

STATE OF SOUTH-CAROLINA.

In the House of Representatives, June 29th, 1808.

We, the people of the State of S. Carolina, in General Assembly met, deeply impressed with the state of our political affairs; and feeling as freemen ought to feel, whose rights have been violated by the different belligerent nations, conceive it to be our duty at this crisis, to come forward and vindicate republican institutions from the charge of ingratitude, and unequivocally to express our sense of the late measures of the General Government. We see in them a sincere wish to preserve to our country the blessings of peace & independence, objects so dear to us as to render personal inconvenience and individual privations, matter unworthy of consideration; therefore,

RESOLVED, That Thomas Jefferson, President of the United States, in recommending, and the Congress of the United States in passing the acts imposing and enforcing the embargo, have deserved well of their country.

RESOLVED, That it be, and it is hereby recommended to the good citizens of this state, to give them their aid to carry into execution this important national measure.

RESOLVED, That this state will, to the utmost of its power, and at all hazards support the General Government, in all measures calculated to maintain the rights and support the independence of the U. States.

RESOLVED, That the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of this state, forthwith transmit these resolutions to the President of the United States.

On the question being put, to a agree to the above resolutions, the same were agreed to unanimously.

R. GRANT, Clerk of H. R. of S. C.

RESOLVED; That the same be sent to the Senate for concurrence.

In the Senate, concurred in unanimously.

H. B. SAXON. Clk.

"Columbia, (S. C.) June 29th, 1808.

"I take the advantage of this evening's mail, to send you the subjoined resolution, this day adopted by both branches of the legislature of this State, and which were unanimously agreed to. I have taken them from the minutes of the House in their official form. I think they will prove an excellent counterpart to those passed by the Legislature of Massachusetts, and if ours can display or neutralize the venom in theirs, a good purpose will be answered.

"With respect to the Presidential election, I have never known the state so little divided, we are in fact all of one side, at the utmost there are not more than twenty members in the Legislature (which is composed of 150 including both Houses) opposed to Mr. Madison, and although a new election is to take place in October next, there will not be any changes which can affect this question, for this candidate is equally the favorite out of the Legislature and within it; I give it therefore as my opinion, backed by the opinions of the most influential men in the country, that Mr. Madison will obtain the unanimous vote of this state—the only weight which Mr. Clinton's name now carries with it here, even as candidate for the Vice-Presidency, is derived from the nomination of the so much decried caucus at Washington; no pains have been taken to counteract the claims of this gentleman, but so much dissatisfaction is felt, that if any attempts were made against him, and a suitable candidate offered in his stead, he would infallibly lose the votes of this state; and whether a candidate in opposition to him is offered or not, if it should be well ascertained that he has, or his friends for him, have conspired with the federalists to help him to the Presidency, this state will drop him; I have hopes that he will not do so, not that such coalition would prevail; but because that so worthy a citizen should not lose that character, for consistency and firmness, he has till lately so well preserved—I should be sorry to think, that among our old revolutionary characters we had but one Jefferson, but one man now left, that could say to ambition, to personal aggrandisement, get ye behind me.

"I had, two days ago, a letter from Col. Troup, of Georgia, in which he states confidently, that

Mr. Madison will get the unanimous vote of Georgia—from other respectable sources of information I am assured of the same thing, and believe it."

In the proceedings of the Legislature of South-Carolina, we perceive the following part of a report on the means of defence possessed by the state, which shews not only what has been done or is doing by the general government on this head, but evinces likewise a proper sense entertained respecting it by the people of that state:

"The committee do not think it foreign to the object of their appointment, to report that they have been informed, that the defences under the orders of the General Government, for the city and harbor of Charleston, are advancing rapidly to completion—that a respectable battery is erected at Fort Johnson, and Fort Mechanic is reconstructed—and that a large and respectable Fort is erected on Sullivan's island; so that there is good ground to hope, that important and commercial city will shortly be placed, by the cares of the government in a situation above insult or apprehension."

The Legislature of South-Carolina has passed an act for altering the representation of that State (agreeably to the bill mentioned to be reported in a late Register). The House of Representatives is, in future, to consist of 124 members, to be apportioned among the several Election Districts; one Representative to be allowed for every sixty-second part of the whole number of white inhabitants in the State, and one for every sixty-second part of the whole taxes raised by the Legislature. The representation to be adjusted once in every ten years.

The same Legislature has unanimously determined to appear next session in the manufactures of the United States; and have also agreed, almost unanimously, to a great reform, diffusing far and wide the benefits of equal rights.

