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DEBATE WILL END TOMORROW

Vote On the Wool Bill Will Come Thursday After Another Day's Talk

DEMOCRATS TO CAUCUS

Democrats Will Caucus on Cotton Schedule—Senate Democrats Will Also Caucus on the Wool Tariff Bill—Formation of Steel Plate Association Admitted Before House Investigating Committee—The Lorimer Hearing in Progress.

Washington, D. C., July 25.—The wool tariff revision bill was again the fixed subject for debate at today's session of the senate. The bill is up as 'unhatched business,' and cannot be set aside without a majority vote in favor of the proposition. LaFollette, Smoot and several others participated in the debate. The debate continues tomorrow and the vote will be taken Thursday. No session of the house was held today. Democrats arranged for a party caucus today to consider the new cotton tariff bill. It was expected the bill term would be agreed upon, so it could be offered to the house tomorrow.

The formation of the Steel Plate Association in New York in the autumn of 1900, to overcome "destructive competition" was admitted before the house steel trust investigating committee by A. F. Houston, president of the Lukens Iron & Steel Company, one of the organizers who identified the copy agreement.

A caucus of the democratic senators is called for tonight to consider the wool tariff revision bill in the hope of harmonizing the differences on that legislation.

Whether the democrats shall assent in passing the LaFollette bill is still a bone of contention.

New cotton revision bill, submitted to the caucus of the house democrats from the ways and means committee, cuts from an equivalent ad valorem rate of 48.12 percent under the Payne-Aldrich act an average ad valorem rate of 27.06 percent. Under the proposed rates the committee estimates the import of cotton goods for twelve months at \$29,162,809 against \$28,441 last year and that the duties derived under the new act for the year would be \$10,599,000 against \$13,673,801.

Wheeling to Win Wager.
Manassas, Va., July 25.—My wheeling a wheelbarrow from Atlanta to New York, Frank Orr, of Charlotte, N. C., expects to win a wager of \$500. He left Atlanta June 23rd, without matches or money and by the terms of the wager, was allowed to ask for nothing but a drink of water. While in North Carolina, that proviso cost him two days' hunger, he said.

Orr passed through here today, headed for Washington. His average daily travel is twenty miles. He is due in New York on August 20th, but says he will reach there before that date.

AMERICAN LOST OUT IN BRITAIN FLYING RACE

Bristol, England, July 25.—The flying race around Great Britain for the London Daily Mail's fifty thousand dollar prize developed into a neck and neck contest between Vedrines and Beaumont with only Hagel and Valentine keeping anywhere near the leaders. C. T. Weyman, the only American competitor, who encountered hard luck from the start, had further engine troubles and abandoned the contest. Today's schedule called for a flight from Edinburgh to this city via Stirling, Glasgow and Manchester, a total distance of 332 miles.

Forest Fires in Northwest.
Portland, Oregon, July 25.—Because of dry weather half a dozen forest fires are raging in western Oregon, southern Washington. The loss already amounts to several thousand dollars.

Mr. R. H. Wright, of Salisbury, was a visitor in Raleigh today.

NO BAIL FOR JERNIGAN HEARING TOMORROW

Slayer of Albert Todd Committed by Magistrate

Understood That Writ of Habeas Corpus Will Be Sworn Out Before Chief Justice Walter Clark—Preliminary Hearing in Johnston Co.

Alex A. Jernigan, a white man of Wendell, was last evening held without bail by Justice of the Peace Richardson of Johnston county for the killing of Albert Todd, a young white man, at a fish pond below Wendell some time ago. The men became involved in a difficulty, when Jernigan cut Todd across the chest with a knife, inflicting a wound that produced death. Jernigan escaped but was later captured.

Col. J. C. L. Harris and Mr. F. E. Hester represented Jernigan at the preliminary and Solicitor Norris and Mr. Ed. Smith appeared for the state. The next criminal term of Johnston superior court convenes September 11.

