



AND NORTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE.

Our are the plans of fair, delightful Peace, Unwar'd by party rage, to live like Apocrypha.

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BY AUTHORITY.

LAW OF THE UNITED STATES.

An Act for the more convenient taking of affidavits and bail in civil causes depending in the courts of the United States.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be lawful for the circuit court of the United States to be holden in any district in which the present provision, by law, for taking bail and affidavits in civil causes (in cases where such affidavits are, by law, admissible) is inadequate, or on account of the extent of such district, inconvenient, to appoint such and so many discreet persons, in different parts of the district as such court shall deem necessary, to take acknowledgments of bail and affidavits; which acknowledgments of bail and affidavits shall have the like force and effect as if taken before any judge of said court; and any person swearing falsely in and by any such affidavit shall be liable to the same punishment as if the same affidavit had been made or taken before a judge of said court.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the like fees shall be allowed for taking such bail and affidavit as are allowed for the like services by the laws of the state in which any such affidavits or bail shall be taken.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That in any case before a court of the United States, it shall be lawful for such court, in its discretion, to admit in evidence any deposition taken in perpetuum rei memoriam, which would be so admissible in a court of the state wherein such cause is pending according to the laws thereof.

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives. GEO. CLINTON, Vice-President of the U. States and President of the Senate. February 20, 1812.—APPROVED, JAMES MADISON.

AN ACT Authorising the President of the United States to raise certain companies of Rangers for the protection of the frontier of the United States.

BE it enacted, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States, whenever he shall have satisfactory evidence of the actual or threatened invasion of any state or territory of the United States, by any Indian tribe or tribes, he and he is hereby authorized to raise, either by the acceptance of volunteers or enlistment for one year, unless sooner discharged, as many companies as he may deem necessary, not exceeding six, who shall serve on foot or be mounted, as the service in his opinion may require, shall act on the frontier as rangers, be armed, equipped and organized in such manner, and be under such regulations and restrictions, as the nature of the service in his opinion may make necessary.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That each of the said companies of rangers shall consist of one captain, one first, one second, lieutenant, one ensign, four sergeants, four corporals, and sixty privates.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That when the said rangers arm and equip themselves and provide their own horses, they shall be allowed each one dollar per day, and without a horse seventy-five cents per day, as full compensation for their services, rations or forage, as the case may be. The commissioned officers shall receive the same pay and rations as officers of the same grade in the army of the United States.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the officers, non-commissioned officers and privates raised pursuant to this act, shall be entitled to the like compensation in case of disability, by wounds and otherwise, incurred in the service, as officers, non-commissioned officers and privates in the present military establishment, and with them shall be subject to the rules and articles of war, which have been established or may hereafter by law be established, and the provisions of the act, entitled "An act, fixing the military peace establishment of the United States," so far as they may be applicable, shall be extended to all persons, matters and things within the intent and meaning of this act in the same manner as if they were inserted at large in the same. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after the passage thereof, and continue in force for one year, and from thence to the end of the next session of Congress.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That in the recess of the Senate the President of the United States is hereby authorized to appoint all the officers proper to be appointed under this act; which appointments shall be submitted to the Senate at their next session for their advice and consent.

HENRY CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives. GEO. CLINTON, Vice-President of the United States and President of the Senate. January 2, 1812.—APPROVED, JAMES MADISON.

AN ACT To enlarge the boundaries of the Mississippi Territory.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all that portion of territory lying east of Pearl river, west of the Perdido, and south of the thirty-first degree of latitude, be and the same is hereby annexed to the Mississippi Territory; to be governed by the laws now in force therein, or which may hereafter be enacted, and the laws and ordinances of the United States, relative thereto, in like manner as if the same had originally formed a part of said territory; and until otherwise provided by law, the inhabitants of the said district hereby annexed to the Mississippi Territory, shall be entitled to one representative in the General Assembly thereof.

HENRY CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives. WM. H. CRAWFORD, Vice-President of the U. States and President of the Senate. May 14, 1812.—APPROVED, JAMES MADISON.