FOURTH of JULY.

Charlotte, July 12th, 1808.

On Monday the 4th inst the anniversary of American Independence was celebrated with unusual demonstrations of joy at this place—At break of day the Volunteer Infantry Company of Charlotte, commanded by Capt. Wm. Davidson, met at the Court-house, and ashered in the morn with a discharge of seventeen platoons.

At 10 o'clock the Company paraded at the Court-house in full uniform, and were joined by all the Officers of the 1st Battalion of the 1st Regiment of Militia, and performed the evolutions of the day in marching, wheeling, &c.

Between 12 and 1 o'clock, the company and a number of the citizens of the town & country, marched to a place prepared for the purpose, where the Rev. Jas. Wallis delivered a spirited and patriotic Oration, suited to the occasion.* The company then marched in order to the Court-house. At two o'clock the company and others, including about seventy persons, sat down to an elegant dinner in the Court-house, prepared by Mr. Thomas Huson. Capt. W. Davidson was called to the chair; Genl. Graham and A. Frew, Esq. acted as Vice-Presidents. After dinner the following Toasts were drank, accompanied with music and a discharge of platoons by the Infantry:

- 1. The Fourth of July; American Independence—May that spirit which gave it birth, animate us now and in all succeeding generations.
2. Thomas Jefferson, President of the U. States—May he be successful in negotiation, and defend us from the threatening storms of Europe.
3. Our next Congress—May they be firm and united in support of American Independence.
4. The United States of America: United we stand, divided we fall—May the hand and heart be palsied that attempts to divide them.
5. The Memory of Washington and Franklin.
6. The Memory of the Heroes who fell in the struggles for American Independence.
7. The Army and Navy of the U. States—May their valor never be forgotten.
8. The Embargo—May it continue until England and France are compelled to respect our national Rights and Independence.
9. Our Foreign Ministers—May they be successful in their missions.
10. The Militia of the U. States—May they always be ready and

ing to march and repel the enemies of their Country.

- 11. American Manufactures—May they speedily arrive to such perfection as to shew England and France that we can live independent of Foreign Manufactures.
12. Agricultural & Commerce—May they be mutually profitable to each other.
13. Internal Navigation and Public Roads—May their general utility operate as an active spur to their improvement.
14. Our Representatives in Congress—May they use their influence to procure arms from Government for the Volunteer Infantry Company of Charlotte.
15. Our State Legislature—May they see the necessity of procuring arms for the Volunteers and Militia of this State, and not leave them to defend themselves with sticks and clubs, for arms they have none.
16. The Volunteer Infantry Company of Charlotte—May they ever be ready and willing to unsheath their swords and shoulder their muskets in defence of the Country.
17. The Fair Daughters of America.

Volunteers.

After the Orator of the Day had retired,

By the President—The Rev. Jas. Wallis, Orator of the Day.

By General Graham—The People and the Law.

By A. Frew, Esq.—Submission to the Embargo.

By Jos. Pearson—The Patriots of Mecklenburg; the first to declare Independence—May their sons be the last to acknowledge themselves slaves.

After spending the evening in social amusement, the Company retired to their respective habitations, in peace and quietness.

Smithfield, July 7, 1808.

Monday last being the xxxii anniversary of the Declaration of Independence, the inhabitants of this county collected here, to celebrate it as their natal day—the day on which they emerged from the womb of bondage. Harmony, concord, and unanimity of sentiment hushed the voice of party, & changed the terms Federalist and Republican, into those of Americans and Freemen. The celebration was honoured with the company of the fair sex of Johnston, whose brilliant appearance added the last polish to the scene, and whose smiles gave a zest to every pleasure.

Can the fog-wrapt isle of Britain, that sable daughter of Monarchy, proud of her King, and tottering on the verge of destruction—can the blood-stained shores of France, groaning in slavery, boastful of her Bonaparte, and writhing in the gripe of an imperious Tyrant, present to the world a spectacle so heavenly noble!—so sublimely grand! as that of America, when her sons and daughters, with one heart and one voice, rally round the standard of Liberty, to commemorate the epoch of their national nativity?

Agreeably to previous arrangement, the day was ushered in by a discharge of cannon. At eleven o'clock, a procession was formed to the court-house, the music playing "Hail Independence! When the procession had entered, a pertinent Prayer was offered up to the Throne of Grace, by Major Wm. Washington Bryan. The Declaration of Independence was read by Dr. Robert H. Helme, and an excellent and highly appropriate Oration was delivered by Mr. A. G. Greville; in which the Orator very animatedly dwelt upon a retrospect of those events which gave rise to the Declaration of Independence, and painted, in glowing colours, the many advantages we possess as an independent People over every other nation of the Globe.

