



AND

North-Carolina State Gazette.

Ours are the plans of fairdelightful peace,
Unwarped by party rage, to live like brothers.

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From an English paper of August 17.

DECLARATION
of the

EMPEROR OF GERMANY.

ALTHO' the Emperor has not as yet taken any direct part in the different efforts which have been made in the course of the present maritime war to reconcile the belligerent parties, and effect the re-establishment of peace, his Majesty has not been the less ardently desirous that an object so beneficial should be obtained by the exertions of the Powers whose mediation was particularly solicited for that purpose.

The desire on the part of the Court of Vienna was necessarily increased from the time that events, involving directly the interests and the balance of the Continent, were produced by the subsequent consequences of the war between France and England, and from the time that his Majesty the Emperor of the French had publicly declared that the final settlement of the affairs of Lombardy should be deferred until the conclusion of this war, when it would be included in the negotiations which would take place for its termination. From that time, the Court of Vienna, who has possessions in Italy, and towards whom engagements were entered into respecting that important part of Europe, found herself immediately interested in the success of the negotiations for peace; and she has in consequence declared, on different occasions, how anxious she was to have it in her power to contribute to accelerate their opening.

It resulted, from this disposition on her part, that nothing could be more satisfactory to her than the intelligence of the pacific proposal made at the beginning of this war by his Majesty the Emperor of the French to the Court of London; and of that of this latter Power, in which she referred, upon that point, to the interference of his Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias—proposals which announced, on the part of both Powers, a moderate and conciliating disposition, which it was hoped the mission of M. Novosilzoff to Paris, offered and accepted with equal alacrity, would realize.

It is, therefore, with the deepest regret, that the Emperor has learned that this mission has been cut short by the recent changes in the condition of the republics of Genoa and Lucca. Finding on his side, in these late changes, reasons of additional weight for desiring the speedy commencement of conciliatory measures, and not being willing to relinquish the hopes which he had built upon the spirit of moderation professed and solemnly confirmed by the French Sovereign, the Court of Vienna hastens to offer its good offices, in the hope that the general expectation which was entertained from the conciliating temper of all the powers, should not be again disappointed. She therefore invites the Courts of St. Petersburg and the Tuilleries to immediately renew the negotiation which was on the point of being opened; being ready to lend her most earnest assistance to this desirable object, flattering herself that the Court of Berlin will also contribute towards it on her side, as a necessary consequence of the lively interest which she has always professed to take in the re-establishment of the public repose.

August, 1805.

[Some doubt exists as to the authority of this State Paper. It is far from agreeing with the preparations making for war throughout Germany; and it has not appeared in the Paris papers.]

FROM THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER.

JOEL BARLOW.

WE have frequently had occasion to notice the hostility of Federalism to Science and Literature, and the persecuting spirit with which it pursues their ablest promoters. Philosophy and Philosophers, so highly respected in every quarter of the civilized world, have here been constantly and loudly denounced, because principally confined to those who maintain republican principles. Let us not be misunderstood. The Federalists we allude to, is not that spirit

rit which now, and always has characterized the entire class denominated Federalists, many of whom, however mistaken in their political estimate of men and measures, are animated by pure motives; but that spirit which is the exclusive property of a few, whose private interests urge them on to whatever tends to sap our Liberties, and to subvert our Republican Institutions—men who sigh for the mummery of Monarchy and Hierarchy, and who, if they should succeed in elevating themselves to wealth and power, would behold with listless indifference the misery of millions. That such men should oppose Truth in every form in which it appears, whether in dissipating political or religious error, is by no means surprising. The arrival of our respectable countryman, Mr. BARLOW, has given fresh fuel to this baneful spirit. We say respectable, for such he is in the eyes of every man who has any just perceptions of the dignity of human nature, or who is capable of feeling gratitude for important services.

Mr. Barlow, so well known by his *Vision of Columbus*, an Epic poem not surpassed by any native poetical production, possessed of an ardent heart, at the dawn of the French Revolution, rejoiced with every good man exempt from prejudice, in the splendid triumphs of Liberty which the French nation offered to the admiration of the world. Gifted with a fertile mind, and holding a classical pen, he wrote on this subject with the enthusiasm of virtue. Execrating tyrants, whether spiritual or temporal, he portrayed them in their true colours. For this he received the thanks of Europe and America. He hoped, with almost every American, that the French struggle would not be fruitless; he considered it as the foundation of a structure which would insure peace, liberty and happiness to mankind. Who is there among us who did not at the time entertain the same hopes? There were undoubtedly some men among us who felt deep regret at these scenes, inasmuch as they threatened the destruction of all their hopes of personal aggrandizement; but such was the virtuous enthusiasm of that day, that they dared not avow what they really thought.

