



The Register

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ADVERTISEMENTS

Not exceeding 16 lines, neatly inserted three times for a dollar, and 25 cents for every succeeding publication; those of greater length in the same proportion.....COMMUNICATIONS thankfully received.....LETTERS to the Editors must be post-paid.

ST. RONAN'S WELL,

Just received and for sale by J. GALES & SON. March 15.

Sal Aratus.

A FRESH supply of this valuable Medicine, just received and for sale, by J. GALES & SON.

Sheriff's Sale.

WILL be sold for Cash, at the Courthouse in Tarborough, on the fourth Monday in March next, six or seven likely young NEGROES, the property of Hardy Flowers, Asael Farmer, and Weeks P. Hadley. Taken to satisfy sundry Executions in my hands. SPENCER L. HART, Sheriff. Feb. 27.

Land for Sale

In Granville County.

THE subscriber is authorised to sell Tranquility, that valuable tract of land lying in Granville county, formerly the residence of Chesley Daniel, sen. dec'd; containing 1405 acres; situate on the waters of Grassy Creek. There is a dwelling house on it containing four rooms below and three upstairs, which only needs some repairs to make it very commodious. The soil of this land is of superior quality, containing a great quantity of the most fertile creek low grounds, and a large quantity of the best Tobacco land to clear. It abounds with the best Springs, and is otherwise extremely well watered.

The situation is distinguished for its healthiness, and lies in the neighborhood of good society. The range for Hogs is excellent, and it is in the centre of the best Grass range probably in the State. This tract of land is about sixteen miles distant from the Roanoke, the Navigation of which is now considered complete. The terms will be accommodating. The subscriber resides near the premises. WOODSON DANIEL, law3m. February 28.

At Auction.

WILL be sold positively, on Monday the 29th inst., at the Tavern of Mrs. Jeter in the City of Raleigh, that Tract of Land and Mill, late the property of Jehu Scott, dec'd. As this property has been advertised and described by the Executor of that Estate, a description is deemed unnecessary. Any person wishing to view the premises, will please call on Dr. Gilchrist, who lives near the Mill. Persons wishing to purchase privately, will call on Thomas Cobbs, Esquire, of Raleigh—who is authorised to make the terms known. ROBT. BLICK, Halifax county, 10th March. 36ts

Sale of Property near the City.

ON the Tuesday of Wake Superior Court (the 30th inst.) at 11 o'clock, the Sharon Plantation, (my late residence) and two unimproved Lots, No. 52 and 53, of the late Public Lands, lying south of the city, will be sold under the hammer. Those who may have any inclination to purchase, would do well to view the premises previous to the day, for the sale will be made in Fayetteville street, opposite the Courthouse. The terms will be declared at the sale. The sacrifice will no doubt be great; and as the property is very valuable, and as a residence very desirable, those who are able to purchase should make it an object to attend. H. POTTER, Raleigh, March 17. 36ts

Late Wallis Eastburn

THE undersigned, by authority of the brother of the late Wallis Eastburn, of this city, book-seller, having administered to his estate, requests all persons indebted to the said deceased to pay their Notes or Accounts to him, and such as may have claims against the Estate of said deceased, are desired to send them in to him for settlement. J. GALES, Adm'r. Raleigh, Feb. 20, 1824. 29-

Books at Auction.

DURING our Superior Court Week, (which commences on Monday the 29th of March) will be sold at Auction, all the Effects of the late Wallis Eastburn, consisting of a large collection of Books, Prints, &c. A valuable Phantasmagoria, several Thermometers, and Barometers, a number of Optical Instruments, &c. As the stock of Books is considerable, it is presumed that the sale will be worth the attention of Book-sellers, School-masters and others, as they will doubtless be sold much below their value. A Catalogue of the Books will be printed previous to the sale, and may be had at the Store of J. Gales & Son, or of Ross & Scott, Auctioneers.

Notice

THE Subscriber wishing to close his Mercantile Business with as little delay as possible, requests those who are indebted to him to call and make immediate payment, as no longer indulgence will be given. And those to whom he is indebted, are requested to present their claims for settlement.

