

**The Register**Is published every FRIDAY, by  
JOSEPH GALES & SON,At Three Dollars per annum, or One Dollar  
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advance.**ADVERTISEMENTS**Not exceeding 16 lines, neatly inserted three  
times for a dollar, and 25 cents for every  
successive publication; those of greater  
length, in the same proportion. COMMUNICA-  
TIONS thankfully received. LETTERS to  
the Editors must be post-paid.**RALEIGH REGISTER.**

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1824.

The Editors of the Star, in their last paper, accuse us of wilful falsehood, for the same reason that a fugitive from justice, when pursued with hue and cry, bawls more lustily than any of his pursuers. *Stop the thief!*—hoping that in the confusion which ensues, he may possibly escape. Thus, the Star, endeavors to rid itself of the charge of mistating the vote on the Presidential question, taken in this city on the 15th ult. which caused Mr. Crawford to appear lowest on the list, by imputing to us disreputable motives. Yet they in effect admit the very fact, upon our statement of which, is predicated their unfounded allegations. According to their own shewing, but seven companies out of two regiments voted, the number of votes given amounting to 292. We are informed that each regiment by law consists of ten companies; and it is no difficult matter to ascertain what proportion seven bears to twenty. There were on parade 1500 men; out of these, 292 voted, and yet we are charged with falsehood for saying that more than two thirds did not vote. We presume the Star does not deny, that the reason why the vote was so partially taken, was a determination of the officers not to be forced into a premature expression of their opinion on the subject.

**TAKE YOUR CHOICE!**—The Presidential Question in this State may now be considered as settled down to two candidates—CRAWFORD and JACKSON; so that the people have only to take their choice between them. And enough has been said, or will be said, before the day of election, to enable every man to judge for himself which of the two candidates promises to make the most wise, correct and efficient Chief Magistrate. Those who have been, and still are friendly to the election of Mr. Adams, will either not vote at all, or give their suffrages to that ticket, the success of which they may believe will best subserve the interests of the Union.

Believing, as we do, that the peace, happiness and prosperity of the country, would be put to hazard by the choice of one of the candidates, and that they would be secured and promoted by the other, we shall continue our endeavors to promote the election of Mr. Crawford—of whose ultimate success we have not the least doubt; for even were he not to obtain the votes of this State (an issue which we can scarcely believe possible) his election by the House of Representatives, where the decision will then necessarily be made, is as certain as any undecided thing can be.

In order to throw some additional light on the character of one of the candidates, we publish in to-day's Register, an extract, from an address to the People of the United States, by Jesse Benton of Tennessee, (a native of Orange County, in this State, and brother of Thomas H. Benton, a Senator from Missouri,) and if one half of what this writer states, be true (we trust however, for the sake of humanity that some of the facts are too highly colored) we cannot but wonder how any man who has the least regard for virtue or decency of character, and more espe-

cially any religious man, can support Andrew Jackson as a candidate for the Presidency of the United States.

**Something Extraordinary!**—The supporters of the Jackson Ticket have not only improperly called it the People's Ticket; they have gone further, and named it the *Jefferson Ticket*, though they very well know, that not only Mr. Jefferson himself, but Mr. Madison, Mr. Macon, Mr. Gaillard, Mr. Dickinson, and all his leading friends, are warm and decided friends of Mr. Crawford.

We have received within a few days, the Catawba Journal and Warrenton Reporter, two new papers recently established in this State; the former printed at Charlotte, Mecklenburg County—the latter at Warrenton, Warren County. The Journal does not express what part it intends taking in the national struggle; we have little doubt however, but that it is friendly to Mr. Adams. The Reporter, which is published twice a week, says, in relation to the contest—"The distinguished individual who stands at the head of the Treasury Department; whose principles demagogues may assail, but cannot change: whose official conduct and character, censors may impeach, and slanderers attempt, but attempt in vain to destroy; whose ability, firmness and integrity has enabled him to manage the national funds with as much or more advantage to his country than any of his predecessors in office, is in our opinion, the man, over either of his opponents, best qualified and most entitled to receive the highest honors his country can bestow."

**MISSOURI.**—From some omission in the laws relative to the election of Electors, it is now believed that the State of Missouri will lose her three votes in the Electoral Election. It is true, the Governor has issued his proclamation to remedy the defect, but he has done so without authority. The St. Louis Republican of Sept. 13, says "It is, we believe generally understood that the defect in our electoral law has not been supplied by the proclamation of the Governor; at least that it is a matter of considerable doubt. How can the Governor, the mere executive officer of the state, make laws? His duty is to cause the laws to be executed, not to supply what are supposed to be omissions of the Legislature. If the Governor has this power, he would have done well to have exercised it in many instances before. We can cite him acts from the statute book, in which the insertion or change of a word or clause, would have been a great convenience to the public, as well as an apparent furtherance of the intent of the legislature. We have in our mind an act, in which the word 'grantee' is used instead of the word 'grantee,' by mistake as every body knows. Can the Governor make the change of one syllable in this case, which is necessary in order that the act should mean what it was intended to mean?"

