

For Sale at J. GALE'S Store.

Works of Dr. Benj. Franklin,

In Philosophy, Politics and Morals; containing, besides all the Writings published in former collections, his Diplomatic Correspondence, as Minister of the U. S. at the Court of Versailles; a variety of Literary Articles and Epistolary Correspondence, never before published, with Memoirs and Anecdotes of his Life. Vols. 2, 3, 4 & 5 are ready for delivery, at 2 dollars and a half per vol. Vol. 1, containing the Memoir of the Doctor's life, is now in the Press, and will, ere long, be published.

Trial of Edward Tinker,

J. Gales has just received from Newbern, the Trial of Captain Edward Tinker, for the willful Murder of a Youth called Edward, at the Superior Court of Carteret County, at Septem-ber Term last. Country Storekeepers may be supplied with this interesting Trial on wholesale terms.

FOUND,

Near the Road leading from Pittsborough to Fayetteville.

A WATCH.

The owner accurately describing it, can have it, by applying to Robinson Mumford, of Fayetteville, and paying a small reward and the cost of advertising. June 25.

Wrapping Paper.

J. GALE has for sale, (manufactured at his Mill near Raleigh) about Two Hundred Reams of small neat Wrapping Paper, of good quality, at \$1 and 25 cents per Ream. Merchants and others who wish to be supplied, will please to make immediate application. July 20, 1812.

WARRENTON ACADEMY.

THE Exercises of the second Session of this Institution commenced on Monday the 6th inst. under the direction of Mr. Wm. Crawford, as heretofore.

MARSHAL'S OFFICE,

Raleigh, July 20, 1812

NOTICE.

BY a Notice, issued from the Department of State, under date of the 7th instant, all British subjects within the United States are required to report to the Marshals (or to the persons appointed by them) of the respective States or Territories, within which they may reside, their names, the time they have been within the United States, the persons composing their families, the places of their residence, and their occupations or pursuits; and whether, and at what time, they have made the application to the Courts, required by law as preparatory to their Naturalization. For the purpose of enabling me to effect the object the U. States have in view, with facility, and with as much convenience as possible to the subjects of this requisition, I have appointed the following persons, (who are also required to make to me returns of the names of all British Subjects who may thus report to them, with the above circumstances annexed to their names) to wit:

- Edmond Hoskins, of Edenton,
- John Court, Newbern,
- Junius Dunbiven, Wilmington,
- Dillon Jordan, Fayetteville,
- Alexand. Frohock, Salisbury,
- Joseph Davis, Guilford Co'y.
- Woodson Daniel, Granville.

BEV. DANIEL.

PAYMENTS

WILL be made to Officers and Soldiers of the 10th Regiment of U. S. Infantry, founded on correct muster rolls, &c. returned to me at Fayetteville.

A. G. GLYNN, Paymaster, 10th Infantry.



Raleigh,

FRIDAY, JULY 31, 1812.

The Editors of the Register have received a list of Non-Residents' Lands advertised for sale in Kentucky, on the first Monday in November next. Any person interested may see it on application at their office.

Yesterday, being the day appointed by the General Assembly of Presbyterians to be observed as a day of fasting, humiliation and prayer by all their churches, the day was observed in this city. The Rev. Wm. M'Pheeters delivered an appropriate discourse on the occasion, at the State-House, which was well attended.

The North-Carolina Baptist General Meeting of Correspondence, convened in this city on Friday last; at which were present Preachers and Messengers from every part of the State. The preaching, which commenced at the State House on Friday morning, and continued, with short intermissions, until Sunday evening, was attended by crowded audiences. On Sunday the company was so large that meeting was held in the State-House Yard, where a Stage was erected, and seats provided for the purpose. The business throughout was conducted with becoming decency and order, and the congregations appeared to be deeply impressed on the solemn occasion.

The object of this general meeting, which we believe is the first or second of the kind which has been held in this State, is to form a closer union of the several Associations, and to promote the diffusion of Christian Knowledge among the people.

It will be observed, by the following proceeding of the meeting, that this Society have resolved to observe the third Thursday in August (the day fixed upon by the President of the U. States for the purpose) as a day of fasting, humiliation and prayer.