The balance of his Stock of GOODS, he will sell at cost, for cash—or at 10 per cent. advance on a credit, to punctual customers. S. BOND. Raleigh, March 10. 78 3wif

NOTICE.

AT the November term of Johnston County Court, the subscriber took out Letters of Administration upon the Estate of John Williams, late of said county, deceased. All persons indebted to the said intestate, are requested to make payment without delay—And those having claims against the estate, are hereby requested to present them, duly authenticated, within the time limited by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

ISAAC WILLIAMS, Adm'r. Johnston county, March 5. 33 law4r

The Executors of William Coltrane, dec'd, vs. The Heirs, devisees and Legatees of said Dec'd.

NOTICE is hereby given to David Coltrane, Abner Frazer and Peter Shepherd, that on Friday the 26th day of March, 1824, I shall proceed to take the account in the above case, at my office in the town of Ashborough. B. ELLIOTT, C. M. E.

\$20 Reward.

ABSCONDED in the month of September last, my negro man SAM, who has since called himself TOM. He is a stout built, black and rusty looking fellow, about five feet high, and weighs about 150 or 180. He had a snuff colored broadcloth bigcoat, and the balance of his clothes dark mixt homespun, when he went away. He reads print very well, and is a shrewd artful fellow, but cannot write—he may however have obtained free papers and changed his clothes, and is probably endeavoring to get into a free State. He has no connections in the world that I know of. I will give the above reward to any person who will deliver the said fellow to me on Dan River in Stokes county, N. Carolina, or secure him in any jail so that I get him again, and all reasonable charges paid. ARMISTEAD ABBOTT. Feb. 2, 1824. 25 2m

RALEIGH REGISTER.

TUESDAY, MARCH 23, 1824.

We have pleasure in stating, that the printing of the Laws and Journals of the last session is completed, and will be forthwith dispatched to the several counties in the State, accompanied with a compilation of the Militia Laws, printed under the direction of the Adjut. Gen'l., to which is attached a description of the uniform adopted by the United States, blank forms of returns, &c.

At Washington Superior Court, on the 11th inst. Judge Badger presiding, John Skinner was tried and convicted of the charge of having poisoned his own brother. He is sentenced for execution on the 23d of April.

GENERAL JACKSON.—We insert in to-day's paper, at the request of a friend of the General, the proceedings of the Harrisburg Convention, recommending him for President. We are somewhat surprised, that Pennsylvania, who has heretofore supported the character of an intelligent, peaceful and moral State, should have been so unanimous in their support of Gen. Jackson for the first office in the Union. That the less thinking part of the community should be captivated by the pomp of military fame, is not to be wondered at; but that the State of Pennsylvania should not have made the proper distinction between the qualifications of a Soldier and a Statesman, is extraordinary. Believing as we do, that however highly Gen. Jackson deserves the gratitude of his country for his military services, he is not a suitable character to fill the office of President of the United States, we shall give place in the Register to some well written papers which appear in the Richmond Enquirer, illustrative of his talents and character.

A meeting of the friends of Gen. Jackson, was held at the Court-House in Hillsborough, in this State, on Thursday evening last, when Col. Samuel Child was called to the chair, and Maj. John Taylor appointed secretary. Resolutions were submitted to the meeting by Arch'd D. Murphey, Esq. setting forth the claims of the General to the Presidency, &c. which were adopted. A committee of correspondence was named, whose duty it is, to co-operate with similar committees in other districts, for the advancement of his interests.

At an accidental meeting of a number of the citizens of Guilford, on the 13th inst. it was proposed to try the relative strength of each of the Presidential Candidates. The

proposition was agreed to and the result was as follows:—For Wm. H. Crawford 48; John Q. Adams 28 and for Gen. Jackson 2. As the meeting was not held with any view to the Presidential question, it is but a fair presumption that a corresponding vote, would be given throughout the county.

