ALL CLEVELAND MOURNS

Public Buildings Draped in Memory of Johnson

Tom L. Johnson Died Last Night at 8 O'clock—Will be Buried in Greenwood Cemetery in Brooklyn—Many Messages of Sympathy.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
Cleveland, O., April 11.—All Cleveland is in mourning today for Tom L. Johnson, four times mayor and former congressman from this district who died last night at 8:47 after a lingering illness. Public buildings are draped in black and flags at half mast in honor of the man who had fought so hard for his three-cent street car fare principle here.

Many telegrams and cablegrams of condolence were received by the bereaved family today for, when he was on his tour of England Mr. Johnson created a favorable impression by his speeches and made many warm friends.

Mr. Johnson's remains will lie beside those of the man he admired most—Henry George, the great New York single taxer—in Greenwood Cemetery, Brooklyn, N. Y. The Johnsons have a family plot in that cemetery.

A memorial service will be held in this city which will be attended by admirers of the late statesman from many sections of the United States as well as from the state of Ohio.

The body will then lie in state before it is taken to Brooklyn for burial. At the Johnson home in the Whitehall apartment house today there was a constant procession of prominent residents of Cleveland who left expressions of sympathy for the widow.

It was only the iron will of the former mayor which kept him alive during the last five days of his life while he was battling valiantly against death from ebriosity of the liver.

His friends declare that he literally sacrificed his life for a principle. His long, tiresome fight for the three-cent fare upon street cars in Cleveland and against the tremendous odds placed in his way by opponents of the scheme undermined his health and he never completely recovered from the decline of his vitality.

Changes in Funeral Arrangements. Cleveland, O., April 11.—Changes in the funeral arrangements of the late Tom L. Johnson were announced this afternoon by the family. The body will be shipped to New York for interment at 4 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. There will be no funeral services in this city and on account of objections of the widow it was decided that the body should not lie in state. The city councils will meet on Wednesday and pass resolutions and probably appoint a committee to accompany the remains east.

Senator Stephenson Condemned. (By Leased Wire to The Times.)
Madison, Wis., April 11.—The Bullard resolution condemning Senator Isaac Stephenson for his vote in the Loomer case and commending Senator La Follette for his veto was passed by the senate today. It now has passed both houses of the legislature. Only two senators, Perry and Lyons, voted against the resolution.

Missouri Pacific Meeting. (By Leased Wire to The Times.)
New York, April 11.—There was a brief meeting of the executive committee of the Missouri Pacific Railroad here today, but no action was taken upon the selection of a new president, owing to the failure of the sub-committee to report upon the matter.

THE CAMORRISTS TRIAL

Another Turbulent Session of Italian Court

Frequent Cries and Recriminations Between the Witness Chair and the Steel Cage Containing the Prisoners—Carabinieri Had to Restore Order.

(By Cable to The Times.)
Viterbo, April 11.—The presence of Giuseppe Ascituro upon the witness stand today to continue his direct examination was the signal for another turbulent session of the Assize court. Frequently the cries and curses and recriminations hurled between the witness chair and the steel cage containing Enrico and his associate Camorrista balked the efforts of President Bianchi of the court and the carabinieri to restore order.

At the opening of court President Bianchi announced that a recess for the Easter season would be taken by the court following today's sitting. The trial will be resumed next week.

Ascituro who is accused of being in league with the priest, Father Vittozzi, to place the guilt of the murders of Genaro Cusceolo and his wife, Maria Cusceolo upon Tommaso De Angelis and Gaetano Amodeo and thus exonerate Alfano, Professor Rapi and Genaro Dehli had no sooner taken the stand than he again denounced Amodeo in vigorous terms.

Amodeo, still hoarse from his screams of yesterday, replied in kind. President Bianchi in vain called for order and the uproar had to be quieted finally by several carabinieri. The other prisoners took a hand in the tumult with the exception of Genaro Abatmagno, the betrayer of the Camorrista, who coolly looked on, seemingly enjoying the scene.

FIGHT ON HARMON.

Publication in Cincinnati Starts Fight on the Governor.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
Cincinnati, O., April 11.—Governor Judson Harmon, of Ohio, is to have the opposition of the people of his home city in his fight for the presidential nomination.

The agency to carry this opposition into effect is a publication known as the "Political Outlook," the first number of which appeared here yesterday. In this publication, Governor Wilson, of New Jersey, is given a full page picture and a page of reading matter in which many qualifications for election are pointed out.

Then W. J. Bryan is quoted as saying that he will come out later with several reasons why Harmon should not be named.

Coke Ovens at Gary.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
Gary, Ind., April 11.—The United States Steel Corporation's coke ovens which have been two years in building, were placed in operation today. These ovens, which number 560, were built at a cost of \$8,500,000 and require an operating force of 320 men. Besides an annual production of 2,500,000 tons of coke, the ovens will produce such by-products as ammonia, coal tar, and sufficient gas to operate all of the mills in Gary.

