

Latest Foreign News.

By way of Charleston.

VENNA, NOV. 6.

It appears that this Capital is at the present moment the center of most important negotiations...

AUGSBURG, NOV. 5.

Letters from Vienna, Trieste and other parts in the Adriatic, inform us, that the English fleet which presented itself before Alexandria...

PARIS, NOV. 5.

The First Consul left Paris on Thursday last, to make a tour along the coast; it is supposed that he will only be absent for a few days.

Letters from Holland state, that the Batavian Republic alone will furnish no less than twelve hundred transports of different descriptions for the grand expedition.

NOV. 9.

Letters from Hamburg inform us, that the city of Herzberg in the Harze, is just occupied by the French troops.

Authentic intelligence has been received, that besides many ships of the line, frigates, cutters and corvettes, near 150 gun and flat-bottomed boats completely armed and equipped in the Dutch ports are only waiting for orders to repair to their destination...

The arrival of many detachments of the Consular Guard at Dunkirk, and the daily expected arrival of many others at St. Omers, Bruges and Breda, leave no doubt that the First Consul will immediately repair to those places.

NOV. 14.

Advices from Vienna state, that the Venetian Company of the Lagoon, composed of near sixty merchants, is at present labouring under the greatest embarrassment, since

the last intelligence which has been received from Egypt: All their partners or correspondents have abandoned Cairo, Alexandria, and Rosetta, and sold off all the Venetian property they had on their hands.

NOV. 19.

The intelligence from Venice states, that according to the unanimous report of a number of captains arrived in that city and in Trieste, an English Squadron from Malta had appeared before Alexandria and in concert with the Beys had landed some thousands of men, who now form the garrisons of the forts surrounding Alexandria.

It is said that the First Consul's return to Paris is delayed for some days, as he is to visit several towns in Belgium.

The English Squadron, in the offing of Cherbourg, but the distance of a cannon shot, which rendered it impossible for them to observe what is going forward in that port.

A number of flat-bottomed vessels are daily expected to arrive at Dunkirk from Holland. Many pinnaces are fitting out in the latter port, which are built upon a new construction.

Great fears are entertained in Spain that the epidemic disorder which has broke out in Malaga, is the yellow fever, brought to that country by a vessel arrived from St. Domingo.

BOULOGNE, NOV. 4.

On Friday the First Consul arrived at Boulogne at one o'clock in the morning. He was already embarked before his arrival was public known; and he remained there till midnight visiting the different works.

PARIS, NOV. 5.

The First Consul was in the road a great part of the day, and visited most of the vessels. He lay in his wooden house in the midst of the camp to the right, where he received the authorities and different commanders of the corps.

NOV. 7.

A hundred vessels, all of them armed with 24 pounders, come out daily to exercise in the road. There are a great many Generals here. The number of vessels of different sizes which are to carry the troops in the expedition against England, will amount, it is said, to five thousand.

Congress.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Wednesday, January 25.

Mr. J. Randolph, from the committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill for fixing the salaries of certain executive officers—Referred.

Dr. Mitchell, from the committee of Commerce and Manufactures, made a very detailed report, on various petitions from citizens of New-York and Philadelphia, relative to the encouragement of their trades and arts.

The committee of Ways and Means recommended a disagreement to the first amendment of the Senate, providing for a port of entry at Natchez.

On concurring with this part of the report, a debate of several hours ensued, on the expediency of constituting Natchez a port of entry; when the question being taken, the committee of the whole voted a disagreement to the report of the committee of ways and means, only 33 members rising in favour of it.

The Speaker laid before the house a letter received from the Secretary of the Treasury, with a statement of the exports of the U. States for the past year.

Monday, Jan. 30.

Mr. Leib said, we had heard much lately about the independence of the Judges; that it had been a theme within the walls of this house, and the subject of animated discussion

without them. To the rational independence of the Judiciary, he professed himself a friend, and to evince his sincerity, he begged leave to submit to the consideration of the house the following resolution:

"Resolved, that a committee be appointed to enquire into the expediency of providing by law against the appointment of Judges of the courts of the U. States to other offices under the Government."

The house took into consideration the resolution of Mr. Epps, for the appointment of a committee to bring in a bill for the discontinuance of the office of commissioner of loans in the several States.

A short debate took place. Messrs. Epps and Smilie supported, and Messrs. J. Clay, Elliott and Randolph opposed the resolution. The yeas and nays being taken, the resolution was negatived 50 to 52.

Mr. Randolph, in the name of the committee appointed to enquire into the conduct of Samuel Chase and Richard Peters, stated that documents had been received by them which occupied a considerable bulk, the printing of which would considerably assist their investigation, by rendering them more convenient for perusal.

Dr. Eustis suggested a doubt of the propriety of printing detached papers, which might produce an improper impression on the public.

Mr. Nicholson observed, that it would rest with the committee to preclude, if they saw fit, a publication of the papers, tho' printed, until the report should be made, and remarked that this was the course pursued by the committee of investigation.