It might have been hoped, that the return of an eminent man into the bosom of his country—a man whose mental powers had contributed to its estimation among other nations, would have been seized by all classes as a fit occasion to evince their superiority to trifling prejudices and narrow feelings, and that Mr. Barlow would have received a warm welcome, and that every effort would have been made to render his situation comfortable. Instead of this, however, what a humiliating spectacle is presented to our view in the very district of country in which he passed the early period of his life? Here, under the influence of a malignant spirit, a spirit worthy of demons, we contemplate a set of men pouring out a stream of billingsgate against the advocate of Liberty—we perceive his writings tortured into meanings never intended, and he is even told to be gone from the metropolis of New-England, the scene, as we had always understood, of hospitality and friendship.

Little, however, do these calumniators estimate the effects of their slander. Their reproach is the best letter of recommendation Mr. Barlow can receive. Were not his virtues and talents already well known, their traduction would only the more diffuse them. And we venture to predict, that their victim will find, through the whole extent of the union, a friend in every liberal man he meets.

HEMP.

The subject of Hemp having been often named in the southern papers, the following extract of a letter written by Dr. Franklin, is offered to public notice. On a Report to the Board of Trade in 1772, relative to the inland settlement in America, Dr. Franklin wrote an elaborate Answer. The Report was taken into consideration in the Privy Council, and their lordships decided in favour of the petition for the lands on which the settlements were proposed. The Privy Council having decided against the Board

of Trade, they resigned in consequence. Dr. Franklin did not give a free circulation of his Answer to the Report which has been since printed. In this letter, the Dr. observes,

"AS to Hemp, we are ready to make it appear, that it grows, as we have represented, spontaneously and of good texture, on the Ohio. When, therefore, the increasing dependance of this kingdom upon Russia for this article is considered, and that none had been exported from the sea-coast of the American colonies, as their soil will not easily produce it—this dependance must surely be admitted as a subject of great national consequence, and worthy of the serious attention of Government. Nature has pointed out to us where any quantity of Hemp can be found and easily raised, and by that means not only a large amount of specie may be retained yearly in this kingdom, but your own subjects can be employed most advantageously, and paid in the manufactures of this kingdom.

"The state of the Russian trade is briefly this: From 1722 to 1731, 230 ships were, on a medium, sent every year to St. Petersburg, Na vi, Riga and Archangel, for hemp. And from the year 1762 to 1772, 500 ships had been sent for that purpose. An increase in ten years of 250 ships. Here, then, it is obvious, that in the last ten years, there was, on a medium, an increase of 250 ships in the Russian trade. Can it be consistent with the wisdom and policy of the greatest naval and commercial nation in the world, to depend wholly on foreigners for the supply of an article in which is included the very existence of her navy and commerce? Surely not; and especially when God has blessed us with a country yielding naturally the very commodity which draws our money from us, and renders us dependant on Russia for it."—This reasoning may be easily applied to our own country.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers for Shares in the NANSHEMOND CANAL, are hereby informed that a general meeting will be held at Suffolk, on the first Monday in next month; at which time and place they are requested to attend.

THO. SWEPSON.

CHARLES WHITLOCK.

RICHARD W. BYRD.

October 1, 1805.

Notice is hereby given,

TO all Persons not to contract or bargain with Thomas C. Williams, for a certain Negro Wench by the name of Sally, now in possession of said Thomas C. Williams, as said Negro Wench is my right and property.

H. DELAMOTHE.

Henderson, Montgomery County, Oct. 12.

Tavern and Boarding House, RALEIGH.

CHARLES PARISH

BEGS Leave to return Thanks to his Friends and the Public in General, for the liberal Encouragement he has experienced since he opened a Tavern in this place; respectfully informs them he has purchased the House and Lot opposite Judge Potter's, formerly occupied by Mr. Wm. Daniel, which he has put additions to, and shall be well fitted out by the Assembly for the reception of Boarders at the usual Price; which, together with his other Buildings, will enable him to accommodate forty or fifty members.

He also has for rent at his corner, a Store-room, Combing-room and Cellar per year, supposed to be as good a stand as any in the place.

Raleigh, October 3, 1805.