It is understood that as soon as a transcript of the evidence can be made a writ of habeas corpus will be sworn out before Chief Justice Walter Clark of the supreme court. The defense will contend that the magistrate should have admitted Jernigan to bail and that the most that could have been proved against him was manslaughter. The hearing will not be held for two or three days, it is learned.

PAIR KEPT DEATH PACT

Dressed in Wedding Clothes, They Drink Acid Together.

Middletown, N. Y., July 25.—Clasped in each other's arms and dressed in their wedding clothes, Mr. and Mrs. Edward D. C. Crans, prominent residents of this city, were found dead in their bed at their home, 29 Orchard street, this city. They had been dead several days.

On a chair beside the bed were two glasses which had apparently contained carbolic acid. On the same chair hung Mr. Crans' coat. The indications were that the poison had been prepared in another room, carried into the bedroom, and drunk after which the couple got into bed and wrapping their arms around each other, awaited death.

Mr. and Mrs. Crans resided in the finest section of the city. They had been prominent socially for many years, Mr. Crans having been formerly editor of the Middletown Daily Press. He was also prominent in Republican politics for many years.

When the bodies were first discovered, it was thought that it was a case of murder and suicide, but later, when two letters enclosed in one envelope were discovered, it was found that the couple had died as a result of suicide pact, which had been in their minds since March, 1911, at least, for one of the letters bore that date.

PRESIDENT HAS PAPER IN THE WILEY CASE

Washington, July 25.—Secretary of Agriculture Wilson brought to the white house the papers in the case of Dr. Harvey W. Wiley. He refused to say what recommendation he made to the president regarding the charges against Dr. Wiley, whose resignation was recommended by the personnel board of the department and by Attorney General Wickersham.

Wilson reached the white house sometime before the cabinet meeting and had opportunity to discuss the Wiley case with the president. He said he did not know whether his recommendation would be acceptable to the president. He declared there could be no clash between him and Taft because of his recommendations were not agreeable to president he could change them. It was inferred from Wilson's remarks his recommendations were not favorable to Wiley.

There is every reason to believe, however, that Wiley at worst will receive but a mild reprimand.

MADE ILL BY AMMONIA FUMES

Whole Neighborhood and Trolley Car Passengers Overcome.
Philadelphia, July 25.—Residents for squares around were made ill at half-past one o'clock yesterday afternoon when 72 gallons of ammonia were liberated at the plant of the American Ice Manufacturing Company, at 24th and Green streets. The escape of the ammonia fol-

lowed the breaking down of the engine. John Milton, the engineer, was overcome by the fumes. He was resuscitated at St. Joseph's Hospital, where he remains in a serious condition.

