

Our are the plans of fair, delightful Peace.
"Unwarpl'd we pay to rage to live like Brothers."

VOL. XXIV

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The Register

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ADVERTISEMENTS
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RALEIGH REGISTER.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1824.

The Supreme Court commenced its session in this city yesterday.

The Legislature by joint resolution adjourned from Friday last, over Christmas day, to Monday.

The bill for organizing three Supreme Courts in different parts of the State (in place of the present Supreme Court) was yesterday rejected by the House of Commons, 67 to 54 votes:

And the Senate passed the bill for reducing the Board for Internal Improvements from six members to three, giving them the power of retaining the Civil Engineer at the lowest salary for which he can be engaged.

Our Correspondent FAR-PLAY will observe, by our last Register, that Bishop Ravenscroft has concluded to publish forthwith the Discourse which he lately delivered on the Anniversary of our Bible Society. We hope, therefore, that nothing more will be said on the subject until the public have the Discourse before them; and that, if any reply to it be then thought necessary, that the answer may assume the same form with the sermon itself.

At the time the Discourse was delivered, as it was out of the ordinary course on such occasions, we thought it our duty briefly to notice it. But we had no intention, in doing so, of entering into a controversy on the subject. All such controversies are best conducted in pamphlet form, or in papers devoted entirely to Religious topics. Common newspapers have not room for them, nor do the generality of the readers of such papers enter sufficiently into the merits of these publications, important as they may really be, to be pleased with their insertion.

Sometime in the year 1822, certain letters were published in the public papers, purporting to have passed between Gov. Shelby and Gov. Sevier, respecting the battle at King's Mountain, which cast some reflections on the conduct of Col. Campbell in that battle. Soon after this correspondence appeared, a friend of Col. Campbell, wrote to the heirs of Gen. Charles McDowell, of Burke County in this State, who was also in that battle, requesting them to examine his papers, with a view to discover whether he had left any account or memorandum relative to the matter in question. An unsuccessful search was made, and Maj. Jas. McDowell, one of the heirs, wrote to Gen. William Lenoir, of Wilkes, one of the brave and meritorious surviving officers who were conspicuous at King's Mountain for an account of the battle, and Col. Campbell's conduct. In obedience to his request, Gen. Lenoir wrote the letter which appears on the preceding page, and which has been furnished for the Register by particular request.

Congress.—This body have passed a bill relative to Gen. LA FAYETTE, which if nothing else be done during the whole session, will immortalize the present Congress. The bill authorizes an issue of stock, dated July 4, 1824, to the amount of two hundred thousand dollars, in favor of Maj. Gen. Lafayette. The stock is to bear an annual interest of six per cent, payable quarterly yearly and redeemable Decem-

ber 31st 1834. The bill further grants to Gen. Lafayette, an entire township (twenty-three thousand and forty acres) of the public lands, to be located under the authority of the President of the United States. The bill passed in the Senate 37 to 7; and in the House of Representatives it passed 166 to 26.

The bill has at length passed the House of Representatives, which has been for several years on the tapis, for occupying the Mouth of the Columbia River. It has been so amended as not to contemplate, even prospectively, a civil or territorial form of government. The occupation will therefore, for the present, be purely military.

The aboriginal name of the River, OREGON, will be restored to it, if this bill passes the Senate in its present shape, and we are glad of it. It is a sonorous word, and significant—the meaning of it being, when translated, *The River that runs to the West.*

Mr. Johnson, of Louisiana, has submitted the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the public lands of the United States be appropriated and pledged as a permanent and perpetual fund for Education and Internal Improvement.

Resolved, That the proceeds of the sales of public lands, after defraying the incidental expenses, be annually invested, by the Secretary of the Treasury, in the stock of the Bank of the United States, or in the stock of the Government, or other stock, as Congress may direct, together with the interest annually accruing thereon.