THE NORTH-CAROLINA BAPTIST GENERAL MEETING OF CORRESPONDENCE being convened in the City of Raleigh, the 25th of July, 1812, taking into consideration the calamitous state of the Country in being involved in a War by the injustice of a Foreign Power:

Resolved, That the Proclamation of the President of the United States, in recommending the third Thursday in August next, to be observed as a day of Fasting, Humiliation and Prayer, meets with our hearty approbation; and therefore, do respectfully recommend, that all the Associations and Churches in this State observe that day in the manner appointed by the President for the Religious Purposes disclosed in his Proclamation.

Signed, by order of the Meeting,

GEORGE OUTLAW, Moderator
WM. DOSSEY, Clerk.

A grave, grey-headed company of Veterans, have just been formed in the county of Rowan, consisting of citizens over 45 and under 80 years of age for home-service. Upwards of thirty have already entered, and several others have signified their intention of doing so—so that this aged patriot band will not consist of less than fifty. They have elected NATHAN DOUGLASS their Captain. The following are their Articles of Association:

ARTICLES

Of a Company called "Silver Locks." We, the undersigned Soldiers, having many of us fought for our Liberty in the Revolution, and now, from our advanced age, are unable to undergo the same hardships in the field as formerly; yet our bosoms swell with indignation, when we hear of our Honour and Independence being insulted by Foreign Enemies, who have not only begun the awful work of death themselves, but encouraged the Savage Tribe to spill the blood of our innocent Brethren on our Frontier, regarding neither sex nor age:

We, therefore, are willing to aid our beloved Country, in exerting our influence, by making short excursions in this upper country, in opposing the enemy, or suppressing the influence of dangerous and ill-designing men (as we fear many exist among us) in every instance, so far as we may be justified by the laws of our country. As we are now in a state of War, we wish for all persons to be united in supporting our Independence and Republican Institutions. We, therefore, mutually bind ourselves to abide the decisions of the Officers who shall be elected by our Company, and be ready, at a moment's warning, in all expeditions, either by day or night, mutually agreed to, during the War.

Signed at our muster this 18th day of July, 1812. [Here follow thirty one names.]

Major Tisdale of Newbern has received instructions from his Excellency the Governor, to have detached and marched to Fort Hampton, four companies of militia from the Regiments of Craven, Beaufort, Onslow, and Lenoir, to be stationed at that place.

The citizens of Newbern who are by law exempted from performing military duty, have, without distinction of age or party, formed themselves into companies for the protection of the town and adjoining country.

We learn that letters have been received in this city, from Gen. HULL, as late as the 7th inst. He arrived at Detroit on the 5th, with his army, amounting to near 2,500, all in good health and high spirits. Great exertions were making by the British at Fort Malden, to array the Indians against us. Previous to the declaration of war, a tomahawk, stained with blood, had been sent from Malden to all the neighboring tribes; and we understand, that 1500 ratings were issued from that post daily to the Indians in the vicinity.

Nat. Int.

FROM DETROIT.—Letters are received in New-York from Detroit, which mention that Governor Hull had arrived at Detroit, with 2300 men, after a tedious march through the wilderness. The English had built a block house on the river, a few miles from Detroit, which they garrisoned with 30 men. This fortification would prevent all supplies from reaching the American garrison by water; and as there was already a scarcity it was feared they would suffer for provisions or Gov. Hull be compelled to take the English Fort Malden, in order to procure a supply by this means. In Fort Malden are said to be about 300 men, but it could not stand a long siege by land with a superior force, having no breast work of consequence to defend it. We understand that the order of supplies only reached N. York a few days since.

New York, July 20.

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.—On Saturday evening, the brig *1*heils, Hill, arrived at this port from the Spanish Maine. Capt. Hill informed us, that on Friday off the capes of Delaware, he saw 4 ships of war under English colors, in chase of another ship, which showed no colors, about 3 miles ahead, supposed to be a frigate; the wind E. N. E. all standing to the southward.

From the publication in the New York papers of two intercepted letters from the capt. of the *Plummer*, taken from the prize master put on board the American ship *Margaret*, dated July 5th and 7th addressed to Wm. Ayre, Esq. at the admiralty office, Halifax, and Admiral Sawyer, a conclusion is drawn that the vessels seen on our coast must have been British. In one of these letters the capt. of the *Plummer* speaks of his capture of the brig *Straf*, and the distribution of two thousand dollars taken by her, of the scarcity of dollars, the regret with which he has seen several American vessels pass, from a want of hands to send them in; inasmuch as they would furnish seamen for the American navy, &c.