Casso's Tavern, Raleigh.

THE Subscriber acknowledges with Gratitude the patronage heretofore received in the line of his business, and earnestly solicits a continuance of the Public Favor; at the same time respectfully informs the Members of the ensuing General Assembly, that he has provided convenient and comfortable Rooms for the accommodation of such as may be pleased to favor him with their company; and that he has come to the Resolution of boarding Members during the Session, for eight Shillings per day, and their Servants at half price.

And having a four Acre Lot, in the precincts of the city, well watered and fenced, he will undertake to keep the Horses of such Members as may wish to have them under their own Eyes, on moderate terms. If plentiful Provisions of all kinds, and every exertion to accommodate his Friends, be calculated to obtain their countenance and give satisfaction, he trusts his efforts to please will be crowned with success.

Peter Casso.

Raleigh, October 2d, 1805.

Boarding, &c.

THE Subscriber returns sincere Thanks to the Public in general for their past Favours which have been bestowed upon him since he has kept a Tavern in this City, and informs them that he continues to keep a regular House of Entertainment, for the accommodation of all those who may think proper to call upon him; and that he has prepared himself to entertain 35 or 40 Boarders throughout the General Assembly. He will also keep Horses in Town on moderate Terms.

JAMES MEARS.

Raleigh, October 28, 1805.

Boarding.

THE Subscriber living within one quarter of a Mile of the State-House, informs the Members of the ensuing General Assembly, that he has prepared himself to accommodate 12 or 15 Boarders, and will also take 40 or 50 Horses.

Henry H. Cooke.

October 28.

JOSHUA SUGG,

Within one Mile of the State-house in Raleigh

Respectfully informs the Members of the General Assembly, that he will board six or eight Members at six shillings per day, and feed their horses at 2s. 6d. per day. Oct. 25.

Tavern and Boarding House
FAYETTEVILLE.

JAMES BAKER

Begs leave to return Thanks to his Friends and the Public in general, for the very liberal Encouragement he has experienced since he opened a Tavern in this place, respectfully informs them that he has taken that large commodious Brick House, formerly occupied by Mr. Dick, near the Bridge, to which he will remove on the 1st of October next, where he will have it in his power to accommodate Travellers of every description in a much more comfortable manner than heretofore; his Stable can take fifty Horses and has a Shed adjoining for Carriages. He will always be supplied with the greatest variety of choice Spirits, Wine, Porter, &c. &c. The Stables shall always be provided with Corn, Oats and all Kinds of Forage, and Servants whose Attention may be relied on; Public Dinners and Balls furnished at a short Notice, with every variety that can be procured, and on moderate Terms.

An excellent Billiard Table in a large Room, with a Fire-place and good Maces, Cues and Balls, and proper attention paid. N. B. A few more genteel Boarders may be accommodated.

Fayetteville, September 7, 1805.

For Sale,

THAT VERY VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND,

IN THE STATE OF TENNESSEE,

Which was granted by the State of North Carolina to Gen. Jethro Sumner in consideration of his military services. It contains 10,000 Acres, or thereabouts, free from dispute of any kind, embraces the head waters of Big Harpeth, Mill Creek, Arrington's Creek and Stuart's Creek, and is fully equal, if not superior in fertility, to any other Tract of equal extent within the Military Boundaries. Land conveniently situated in this State, or Property of almost any other kind, will be received in Payment. One-third of the value is paid down in Cash, a convenient Credit will be given for the remainder, the purchaser giving Bond bearing interest from the date, payable annually with approved Security.

Persons disposed to purchase, may learn the Price, and be more particularly informed of the conditions, by applying to Thomas Blount, at this place, or to Wm. Blount or John Studier, at or near Nashville.

Thomas Blount.

Thos. E. Sumners.

Tarborough, N. C. May 2, 1805

BY Virtue of a Writ of Vendition Exponas, issued from the Circuit Court of the United States, for the district of North Carolina, on the 15th day of June 1803, at the instance of Buchanan, Dunlop & Co. vs. Thomas Carson & Hugh Cunningham, the following tract of land mentioned in said Vendition Exponas, will be sold for gold or silver, on the 21st day of December next, at the Market-House in Hillsborough, viz. 75 acres of land adjoining the Town of Lexington. One other tract adjoining the above, and the line of said Town, containing 110 acres; another tract joining said Town of 130 acres; and 35,000 acres lying in Montgomery County in the fork between the Yadkin and Rocky-River, and joining the line of Cabarrus County, the property of Thomas Carson, deceased; and 500 acres on the waters of Swearing Creek, 1 1/2 miles from Lexington; 640 acres on Reedy Creek, 8 miles from said Town, also 700 acres on Dyces Creek the property of Hugh Cunningham.