At a public meeting held at Zanesville in the State of Ohio, on the 28th ult. for the purpose of recommending a candidate for the Presidency, at which Gen. S. HERRICK presided, it was resolved, that the convention lately held at Washington, according to the approved mode and former usages of the great Republican Party, was particularly proper at the present juncture, as without such a nomination no choice of President can be made by the Electoral Colleges; that the meeting approve of the nomination of Wm. H. Crawford for President, and Albert Gallatin for Vice-President.

On Tuesday last, the President of the U. States presented to Gen. JACKSON, accompanied by a suitable address, the Gold Medal voted to him by Congress, in 1815, for his gallant defence of New-Orleans. At the same time, Judge TOWN of the Supreme Court, representing Gov. SHELBY of Kentucky, received the Medal which had been voted to him for the capture on the river Thames, of the British army under Gen. Proctor. Both gentlemen replied in a pertinent manner to the President. The ceremony took place at the President's house, where were assembled a large number of spectators to witness it.

The seat of Mr. BAILEY, a Representative from Massachusetts has been vacated by a decisive vote of the House of Representatives of the United States. This decision, the first under the Government on that point, may be considered as settling the rule, that a person accepting the employment of a Clerk in a Public Office at Washington, and performing its duties, loses the privileges of a domicile in the state in which he resided at the time of his appointment.

AMBROSE SPENCER has been elected Mayor of the City of Albany, and thus has terminated the long contest between the two parties of the City Council on this subject. The election was at length effected by one of the Republican members putting in a blank ballot. When the votes stood, for Mr. Spencer 11—for Mr. Lancing 10—for Mr. Nobody 1. Judge Spencer has accepted the appointment.

It is stated in Silliman's Journal of Science, that a Monsieur Le Roi has contrived a new and very simple method for teaching the art of writing. A thin and perfectly transparent plate of horn, of the usual size of a leaf of paper, has the polish removed from one of its sides. When laid upon a copy, the hand of a child easily traces the letters, upon the unpolished side, which neither absorbs the ink, nor allows it to spread—when the whole plate is written over, the ink is washed off with water, and is ready for a new exercise.—Thus the same horn, which is not liable to break, may serve indefinitely, and by this means produce a great economy of paper.

The "Republican" of last evening congratulates its patrons on the great "harmony" which exists between "the friends of Gen. Jackson, Mr. Adams, Mr. Clay, and Mr. Calhoun." It is Pope, we believe, who says that "All discord's harmony not understood." It must be from this hypothesis the "Republican" derives consolation in the present condition of affairs—if any judgment may be formed from the jarring chords of the Columbian Observer, New-York American, Franklin Gazette, &c. Nat. Int.

A consistent Federalist—Mr. HUNTER, late a Senator of the U. States from Rhode-Island, defending the Secretary of the Treasury in relation to some minor appointments in the custom-house in his State, and speaking of the pending Presidential Election, says:

As to the charge of being a Federalist, a uniform, consistent, and moderate one, always solicitous to adhere to the principles of federalism as illustrated by the administration of Washington, I proudly plead guilty. I have differed with my brethren on various occasions, but always in the conviction and independence of my own judgment, that the particular measure objected to, which they aimed at, was contradictory to the policy and principles of the Father of his Country, and that era of our political felicity which his measures created, and which his admonitions ought to have perpetuated. And is it then a crime being such a Federalist, to entertain an opinion in favor of Mr. CRAWFORD? I regret that my good will may do him disservice, but I am a citizen of the United States not yet disfranchised, and I have a right to form and express an opinion upon questions of public policy. When there is no federal candidate, is a federalist excluded from expressing his preference of those candidates who are presented for se-

lection, or rejection? Under such circumstances has not a federalist a right to act on the mere ground of personal preference, especially if he feels that ground fortified by political considerations derived from experience and settled into conviction. My first acquaintance with Mr. Crawford was in the stormy period of 1811, '12 and '13. It was in opposition to him that I learnt to respect and esteem him. It was in debate that I felt the vigor of his intellect, and admired the clearness of his statements, the cogency of his logic, his energetic but unambitious eloquence, and high mindedness of honor and sentiment. He was true to his party and yet dared at times, at the risk of popularity, to differ from it. His force was felt as a political opponent, and yet he was cherished in the personal estimation of such men as Bayard, Lloyd, Potter, Dana, and others. And is it inconceivable to newspaper writers and their employers; that there may exist a disinterested preference for a particular individual, uninfluenced by the wish or hope of office, with no calculation of eventual benefit, and with a disdain of intrigue or solicitation? I commiserate the feelings of such men, and it augurs ill of the political morality of the country if such is the prevalent sentiment.