Resolved, That the year following the return of the next census, and immediately after the apportionment of Representatives, and every tenth year thereafter, the proceeds of the interest arising on the said capital stock, shall be distributed among the several states according to the ratio of representation: one half of which sum shall constitute a fund for education, and the other half shall constitute a fund for internal improvement, to be applied to these objects, under the authority of the respective states.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.—Mr. Ramsay's resolutions, touching the correspondence transmitted by the President of the U. States, have passed the Senate, after an animated debate. They were ordered to be sent to the other branch of the Legislature by a vote of 36 to 6. They underwent some modifications in the Senate, but without losing any of their force. The substance of all these resolutions is contained in the last one as follows:

Resolved, Therefore, That the Legislature of South-Carolina protests against any claims of right of the United States to interfere in any manner whatever with the domestic regulations and preservative measures in respect to that part of her property which forms the colored population of the State, & which property they will not permit to be meddled with, or tampered with, or in any manner ordered, regulated or controlled by any power, foreign or domestic, than this Legislature.

A Cheraw paper states, that the Legislature of S. Carolina have passed a bill establishing a bank at that place.

From Indiana, we hear that, though Mr. Call has been returned as elected a Representative in Congress from that state, vice Mr. Prince, and has actually taken his seat, yet that T. H. Blake, his opponent, claims the seat, and will attend there to prosecute the claim, on the ground that the Sheriff of one of the counties, which gave him a large majority of its votes, neglected or refused to return the votes.

MISSOURI.—The Legislature convened on the 15th ult. Mr. Geyer, was elected Speaker of the House of Representatives—and Mr. Biggs, President pro tem. of the Senate.—On the following day, Mr. Reeves, the Lieut. Governor elect, took the oath prescribed by the constitution, and entered on the duties of his office.—On the 17th a rather singular scene presented itself. Mr. Bates the Governor elect, having taken the oath prescribed by the constitution in the hall of the H. of R. was asked whether he had any objections to take the duelling oath required by the act? Mr. B. appealed to the two houses to decide whether the act was constitutional. A debate ensued;

in which some of the members contended that the oath of office was prescribed by the constitution, and that the Legislature had no power to super-add other qualifications: Some contended, that the two houses, assembled as they then were, had nothing to do with it—they could not repeal the law—they could not dispense with its provisions—it was a matter exclusively put to the Governor's own conscience. They said that no member of either house had taken the oath, that the Lieut. Governor had declined taking it, and that it would be uncourteous in them to exact of the Governor what they had themselves refused to do.—In fine, the question was put, whether the Governor should be excused, and decided in the affirmative. The Governor then addressed the two Houses—and here the thing ended.

The trade of Fayetteville (says the Fayetteville Observer) is rapidly increasing; all its bustle and activity in our streets, and it is remarked as a fortunate circumstance, that much of the produce brought in, is from distant counties, with which our trade has not been kept open for many years. After having for a long time given the profits of trade to the merchants of other states, it is gratifying to see the change; tobacco comes to our town from Henry County, Virginia, and among the wagons which arrived on Tuesday, we saw three from Mecklenburg, via Cheraw. A multitude of facts of this kind, attest our growing prosperity.

A letter yesterday received from the Territory of Arkansas, announces the fact, of vast importance to that territory, and even to the government, that the Commissioner appointed for that purpose, (Mr. CRITTENDEN) has succeeded in making a Treaty with the Quapaw Indians, by which they relinquish to the United States all their lands in that territory.

We learn further from Arkansas, that a good route has been found for a road from Memphis to Little Rock, making the distance of 140 miles between the two points, forty of which are through a prairie. The cutting of this road will save 300 miles of the route heretofore travelled between the seat of the general government and the capital of Arkansas. It is supposed that there will not be more than ten bridges on the road, and that from the nature of the ground the road will be such that it may be travelled at all seasons of the year.

The construction of this road, in connection with the Quapaw Treaty, it is supposed, will greatly increase the value of the public lands, and contribute revenue to the Treasury from the sale of them in that quarter.

Post Office Department.—It has been a subject of regret for some years past that the Post Office Department has not maintained itself—that it has been a tax upon the public purse. By the President's Message, however, it will be seen, the revenue has been augmented, and the receipts will exceed the expenditures, although the transportation of the mail has been considerably increased the present year. This is as it should be.

GREAT FRESHET.—The greatest fresh (says the Milton Gazette) that has been here for twenty-five years, happened on Friday and Saturday last. The water rose more than 20 feet. All the river lands were inundated, and the appearance resembled a lake of no ordinary magnitude. Considerable damage has been done to our bridges, and the washing away of fences; but the water has now fell within its banks.—We expect to hear of considerable damage sustained up the country, as the rain that fell here, which was comparatively trifling, could, in no degree, have raised our streams to such a height.