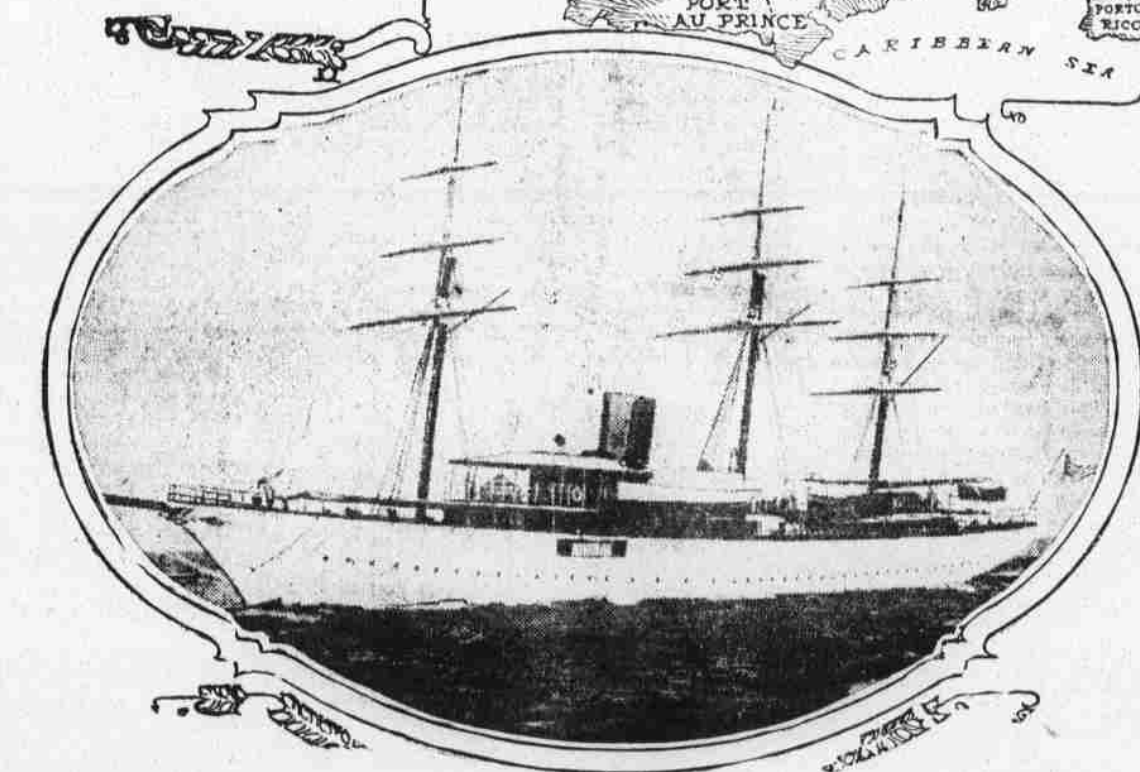
Five passengers in a Snyder avenue car which was passing the factory when the accident occurred were overcome for a time, but soon recovered.

Writ of Habeas Corpus In Starling Case
Miller E. Starling, young Georgia farmer, to fight Requisition on Ground of Insanity—Before Mr. Justice Allen at Goldsboro.

Miller E. Starling, the young white man under arrest at Tarboro on the charge of forgery in Quitman, Ga., will not be carried back to that state without a fight, a telegram from Goldsboro today announcing that a writ of habeas corpus would be sworn out before Justice W. R. Allen of the North Carolina supreme court.

The warrant for Starling's arrest and the requisition having been regular, Governor Kitchin has honored the requisition of the Georgia governor for Starling's return to that state to answer to the charges, but his defense will be heard by Mr. Justice Allen before the Georgia authorities are certain of securing their man.

It is understood that the defense will claim insanity on the part of Starling. Starling, who was a truck farmer, is alleged to have secured \$2,300 by forgery. Either ex-Judge Winston or ex-Governor Aycock will go to Goldsboro tomorrow to represent the young man.



Evans R. Dick, Wall Street broker, his yacht, the American, and a map of Haiti, showing Port-Au-Prince, where he defended the lives of Americans and their property against the revolutionists by threatening to open fire on them with the armament of his craft in the event that a battle were begun. Mr. Dick, one of the best known of New York yachtsmen, negotiated the sale of the little vessel to be used as a gunboat by the Haitian government. Arriving with the craft at Haiti, he found the revolutionists in possession of almost everything and he was unable to get into communication with President Simon, to whom he had sold the vessel. So he stayed in the harbor and when a massacre was threatened by the revolutionists he calmly informed them that he would blow them all to bits if they bothered any Americans. The result was that there was no battle.

BOTH HANDS SHOT OFF WHEN GUN EXPLODES

News was received in the city today of a serious accident to Mr. Clarence Cable, familiarly known as "Judd," which occurred at Clayton yesterday afternoon. Mr. Cable was riding in a wagon with his hands over the end of a gun that he was carrying. By some means the gun slipped, causing the load to go off, the entire charge being received in his hands. They were almost blown off. Mr. Cable was catcher of the Clayton baseball team, was road overseer of Johnston county and is well known. It is said that he intended entering the University of North Carolina next fall.

Aeroplane Accident Fatal

St. Petersburg, July 25.—An aeroplane, piloted by M. Shurenko, in the St. Petersburg-Moscow race, fell to the earth. M. Shurenko, a passenger was killed and the aviator badly injured, his legs broken.