The Massachusetts Free Press has avowed itself a supporter of Mr. Crawford. "It has been extremely fashionable," says the Editor, "to object to this distinguished individual a spirit of intrigue, and familiarity with its practice, which ought to subject him to the severe displeasure of the honest and noble minded. But notwithstanding the ardor with which this objection has been urged, it is remarkable that not a particle of satisfactory evidence exists for its support; and whoever will take the pains to try Mr. Crawford on this groundless charge will be convinced, in the end, that so far from being distinguished for intrigue, his great peculiarity of character is open, frank, and ingenuous fairness. Such, at least, is my own opinion; and, without pretending to praise, or attempting to defend, I deem it sufficient to have disclosed the respect and confidence which I feel towards that illustrious Republican."

The Editor of the Boston Galaxy was tried at the municipal Court of Boston, on Thursday last, for an alleged libel on the Russian Consul, found guilty on a part of the indictment, and sentenced to thirty days imprisonment in the common jail, and to pay costs of prosecution.

"Slavery cannot breathe in England.—An interesting case has just been tried in England, in the Court of King's Bench, in which Mr. Forbes, a British merchant in the late Spanish provinces of East and West Florida, sought to recover from Sir A. Cochrane and Sir George Cockburn the sum of £3800, the value of some slaves belonging to the plaintiff and harbored by the defendants on board a British vessel. Many minor questions arose, in the progress of the inquiry, but the main point was, whether the refuge voluntarily sought and given to slaves, in an English ship did not give to them the same right of freedom which has been decreed to the child of the desert the moment he lands on the British shore. The Judges, Bailey, Holroyd and Best, decidedly of opinion that the action was not maintainable, as the plaintiff ceased to have any right or title to the slaves the moment they threw themselves upon the protection of the British flag.

A person of the name of Tinsley was convicted at Richmond, on Monday last, of exhibiting a Faro Table, which offence is by the laws of Virginia, punishable by imprisonment & stripes, at the discretion of the Judge. The verdict of the Jury was— "We of the jury find the prisoner guilty; but, inasmuch as we consider the punishment by stripes at the public whipping-post "cruel and unusual," we recommend him to the mercy of the court."

Selling Rum by the Yard... A man was lately fined in Northampton county, (Penn.) for retailing spirituous liquors without a license. At this he was sorely vexed, and set about devising ways & means to evade the law. As the devil, it is said, is always at the elbow of those who want his aid, so it happened that a Yankee tin-pedlar stepped in to his assistance in this emergency. They put their heads together, and made a tin tube exactly one yard in length, and of the thickness, to hold one pint of Rum. This they marked off 1-2 yard, 1-4 yard, and 1-8—just as pedlars of tape and calico make their yard sticks. Now when a traveller steps in to "wet his whistle," he civilly says, Mister Landlord, I'd thank ye for half a yard, or quarter of a yard of tape, (as the case may be,) just according to the length of his throat. No sooner said than done: the landlord, with solemn step, reaches down from behind his bottles, the tin yard tube, and measures out the desired length of the "O-be-joyful"—the traveller sends it down the red lane as the throat is vulgarly called—pays down the cash, and travels his way. This is what may justly be called "whipping the devil round the stump."—N. Y. Com. Adv.

Negligence of Post-Masters.—The N. York Spectator has been sent to a person at Montgomery court-house, Va. for 14 years, which paper was never taken out—nor was the publisher apprized of the fact until a new appointment was recently made in that office. The editor of the Spectator says he will go to Virginia and prosecute the postmaster if he can ascertain whether he is solvent.