FEUD BREAKS OUT IN BLOODY BREATHITT

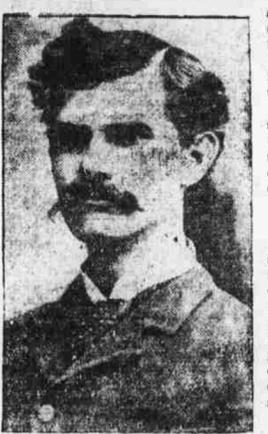
(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
Lexington, Ky., April 11.—The call to arms has sounded through "Bloody Breathitt" county and the feud clans are gathering along Troublesome Creek near the Perry county line.

Two are dead as a result of the fighting so far. They are James Deaton and his brother-in-law, Luke Bagley, who died today from his wounds. Both were shot by "Devil Anse" White, who was himself badly wounded although from his barricaded cabin he is directing his clan against the hostile Deatons.

The authorities have sent a posse into the mountains to try to arrest "Devil Anse."

Deaton and White, who were formerly close friends fell out during the Hargis-Cockrill feud in which there have been bitter enemies ever since and at the outbreak of open war the friends of the two men and their relatives took up arms for a bloody conflict.

White is a brother of Tom White, who is serving a life term for murder of Attorney James B. Marcum. He is known as a dangerous man and one of exceptional bravery. Deaton and Bagley sought him out at his cabin while "looking trouble" and the shooting started at once. Deaton was killed, but managed to wound White.



John Sharp Williams, the junior senator from Mississippi, who has succeeded in a lifetime ambition. He has the seat in the senate which was occupied by Jefferson Davis, president of the Confederacy. The desk still bears the bayonet marks made by Union soldiers in war times in an effort to destroy it. The bayonet holes were filled with putty, but are easily seen.

THE CAMP INSTRUCTION

War Department Orders Rifle Practice of State Troops

Every Necessary Detail Being Completed For Successful Meet—General and Special Orders Issued, Major Bernard to Act As Commanding Officer—General Troop Orders For the Practice.

The rifle practice to take place here April 18-20 is occupying the attention of the war department just now. The officers in charge are very enthusiastic and think there will be a large crowd present. All the necessary details are being completed for a successful rifle practice.

The following order has been issued by the war department:

General Orders, No. 1.
I. Rifle and pistol practice and competition will be held by teams, consisting of one commissioned officer and nine enlisted men from each company of the several regiments of infantry, on the following dates and places:

II. Target practice and competitive shooting for teams of the Third Infantry, on the range at Raleigh, N. C., April 18-20, inclusive. For teams of the Second Infantry, on the range at Goldsboro, N. C., April 25-27, inclusive. For teams of the First Infantry, on the range at Gastonia, N. C., May 3-5, inclusive.

III. All teams will be chosen by the company commanders and report to the post adjutant on date and at place designated, not later than 12 o'clock noon.

V. Regimental inspectors of small-arms practice will have all necessary arrangements for target practice to begin at 9 a. m.

VI. The marksman's record course, special course "C," will be followed, as prescribed in S. A. Firing Regulations, both in the practice and competition.

Pistol practice will be engaged in by officers after the competitive rifle shooting is over.

VII. The team making the highest score will be awarded the "Dunport Trophy". The teams in each regiment which makes the highest and second highest scores will each be awarded a suitable prize. A prize will be awarded to the individual who makes the highest score.

IX. The squads of competitors will be stationed five yards in rear of firing point, where each competitor must remain until called by the score-keeper or range officer to take his position at the firing point.

No sighting shots will be allowed in the competition.

and return home; khaki breeches, service hat, and olive drab shirt will be worn on the range.

The senior officer present will be held responsible for the conduct of troops while traveling and in camp. XV. Regimental inspectors of small-arms practice will submit certified report of firing to this office, giving individual and team scores, as early as practicable after the close of camp.

R. L. LEINSTER, Adjutant General.

Special orders have also been issued to Maj. J. J. Bernard, assigning him to duty as commanding officer of the troops of the Third Infantry in camp of instruction for the rifle practice at Raleigh. W. R. Miller is detailed for duty as post adjutant, and Maj. J. Leigh Skinner is detailed as chief range officer. The orders are all signed by R. L. Leinster, adjutant general.

GIRLS WERE INTIMIDATED.

Made to Sign Statements Releasing Their Employers From Responsibility.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
New York, April 11.—Survivors of the Triangle Waist Company fire, in statements made to the Italian consul in New York during an independent investigation into the holocaust which cost 145 lives, have accused officials of the company of suborning people in having forced them, under threats, to sign false affidavits releasing their employers from all responsibility for the fire. Twenty-five affidavits were made, and almost every plaintiff swore that the doors on each and every floor were kept locked at all times.