MARYLAND TOWN IN REVOLT

Mayor Asks Governor to Help Carry Out the Sunday Law.
Washington, July 25.—Declaring the town of Glen Echo, Md., to be in a "state of revolt and absolutely

Made the Revolutionists Be Good



in defiance of law and order," Mayor Louis C. Witowski has written to Governor Crothers, of Maryland, asking intervention.

Mayor Witowski complains of the non-observance of the Sunday law, especially at an amusement park in Glen Echo, patronized by Washingtonians. He declared that the town officials refused today to carry out his orders to arrest offenders.

About 200 excursionists, members of the Methodists and Baptist Sunday schools of Franklinton, are spending the day picnicking in Raleigh.

These schools conduct a joint excursion every year. Tomorrow a colored excursion will be run into Raleigh from Franklinton and on Friday an excursion train will be operated from Wehlon and other points to this city. This is an annual affair and about 600 persons usually make the trip.

TWO SUNDAY SCHOOLS SPEND DAY IN CITY

Freemont, Nebraska, July 25.—The mission of Ben Charabertain the personal representative of Governor Judson Harmon, of Ohio, to the Nebraska democratic convention, was the chief topic of discussion among the delegates.

HARMON INVADES ENEMY'S COUNTRY

Harmon headquarters are established and the representative of the Ohio governor was soon the object of the keen interest of the supporters and opponents of Harmon for the convention's endorsement as presidential candidate. The convention met late this afternoon.

COAST LINE SURGEONS.

Annual Meeting Being Held in Norfolk—Several States Represented.
Norfolk, Va., July 25.—A hundred surgeons of the Atlantic Coast Line Railway, represented the states of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida and Alabama, met in annual convention today. Dr. G. G. Thomas, of Wilmington, N. C., president. The annual address of the president, Dr. A. M. Brailford, of Mullins, S. C., was one of the leading features. Many papers on medical subjects were read.

BACTERIA IN ICE CREAM SOLD ON STREETS

Boston, July 25.—Fifty-five million bacteria were found in a half a teaspoonful of ice cream taken from a sample sold on the streets, according to the health authorities. The board of health has ordered it must hereafter be sold in original packages.

WILL NOT FORSAKE BOSTON.

St. Paul, Minn., July 25.—While here looking after the purchase of Pittsboro O'Toole, Barney Dreyfuss, president of the Pittsburgh Club, received the following telegram from James H. Preston, Mayor of Baltimore:

GOOD CROP GROWING WEATHER PREVALENT

Washington, July 25.—Good crop growing weather prevailed generally throughout the country during the past week according to the weather bureau weekly bulletin. Moderate temperatures, and much needed rainfall in sections where severe drought prevailed, are important features. In the cotton belt favorable weather continued over the more eastern state. More rain is needed in North Carolina. The too much rainy weather in portions of Mississippi and Alabama. More sunshine is needed in nearly all that section. Rains have relieved the drought in Oklahoma and northern and eastern portions of Texas.

STATE HOSPITAL BURNED.

Winfield, Kan., July 25.—Fire last night destroyed the main dormitory of the State Hospital for feeble-minded. The thousand inmates marched out in order. No lives were lost.

SENATE WILL ADOPT THE HOUSE WOOL BILL

Washington, D. C., July 25.—As a result of a series of conferences the prediction is freely made in the senate that the upper house of congress Thursday would adopt the house wool bill. This puts the wool issue squarely up to Taft. Democratic Leader Underwood has served notice that the house would not accept the LaFollette bill.

BURR S. PECK DEAD.

Wealthy Aged Man Who Recently Created a Sensation By Eloping With Young Waitress.
New Haven, Conn., July 25.—Burr S. Peck, a wealthy retired manufacturer, aged eighty, who recently eloped with a pretty waitress, Miss May Bryen, aged twenty, is dead. Peck created a sensation when he eloped with the waitress. They lived together a few days when Peck instituted divorce proceedings. The suit was afterwards withdrawn. The estate, valued at one hundred thousand dollars, goes to the young widow.