The Editors of the National Journal, &c. &c. have been completely bit, in the publication of the account of a pretended meeting in Richmond county, Ga.—the Editor of the Augusta Chronicle repeats it is all a *hoax*—denies there was any such meeting—any such chairman as Mr. Howard, any such Secretary as Mr. Sullivan—and affirms there is no sort of chance of Mr. Crawford's losing the vote of Oglethorpe county.

**An Earthquake.**—The Florida (Ala.) Gazette, of Thursday, Aug. 26, says, the citizens of that town and its vicinity, experienced on the preceding Sunday morning, at about half past four o'clock, a severe shock of an Earthquake—it is supposed by many to have lasted at least a minute.

**Explosion.**—The powder mills of Messrs Lakin & Loomis, in Lee, Mass, blew up with a terrible explosion on the 18th. There were about 7500 lbs in two houses, which tore every thing to pieces. Four men were killed and many buildings destroyed. A spark had got into the glazing-house.

**Patent Corn-sheller.**—A Mr. Hubbard of Palmyra, N. Y. has invented a machine for shelling corn, by which two men can shell and clean 15 bushels of corn in an hour.

**NEW-ORLEANS.**—The papers state, that the yellow fever "maintains its afflicting course without any appearance of amendment. Its ravages are principally confined, however, to strangers, and citizens who are unacclimated."

The Catawba, N. C. Journal speaks of the agricultural prospects in that quarter as follows:

The prospects of the farmer, which, at the beginning of September, promised a rich return for his toil and industry, one short month has very materially changed. Incessant rains and inundations, the absence of the cheering beams of the sun for days, and even weeks, have proved sadly destructive to the corn and cotton crops. The crop of cotton will fall short at least one-third; and little, if any of it, will be of good quality. On some plantations, where 1000 lbs. per acre were expected, scarcely 300 lbs. will be obtained; and on others the deficiency will be still greater. Corn, perhaps, has not suffered quite so severely, though not much more than two-thirds of a crop can be expected; and on the low-grounds on the Catawba, numerous fields, it is said, have been almost ruined. In short the prospects in every respect is gloomy; and all classes of citizens must feel, more or less, the effects of this calamity which has overwhelmed the agricultural portion of the community.

The Milton Gazette, gives a happy reverse of the above gloomy picture, though we fear but few sections of the State can cheerfully respond to it:

**The Crops.**—The period of the year has now arrived when both the quality and quantity of the agricultural products of the country may be spoken of with some degree of certainty, and when the Farmer may form a tolerable estimate of his gains for the year, without much danger of having his expectations blasted. We are happy in having it to say, that the country is filled even to overflowing with provisions of all sorts, and that they are extremely cheap. The Corn crop, though not so abundant as that of the last, and perhaps of several previous years, will, nevertheless, far exceed the ordinary consumptions of the country. The Cotton fields are just beginning to unfold their snowy treasures, and, though somewhat damaged, promise to be prolific. The Tobacco crop, which is now mostly cut and housed, was much injured by the drought in July, and it has suffered severely from the excessive rains which fell during the first and second weeks of the past month. It is thought that the quantity made is not so much as that of last year, and perhaps the quality somewhat inferior. The Tobacco plant may be considered the staple commodity in this section of the country, & it is pleasing to observe the great improvements which have been made in its culture and management within the last few years.

**From Greece.**—The brig Lapwing, Captain King, has arrived at Boston, in 67 days from Smyrna. By this arrival the late disasters experienced by the Greeks are confirmed. The capture of Ipsara was on the Fourth of July; a day which should bring forth the triumph of freedom in other climes as it has already done in this. The malignant and turban'd Turk maddened by a series of defeats, took awful vengeance on the unhappy Ipsariots, most of whom were massacred, and the young ones made slaves. Men and women defended themselves with undaunted courage to the last. A report however, prevailed, which, for the sake of just retaliation, it is to be hoped, is true. On the 22nd of July, the Greek fleet entered the harbour of Ipsara, the troops landed and put 700 Turks to the sword who had been left in charge of the place, at the same time carried off the cannon, and captured two brigs and a schooner. The report is entitled to some credit, as the Turkish fleet was seen off Ipsara on the 25th by Capt. King. It was also reported, that on the 25th, the Greeks had captured twenty-three Turkish gun boats.