The motion was then carried. Ayes 59.

Tuesday, Jan. 31.

A bill supplementary to the act to incorporate the inhabitants of Washington, was read a third time and passed.

The house went into a committee of the whole on the Salary Bill; when

Mr. Randolph moved to fix the salary of the Secretary of State at 5,000 dollars per an.

Mr. Elmer moved to fix it at 4,500 dollars.

Mr. Randolph's motion was carried 64 to 22.

The salary of the Secretary of the Treasury was fixed at 5,000 dollars, by a like division.

The salaries of the Secretaries of War and Navy, were fixed at 4,500 dollars.

The salaries of the other officers was fixed as by the act of 1799.

On fixing the salary of the Postmaster General, 4,000, 3,500 and 2,000 were proposed.

Mr. Randolph moved 3,000, the sum fixed by the act of 1799.

The motion for 4000 was lost. Ayes 17.

3,500 was supported by Messrs. Varnum, Gregg, Claiborne and Southard, on the ground that the duties of the Postmaster-General had greatly increased within these few years.

Mr. Allow moved the motion. It was agreed to, 59 to 35.

Mr. Randolph moved to fix the salary of the Assistant Postmaster-General at 1,700 dollars.

Mr. Varnum moved 2000. This motion being lost, 47 to 35; that of Mr. Randolph prevailed.

The committee rose and reported the bill with the amendments. The house immediately took it up, and agreed to all the amendments, except to that fixing the salary of the Postmaster-General, which was made 3,000.

Mr. Randolph offered a new section to the bill limiting its duration to three years, which was carried, 51 to 45.

Late James Mitchell.

ALL persons who stood indebted to JAMES MITCHELL, of Raleigh, at the time of his Death, are requested to come forward and make settlement with the Subscriber; and such as may have any Demand against the Estate of the said deceased, are desired to present them for Settlement within the Time limited by Law, to

JESSE MITCHELL, Admin.

Jan. 21.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY, on the 2d day of January, a NEGRO FELLOW, about 21 years of age, by the name of SAM, yellow complexion, with a very bushy head of Hair, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, and very big over the Shoulders. He has a quantity of Cloths, therefore I cannot describe him in any particular dress.

The above Reward will be paid to any person who will deliver me the said Negro Sam; or a liberal Reward will be given to any person for securing him in any Goal, and giving me information so that I get him again.

WM KENNON, Chatham County, Feb. 4.

STRAYED.

From my Plantation in Franklin County, on Sunday the 15th Instant,

TWO HORSES; one a Sorrel with a white Face, about five Feet high, aged about seven or eight years. The other a Bay with his Main roached, and Tail cut or cropped; not quite as tall as the other, though larger and stronger built, somewhat older.

Any Person who knows of said Horses, and will convey them, or information of them, to the Owner in Franklin, not far from Louisa, shall be liberally rewarded for any Trouble or Expence they may sustain in consequence thereof.

JOHN BRANCH, jun. January 30. 1822.

The thorough bred imported Horse CLOWN,

WAS imported from England last fall, will stand the ensuing season at my Stable in Orange County, six miles north of Hillsborough, to cover Mares at ten dollars the leap, to be paid when the Mare is covered, twenty dollars the season; and forty dollars to insure a Mare to be with foal, to be returned if such should not be the case, and the Mare retains the property of the person who puts her to the Horse, which may be discharged any time before the twenty fifth of December next, by the payment of thirty two dollars for insuring, and sixteen dollars the season, with half a dollar to the Groom in every instance.

CLOWN

Was got by Bourdeaux, brother to Fwizel, his dam by Eclipse, her dam Crysis by Careless, Regulus, Godolphin Arabin; great grand dam Snappa by Snap, Meres, son of Partner out of Drivers, dam by Childers; Clown's dam was also the dam of Smart, Joan, Grape, Fire, Mather Black Cap, &c. Bourdeaux was got by Herod, dam by Cygnat, Godolphin Arabin, grand dam by Cartouch, Ebony by Childers, old Ebony by Basso.

DESCRIPTION.

Clown stands 15 hands 3 inches high, is a rich bay with black legs, full of bone, perfectly sound, has remarkable good action, and was bred by T. Douglas, Esq.

PERFORMANCES.

At New Market, Clown beat the Duke of Bedfords Cardcock, for 200 Guineas, he beat Mr. Fox's Swallow for 300 Guineas; the same week he won a Sweepstake of 20 Guineas each, eleven subscribers, beating Skylark O'Spray, Gray Diomed, Wheatheaf, Mulberry, Creymax and Hidalgo; the same day he received forfeit from Mr. Fox's Swift, for 200 Guineas; the spring meeting following he received forfeit from Mr. Fox's Swift, Beacon course, for 300 Guineas; the day following he beat Mr. Bullock's Pretender, allowing him 31lb. for 100 Guineas; the day following he was second to the duke of Bedfords Cradock for the Jockey Club plate, beating Sir Thomas's Director, Minos and Ruby. In the same year he walked over the Ladies plate at York.