THE LORIMER HEARING

Colloquy Between Lorimer's Counsel and Witness.

Ownership of the Chicago Tribune Delved Into—Medill McCormick, the Editor, Was Away When White's Contession Was Just Published and Had Nothing to Do With It.

Washington, D. C., July 25.—James Keeley, of the Chicago Tribune, told the senate Lorimer committee that Gen. O. Glavis, recently arrested on the charge of embezzlement, was at his (Keeley's) request, after Glavis had been authorized to buy the lobbyist's books which Glavis claimed would show that lobbyists paid Lorimer 25 per cent of the \$2,000 fund in the fight made by the "free-proof" magazine of Chicago for mail privileges.

Keeley said Glavis told him that former Representative Tanney, many years chairman of the house appropriation committee, was "mixed up in the deal."

Elbridge Haney, Senator Lorimer's counsel, began the cross-examination of Keeley. The ownership of the Tribune was delved into. Keeley said Medill McCormick, editor of the Tribune, was on a vacation when the confession of State Representative White was printed April 30, 1910, and had nothing to do with the publication of that story. Keeley testified that Medill McCormick believed Lorimer should be driven out of politics.

"And he worked consistently to do that?" asked Lorimer's counsel.

"Yes and no," replied Keeley.

Keeley admitted that the election of representatives at Washington to succeed Lorimer was one of the things that made McCormick hostile to Lorimer.

"We were fighting Lorimer," and we tried to make a good job of it," remarked Keeley.

Haney twitted the witness about not succeeding in the Moxley fight.

"Not the first time, but we did the last," said Keeley.

"By electing a democrat," added Haney.

"Yes, sir."

"Kohlsaat has defined Lorimerism as a combination of democrats and republicans. Did you regard the defeat of Moxley by a combination of democrats and republicans as McCormickism?"

"No, sir. I think Kohlsaat was talking about a combination where the cohesive force was public plunder."

THE BAN PUT ON NAT GOODWIN.

New York, July 25.—Justice Bischoff has granted the final decree in the divorce action brought by Edna Goodrich against Nat Goodwin, actor. The actor is barred from marrying during Mrs. Goodwin's lifetime.

WEBB ON THE COTTON BILL

North Carolina Congressman Wants the Democrats to Postpone Action on the Cotton Schedule Until the Duty is Reduced on Articles That the Cotton Manufacturers Have to Buy—Says the Duty Should be Reduced First on the Trust Made Articles.

NOT TRUST CONTROLLED

Washington, July 25.—Representative Webb introduced a resolution in the democratic caucus today asking that further consideration of the cotton schedule be postponed until the ways and means committee presents a bill reducing the duty on dyes and dyestuffs, rubber belting, iron and steel articles, brick, sugar, meats and flour.

In offering his resolution Mr. Webb said: "The cotton mills of the south can compete with the world in producing yarns and cotton goods provided you will materially lighten the burdens of their production. It's not fair to reduce so materially and radically the duties on all cotton yarns and coarse goods and at the same time compel the cotton manufacturers and operatives to continue to purchase their necessities of life and their means of producing cotton goods from the unprotected trusts of the country, which remain undisturbed by tariff revision."

"Sugar is admittedly controlled by a trust which, by reason of the high tariff, robs the American people of about one hundred million dollars a year."

"Steel and iron are controlled by the biggest trust in the world, which has fattened by robbing the people through a protective tariff. Why not revise the duties on sugar, iron and steel, before taking up cotton goods which no trust controls and which are being sold every day by the many cotton mills in deadly competition with each other?"

"One hundred thousand dollars worth of brick to the foreigner, costs the American one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, so I say again, if you will reduce the burdens now placed on the production of cotton goods the American manufacturer will meet the world's competition but I submit and insist that it is not fair at this time, considering the democratic platform promise to revise duties gradually to a revenue basis, and especially in view of the awful condition of the cotton mill industry, to reduce so materially the duties on everything that the cotton mills produce and leave a duty so high and protective on everything they have to buy."