We understand that Alex'r. Kerr, Esq. Cashier of the Bank of the Metropolis has caused a suit to be instituted against Mr. Peter Force, the printer of the National Journal, a newspaper published in this city, for a libel in consequence of an unfounded allega-

tion in that print not long since, that Mr. Kerr had altered a promissory note, drawn by Mrs. Mary G. Moulton, and endorsed by John Q. Adams, Esq. The charge was a serious one, and the damages claimed are we presume, correspondingly heavy.—*Wash. City Gaz.*

EXTRAORDINARY CIRCUMSTANCE.—The Meadville (Penn.) paper states, that one of the associate judges of the court of Mercer county, was lately tried and convicted on a charge of petty larceny. He had taken a small quantity of putty, the property of a neighbour from a work bench!!! The Judge had sustained an irreproachable character for more than forty years; and is to have a new trial.

FORGERY.—The York, (Penn.) Gazette, mentions a report, that the Director of one of the Banks at Lancaster has been detected in extensive forgeries. It is said that he forged endorers to notes in Bank and to bonds given to individuals to the amount of upwards of 70,000 dollars.

FROM FRANCE.

By the packet ship Stephanie, arrived at New-York from Havre, Paris papers have been received to the 26th of October inclusive.

At three o'clock, on the 25th of October, the body of Louis XVIII. was entombed with all the prescriptive funeral pomp, in the church of St. Dennis. Prince Talleyrand, as Grand Chamberlain, carried the banner of France.

The Cadmus, arrived at N. York from Havre, has brought Paris papers to the 1st ult. On opening the Journal des Debats, we were struck with the following article under the head of Zante, 22d September.

"It was the 17th instant, that Ibrahim Bey, son of Mehemit Ali, Vizier of Egypt, and M. L., soi-disant, former Aid-de-Camp of Gen. Grouchy, who had become a Mahometan, arrived at Napoli di Romania, where they surrendered themselves as prisoners of war. The Turkish vessel in which they came contained a sum of eight millions of Turkish dollars in gold and small coin. The joy of the Greeks was at its height."

Besides this intelligence, we find claimed for the Greeks, a great victory over the combined Turkish and Egyptian fleets, on the 20th September, and considerable success in Thessaly and Epirus.

Mr. Harper has addressed four letters to the Editor of the National Gazette, to clear the Federal party from the charge in Mr. Monroe's letter to Gen. Jackson (in 1816) against some of the leaders of the Federal party, of being actuated by monarchial views, or principles unfriendly to the existing system of our government.

A new and useful article.—The N. York Commercial Advertiser says, Mr. Lewis, engraver, of that City, has for sale a newly-invented pencil, which sharpens itself, and is effectively secured from breaking in the pocket.—When the lead is put into the case, there is no further trouble until it is entirely used up. This pencil must be a very convenient article for reporters, and others, whose business leads them often to use a pencil in taking notes and making memoranda.

Twenty-three years ago, Geo. Robbins, of Wethersfield, went to sea, and was supposed to be lost. His parents have long mourned for him. On Sunday last, his brothers received the following letter, written in the Spanish mines.—*Middletown Con. Gaz.*

"Yucatan, May 20, 1824.

"Dear Brothers—This is the first time for sixteen years, I have had an opportunity of writing to any body. Fourteen years ago, I shipped on board a smuggling vessel in Havana. We got taken and carried in by a Spanish man of war, and were condemned, and all of us sentenced to three years in the mines. We had been in about one year, when our captain laid a plan, we thought, to get clear in getting out of the mines. Our captain killed a sentinel, we were overpowered, our captain was gibbeted, and all of us sentenced to the mines for life. The Governor has cleared one man for good behavior, and promises to clear all of us his next birthday, if we behave ourselves as well as we have done. We were not allowed to write, but by the help of a woman I have got pen and paper. The man that is cleared carries the letter out of the prison, stuck to the bottom of his foot. To relate my misfortunes

and sufferings, would be more than you can have an idea of, but the worst of them is over I hope. If through the blessings of God, I shall get clear, and once more enjoy my friends and country, it would seem like a new world to me. Most likely my father is dead. Give my affectionate love to Father, if alive, and all the sisters. Dear brothers, I remain your affectionate brother.

