

**WILL be sold at the Court-house** in Beaufort, on the third Wednesday in November next, the following Lands and Town Property, not being given in for the Taxes for 1803, or as much as will satisfy the Taxes and contingent charges, viz:

- 930 Acres in Harlow's Swamp and on Core Banks, the Property of Samuel Mobson and Heirs of Arthur Mobson, and two Lots in Beaufort.
- 540 do. in Harlow's Swamp, the Property of Joseph and John Banks.
- 176 do. the Property of Thomas, Few, and North River.
- 15-Acres, the Property of the Heirs of Peter Physick, being Banks land.
- 20 do. the property of the Heirs of John Sharpe.

J. W. HILL, Shif.  
Aug. 19, 1804.

**MEDITERRANEAN PASSPORTS.**

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that it has been deemed expedient to change the form of the Mediterranean Passport issued to vessels of the United States; that from the eighth Day of July next, those of the new form will be issued at the Custom-Houses to every Vessel, for which application may be made on a compliance with the terms prescribed by law, and surrendering the former passport of which she may be possessed, if any, in which latter case no fees will be required for the exchange; and that by an arrangement agreed upon by the Barbary Powers, with whom we are at peace, either the old or the new form of passport will be sufficient to protect the vessels of the United States from capture, until the 1st of July 1805, after which the old form of passport will be unavailable and the new one alone in use.

Department of State,  
May 23d, 1804.

**INFALLIBLE AGUE AND FEVER DROPS**  
For the Cure of Agues, Remittant and Intermittent Fevers.

Thousands can testify of their being cured by these Drops, after the Bark and every other Medicine have proved ineffectual; and not one in a hundred has had occasion to take more than one, and numbers not half a Bottle.

These Drops are particularly recommended to the inhabitants of low, marshy countries, where the worst sort of Agues generally prevail; which, unless early attended to and speedily removed, injure the constitution exceedingly, and bring on Dropsies, Putrid Fevers, and a variety of Complaints of the most dangerous and alarming nature. Many other Medicines are daily offered to the public for the cure of this disorder, which upon trial have been found either dangerous or useless. The Bark is the usual remedy made use of; but being a very nauseous Medicine, and seldom taken in sufficient quantity, it very often fails; and children and those who have weak stomachs, are frequently lost, for want of a more easy and pleasant Remedy.

Extract of a letter from Dr. C. Super.  
"Kent Co. Delaware.  
"I have given the Ague Drops to a Number of patients this fall, and with constant success; in some obstinate cases they acted like a charm—the disease yielding in a day or two to this remedy, after resisting the barks for months, though they had been thrown in, in the largest doses."

From Dr. J. Spangler, York-Town, Pennsylvania.  
"I CAN at any moment, if you think proper to advertise them, procure the certificates of very respectable persons in this place and its vicinity, of the efficacy of the Ague Drops and Worm Lozenges, the latter very effectual as a vermifuge, and successfully used in diarrhoea and dysentery, complaints which have been very prevalent here."

From Mr. Gilson White, Annapolis.  
"I have sold many of the Ague and Fever Drops to people in the country, and have not known any to fail curing—The Lozenges have sold very well lately—I hear of several cures such as bringing worms from Children, and doing much good to persons of a bilious habit."

From Mr. Rob. Mercer, Printer, Fredericksburg.  
"The Ague Drops have cured in every case I have heard of, and increases in demand, as the ague and fever prevail very much here every fall. Some interested Doctors have done all in their power to depreciate their value, pretending they do not act mildly; but the people will not easily believe what so obviously contradict their senses—I know young Children who have taken it, and no other effect was perceived but the ceasing of the disorder."

To the Public.  
I here certify, that on the fifth day of July last, I was taken ill of the ague and fever and a short Time after two children in my house became sick of the same complaint—when hearing of the ague drops advertised in the Carlisle Gazette, I purchased a bottle from Mr. Dawson, by the use of a small part of which my ague ceased for some time—the said bottle of drops stopped the ague on the two children—and had we made use of a sufficient quantity of the drops I believe a perfect cure would have been effected. I found them innocent and safe, as taken according to the printed directions.

GEORGE CROCKER

From the Carlisle Gazette.  
(The following certificates were voluntarily offered in favour of this medicine, in consequence of the malicious insinuations, not of respectable physicians, having at heart the welfare of the community—but of Quacks—real, genuine, unadulterated Quacks.)

Sir,  
I have made use of your ague drops—they have operated mildly—and according to my wishes, have performed a cure on me, without producing any inconvenience—I think them a safe and excellent medicine, and would have recourse to them again as a cure for the ague in preference to any other medicine. I am sir with gratitude,  
Your obedient servant,  
JOHN RUSSEL.  
These drops are sold by J. Gales, Raleigh, 2 dollar and a half a bottle.