The company then retired to partake of an elegant Entertainment prepared for the occasion by John Stevens, jun. Esq. at which the following Toasts were drank, accompanied with the customary discharge of cannon. Col. Samuel Smith presided, and Gen. Hardy Bryan acted as Vice-President.

- 1. The Day we celebrate—May each succeeding anniversary find us, as it made us, a happy and independent people. 3 cheers.
2. The United States—May their citizens lose sight of party spirit, forget political animosities, & cleave to the Constitution as to the rock of their salvation. 3 cheers.
3. The Constitution of the United States—unimpaired, a sure asylum of Liberty. 3 cheers.

4. Gen. George Washington—The willow shall weep, and the evergreen grow.

The laurel shall bend o'er thy tomb; The tears of Columbia around it shall flow Thy spirit immortal shall bloom. 6 cheers.

5. The memory of Franklin—Sad o'er thy tomb the Patriot shall bend, To mourn sweet Liberty's departed friend; Philosophy shall weep in strains sincere, And coming ages pay the tributary tear. 6 cheers.

6. Thomas Jefferson, President of the United States: 3 cheers.

7. Those Heroes who fell in the defence of American Freedom—May their bones be collected into one Grand Pyramid, whose base sinking to Hell shall let the murderers read their infamy inscribed upon it, and whose apex reaching to Heaven, shall show the sufferers they have conquered. 3 cheers.

8. A free and independent Government, wise and virtuous Citizens, with just and equal Laws. 3 cheers.

9. Commerce—May she continue to hoist her canvas in peace to the gales, and may each ocean be spanned with the stars of her flag. 5 cheers.

10. The State of North-Carolina. 3 cheers.

11. The Governor of N. Carolina. 3 cheers.

12. The University of N. Carolina—May the plants which are rearing in the shades of its learned halls flourish to a manly perfection, and emit a fragrance grateful to every friend of science and liberty. 6 cheers.

13. The Embargo—May it bring about an honorable & lasting Peace, and teach the belligerent powers of Europe to respect our commerce. 3 cheers.

14. Aaron Burr—"Away with him! Away with him! Crucify him! Crucify him!" The Rogue's March.

15. A Gunpowder vomit and a leaden purge to the enemies of our Republic. "O Doctor can you cure me?"

16. The Citizens of the World—"May their swords be beaten into plough-shares, their spears into pruning hooks, and they learn war no more." 6 cheers.

17. The American Fair—May their smiles be bestowed on those only who are friends to their country. 9 cheers.

A Volunteer.

Thomas Paine. Bright Science will mourn, and fair Liberty weep.

When death from this footstool shall call him;

Religion around him rejoicing will creep, To see how the Devil will maul him.

"Now came still evening on, and twilight gray

"Had with her sober mantle all things clad

When the company retired to the ball room, to continue those delights which spring from a harmonious and social intercourse of the sexes.

Here a wful beauty put on all her charms. It was the jubilee of friendship. It was the banquet of the graces. The same delectable emotions pervaded every bosom, and "beamed from the mutual eye." Owing to the shortness of the night, the company did not separate until the "creek-eyed morning" peep'd o'er the eastern pines.

THE GRAND LODGE

of North-Carolina and Tennessee,

WILL convene in their Lodge Room in this City, on the evening of Friday the 16th of December next; at which time and place, the Officers, Members and Representatives are required to attend.

By order of the most worshipful the honorable John Hall, Grand Master, ROBERT WILLIAMS, Grand Secretary

Raleigh, July 11, A. L. 5888, A. D. 1808.

Officers of the Grand Lodge of North-Carolina and Tennessee.

- The Honorable John Hall, one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of this State, Grand Master.
The Right Worshipful Major-General Montfort Stokes, Deputy Grand Master
The Right Worshipful Major-General Benj. Smith, Grand Senior Warden.
The Right Worshipful George Lee Davidson, a Member of the Legislature from Iredell County, Grand Junior Warden.
The Right Worshipful Robert Williams, Grand Secretary.
The Right Worshipful William Boylan, Grand Treasurer.
The Honorable Nathaniel Alexander, M. D. late Governor of the State of North-Carolina, Grand Senior Deacon.
The Honorable Samuel Lowrie, one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of this State, Grand Junior Deacon.
The Honorable General John Steele, late the Comptroller of the Treasury of the United States, Grand Pursuivant.
The Honorable John Louis Taylor, one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of this State, Grand Marshal.
The Honorable Joshua G. Wright, Speaker of the House of Commons, Grand Sword Bearer.
Published by order of the Grand Lodge, ROBERT WILLIAMS, Grand Secretary.