H. Sheppard, D. M.

Oct. 1st, 1805.

HORSES FED.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the Members of the ensuing General Assembly, that he will take their Horses, and keep them in separate Stalls for two shillings and sixpence per day. And whilst the Horses are under his care, every possible Attention will be paid to them, though he will not consider himself liable for Escape or Accident.

ROBERT WHITAKER.

Near Raleigh, Oct. 25.

For Sale

A HOUSE and Lot at the University, situated on a high and pleasant part of the Village. In the House is one Room below; and two above Stairs. The Lot contains two Acres, and has on it a Kitchen, Smokehouse, Storehouse & Stable, all new: is well shaded with Trees, and has a Cellar prepared for enlarging the Dwelling House. For further information enquire of the Printer, or Subscriber.

JOSEPH CALDWELL

University July 29, 1805.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA }
RANDOLPH COUNTY. }Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,
August Term, 1805.

Benj. Ward,

vs. Oath, returned to this Court.

Wm. Moore.

IN this Case, the Sheriff of the County has returned the Original Attachment, &c. being on the undivided Interest of the Defendant in a Tract of Land containing 640 Acres or thereabouts, lying and being on the Waters of Uchar river, adjoining the Lands of Whitlock Arnold, Josiah Sinden and William Thompson; and it being shewn to the Court, that the Defendant is an Inhabitant of another State, It is ordered by the Court, that all proceedings in the said Suit be stayed for the space of nine Months, and that the Clerk advertise the Suit, with the order made therein for the space of three Months, in Gale's Raleigh Register, that the Defendant may have notice, that unless he appears within nine Months, replevy the property levied, or put in bail and plead to issue, Judgment will be entered against him.

J. HARPER, CLK.

State of North-Carolina, }
Salisbury district. }Superior Court of Law,
September Term, A. D. 1805.In the suit Luckett Davis and wife vs.
William Mosby et alias.

IT is ordered by the Court, that Advertisement be made six weeks successively at the Court-House in the County of Surry and in the State Gazette, notifying Robert Mosby and Elizabeth M'Daniel, who are made Defendants in this petition, and who live out of this State, for them to appear at the next Court to be holden for the district of Salisbury on the nineteenth day of March next, and shew cause, if any they have, why the petitioners should not be entitled to their part in the division of the Lands of Samuel Mosby, deceased, agreeably to the acts of the General Assembly in this case made and provided; or otherwise the Plaintiff's petition shall be taken pro confesso, and judgment entered accordingly. MONFORT STOKES,
Clerk of Salisbury Superior Court.
Oct. 21, 1805.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

WILL BE SOLD,

At the court-house in Trenton, in Jones county

on Thursday the 5th of December,

THE following Tract of Land in said county, or so much thereof as will discharge the Taxes due thereon for the year 1804, with the expense of sale and advertising.

130 acres the property of Thomas Martin, lying on the head of Bachelor's creek, joining the lines of Needham Simmons,

James Shine,

Sept. 25, 1805.

Sheriff.

THE Time having expired for which Wm. Hill & Co. agreed to continue in the Mercantile Business in Raleigh, all Persons indebted to the Company must make immediate Payment to William Hill, Esq. who is authorised to settle the accounts of the Company, and those that have Demands against it will apply to him.

THOMAS STOKES,

WILLIAM DRAKE,

Oct. 20, 1805. WILLIAM HILL.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers having administered on the Estate of Mr. ALEXANDER MAC ARTHUR, late of Montgomery County, deceased, request all Persons indebted thereto, by Note, Bond or Account, to make immediate Payment; and all Persons having Claims against the said Estate, are hereby required to exhibit them to the Subscribers, properly attested, within the time prescribed by law, or otherwise they will be barred of recovery.

On Tuesday the 12th day of November next, will be sold, at the late Dwelling-house of the deceased Mr. Alexander Mac Arthur, all the Goods, and sundry other Articles belonging to the said Estate—Twelve Months Credit will be given on all sums over twenty shillings, the Purchaser giving Bond with approved security.

NICHOLAS NALL, } Adm'rs.
JAMES NALL, }
D. MAC INNISH, }

Montgomery County, Oct. 8, 1805.