Ten Gun boats have recently been launched at the Navy Yard in Washington city. They each carry two long twenty-fours, and are intended to reinforce the gun-boat squadron at Hampton.

The Legislature of Rhode-Island convened on the 7th inst. and adjourned on the 9th, after passing several resolutions for providing arms, &c. for the state, and one for appointing a council to advise and assist the Governor in the performance of such duties as the state of war may devolve on him.

The Governor of Vermont has called his council to meet with him at Montpelier on the 23d inst.

A British Spy.—George M'Lean, a British officer, with his commission in his pocket, lately in this city, has been apprehended in Chazy, county of Clinton, as a spy, and bro't down to the camp at Greenbush, where he is to be tried by a court-martial according to the rules of war.

British force at Halifax.—The Boston Patriot states that a seaman, who with 3 others deserted from the *Melampus* frigate on the 28th ult. reports the following force at Halifax viz. St. George, 90 guns, Ruth Stewart, Admiral; Dragon, 74; Dreadnaught, 74; Stag, 36; *Melampus*, 44; *Venus*, 36; *Lark*, 20; *Cleopatra*, 36.

The following is an extract of a letter from a gentleman at Fort Niagara to his friend in Washington city, dated July 8:

"This garrison, and all my property at this place, have been in the most imminent danger. I expected every moment that it would be destroyed, and myself ruined. The British had the means to lay the whole place in ashes; whilst we were entirely destitute of men, cannon, ammunition, and every thing else. The danger is not now past, but our prospect of security is more clear than it was last week. This frontier has been in a state of alarm and confusion for almost two weeks past. No business has been done, except removing goods and property to places of safety."

A battle has been fought on the Maine, in which the friends of Ferdinand and the 7th were successful.

The elegant ship *Alexander*, of Baltimore, arrived at Boston yesterday in 35 days from France, with a rich cargo, said to be worth \$300,000. She had been chased seven times on her passage by British ships of war, and outwitted them all. The last chase was by two frigates 100 leagues from Cape Ann.

The *Alexander* spoke about 90 leagues from Cape Ann, a British sloop, laden with Rum and Sugar, prize to the Privateer *Polly* of Salem, John Allen, prize master.

The American ship *Hero*, is employed at Boston as a guard ship, and the English prisoners taken by the *Salem* and *Cape Ann* privateers were yesterday carried on board.

Privateering.—This species of marine warfare is likely to become a means of considerable annoyance to our enemy.—From the expedition already used in fitting out privateers in all our ports, we may calculate, that in less than two months we shall have a private navy equal, at least in numbers if not so in strength to that of Britain.—Since the declaration of war three schooners have been converted into privateers, in this port, manned and equipped—one of them has sailed on a cruise, and the other two will probably sail this day. A number of other vessels, we understand, are in a state of forwardness, and will be got ready for sea with all speed.

Norfolk.

Additional Privateering.—The Privateer Schooners *Amoret*, *Richardson*, *Bona*, *Dameron*, and *Hornet*, Frost, have cleared out, from Baltimore and dropped down for a cruise.

Three British schooners have arrived at Salem, loaded with plaister, lumber, naval stores, corn flour &c. prizes to the privateer *Jefferson*. Two of them were cut out of Beaver harbor by the enterprising crew of the *Jefferson* in open day!—A large shallop has also been sent in by the same vessel laden with British bale goods—she was from St. Andrews and captured off Quaddyhead, had no papers, and was bound to no particular port." Three Nova Scotia shallops prizes to the *Lion* privateer, have arrived at Marblehead, having on board English and W. I. goods and some thousand dollars in specie.

The British government brig *Blood Hound* from England, was boarded by the Letter of Marque *Cora*, capt. J. Gould, of N. York, in the bay and taken possession of. The *Cora* took out her marines, drew the guns and carried her into Annapolis.

The privateer *Teaser*, capt. Wooster, of New York has re-captured the valuable fine American ship *Margaret*, of 400 tons, coppered to the bends, and not two years old. The *Margaret* was from Liverpool, laden with 18,000 bushels of salt, 364 crates of earthenware, and a quantity of ironmongery, bound to Portland and was captured a few days since by the British brig of war *Plummer*, who put a prize-master and 12 seamen on board, and ordered her for Halifax. The *Margaret* was shortly after fallen in with by the privateer *Teaser*, capt. Wooster, who

re-captured and sent her for Portland, where she has safely arrived. [The *Margaret* and her cargo, are estimated at \$50,000.]

