



Our motto: "Our motto is fair, delightful Peace, Unwarped by party rage to live like Brothers."

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### The Register

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### RALEIGH REGISTER.

TUESDAY, MARCH 29, 1825.

In our remarks respecting the movements of General LAFAYETTE, we have omitted to say, that he was honored, though not personally present, at Wilmington, in this State. The hospitable citizens of that place, had prepared, for the reception of the "Nation's Guest," and from a knowledge of their taste and resources, we are sure nothing was wanting to receive him as he merited. Their expected visitor was reluctantly compelled to decline, their invitation, as has already been related; but the dinner and ball provided for him, were attended by a numerous company, who paid that respect to the virtues and services of the General, which have been so generally appreciated and acknowledged.

In tracing the progress of our late illustrious Guest South, we have a degree of sectional pride in the details of his tour, as he passes onward to the respective points of his destination. At SAVANNAH his reception contained every thing which Patriotism could induce, wealth display, and taste arrange. Here, too, as at Camden, scenes of melancholy retrospection, involuntarily associated with the joyous splendor of the present hour; for there, too, Gen. Lafayette assisted to lay monumental Stones for his dear comrades in arms, Generals Greene and Pulaski. Here, too, he met Patriots, or the sons of Patriots, worthy of their sires, who had, in Council and in the field, aided the great work, of which every Son and Daughter of America, native or adopted, is now reaping the benefit. There is something in sentiments and feelings attached to these recollections, even to those who have only heard of them, which are favorable to the growth of Patriotism and the preservation of Independence.

Surely those were days  
Of breathless expectation, when the flame  
Of Freedom burn'd the highest, for the game  
Of man's emancipation was at stake:  
The heart that would not thro' them, had no place  
In honor's column.

We must forbear further details, and only select a few of the many liberal toasts drank at the Dinner.

WASHINGTON—A name associated with every ennobling quality of man; his fame is identified with our history, and its lustre will be reflected upon ages yet to come.

LAFAYETTE—The name shall be a badge, worn in the hour of peril by freemen in every quarter of the Globe, when their rights are assailed by oppression.

WM. H. CRAWFORD—His greatness is founded upon the qualities of his mind and the goodness of his heart. Public station has only served to illustrate it, and private life cannot detract from it.

The spontaneous burst of their gratitude to one of the early champions of their country's freedom, speaks a moral lesson to the nations of the world, that will not be disregarded.

The Milton paper of the 24th instant, mentions the arrival of the Hon. Wm. H. Crawford and family, and the Hon. Mr. Cobb of Geo. at that place, where they were expected to remain several days.

The Orange Presbytery will convene at Washington, in this State, on Wednesday the 6th of next month. It will be opened by a Discourse from the Rev. D. L. Hatch, of Newbern.

The Supreme Court of the U. States adjourned on Monday, to the next term in course, after a fatiguing session of six weeks.

The United States Board of Engineers for Internal Improvement, are probably now on their way for the purpose of examining the several Routes between Washington and New Orleans, with a view of selecting the most eligible location for the great National Road. Gen. Bernard and the Members of the Board, will pass through this place, and the other Capitals of the Southern States, and probably return on the other side of the mountains.

New-York, March 19.

We learn of Capt Forbes, of the ship Fabius, that Martial Law was declared at Havana on the 5th inst. and all letters and newspapers were closely examined previously to delivery. Passengers arriving without passports were immediately imprisoned. Very heavy rains had prevailed, and much sugar was destroyed. The Coffee plantations were considerably damaged on the 3d inst. by a severe hail storm.

Discipline of the Navy.—Every one will applaud the disposition shewn in the General Order of the Senior Officer of the Navy, to put an end to the practice of dueling, among the boys, at least, who belong to the Navy. It is high time that the temper which is disposed to break out in brawls, should be made to bend to duty; and that those who cannot be made obedient to that principle, should be put out of the way of future violations of it, dismissed from the service. The same measure or a more severe one, we hope, will be dealt to him who wantonly provokes anger, as to him who resents insult. As to the elder officers, we apprehend that those who are disposed to risk their lives upon the issue of a chance-directed bullet, will hardly be deterred from it by the dread of violating a General Order.—We hope for the Order, however, all the effect which it is possible for it to have. It is the first, we believe, which has ever been issued in the Navy to the same effect, and is an experiment, the motives of which are entitled to great respect. It devolves on the commander himself a considerable accession of duty and responsibility, the voluntary assumption of which gives additional merit to the action.