Feb. 19. 1824. DAVID RAY.

CALVIN JONES,

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,

1st Mr. Marshall's in Raleigh,

(Late of Smithfield)

Offers to the Public his professional Services,

February 4.



Raleigh,

MONDAY, FEB. 13.

The Editor has the satisfaction of informing his readers, that by the gratuitous exertions of his ingenious friend John Whitaker, Esq. his Printing Press is repaired, and again at work. Newtype is ordered from Philadelphia to replace that which was destroyed. As soon as it arrives, and a fresh stock of paper is procured, the Register will resume its former appearance. It will be some weeks, however, before this can be accomplished.

The Superior Court for Newbern district adjourned on the 25th ult. During the term, sentence of death was passed on Dimpley Dading, for negro stealing. He was ordered for execution the second Tuesday in March next, but we understand, from some favorable circumstances in his case, the Governor being applied to, has granted him a pardon.

William Martin, convicted of perjury, was condemned to stand two hours in the pillory, have both his ears cut off and pay a fine of forty shillings, which was done accordingly.

Crawford, convicted of making counterfeit dollars, was condemned to pay a fine of one hundred pounds and be imprisoned four months.

The General Assembly of Virginia closed their session on Friday the 4th inst.

The bill establishing a State Bank at Richmond has finally passed. It authorises a Branch at Petersburg, Norfolk and Fredericksburg. The whole Capital Stock is a million and a half of dollars, and the state is interested one fifth.

The British frigate Boston, Captain Douglas is now lying in Hamp-ton roads.

Last week, there was a quantity of sails, matts, barrels of flour, &c. &c. picked up about Lynhaven bay.

On Friday the 27th ult. the acquisition of Louisiana, was celebrated in Washington City, by a numerous company assembled at Stells Hotel, on Capital Hill. A most superb dinner was given by a number of the members of Congress to the President and Vice-President of the United States, the heads of departments and the other officers of Government. The President was escorted from his own house to the place of entertainment by members of both houses, the Brigadier General and the Colonel of the Washington militia, and the officers of government generally. His approach was announced by a discharge of artillery from the Hill and he was received at the door by the President and Vice-President of the day, and welcomed by a full band of music playing Jefferson's march. The company consisting of about one hundred, sat down to dinner at 5 o'clock. Gen. Samuel Smith presided, and Mr. Nicholson and Gen. Varnum acted as Vice-Presidents. On no occasion have the same number of countenances exhibited more real satisfaction, as none ever offered itself upon which mutual congratulation could be more sincere, or mutual good will more generally felt. An assemblage so numerous, to celebrate an event, at once so glorious and so happy, may not occur for centuries to come. The reduction of a petty fortress which has cost the lives of thousands; the conquest of a town, in which the widow, the orphan, and the helpless virgin have had ample cause to heap curses on the heads of the conquerors, have too often furnished occasion for joy and festivity. But what must have been the sensations of those who were now assembled, when they reflected, that without exciting the anguish of one heart, they had extended the blessings of liberty to an hundred thousand beings who were added to the population of their country; and by means unattended with the blood of a single victim, they had acquired almost a new world, and had laid the foundation for the happiness of millions yet unborn!

After dinner the following toasts were drank, each accompanied by a discharge of artillery, and the intervals filled up with appropriate music, from the Italian band.

- 1. The people of the United States. 2. The Constitution of the Union. 3. Our brothers of Louisiana. 4. The nations in amity with the United States. 5. The Union of the States. 6. The State governments. 7. The rights of neutral powers. 8. Peace when peace is honorable, war rather than disgrace. 9. Arts and Sciences. 10. Agriculture, commerce and manufactures. 11. The river Mississippi—a high road of commerce between citizens of the same country, not a barrier between rival nations. 12. The militia of the United States. 13. The army and navy of the United States. 14. The American seamen, protection to them in their youth, and support for them in old age. 15. The memory of Gen Washington and the other departed heroes who fought for our independence. 16. The memory of Franklin, Hancock and Adams; and the deceased statesmen of our revolution. 17. Livingston and Munroe, our ministers who negotiated the treaty of cession.

VOLUNTEERS.

The President of the United States. The Vice President. Governor Claiborne, General Wilkinson, and that part of the army and militia which defended the Mississippi with them to take possession of the newly acquired territory of Louisiana.

By the Speaker of the House of Representatives—The REAL Sovereigns of the United States—The American Fair.

A Boat came to this city, says a Charleston paper of the 2d inst. yesterday, by way of the Santee Canal, from Salisbury in North-Carolina; her cargo consists of 260 hogs, salted in bulk, and some bales of Cotton. The hogs were driven to Granby, there slaughtered and taken on board.

Died,

At Mr. William Mitchell's, in Newbern, on the 30th ult. JOHN SIMPSON, Esq. of Tar River. On the 26th ult. Smeesborough, Charles W. Harris, Esq. Attorney at Law, formerly of Halifax.