**WILL commence on the first day** of October, under the direction of Mr. WILLIAM C. LOVE, from the University of North Carolina, where the English and Latin Languages will be taught.

Mr. LOVE is a young gentleman who possesses handsome acquirements, and a good moral character; this, together with the healthiness of the situation, will doubtless be an inducement to many Gentlemen to send their sons. Boarding, Washing and Lodging, (notwithstanding the bad prospect of Crops,) may be had for twenty Students, within one mile and a half of the School, at Forty five dollars each, per annum; and it is hoped this institution will be so conducted as to answer the most sanguine expectation of those Gentlemen who may think proper to send their sons.

By order of the Trustees.  
M. DUKE MITCHELL, Clk.  
Sept. 4th, 1804.

**FALL GOODS.**

THE Subscribers have received a very extensive and general assortment of FALL GOODS, which they offer by Wholesale and Retail at a moderate advance. By the first of next month the whole Assortment will be opened. The Woolens, the Irish Linens, the Hardware and the Cutlery, are directly from the Manufacturers, and the whole of the Goods whether European, East Indian or American, are laid in on the best terms. Every kind of produce will be received in payment, and for Cash down a considerable discount will be made. Among the Articles there is about Ten Thousand bushels of Liverpool Salt.

DONALDSON MACMILLAN & Co.  
Fayetteville 14th Sept. 1804.

**NEGRO TAKEN UP.**

Taken up and committed to the Goal of Greene County, North Carolina, a Negro Woman and a Girl Child about four Years old. The Woman calls herself Abigail and her Child Hetty. She has a Wen on her right shoulder, says she belongs to Mr. Hines. The owner is requested to prove his Property, pay Charges and take her away.


FRED. DIXON, Shif.  
September 15.

State of North-Carolina,  
Anson County.  
July Sessions, 1804.  
Isaac Lanier } Original Attachment.  
vs. John Miller. }  
Ordered, that publication be made three weeks successively in the Raleigh Register, that unless the Defendant come into Court the next Term and reply, that final judgment will be entered against him.


TOD ROBINSON, Clk.

State of North-Carolina,  
Anson County.  
July Sessions, 1804.  
Jesse Davis } Original Attachment.  
vs. William Bobbit. }  
Ordered, that publication be made three weeks successively in the Raleigh Register, that unless the Defendant come into Court the next Term and reply, that final judgment will be entered against him.

TOD ROBINSON, Clk.

  
The noted imported Stallion  
**JONAH,**  
WILL Stand at my Stable in Person County, North-Carolina, the ensuing Spring Season. The Terms will be made known before the Commencement of the Season, by me

BENJAMIN CHAMBERS.  
September 4, 1804.

  
**Raleigh,**  
MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 24.

Accounts daily received confirm the distressing effects of the late storm and hurricane in South-Carolina and Georgia. In our last page will be found a more full account of its ravages in Charleston, mentioned in our last. Its effects in South-Carolina do not appear, from the present accounts, to have been as destructive as in Georgia. In our second page will be found an account of the progress of it in Savannah and Georgetown, from which it appears that the damage occasioned by the storm on the plantations and crops, as well as in the towns, is very great. We have not as yet heard of its effects at sea, but expect its fury was equally destructive there as on shore.

In one of the northern papers appears a lengthy letter from a correspondent at Cadiz, respecting the difference at present existing between the Minister of the United States and their Court, in which it is said that Mr. Pinckney had demanded his passports and before that time left Madrid. After explaining the cause of dispute, viz. the claim set up by the United States to the Floridas, the writer concludes: "The interpretation given by the United States to the treaty of cession of Louisiana, is

entirely equally extravagant and untenable, and will never be sanctioned by the Spanish court, although the annihilation of the monarchy should become a possible consequence of its rejection of so degrading a proposal."

London papers to the 18th July inclusive, Lloyd's lists to the 18th and Prices Current on the 13th, by the Oneida Chief, Captain Kemp, arrived at New-York. The papers are four days later than any advices which had previously reached us, but contain no event of moment. The political situation of Europe, as it stood at the departure of the Oneida Chief, will be perceived in the articles of intelligence in our second page, which comprise the papers we have received.

**St. Domingo.**  
The French still hold what is called the Spanish part of St. Domingo; with the city of that name, and the port St. Jago. Gen. Ferrand commands in chief. He has defeated Dessalines (the black general, who lost one thousand men. Sapt. Castel, an aid-de-camp of General Ferrand, has lately arrived in the United States, to demand succours of M. Pichon.