AN ACT supplementary to an act, entitled "An act for the admission of the state of Louisiana into the Union, and to extend the laws of the United States to the said state."

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That all causes, actions, judgments, libels, pleas, processes and proceedings whatsoever returnable, commenced, depending or in any manner existing in the district court established in the territory of Orleans, in and by the act entitled "An Act erecting Louisiana into two territories, and providing for the temporary government thereof," be, and the same are hereby transferred to the district court established by the act to which this is a supplement, and may be proceeded in, shall exist and have like incidents and effects as if they had been originated and been proceeded in, in the court established by the act to which this is a supplement.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That all dockets, books, records, papers &c. belonging to the said district court of the Orleans territory shall be transferred to and become the dockets, books, records and papers of the district court of Louisiana district.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the eighth section of the act aforesaid, entitled "An Act erecting Louisiana into two territories and providing for the temporary government thereof," and also all acts within the purview of this act, and the one to which this is a supplement, be and the same are hereby repealed.

HENRY CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives. WM. H. CRAWFORD, President of the Senate pro tempore. May 22, 1812.—APPROVED, JAMES MADISON.

An Act to extend the right of suffrage in the Illinois territory, and for other purposes.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That upon the admission of the Illinois territory into the second grade of territorial government in conformity with the provisions of the act entitled "An act for dividing Indiana into two separate Governments," each and every free white male person who shall have attained the age of twenty-one years, and who shall have paid a county or territorial tax, and who shall have resided one year in said territory previous to any general election, and be, at the time of any such election, a resident thereof, shall be entitled to vote for members of the Legislative Council and House of Representatives for the said territory.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That so soon as the Governor of the said territory shall divide the same into five districts, the citizens thereof, entitled by this act to vote for representatives to the general assembly, shall, in each of the said districts, elect one member of the Legislative Council, who shall possess the same powers heretofore granted to the Legislative Council by the ordinance for the

government of the North-Western Territory, and shall hold their offices four years and no longer, any thing in the ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the citizens of the said territory, entitled to vote for members of the territorial legislature by this act may, at the time of electing their representatives to the General Assembly thereof, also elect one delegate to Congress for the said territory who shall possess the same powers as heretofore granted to the delegates from the several territories of the United States.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the sheriffs of the several counties which now are, or hereafter may be established in the said territory, respectively shall within forty days next after an election for delegate to Congress, transmit to the secretary of the said territory a certified copy of the returns from the several districts or townships of their respective counties; and it shall be the duty of the Governor, for the time being, to give to the person having the greatest number of votes a certificate of his election.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That each and every sheriff, in each and every county that now is, or hereafter may be established in said territory, who shall neglect or refuse to perform the duties required by this act, shall forfeit one thousand dollars, to be recovered by an action of debt, in any court of record within the said territory, one half for the use of the territory, and the other half to the use of the person suing for the same.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That the General Assembly of the said territory shall have power to apportion the representatives of the several counties which now are, or hereafter may be established herein, according to the number of free white male inhabitants above the age of twenty one years, in such counties: Provided, that there be not more than twelve nor less than seven of the whole number of representatives, until there shall be six thousand free white inhabitants above the age of twenty one years, in said territory, after which time, the number of representatives shall be regulated agreeably to the ordinance for the government of the territory north-west of the river Ohio.

HENRY CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives. WM. H. CRAWFORD, President of the Senate pro tempore. May 20, 1812.—APPROVED, JAMES MADISON.