In recommending this Order to general respect, we shall be pardoned, we hope, for doubting whether the worthy veteran has not expressed himself in language more strongly than he intended, when he speaks in general terms, of "the most improper and unjustifiable relaxation of discipline in the Navy." We have no question, ourselves, but that he meant to apply it only to the particular instances to which the order applies. We have been under an impression that the general discipline of the Navy was in a state of progressive improvement, tho' ten years of peace may have tended to lessen the distance between the superior and subordinate officers, which a state of war exacts and imposes. The Commodore appears to think that rigid discipline is the best promoter of harmony in an embodied military force, and we do not know but he is in the right.—*Not. Int.*

#### GENERAL ORDERS (NAVAL.)

United States' Ship North-Carolina, Off Cape Henry, 12th Jan. 1825. SIR: The dissensions and bickerings, which have unfortunately existed in the Navy, and particularly among the junior officers for several years past, originating as it is supposed, in the predominance of habits which have indelibly crept into the service, by the most improper and unjustifiable relaxation of discipline, seem at length to require particular notice.

The prevalence and frequency of fighting and quarrelling among some of the younger officers, and the detestable practice by them and others of fighting duels, defaming each other, and assuming to themselves the right of making the conduct of their equals and superiors topics of conversation and indecorous animadversion, at tavern-tables, in stage coaches, steamboats, and other public places, have been carried to such an extent for some time past, as to require a resort to measures the best calculated to produce immediate reform, and to save the character of the service as well as their own from impending ruin and disgrace.

I have, in consequence, to require of all officers who are now, or may hereafter be placed under my command, to respect and obey themselves, and to use the utmost vigilance and attention in enforcing on others, their subordinates, due respect and obedience to the laws and regulations made and provided for the government and conduct of all the officers and others belonging to the Navy of the United States, as I am determined from this date, not to permit the slightest violation of such laws and regulations, with which I may become acquainted, to pass unnoticed.

Should disputes unfortunately happen between the officers of this or any other ship of the squadron which I have been appointed to command, they are not, on any account to assume to themselves the right of settling disputes, in any other manner than by an appeal to the captain of the ship to which they belong, or to myself, if necessary. And I would have it further understood, that, for a violation of this order, by any officer, I shall not fail to put the laws in force against him to their utmost extent.

JOHN RODGERS, Commanding U. S. Naval Forces in the Mediterranean, and Commanding Officer of the United States' Navy. CHAS. W. MORGAN, Esq. Capt. of the U. S. Ship North-Carolina.

About a twelvemonth since, several depredations were committed upon the way-mail route between Philadelphia and Baltimore. Letters from Chester state, that William Barton, an apprentice to the then Postmaster, has acknowledged that he committed these depredations, and \$500 have been recovered from him, which are put into the hands of W. Anderson, H. Myers and E. Darlington, three respectable citizens of Chester, to be returned to the rightful owner. The young man has made his escape.—*Franklin Gaz.*

A dreadful accident.—Mr. Joshua Young, of Stokes county, N. C. on his return from a visit to some of his friends, in Henry county, Va. on the 21st ult. in crossing the Mayo river the wagon upset, with himself, his wife and their two little children (one 9, the other 12 years of age) and Mrs. Young's niece, about 18 years of age, and, dreadful to relate, every one perished. The bodies of the lady and niece were found, but that of Mr. Young and the little girls had not at the date of our account.

Durville Sentinel.

PROPERTY RISING.—It is with real pleasure (says the Baltimore Patriot of March 15) we announce this pleasing truth. There have been several sales of property lately at very fair prices, and in one instance, at as high a price as in the best of times. Fifteen hundred dollars have been offered for a lot, which a few months since was offered for seven hundred and fifty, and would not bring it. In addition to which, a gentleman well acquainted with the city, and who has taken pains to inform himself, tells us there are nearly one hundred houses now begun, or for which the materials are now collecting, a much greater number than there has been before at any one time, for 5 years past, and this number will be greatly increased as the season advances: in fact, labor and every article used in building are advancing in price.

For the Raleigh Register.

Messrs. GALES & SON.—I cannot refrain from acknowledging my extreme chagrin, at reading an article (put into my hands by a friend) in a late Catawba Journal—because I do not believe the citizens of Raleigh merit the censure so strongly implied against them in that article. I am ready to admit, to the utmost extent, that the accommodation made for the Gentlemen composing the Mecklenburg and Cabarrus troop of Cavalry, was not such as they had a right to expect, or were entitled to receive.—But I do deny, most positively, that this apparent apathy on the part of the citizens, proceeded neither from a want of fellow-feeling towards the members of the troop, a discordancy of feeling upon the occasion that brought them together, and least of all, from inhospitality on the part of the citizens of Raleigh.

If proper and satisfactory provision was not made for the Troop, the fault is with the Committee of Arrangements, or some other person; for I well know that many of the citizens were extremely anxious to take some of the troopers to their houses and accommodate them during their stay in the city, and the whole Company might thus have been disposed of, in squads, if the wishes of the citizens had been consulted.