The following is an exact copy of a paper which is posted up at the quarters of Kemper, and at several other places through the country of the Floridas.

"For a people to be free it is sufficient that they will it: we the undersigned, citizens of the West Florida, send these presents greeting.

WHEREAS the despotism under which we have long groined, has grown into an insupportable burthen, and as it is long since admitted men are born with equal rights, we the undersigned inhabitants of that part of the dominion called West Florida, have resolved to throw of the galling yoke of tyranny, and become freemen, declaring ourselves a free and independent people, and by supporting with our lives and property that declaration, and we do by these presents, invite our fellow sufferers throughout the province aforesaid, to repair to the standard to aid in the effecting our common emancipation we pledge ourselves solemnly to each other, and to our fellow men interested in the events to avoid as far as practicable the effusion of blood (save that of our common enemy) and in all cases shall private property be held sacred. So soon as our emancipation is effected, we will offer ourselves to some government accustomed to freedom.

Those who set up in opposition to our operations for the purposes aforesaid, will be received as our common enemy, the enemy of mankind and of liberty, and will be treated accordingly.

Given under our hands on the south side of the line of Demarkation, in the province aforesaid, this 1st day of Floridian Freedom. August 7th 1804.

The Fall Term of the District Court of Virginia commenced in Petersburg on the 15th. Judge Prentis and Nelson preside. We understand no criminal cases of any magnitude will be tried at this session.

George Tucker is appointed a Director of the Bank of Virginia in the room of George Jefferson resigned.

The Legislature of Tennessee has brought its called session to a close. We understand that they have passed nearly forty laws.

During the session, a ballot was taken for a Judge of the superior court, vice Gen. Andrew Jackson, resigned, when John Overton Esq. was unanimously elected.

The prints of Connecticut are occupied with discussing the interesting question, whether it is desirable to establish a permanent constitution in the room of the royal charter at present in force.—The republicans are strenuous advocates and the federalists as strenuous opponents of the measure. There certainly cannot be a more propitious season than the present for a cool and deep examination of the important principles which form the elements of Constitutions; as it is probable that every great change introduced at this time would be in favor of Liberty. It is with much satisfaction, therefore, we perceive this subject awakening the attention it so well merits.

The Governor of Pennsylvania has offered a reward of eight hundred dollars for arresting the principal offender, and four hundred for arresting each of the accomplices concerned in the shooting of Ed-

ward Goble. This individual was shot in the Wyoming settlement on the 27th of last July, it is supposed by one of the Connecticut intruders. It will be recollected by our readers, that this description of people have for a number of years past, notwithstanding the conciliatory measures of Pennsylvania, been in constant perturbation; and have endeavored by terror to possess themselves of property to which they have no rightful claim. We understand that it is contemplated by the Executive of Pennsylvania to pursue vigorous measures for the suppression of these lawless associations.

The New-York Daily Advertiser of the 8th inst. says—"It is rumored that M. Jerome Bonaparte and his little Baltimore beauty, have taken French leave, and tacitly slipped off in the vessel which carries General Armstrong, our lately appointed Minister, to Nantz!"

Joseph Stanton and Nehemiah Knight, both republicans have been re-elected representatives to Congress, for Rhode Island, without opposition.

**New-Hampshire Election.**  
The New-Hampshire Gazettee of the 4th inst. has furnished us with a statement of the votes from one hundred and thirty two towns for Representative to Congress, which gives the

Republican Ticket - - 8414  
Federal do. - - - 8394

Republican Majority 20  
The last returns for Governor in the above towns, says the same paper, gave the Republican candidates 773 votes more than at the present time, and 946 more for the federal candidate—By which it appears the Republicans have gained 173 votes in the short space of five months.

**Kentucky Election.**  
Governor of State, Christopher Greenup, Lieutenant Governor, John Caldwell, for Congress, Matthew Lyon, Matthew Walton, John Boyle, Thomas Sandford, John Fowler, George M. Bedinger.

On Saturday the 18th ultimo, the following melancholy accident happened in West Windsor. A child of William Tindall, Esq. which was about two years of age, and of which its mother was so unusually fond and careful that she seldom permitted it to be out of her sight, had that afternoon been suffered to accompany its father to the cider mill, where he was making cider. Something for a moment withdrew his attention from the child, and on turning round he saw it lying in the mill trough a mangled corpse! The child had got into the trough, but when the wheel came round was not able to get out of the way, and was crushed to death. Perhaps none but those who have children can fully conceive what the feelings of the bereaved parents must have been, at losing their only and beloved child—so suddenly—and in such a manner!