An act to prohibit the exportation of specie, goods, wares and merchandise for a limited time.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall not be lawful, during the continuance of the act entitled "An act laying an embargo on all the ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States for a limited time," to export from the United States or the territories thereof, in any manner whatever, any specie, or any goods, wares or merchandise of foreign or domestic growth or manufacture; and if any person shall, with intent to invade this law, export or attempt to export any specie, goods, wares or merchandise from the United States or the territories thereof, either by land or water, such specie, goods, wares or merchandise, together with the vessel, boat, raft, cart, waggon, sleigh or other carriage in which the same shall have been exported or attempted to be exported, shall, together with the tackle, apparel, horses, mules and oxen, be forfeited, and the owner or owners of such specie, goods, wares or merchandise, and every other person knowingly concerned in such prohibited exportation, on conviction thereof, shall each forfeit and pay a sum not exceeding ten thousand dollars for every such offence: Provided, however, that nothing in this section contained shall be construed to prevent the departure of vessels, which, according to the act last abovementioned, are or may be permitted to depart in the manner and under the restrictions provided by the said act.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the President of the United States, or such other person as he shall have empowered for that purpose, to employ any part of the land or naval forces, or militia of the United States, or the territories thereof, as may be judged necessary, for the purpose of preventing the illegal departure of any ship or vessel, or the illegal exportation of any specie, or of any goods, wares

or merchandise contrary to the provisions of this, or of the last abovementioned act, and for the purpose of detaining, taking possession of, and keeping in custody, any such ship or vessel, specie, goods, wares or merchandise.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That all penalties and forfeitures, incurred by virtue of this act, shall and may be prosecuted, sued for, recovered and distributed, and be mitigated and remitted in the manner provided by the act entitled "An act laying an embargo on all the ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States for a limited time," and also, that the penalties and forfeitures incurred by virtue of this act may be recovered subsequently to the expiration thereof, in the same manner as if the act had continued in full force and virtue.

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives. WM. H. CRAWFORD, President of the Senate, pro tempore. April 14, 1812.—APPROVED, JAMES MADISON.

AN ACT To extend the time for exporting, with privilege of drawback, goods, wares and merchandise entitled thereto by law.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the time during which the act entitled "An act laying an embargo on all ships and vessels in the ports and harbors of the United States for a limited time," shall continue in force, shall not be computed as making part of the term of twelve calendar months, during which goods wares or merchandise imported into the United States, must be re-exported in order to be entitled to a drawback of the duties paid on the importation thereof.

HENRY CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives. WM. H. CRAWFORD, President of the Senate, pro tempore. January 10, 1812.—APPROVED, JAMES MADISON.

EAGLE HOTEL...RALEIGH



CHARLES PARISH,

RETURNS his grateful acknowledgements to his friends and the public, for the liberal encouragement they have given him heretofore, in his line of business, and informs them that his large and commodious Three Story Brick Building, at the Sign of

THE EAGLE,

North of the State-House, is now in complete order to receive Boarders and Travellers—where he earnestly solicits a continuance of their patronage. He pledges himself that nothing on his part shall be wanting to render general satisfaction to all those who favor him with their custom. Honest and active servants alone will be engaged; and his Stables will perhaps be excelled by none.

N. B. An ICE HOUSE and BATHING ROOMS will be constructed by the next Season.

Raleigh, July 1, 1812.

MUSIC, DRAWING, &c.

MRS. SAMBOURNE.

HAVING signified to the Trustees of the Raleigh Academy her intention of relinquishing her situation as Superintendent of the Female Department, at the conclusion of the present Session, wishes to inform her Friends and the Public, that she shall continue to reside in Raleigh, and, at the commencement of the ensuing year, will instruct a few Young Ladies in Music, Painting, Embroidery, &c. so that Students in the Academy, and others, will still have an opportunity of acquiring these polite accomplishments.

September 17.

MR. BAKER,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC,

PURPOSES to establish himself in Raleigh, and to give Lessons on the PIANO FORTE. He relies for giving satisfaction in all cases wherein Pupils may be placed under his care, upon the zeal with which he shall attend to their advancement, and upon the success hitherto repaying his exertions. The terms of tuition may be known by application at the Indian Queen Tavern.

Oct. 15.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

BEING desirous to remove into the County, offers the HOUSE and LOTS which he now occupies in Germantown, for sale. He deems it unnecessary to give a particular description, as he supposes any person inclined to purchase, will view the premises, suffice it to say, that the advantages which this Property possesses, either as to local situation or convenient improvements, for a Store or Tavern, are equal, if not superior, to any in the place, and perhaps not surpassed by any in the upper country.