It is certain that hopes of subduing the Greeks have given a great impulse and energy to the preparations of the Turks. A powerful army had passed through Smyrna, consisting of 30,000 men, destined, it was said, against Samos, which, if they succeed, will in its consequences be a repetition of the bloody scenes acted at Ipsara and Scio. There never was a period when the struggles of these brave and unfortunate people claimed the sympathies of every humane and civilized person more than at present. They are abandoned by the Christian Sovereigns of Russia and Austria, whose shocking principles of legitimacy are encouragement to every act of barbarity and cruelty. If it is deemed the interest of those prominent members of the holy alliance to check the independence of

Greece, their interference at least is necessary to prevent the massacre of so many thousands of innocent persons, whom the fate of war throws into the hands of these savages. The ferocity of the Turks, and their hatred to the Christians are proverbial; this, of itself, claims the protection of that confederacy called the holy alliance. But they are deaf to the calls of humanity: and it is religiously to be hoped, that the Greeks may yet persevere, and may yet be successful not only in establishing their own independence, but in doing what one day will yet be done—*break the Turkish Sceptre.*

**Mushrooms.**—On Wednesday the 22d inst, Mr. Frederick Beall, his wife and child, of Perquimans county, having eaten pretty plentifully of Mushrooms stewed up, were taken very ill soon after, the child died on Thursday, and Beall and his wife are now very sick, but likely, we understand to recover. Persons should be very cautious in eating Mushrooms of any kind, particularly the white. All, however, possess poisonous qualities in a greater or less degree.—*Edenton Gaz.*

**MARRIED.**

In Northampton county, Mr. Absalom B. Smith to Mrs. Caroline M. Phillips.  
In Halifax county, Dr. Thomas E. Shell of Warrenton, to Miss Martha Alston.  
In Washington City, on Tuesday last, Dr. George May, to Miss Kitty H. Lee, daughter of Theodorick Lee, Esq.

**DIED.**

In Jones county, on the 9th ult. Amos W. Simmons, Esq. one of the members elect of the General Assembly from that county.  
In Edenton, Capt. Sylvanus Howett, a gentleman highly respected for his honesty and scrupulous regard for truth.

**Entertainment.**

THE Subscriber having taken possession of that well-known stand of John S. Harpott, Esq. on the South-west corner of the Public Square, intends keeping a House of Public Entertainment, and will be prepared to take Fifteen or Twenty Members of the next Legislature.  
JNO. W. PULLEN.  
Raleigh, Sept. 16th, 1824.

**C. J. Tooker,**

**Cabinet Maker & Upholsterer;**  
HAVING contracted to furnish the Capitol of North Carolina, begs leave to inform the inhabitants of Raleigh and its vicinity, that he is about to establish himself in the above line, near the Capitol Square, where he hopes by the aid of good materials, sound workmanship, and some little display of taste, to merit a share of public patronage.  
May 20. 54

**Just Published,**

AND for sale at the Bookstore of J. Gales & Son, price twenty cents "A SERMON delivered on the Anniversary of the Female Benevolent Society, Raleigh, Sunday the 25th July 1824."—By the Right Rev. J. S. RAYNSCROFT, D. D.

**Notice.**

WILL be let to the lowest bidder, at Oxfordborough, (Person Courthouse) on Tuesday the 16th of November next, [it being the second day of the County Court] the building of a new COURT-HOUSE, of the following dimensions, viz: Fifty-two feet in length by thirty-four in breadth—the walls to be of brick as also the floor, except the part occupied by the Bar, Jury Boxes, Justices' Bench, &c. The wood work to be executed in the best manner, and of the best materials. A plan and specifications of the building will be exhibited at the time of letting, as also the terms of payment. The undertaker will be required to give bond with approved security for the faithful performance of the work.

ROBERT VAN HOOK

JOHN HOLLOWAY

ISHAM EDWARDS

THOMAS M'GHEE

GEO. W. JEFFREYS

Person Co. Oct. 6, 1824. 95-JW.

**Fellow-Citizens of North-Carolina:**

I address you as a Candidate for an Elector of the 7th Electoral District, to vote for our next President and Vice-President of the United States. The reasons which induce me to offer myself are, because some of the electoral candidates already named on the People's Ticket, do not pointedly declare who they intend to vote for as President. That declaration ought not to be kept hidden from the people, who should have a free choice on such an important occasion. I am persuaded you are all acquainted with the abilities and services of Gen. ANDREW JACKSON—If I am elected, I shall give him my vote for President—and it would be pleasing to me, that the friends to the Hero of New-Orleans, should, with the least possible delay, in each electoral district in this State, nominate a suitable person as an Elector, who will pledge himself to vote for Andrew Jackson as President of the United States. Thereby form a distinct Ticket for him.