There is sufficient plain good sense in the following short article, which appears in a Jersey newspaper, to refute a volume of such objections as are ordinarily made to the Republican Caucus lately held at the Capitol. From the (N. J.) Sentinel of Freedom. The editor of the Trenton True American

doubts the policy of a minority of the Republican members of Congress recommending a candidate for the Presidency. A correspondent would ask Mr. Wilson, should it so happen, after a general call of Republicans in the several counties of this State, to meet in order to fix upon a ticket to be supported at an annual election, or the appointment of delegates to attend a State convention, whether no ticket could be made, or recommendation take place, until a majority of electors saw fit to attend? If so, the good people would surely enough be left untrammelled by Caucus arrangements, and permitted to manage their own opinion in their own way.

Again, I would ask Mr. Wilson, whether he has not known a ticket formed and recommended for support, under a county call, when not even a majority of the townships were represented? And further, whether he has not known a meeting of the Republican members of the Legislature, preparatory to a Joint Meeting, though a minority attended, to propose and fix on a candidate for support? If Mr. Wilson has not, the writer of this article has. All these expedients may have been, and I presume will again be thought proper to be resorted to in this State. They sink into insignificance when compared with the present call to heal the disunion now existing among the Republicans, co-extensive with the Union.

By the existing laws of the State of Connecticut, all persons between the ages of 4 and 16, are entitled to a share of the public school-money, and are to be numbered annually in the months of July or August for that purpose. We have the authority of the School Commissioner, (says the N. Haven Register) that there was in the last enumeration a mother and her daughter in the northwest part of the State who were both entitled to school money!—BEAT THIS WHO CAN!!

One of the deceased members of the New York Marine Society, during his connection with it, paid into the treasury \$10; and his wife has, during her widowhood of 46 years, drawn from it 1610 dollars.

Another American novel by the author of the Pilot, is in a state of forwardness, and will be forthcoming in the course of the summer. The scene is laid in the vicinity of Boston—the time, that of the revolution.

An alarming mutiny broke out at the State Prison in Boston on Friday morning last, which was fortunately quelled without the loss of any lives, being kept under for a while by the prudence, discretion, and courage of the keeper, until the timely arrival of a detachment of Marines, commanded by Major Wainwright, put an end to it. The number of felons who were at the time in prison, and mostly engaged in the revolt, was two hundred and eighty-eight. The three ring-leaders were seized, and punished on the spot, in the presence of all the convicts.

Prices Current.

Table with 3 columns: Location (Wilmington, Fayetteville, Newbern), Date (March 13, March 18, March 1), and Price. Rows include Brandy, Cog., Apple, Bacon, Butter, Beeswax, Coffee, Corn, Cotton, Candles, Flour, Holland, Gin, Hblland, American, Iron, per ton, Lard, Molasses, Potatoes, bbl., Rum, Jamaica, W. India, Rice, per cwt., Salt, Liverpool, Turk's Isl., Sugar, Loaf, Brown, Tobacco, cwt., Tallow, Whiskey.

DIED.

Suddenly, of an apoplectic fit in the vicinity of Asheville, N. C. on Wednesday the 10th inst. Maj. Zebulon Baird, in the 58th year of his age.

Maj. Baird was a native of N. Jersey, and about 30 years ago emigrated to this State.—His unbending integrity, independence of mind, and enterprising spirit acquired for him at an early period, the esteem and confidence of the community, which has been repeatedly manifested by placing him in both branches of our State Legislature. For several years past he had been a ruling elder of the Presbyterian Church. A numerous and interesting family deplore the loss of his paternal care and affection; the circle of his immediate associates a warm and sincere friend; and society in general one of its most valuable members.

At Lisbon, in September last, aged 74, Abbe Jose Correa de Serra, Counsellor of Finances, Knight of several orders, Member of several learned Societies, formerly Minister Plenipotentiary from Portugal to the United States, and well known in Europe and America as a distinguished botanist, and as a gentleman possessed of an uncommon share of literary knowledge. In all the different countries in which he resided during a long, active, and useful life, a just tribute of respect was paid to his talents and genius, which together with the kindness of his disposition and the brilliancy of his wit, ensured him every where the most friendly reception.