Price 10 cents singly, but cheaper by the quantity.

THE LETTER OF JOHN Q. ADAMS (Son of the late President Adams, and a Senator in Congress from the State of Massachusetts) to Harrison G. Ous (a Member of the Senate of that State) on PUBLIC AFFAIRS. In which the cruelty and injustice of the Government towards this Country is fully vindicated and justified; and the school and sophistry of Colonel Pickens's Letter exposed and confuted. To be had at J. Gales's Store.

NOTICE.

I Herby forwarn all Persons from receiving or trading for a Note for Three Hundred Dollars, that Hugh Edwards, of Chatham County, obtained from me, as it was obtained in a fraudulent manner, and I never intend to pay one cent on account of said Note, as long as there is Law or Equity to appeal to. June 12. EDMUND WILLS.

SHERIFFS' SALES.

WILL BE SOLD, At the Court-house in Washington County, on the 24th day of September next,

THE following Tracts of Land in said County, or so much thereof as will discharge the Taxes due thereon, for the year 1806, with the expence of advertising, &c.

1000 Acres, on the south side of Welch's creek, belonging to the heirs of Jeanes Stevenson.

500 Acres belonging to Thomas Cochran, on the south side of Welch's creek.

550 Acres belonging to Wm. Stewart, on the south side of Roanoke river and the west side of Conary creek. The above lands were given in by John D. Stewart.

200 Acres, in the upper end of said county, belonging to Aida Ellison, dec. not given in.

July 8. THOS. WALKER, Shf.

Whereas my Wife Elizabeth, on the 10th of this instant, departed from my bed and board, provoked thereto by neither threats, blows or other ill treatment; and whereas it appears to be the object of herself and others to do me all the injury in their power, by destroying that property which, by my industry, I have made for the support of the said Elizabeth and her children. These are therefore to notify the public generally, that I will pay no part of a debt, contracted by the said Elizabeth my wife, so long as she continues from home, and ceases to discharge the duties of a Wife and a Mother. JAMES OZMENT, Guilford County, June 27, 1808.

Five Hundred Dollars Reward.

Treasury Department, May 23, 1808.

IT has recently been made known to this Department, that on the first day of June, 1807, the first moieties of the under-mentioned Notes of the Bank of the United States, were inclosed by William Keais, Esq. Collector of the Customs at Washington, North-Carolina, in a letter addressed to Thomas Tudor Tucker, Esq. Treasurer of the United States, and put into the Post Office at that place; and on the 8th day of June, 1807, the second moieties of the said Bank Notes were inclosed, addressed and put into the Post Office as aforesaid; neither of which letters, with the notes inclosed, have been received. On the back of each moiety of every note was written, the name of William Keais, and on one part of the back of all or most of the notes, was written the name of Lewis Leroy; from which circumstance, the notes may with certainty be traced and detected. Payment of the notes has been stopped at the Bank of the United States, and its several Offices of Discount & Deposit; and a Reward of Five Hundred Dollars will be paid to any person who shall give such information to this Department, as shall produce the conviction of the offender by whom the letters containing the said notes were purloined or stolen. ALBERT GALLATIN, Secretary of the Treasury.

Description of Notes.

Table with columns: No., Date, To whom payable, Dollars. Includes entries for Adam Guicristi, Joseph Habersham, W. Warner, Corneilus Ray, Adam Gilchrist, Jos. Habersham, Savannah, do.

RAN AWAY,

From the Subscriber, about the 10th of May last, A NEGRO MAN, named Lewis, five feet five or six inches high, tolerably stout made, very large feet, stoops considerably when walking, slow spoken, and has rather a downcast look, about 21 years of age. The above Negro was brought from Halifax County, N. Carolina, and has a father belonging to Duke W. Sumner, Esq. It is presumable, therefore, that he will endeavour to get to one of those places. A reasonable reward will be paid to any person who will apprehend and secure him in any Jail, and give information so that I get him. JOHN WOODWARD, jun. Fairfield District, S. C. July 12, 1808.

STEBEN'S Military Exercise, For sale at this Office.