Cash or Negroes will be expected in payment, and possession given whenever required. ANDREW BOWMAN. Stokes County, June 20.

LAND IN WARREN.

I Will sell, or barter for Lands in West-Tennessee, the Tract of Land lying in Warren County, in the fork of Fishing Creek and Shocco, containing 432 acres, 100 of which are cleared, under good fences, and in good order for cropping.

A further description of the Land is deemed unnecessary—while it to say, it is surpassed by none in the neighbourhood in the advantages of its situation and the fertility of its soil.

The Dwelling House is 28 by 18 feet, and will have borne repairs sufficient to render a small family comfortable. There is a Granary, Smoke house, Corn-crib, &c.

Also, about 500 acres of unimproved Land, in the upper part of Halifax County, not very fertile, but the beauty and healthiness of its situation, and the excellent range which it would furnish, would make a pleasant Summer Retreat for any Gentleman living in the low Country. EDWARD JONES. Ransom's Bridge, Oct. 9.

LANDS AND MILLS FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber, wishing to remove to his possessions in Danville, offers for sale his Lands, Mills and Distillery in Caswell county. His Lands consist of sundry tracts, adjoining or near to each other, containing in the whole about eleven hundred acres. They lie about 2 1/2 miles from Caswell Court-House, on the waters of Country-Line Creek. These Lands are well watered and well timbered; a great part consist of good Tobacco Land, and all well adapted to the culture of wheat and corn. The Plantation is in good repair and a considerable Crop of Wheat is sowed on it.

The Dwelling House is new, large and commodious; it is 58 feet long, 38 feet wide, contains ten rooms, besides two large apartments in the cellar; 7 of the rooms are neatly plastered, and one elegantly papered. It is situated on an eminence which commands a view of the court house and the surrounding country. There is a good framed Kitchen and other convenient Our Houses. The Mills are on Country Line Creek, which is the best stream in the county. The Grist Mills are double geared, running 3 pair of large stones; and one fixed with all the necessary machinery for manufacturing flour, and with excellent bolting cloths. The Flour Mills are equal to any in North Carolina. The Saw Mill is constructed upon the most approved plan, and the surrounding country abounds with good timber. These Mills have been lately built and are in perfect repair.

The Distillery contains 3 large Stills; the house is large and well fixed. These Mills and the Distillery, exclusive of the Plantation and other Improvements, are now rented for \$1000 per year—Some idea of their value may be formed from the amount of their rent.

I will sell this property in whole or in part, to suit the purchaser. Good bargains will be given for Cash or for Negroes—or for good Bonds, payable at some early period. The Lands are situated in a wealthy, genteel and flourishing neighborhood.

SOLOMON DEBOW. Sept. 27, 1812. 80ff

ROBERT RUTHERFORD,

Copper-Smith and Tin Plate Worker,

CONTINUES to make all sorts of Ware in his business, including all its various branches, viz STILLS, Wash Kettles, (ditto for steaming fruit) Tea Kettles, Coffee Pots, &c. of Copper or Brass.—Also TIN WARE of every description. Intending to carry on the Brass Founding Business to perfection, he offers a liberal price, in Cash or Trade, for OLD BRASS, COPPER OR FEWTER, that may be bro't to his shop.

Raleigh, Aug 20, 1812.

State of North-Carolina,

WARREN COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, August Term, 1812.

Edward Denton & Elanoy his wife, Thomas White, James White, Charles White, Peter D White, and Edward White & Matthew Ellis, by their Guardian & next friend Elizabeth White, Petitioners for Partition of Land.

Matthew G. White, Wm. White, Levi White & Henry White, Defendants. Appearing to this Court, that the Defendants in this case reside without the limits of this State—Be it therefore ordered, that publication be made, for six weeks successively, in the Raleigh Register, that unless they appear at our next court to be held for the county aforesaid, on the fourth Monday in November next, and answer the allegation of this petition, the prayer thereof will be granted.

WM. GREEN, C. G. C.

BLANKS, OF EVERY KIND, May be had at the REGISTER Office.