Twenty-two of the 145 men and girls who perished in the fire were Italian. The consul placed his chief clerk in charge of the protest.

It was extraordinary, the girls said, to hold back one week's wages. They were given a paper to sign, and those who hesitated were intimidated, they alleged. They were told that if they did not affix their signatures they would not receive their wages due them and would not receive their positions again.

Under the threats, a great many of the girls signed the alleged false statements. Many others signed the statements in ignorance of what they contained.

JURY INSPECTS BUILDING.

Coroner's Jury Inspects the Burned Ash Building, Where 145 Lives Were Lost.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
New York, April 11.—The coroner's jury, accompanied by Coroner Holtzhauser, Assistant District Attorney Robb, and John P. Whiskeyman, the engineer retained by the district attorney, made a tour of inspection today through the Ash Building in Washington Place, where 145 persons lost their lives in the Triangle Waist Company fire.

A careful examination was made of the iron doors, some of which are said to have barred the way of the employees to the exits and every other part of the building was thoroughly inspected.

At the ruins the investigators found Anthony Giovenazzo, representative of the Italian consul, who said he was making an investigation for the Italian government. Many of those who perished in the fire were Italian subjects.

The Lorimer Investigation.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
Springfield, Ill., April 11.—Practically every member of the legislature which elected William Lorimer to the United States senate has been summoned to appear before the state senate investigating committee, to testify as to the alleged bribery of the law-makers by certain corporations.

Twenty-two senators, fifteen from Chicago, were ordered by Speaker Oglesby today to be brought to Springfield under arrest tomorrow.

The charge was "absence from the senate without permission."

The order caused great excitement in the capital and threatened to precipitate a riot.

DR. HYDE IS TO BE GIVEN A NEW TRIAL

Supreme Court Sends the Case Back to Lower Court For Rehearing

FAMOUS SWOPE CASE

Supreme Court Grants Hyde a New Trial—Hyde Was Convicted and Given a Life Sentence for the Murder of His Uncle Thomas Swope—Is Also Accused of Attempting to Murder Other Members of Swope Family.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
Jefferson City, Mo., April 11.—Dr. B. Clarke Hyde, the pathologist who was convicted of the murder of his wife's uncle, Colonel Thomas H. Swope, the prominent philanthropist of Kansas City, Mo., today was granted a new trial by the state supreme court in a decision which reverses the conviction in the lower courts.

The opinion was written by Judge Franklin Ferris and contains about 12,000 words and goes into technical and detailed account of the alleged crime.

Two of the main points upon which the reversal was based were the contents of Hyde's lawyers that the indictment was faulty and that the testimony regarding the death of Moss Hutton and Chrisman Swope and the alleged poisoning of Miss Margaret Swope were incompetent, immaterial, irrelevant and prejudicial.

Now the case will go back to the Jackson county criminal court where an early retrial is expected.

The arrest, trial and conviction of Dr. Hyde was more dramatic and picturesque than any novel.

It was charged against Dr. Hyde that he attempted to murder a whole family—the heirs of Colonel Thomas Swope—in his effort to get control of the Swope millions.

When, one by one, the heirs became ill with typhoid fever, nurses employed to care for the patients suspected everything was not right and the result was that a search was put on Dr. Hyde. It was noticed that he carefully watched all the water that was drunk in the house.

Dr. Hyde is now under life sentence, having been sentenced by Judge Lathrop on July 5, last year. His trial was the most sensational of the middle west in many years. It started on April 17 and did not go to the jury until May 13.

Hyde was arrested on the day following the verdict of the coroner's jury that Thomas H. Swope came to his death through strychnine administered by Hyde. He secured \$50,000 bond, coolly telephoned his wife that he would "be a trifle delayed for dinner." The case went to the March grand jury where sensational evidence was given, the most startling being the assertion that he had used typhoid germs as his weapons. He was indicted.

The trial started with a great array (Continued on Page Five.)

THREE HUNDRED GIRLS TRAPPED BY FLAMES

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
Hoboken, N. J., April 11.—Three hundred girls were trapped by fire today in the four-story paper box factory of Owens & Tracer at 1101, 1103 and 1105 Madison street.

Flames blocked the single fire escape and the girls became panic-stricken but were finally led by one of their number to an enclosed stairway on the 11th street side and all escaped safely. They fought their way to the stairway through stifling clouds of smoke and on the way there was a stampede in which many were knocked down and badly bruised. One girl was overcome on the fourth floor and was rescued by firemen.

Thief Went Through Window.

(By Leased Wire to The Times.)
New York, April 11.—Surprised while committing burglary, a thief dived through a plate glass window in a tailoring shop at 49 West 42nd street today and was terribly cut. A policeman took him to the New York hospital, where he gave his name as William Townsend.

Low Against Bucket Shops.

San Francisco, Cal., April 11.—The ordinance designed to put an end to bucket shopping in this city, has been passed by the board of supervisors.