The ship *Laguaira* is arrived at N. York in 35 days from Cadix. She was captured on the 19th inst. by the British brig *Vixen*, and ordered to follow the *Vixen*, having no men to put on board of her. The brig had with her several prizes, among which were the ship *Maria*, from Cadix for New-York, a brig from Havana for New-York loaded with rum and sugar, and two eastern schooners. The Commander of the *Vixen* had taken out of the *Maria* Thirty Two Thousand Dollars in Specie. Four of the *Maria's* crew are on board of the *Laguaira*. The latter vessel made her escape from the *Vixen* in the night.

The British *Conic* in Boston and Salem grossly insulted the hon. Mr. Widgery on his way home because he voted for war, which was death to all their schemes.

The leaders of "the British party in America" are striving hard to get the reins of Government in their hands.—"Thinks I to Myself" (says a correspondent) they will miss the reins; but some of them get the halter.

The question is frequently asked why does not the Aurora repel and expose the seditious and treasonable attacks of certain prints upon the government and the most sacred rights of the nation? A short answer may suffice; we look upon the British faction in the U. States in the nature of a volcano that first broke out in 1794, and has like the late earthquakes kept the nation in alarm and distraction at short intervals ever since—their late and present violence, are only the last agonies of their expiring nature—the decomposition of their elements has thrown into one or two points a greater proportion of inflammable matter—the great crater is at Boston, slight shocks are felt like convulsions of electricity, wherever there are metallic conductors—but all that is required is to let them alone—and the volcano will burn itself out.

The violent federal papers are now engaged in the laudable and patriotic vocation of magnifying the resources of the enemy and depreciating those of their own country for carrying on the war. Ambition and revenge are ever fruitful of inventions to promote their unrighteous and desperate designs. Finding that they dare not take an open part with the enemy, the exasperated demagogues of faction have adopted an indirect course to bring disasters upon the country, and thus to ride into power over the ruins of its character and interests. We confess that we should rather see them take an open part with the enemy at once. We should then know the real foes of the country without doubt. The indignant frowns of an insulted nation would immediately put them down.

Baltimore American.

John Bellingham, the assassin of Mr. Perceval, is a native of St. Niots, in Huntingdonshire. He went to Russia about 12 years ago, in quality of agent for Houses in London and Hull, and was settled in Riga, where he was for a time in a prosperous way; but when the misunderstanding between the British & Russian governments took place, being an active partizan for his own country, the Russian government took offence, upon which he was thrown into prison, where he remained for two years, and all his property was confiscated. He returned to England ruined in circumstances and has been importunate to government for compensation, but Mr. Perceval always discountenanced his solicitations.

After his return from Russia, he commenced the business of a ship-broker, in Liverpool, where his wife, who was of the name of Neville, and a native of Newry, in Ireland, carried on the millinery business. For some months past he had become gloomy & discontented, and for some weeks he had been in attendance about the House of Commons. A short time ago, he addressed to each Member of the House a printed paper, containing a statement of his grievances—and on the Monday preceding the diabolical murder, it is said, he received his final repulse from government.

London pap.

CAPT. HENRY.—Capt. Henry, the agent of the late Sir James Craig, is a native of Ireland, being born in the co. Dublin.—His father was a master bricklayer and an eminent builder, and was employed to build the present jail of Kilmalsham; he also built the jail of Maryborough, where he became acquainted with the late Sir John Parnell, who honored him with his esteem, and under whose patronage, a younger son set up his business in the Queen's county. The eldest son John, who has lately attracted so much notice, was designed for his father's business, and was accordingly apprenticed to an eminent Architect in this city (Dublin); he was also placed under the care of Messrs. Baker and Waldron. He commenced business in partnership, but, shortly after, becoming embarrassed in his circumstances, and being unable to discharge his engagements, he was obliged to abandon his native country, and to seek an asylum in America.—In America, after experiencing the vicissitudes of fortune, having often been put to his shifts, he contrived to get admittance in the army of the U. States; he rapidly obtained promotion, and arrived to the rank of Captain of Artillery.

FOR THE REGISTER.

Messieurs Editors, The following lines are taken from a Poem addressed to the Volunteers of this country. If you think they contain any just allusion to the Times, you will please to insert them in the Register. S. B. D.