**A MAMMOTH SNAKE!**

Strange if True!—An old gentleman of venerable appearance passed through Wilkesberrie a few days since, and gave to a number of our citizens the following information:—  
That he was from the neighborhood of the Cayuga lake, and just as he started on his journey, he saw a man who informed him that two men were fishing on the lake, when they beheld at a little distance a monster, in the form of a snake, rise out of the lake, and stretch himself on the bosom of the water. That his appearance was

..... "Fierce as ten Furies"  
"Terrible as Hell!"  
that the fishermen, with more than ordinary courage, ventured near enough to reach him with a rifle ball, and both firing at once fortunately dispatched him.

The people of the neighborhood were immediately called together, and the Aquatic Mammoth drawn in triumph to the shore.  
On an admeasurement it was found to be 103 feet 4 and an half inches in length, and his size was proportionably great.—From his head projected a horn of considerable length. The old gentleman added that in going into Oswego he met three of the inhabitants go-

ing out to see the extraordinary creature, and that the skin was to be saved for Mr. Peale's Museum. There is an Indian tradition that a monster of the kind described, long inhabited the lake, and they believe it still continues there; they had an idea that it was an evil spirit, and as such they worshipped it.

**Mammoth Horn.**—About six weeks ago, a Horn of very gigantic size, was carried up the Ohio, on its way to Philadelphia. It measured in length 9 feet 7 inches; in circumference 22 1-2 inches, weighing 144 lbs—the shape was more crooked than the horns of neat cattle generally—the hollow of the horn was about 7 inches, tapering to a point; the but had decayed, and it is probable that one third of the horn had rubbed off. This remarkable horn was found at the Ohio Salt Lick.

A letter from Marietta, State of Ohio, dated the 26th ultimo, and received by a gentleman of Petersburgh, says "I have received information from a gentleman, whose integrity is unquestionable, that a Toad or Highland Frog, was lately found on the western frontier of Virginia, 35 feet below the surface of the earth, enclosed in a small place in a solid rock, the rock commencing four feet below the surface, and continued to that depth. The frog was in a torpid state, but on being brought to the surface became animated and hopped off."

**Hair changed through fright.**  
It is related of a boy, in one of the rudest parts of the county of Clare in Ireland, that in order to destroy some eagles lodged in a hole a 100 feet from the summit of a rock which rose 400 feet perpendicular from the sea, he caused himself to be suspended by a rope, with a scimitar in his hand for his defence, should he meet with an attack from the old ones, which precaution was found necessary; for no sooner had his companions lowered him to the nest, than one of the old eagles made at him with great fury, at which he struck, but unfortunately missing his aim, nearly cut through the rope that supported him.

Describing his horrible situation to his comrades, they cautiously, and safely, drew him up; when it was found that his hair, which a quarter of an hour before was a dark auburn, was changed to grey.

Lon. Paper.

**Married,**  
In this County, on Tuesday the 18th inst. Mr. James House, of Franklin county, to Miss Louisa Hunter, daughter of Isaac Hunter sen.  
In the Hawfields, on Tuesday the 18th inst. by the Rev. Leonard Prather, Mr. Jacob Greer, to Miss Polly Steele.

**Died,**  
In Warren county, on the 6th inst. Col. Wm. Johnson, in the 80th year of his age. The Colonel was one of the first settlers in that county, has for many years presided in the county court. He bore an uniform character for integrity, benevolence, and sociability. He passed the early part of his life respected by all his acquaintances, sunk into the decline of life, revered by his fellow-citizens in general, and ended his days in the good-will of every one. His funeral was yesterday attended by a numerous concourse of citizens, and Masonic honours performed over his grave.  
At Newbern, on the 9th inst. Mr. Joseph Day.

**Postscript.**

By the Packet, Capt. Trott, arrived of Boston on the 8th inst. papers have been received from London to the twenty fifth July.

Notwithstanding all that has been said about the perfect recovery of the King of England's health, there is room to entertain a doubt upon that subject, especially as Dr. Symonds, the physician of the lunatic hospital, is continually about his person. The parliament was to be prorogued on the 31st of July.  
Nothing more of importance by this arrival.

In the late gale, the brig Wilmington Packet, Captain L. Dudley, from New-York bound to Wilmington, was cast away on the point Bald-Head, after having struck repeatedly on the Fryng-Pan. We understand she has lost her keel and stem. Attempts are however making to get her off, which we fear will prove abortive. No lives were lost.  
The Board of Directors of the Bank of Virginia, have resolved, that the operations of the Bank commence on Monday, the 8th of October.