I am, fellow-citizens, with regard & respect, your obed't. serv't,  
WILLIAM LORD.

Cumberland county, Oct. 1. 93N11

**State of North-Carolina,**

Surry County.

August Sessions, A. D. 1824.

John Castephens &amp; others, Petition for partition of lands, &amp;c.

The real estate of Messrs Castephens, deceased.  
Appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Peter Castephens, Sarah Penix, and her husband T. A. Penix, Betsey Harp, Polly, Mallia and Benedick Castephens, are not inhabitants of this State, it is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made for three weeks in the Raleigh Register, that the said Peter Castephens, Sarah Penix and her husband T. A. Penix, Betsey Harp, Polly, Mallia & Benedick Castephens, to appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the County of Surry, at the Court-house in Rockford, on the second Monday in November next; then and there plead, answer or demur to the petition, or the same will be taken pro confesso and heard ex-parte.  
TEST, J. O. WILLIAMS, C. C.

**State of North-Carolina,**

Surry County.

August Sessions, A. D. 1824.

The heirs at law of Joseph Thompson, dec'd, Petition for partition of lands, &c.  
The real estate of said deceased.

Appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Elisha Williams and Elijah Davis are not inhabitants of this State, it is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Raleigh Register for three weeks, that the said Williams and Davis appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the County of Surry, at the Court-house in Rockford, on the second Monday in November next; then and there plead, answer, or demur to the petition, or the same will be taken pro confesso and heard ex-parte.  
TEST, J. O. WILLIAMS, C. C.

**State of North-Carolina,**

Halifax County.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,

August Term, 1824.

Warwick Hackada, Original Attachment—Levied on 1 tract of land and premises in District No. 16.

Appearing to the Court, that the defendant in this case has removed out of this State, or so conceals himself that the usual process of law cannot be served upon him; it is ordered by the Court, that publication be made in the Register, printed in the City of Raleigh, for three months, that unless the defendant appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the County of Halifax at the Court house in Halifax, on the 3d Monday of November next, reply to the property so attached, or plead to issue, that judgment final shall be entered and execution awarded.  
A true copy,  
Test, RICH'D. EPPEL, C. C.

Aug. 30th, 1824. 87 Adv. 55 25.

**Just Published,****GALES'S ALMANACK**

FOR

**1825.**

CONTAINING, besides the Astronomical and Weather Calculations, some valuable pieces on Farming and Rural affairs; many useful and interesting Miscellaneous articles, Medical Receipts, Anecdotes, &c.; a list of the Officers of the Government of this State, and of the United States, with their salaries; the times of holding all the different Courts in this State; the Members of Assembly, &c. &c.

Sold wholesale and retail by the Publishers; by Stuart, Birdsell, & Co. Fayetteville; by Salmon Hall, Newbern, and retail by most of the Storekeepers in the State.  
Sept. 23, 1824.

**A Runaway Taken.**

WAS apprehended by Robert Gordon and committed to the Jail of Granville County this day, a black negro man about five feet 3 or 4 inches high, about 30 or 35 years old, well set, of an open countenance, has the scar of a swell or cut a little above the left instep and says his name is Edinburgh and is called Ned, that he belongs to Sandy Merton Hassell, whom he left the night after he passed Hillsborough, on his way to Alabama, in company with his uncle Benjamin Hassell. This runaway is dressed in a short round jacket, blue cotton pantaloons, and had a pair of half worn boots, rights and lefts, too small for him to wear and a half worn ur hat made by Ives & White, (New-York,) marked inside A. M. H. He was armed with a new horseman's pistol well charged, which was marked on the upper part of the guard B. D. H. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, and take him into possession. DAVID MITCHELL, Jailor.  
September 5, 1824. 88

**Bank Stock for Sale**

ON Monday the 6th day of December next will be sold before the door of the State Bank of North-Carolina, Forty Shares of the Capital Stock of said Bank, and Sixty of that of the Bank of Cape-Fear.

The public are assured that the said Stock will certainly be sold, as the sale is to be made in order to close the assignment of Robert Cochran's effects to the United States.

Terms will be made known at the day—or by application to either of the subscribers.  
WM. W. JONES, Trustee.  
T. P. DEVEREUX, Dist. Atto.

Raleigh, Sept. 28. 91  
Printing neatly execute at this office.