I heard of the call of the Committee of Arrangements the other day, and hoped it was for the purpose of placing this subject on its proper grounds.—It is a duty they owe us, and if they will not discharge it, we should take the proper steps to do ourselves justice. A Citizen of Raleigh.

March 28.

#### AN ELEGY.

INSCRIBED TO THE MEMORY OF A DEPARTED FRIEND.  
Say, gentle shade, beyond the tomb,  
Through death's disclosing vapors shown,  
What never-fading jewels bloom,  
In climes, to mortal life unknown?  
What regions burst upon thy view,  
When from thy earthly prison torn,  
Thou bid'st this world a last adieu,  
And leav'st thy numerous friends to mourn?

What orbs celestial meet thy gaze,  
Where angels lead thy flight above?  
What suns illumine, with brighter blaze,  
The realms of everlasting love?

Where fancy's pinions never rise,  
Check'd by the brazen shades of night,  
What glories trace along the skies,  
The founts of universal light?

With clouds of heavenly sunbeams spread,  
What heights, on heights majestic roll'd,  
Where thy ascending footsteps tread,  
Creation's whole expanse unfold?

What purer air—what fresher breeze—  
What milder skies, in endless range—  
What sweeter flowers—what greener trees—  
What joys proclaim thy happy change?

What words unfolding to thy view,  
A chain of nameless wonders blend?  
What scenes that language never knew,  
From life's expiring lamp ascend?

What numbers of the good and wise,  
Where they their last asylum found,  
Pronounce thy welcome to the skies,  
While heaven's high courts re-echo round?

#### DIED.

Departed this life in the county of Granville, on the 9th March instant, the Reverend William Jean, in the full assurance of a blessed immortality. If the tender assiduities of an affectionate wife; if the prayers of the Church; if the anxious solicitude of a numerous circle of christian friends, could have availed, he had not died. But "my thoughts are not your thoughts, neither are my ways your ways, saith the Lord."

The Rev. William Jean was for many years a zealous and successful preacher in the Methodist Episcopal Church. As a circuit preacher, as a presiding elder, and as a supernumerary, his labors were widely diffused thro' this state and Virginia. As a preacher, he was plain, perspicuous, & energetic. Deeply versed in Bible Divinity, he experienced no difficulty in explaining it to his audience. His heart glowing with a holy zeal for the salvation of his fellow men, he urged the force of religious truths in a manner which his divine master was often pleased to send home to the consciences of his hearers. In his retirement, the characteristics of the christian were displayed in all his intercourse with the world, till a lingering, a painful disease terminated his earthly career. During his long protracted illness, his mind remained unimpaired. His conversation was cheerful, and instructive. His confidence in his Redeemer unshaken; and with a will perfectly resigned, he waited patiently for his blessed master to call him home. "They that turn many to righteousness shall shine as stars for ever and ever." Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord from henceforth: yea saith the Spirit, that they may rest from their labors, and their works do follow them."

Printers in this State and in the southern part of Virginia, are requested to notice the above. Communicated.

On the 17th January, near Little Rock, Arkansas, Gen. William Lewis, formerly of Kentucky, in the 58th year of his age. In the late war with Great-Britain, while yet a citizen of Kentucky he led the volunteer youth of his country to battle. It was he who commanded at the Raisin, on the ever memorable 18th of January. Much of the result of that brilliant achievement, which shed such imperishable lustre on the arms of the west, is justly ascribable to his military aptitude, and to his generalship. He fought in the subsequent engagement on the same field, but not as commander, on the disastrous 22d. It was his fate, with others of his compatriots, to be captured on that occasion, and confined for nearly two years, as a prisoner of war, within the walls of Quebec, which confinement and consequent exposure to the rigor of a northern climate, was doubtless the efficient cause of the rapid decline of his health and constitution.

#### Strayed Away

FROM the Subscriber, a dark Sorrel Mare with a white spot in her forehead, and one or both hind feet white above her fetlock—all, and of a long slim make. She was at William Hinton's, Esq. on the 20th inst. making her way, as I suppose to Orange, where she was raised. I will reward any person to apprehend and convey her to me, or give me information where she is. WM. P. BIDDLE, Craven County. March 28, 1825. 43-3w

#### Committed

TO the Jail in Ashboro', N. C. in October last, a Negro Man, surnamed Runaway, about 27 or 30 years of age; about 5 feet 10 inches high; has lost some of his upper teeth; as a small scar above his right eye. Says his name is SHADRICK; and that he was taken from Maryland, by Joseph Williams, from whom he Runaway, in the State of Alabama. SILAS DAVIDSON, Jailor. Nov. 1824.—6mo.