GEORGE ROBBINS.
* The old man is alive, ready to go and visit his son, if there is no redemption.

MARRIED.

In Pitt county, on the 2d inst. Jos. B. Hinton, Esq. of Beaufort, to Miss Nancy Boyd of the former place.

On the 7th inst. at Long Creek, by the Rev. Mr. Tate, Mr. Archibald Simpson, to Miss Margaret E. daughter of Col. Anthony D. Bourdeaux.

On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Adam Empie, in Brunswick county, at the seat of Marsden Campbell, Esq. Mr. John Waddell, Jr. Merchant of Wilmington, to Miss Anna Campbell.

DIED.

At Edenton, on the 7th inst. after a short, but very violent attack of the Typhoid fever, aged 53 years, John Little, Esq. of that town—a gentleman very highly and deservedly esteemed by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance.

In Mobile, Ala. Mr. Joseph Gee, a respectable planter of Wilcox county, and formerly of this State.

Doctor E. Crosby,

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Duplin county. He may be found at the Court House.
Duplin Court House, Dec. 21, 1824. 15.

A Caution.

ALL persons are forwarded against trading for a note of hand or bond given by me to William G. Jones, of Warren county, for the sum of \$255, bearing date sometime in the year 1822, and witnessed by Wm. T. Ransom. The said obligation was fraudulently obtained and unjustly extorted from me, while I was confined in Franklin county prison, and therefore I am determined not to pay it; of which all persons are required to take Notice.
EDW. J. RANSOM.
Nashville, N. C. 6th Dec. 1824. 14.

Oxford Male Academy.

THE Exercises in this Institution will be resumed on Monday, the 10th day of January next, under the direction of Mr. Jas. D. Johnson, who has for several years conducted it with great advantage to his Pupils and to the satisfaction of the Board.
WM. M. SNEED, Sec'y.
Dec. 10. 14 4w

Lost

ON Wednesday the 8th instant, in, or near south of Raleigh, a small Red Morocco Pocket Book, containing about 10 dollars in cash and a Receipt against Mr. Hartwell Parish for fourteen barrels of flour deposited with him for sale. Any person finding the same, and delivering it to the subscriber, will confer a favor and shall be reasonably rewarded.

CHARLES W. JOHNSTON.
Dec. 11. 14

Sale of Negroes.

ON the Fourth Monday of February next, will be offered at public sale, before the Court House in Smithfield, sundry valuable Negroes, belonging to the estate of the late John Stevens, Jun.—Terms are, bond with approved security, at six months.
At the same time, sundry Negroes will be hired out for the ensuing year.
14-4t T. P. DEVEREUX, Admr.
December 14.

State of North-Carolina.

Edgecomb County.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions,
November Term, 1824.
Sylvia Little }
vs. } Petition for
The heirs at law of Gray Lit- } dower.
tle, dec'd.

Appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Elijah Manning and Lydia his wife, and Benjamin Manning and Sylvia his wife, Defendants, are not residents of this State: It is ordered that publication be made for 3 months in the Raleigh Register, that they appear at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the county of Edgecomb, at the Court House in Tarborough, on the 4th Monday of February next, and plead, answer or demur, or the petition will be heard ex parte to them.—Witness Michael Hearn, Clerk of said Court at Tarborough, the 4th Monday of November, 1824.
15-3m MICHAEL HEARN, C. C.

North-Carolina Female Academy.

ANDREWS & JONES, PRINCIPALS.
THE Exercises of this institution will be resumed on the 1st day of February, 1825. At this seminary a complete and radical English education, both literary and scientific, may be obtained. Board (in the family) and tuition, sixty dollars per session, payable in advance. Each pupil must furnish a pair of sheets, blankets, towels, and a coverlid, or pay \$2.50 extra per session. There are seven competent teachers constantly employed, together with Misses Gibbs an Green and a valuable Philosophical and Chemical Apparatus. Music \$50, Drawing and Painting \$200 per session, and Dancing, at \$10 per quarter, are taught when required. Those interested in obtaining further particulars, are requested to apply by letter (post paid) to the principals.
14-4t
Oxford, Granville County, Dec. 21.