Henderson, Montgomery.

Let not dull Faction's mad debate;
Attract one listening ear,
Or tongue inflame against the State;
Or fill one heart with fear.
But frown on him, with ill intent,
No difference who he be,
Who shall impeach a Government
Republican and free.

MARRIED.

At Smithville, Northampton county, on the 14th instant, Doctor Henry W. Rhodes to Miss Martha M. Dancy, daughter of the late Francis Dancy, Esq.

At Fayetteville, on the 23d instant, by the Rev. W. L. Turner, John A. Ramsey, Esq. Attorney at Law, of Chatham, to Miss Eliza Dubrutz, daughter of Gabriel Dubrutz, Esq. of the former place.

At Charlotte, Mecklenburg county, on the 8th instant, by A. A. Springs, Esq. Mr. John Mitchell, of S. Carolina, aged 15 years, to Mrs. Esther Jarrett, aged 69!!!

At Washington City, G. W. Campbell, Esq. Senator from Tennessee, to Miss Hannah Stoddert, daughter of Benj. Stoddert, Esq.

DIED.

In Northampton county, on the 16th inst. Elizabeth Phillips, consort of Drewry Phillips, aged 45 years, after a long and tedious affliction, being tapped 92 times! The most or greater part of her time she attended to her domestic concerns; she was an industrious, frugal, loving wife, and a good neighbour, lamented by all who knew her. She bore her affliction with great patience. She has been a Professor of Methodism from her youth, and a pattern of piety. She was truly resigned to the will of Heaven, and testified a bright manifestation of her acceptance with God, the very moment before she died. She appeared to close her eyes in great peace.

Jesus can make a dying bed
Feel soft as downy pillows are;
While on his breast she lean'd her head,
And breath'd her life out sweetly there.

Postscript.

FROM HALIFAX.

A Halifax paper of the 6th inst. is received, which contains the Proclamation of the Governor of Nova Scotia, announcing the war, as follows:

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas every species of predatory warfare carried on against defenceless inhabitants living on the shores of the U. States, contiguous to this province and N. Brunswick, can answer no good purpose, and will greatly distress individuals; I have therefore thought proper, by and with the advice of his Majesty's Council, to order and direct all his Majesty's subjects, under my Government, to abstain from molesting the inhabitants living on the shores of the U. States, contiguous to this Province and N. Brunswick; and on no account to molest the goods or unarmed coasting vessels, belonging to the defenceless inhabitants on the frontiers, so long as they shall abstain, on their parts, from any acts of hostility and molestation towards the inhabitants of this province and N. Brunswick, who are in a similar situation. It is therefore my wish and desire, that the subjects of the U. States, living on the frontiers, may pursue in peace their usual and accustomed trade and occupations, without molestation, so long as they shall act in a similar way towards the frontier inhabitants of this province and New-Brunswick.
Given at Halifax, July 3, 1812.
J. C. SHERBROOKE.

An account that Com. Rogers was in pursuit of the Jamaica fleet, had been published at Halifax.

From Canada.—A gentleman who left Montreal on the 14th instant, informs, that Gov. Prevost had caused the persons who lately took & burnt two vessels near Ogdensburg, to be arrested and their property seized to indemnify the owners; that the inhabitants of two ranges of towns on each side of the line had agreed to abstain from voluntary hostilities, and to arrest individual aggressors; that the militia of Canada are embodied and disciplined, and appear very loyal.

The following is an extract of a letter from a commercial house in New-Bedford, to another in N. York, dated the 17th of July:

The *Virgin* arrived this evening with 4000 bushels of salt and specie, on account of the owners and M. Lewis & Co. She left Cadix June 4. Spoke yesterday a vessel which informed her of the war. At noon, discovered one 74 and five frigates, steering west. This morning discovered the fleet again at a great distance. One of them gave chase; but gaining very slowly, gave it up. This fleet is British. They yesterday burnt a ship.

Baltimore Prize.—Arrived British schooner *Fanny*, Fogarty, from St. Croix bound to St. Andrews, with a cargo of sugars; Prize to the *Dolphin* Privateer capt. Stafford, captured 16th in lat. 34 lon. 74. Saw no cruisers of any kind or any thing in the bay bound up. [Vessel and cargo are said to be worth 18,000 dollars.]

General JOHN CHADLER has been appointed Brigadier-General in the Army of the U. States. Bost. Pa.