#### Notice.

RUNAWAY from the subscriber on the 20th day of September last, my negro man, named JIM; he is about twenty-five years old, dark complexion, has a down look when spoken to, his eyes whiter than common. I will give Twenty-five Dollars Reward, to any person who will deliver the said negro to me, if taken in this state, or Fifty Dollars, if taken out of the state, or Ten Dollars to confine him in any jail in this state; or Twenty Dollars if confined in any out of this state. JOHN CARPENTER. Franklin co. Feb. 25, 1825. 36-1m.

#### Committed.

TO the Jail in Ashboro' North-Carolina, in October last, a Negro man, surnamed Runaway, about 35 years of age; 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high; speaks rather slow, has wide forehead and wide apart. Who calls his name BEN, says, he belongs to William Smith, of Alabama, and that he came from Wight County, Va. last winter. SILAS DAVIDSON, Jailor. Nov. 1824.—6mo.

#### Jailor's Notice.

TAKEN UP and committed to the Jail of Wilmington, (N. C.) on the 24th day of January, 1825, a negro man named GLASGOW, about 5 feet, 2 or 3 inches high, black complexioned, and says he belongs to George Reeves of Orange County.—The owner is equated to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take said fellow away. G. B. MORRIS, Jailor. Feb. 9. 131-4f

#### Private Entertainment.

THE Subscriber has opened a House of Entertainment for the reception of travellers and others, at the Cross Roads in Franklin county, immediately on the Stage road leading from Raleigh to Lewisburg, 22 miles from the former and 5 miles from the latter place. He informs the public that he will be prepared at all times to accommodate those who may favor him with their company. JAMES D. ROSS. Franklin co. March 1st. 1825. 37-6w.

#### To all whom it may concern.

IN justice to myself and my friends, I have thought proper to make it known, that the right of all the property which is in my possession, is in me, and that I am the only legal owner of said property. I therefore will pay no debt of any persons contracting but my own. MARTHA PANNILL. Chapel Hill, March 16. 41-4t

#### Stray.

ENTERED on the Ranger's Book, in Guilford County, on the 24th December, 1824, by Benjamin Brown, living on the waters of Reedy Fork in said County, a horse of the following description: He is a dark Sorrel about 14 hands high, supposed to be ten years old, has white spots on his feet, a blaze in his face and white spots on his back and neck. ALEXANDER GRAY, Ranger. Guilford County. 38-3t

#### Labourers Wanted

On the Cape-Fear River, between Fayetteville and Wilmington. IT is my intention to recommence the Works for the Improvement of the Cape-Fear River between Fayetteville and Wilmington, as early as the season will admit. Any number of labourers who choose to apply will find immediate employment. Owners of Negroes will do well to embrace this opportunity of engaging them in a work where the wages are liberal and promptly paid, the provisions are wholesome and abundant, and every attention will be paid to their cleanliness and health. HAMILTON FULTON, March 9. 39f State Engineer.

#### State of North Carolina,

Nash County. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, 1825. Geo Cooper, Original attachment. levied on land.

Hopkins Rice. IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant in this case is not an inhabitant of this State; it was therefore ordered that publication be made in the Raleigh Register three months, that unless he come forward at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the County of Nash, at the Courthouse in Nashville, on the second Monday of May next, and plead and reply, the cause will be heard ex parte, and judgment final granted. Witness Henry Blount, Clerk of our said Court, at Office in Nashville, on the 2d Monday of February, in the 49th year of American Independence, anno. dom. 1825. H. BLOUNT, c. c. c. pr. adv. \$5 25. 383m

#### For Rent,

THE eligible Stand on Fayetteville Street, recently occupied by John R. Hendon, as a Grocery Store. Apply to W. H. Gales. Raleigh, March 14. 39f

#### Runaway.

TAKEN UP and committed to the Jail of Wake County, on the 24th inst. a Negro Man about 20 years old, stout built, dark complexion, who says his name is YEARLY, and that he was bought of Col. Staples of Patrick county, Va. by a Mr. Ammel, who he believes lives in some part of Kentucky, & has been runaway more than 12 months. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of as the law directs. SAMUEL H. PULLEN, Jailor. K. Leigh, Sept 27. 9t

#### Military Land Warrants.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA. Secretary's Office. NOTICE is hereby given, that by an act of the last General Assembly of this State, a Board of Commissioners has been established to sit in the City of Raleigh, to pass on all claims for Military Land Warrants for services performed by the officers, and soldiers of the continental line of this State in the Revolutionary War, which shall be presented previous to the first day of July next, after which time all such claims are declared to be forever barred. This Board is composed of his Excellency the Governor, the Treasurer and Comptroller. WM. HILL, Secy of State. Raleigh, 4th January, 1825.