

POETRY.

ODE.

For the 4th of March, 1817.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW-YORK CELEBRATION BY MR. SAMUEL WOODWORTH, AND SUNG BY MR. ABRAHAM STAGE.

TUNE—Anacron.

While the vassals of tyranny rivet their chains, By birth-day effusions and base adulation, Let freemen express, in their holiday strains, The voice of a people—the choice of a nation.

Let laureats sing The birth of a king, To ours rejoice for the first fruits of spring. For still shall the fourth day of March ever yield A harvest of glory in liberty's field.

Encircled with glory the chieftain retires, Who led us in safety through war's dread commotion; While the spirit that rais'd him another inspires, To watch o'er our rights with equal devotion.

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BY AUTHORITY.

An act concerning the navigation of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That after the thirtieth day of September next, no goods, wares or merchandise shall be imported into the United States, from any foreign port or place, except in vessels of the United States, or in such foreign vessels as truly and wholly belong to the citizens, or subjects, of that country of which the goods are the growth, production, or manufacture; or from which such goods, wares or merchandise can only be, or most usually are, first shipped for transportation; Provided, nevertheless, That this regulation shall not extend to the vessels of any foreign nation which has not adopted, and which shall not adopt, a similar regulation.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That all goods, wares or merchandise, imported into the United States contrary to the true intent and meaning of this act, and the ship or vessel, wherein the same shall be imported, together with her cargo, tackle, apparel, and furniture shall be forfeited to the United States; and such goods, wares, or merchandise, ship, or vessel, and cargo, shall be liable to be seized, prosecuted, and condemned, in like manner, and under the same regulations, restrictions and provisions, as have been heretofore established for the recovery, collection, distribution and remission of forfeitures to the United States by the several revenue laws.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That after the thirtieth day of September next the bounties and allowances now granted by law to the owners of boats or vessels engaged in the fisheries, shall be paid only on boats or vessels, the officers and at least three-fourths of the crews of which shall be proved to the satisfaction of the collector of the district where such boat or vessel shall belong, to be citizens of the United States, or persons not the subjects of any foreign prince or state.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That no goods, wares, or merchandise, shall be imported, under penalty of forfeiture thereof, from one port of the United States to another port of the United States in a vessel belonging wholly or in part to the subjects of any foreign prince or state.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That no goods, wares, or merchandise, shall be imported, under penalty of forfeiture thereof, from one port of the United States to another port of the United States in a vessel belonging wholly or in part to the subjects of any foreign prince or state.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That no goods, wares, or merchandise, shall be imported, under penalty of forfeiture thereof, from one port of the United States to another port of the United States in a vessel belonging wholly or in part to the subjects of any foreign prince or state.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That no goods, wares, or merchandise, shall be imported, under penalty of forfeiture thereof, from one port of the United States to another port of the United States in a vessel belonging wholly or in part to the subjects of any foreign prince or state.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That no goods, wares, or merchandise, shall be imported, under penalty of forfeiture thereof, from one port of the United States to another port of the United States in a vessel belonging wholly or in part to the subjects of any foreign prince or state.

New-York, to the state of Rhode Island, or from the State of Rhode Island to the said Long Island, having on board goods, wares and merchandise taken in one state, to be delivered in another state: Provided, That it shall not be paid, on any ship or vessel having a licence to trade between the different districts of the United States, or to carry on the bank or whale fisheries more than once a year: And provided also, That if the owner of any such vessel, or his agent, shall prove to the satisfaction of the collector, that three-fourths at least of the crew thereof are American citizens, or persons not the subjects of any foreign prince or state, the duty to be paid in such case, shall be only at the rate of six cents per ton; but nothing in this section shall be construed to repeal or affect any exemption from tonnage duty given by the eighth section of the act, entitled "An act to provide for the establishment of certain districts," and therein to amend an act entitled "An act to regulate the collection of duties on imports and tonnage, and for other purposes."

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That after the thirtieth day of September next there shall be paid upon every ship or vessel of the United States, from any foreign port or place, unless the officers, and at least two thirds of the crew thereof shall be proved citizens of the United States, or persons not the subjects of any foreign prince or state, to the satisfaction of the collector, fifty cents per ton: And provided also, That this section shall not extend to ships or vessels of the United States, which are now on foreign voyages or which may depart from the United States, prior to the first day of May next, until after their return to some port of the United States.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That the several bounties and remissions, or abatements of duty, allowed by this act, in the case of vessels having a certain proportion of seamen, who are American citizens, or persons not the subjects of any foreign power, shall be allowed only in the case of vessels having such proportion of American seamen during their whole voyage, unless in case of sickness, death, or desertion, or where the whole or part of the crew shall have been taken prisoners in the voyage.

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives. JOHN GA LLARD, President of the Senate pro tempore. March 1, 1817—Approved, JAMES MADISON.

An Act to provide for the prompt settlement of the public accounts.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the third day of March, the offices of accountant and additional accountant of the Department of War, the office of accountant of the Navy, and the office of superintendent general of military supplies, be, and they are hereby abolished.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said third day of March next all claims and demands whatever, by the United States or against them, and all accounts whatever, in which the United States are concerned, either as debtors or creditors, shall be settled and adjusted in the Treasury Department.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That from and after the third day of March next, in addition to the officers in the Treasury Department, already established by law, there shall be the following officers, namely, four Auditors and one Comptroller.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the first auditor to receive all accounts accruing at the Treasury Department, and after examination to certify the balance and amount due accounts with the vouchers, and certificates to the first comptroller for his decision thereon; it shall be the duty of the second auditor to receive all accounts relative to the pay and clothing of the army, the subsistence of officers, bounties, and premiums, military and hospital stores, and the contingent expenses of the War Department; that it shall be the duty of the third auditor to receive all accounts relative to the subsistence of the army, the quarter master's department, and generally all accounts of the War Department other than those provided for; and it shall be the duty of the fourth auditor to receive all accounts accruing in the Navy Department, or relative thereto; and the second, third and fourth auditors aforesaid shall examine the accounts respectively, and certify the balance, and transmit the accounts with the vouchers and certificates to the second comptroller for his decision thereon; and it shall be the duty of the fifth auditor to receive all accounts accruing in, or relative to, the Department of State, the General Post-Office, and those arising out of Indian affairs, and examine the same, and thereafter certify the balance, and transmit the accounts with the vouchers and certificate to the first comptroller for his decision thereon; Provided, That the President of the United States may assign to the second or third auditor the settlement of the accounts which are now confided to the additional accountant of the War Department.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the auditors charged with the examination of the accounts of the War and Navy Departments, to keep all accounts of the receipts and expenditures of the public money in regard to those Departments, and of all debts due to the United States on monies advanced relative to those Departments; to receive from the second comptroller the accounts which shall have been finally adjusted, and to preserve such accounts with their vouchers and certificates, and to record all warrants drawn by the Secretaries of those Departments, the examination of the accounts of which has

been assigned to them by the preceding section. And it shall be the duty of the said auditors to make such reports on the business assigned to them as the Secretaries of the War and Navy Departments may deem necessary and require for the services of those Departments.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That the said auditors shall annually on the first Monday in November, report to the Secretary of the Treasury the application of the money appropriated for the Military and Naval Departments, for the preceding year, which shall be laid before Congress by him, with the annual statement of the public expenditure.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That the Treasurer of the United States shall disburse all such moneys as shall have been previously ordered for the use of the War and Navy Departments by warrants drawn by the Secretary of the War and Naval Departments respectively, countersigned by the second comptroller, and registered by the auditors respectively.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the first comptroller to examine all accounts settled by the first and fifth auditors, and certify the balances arising thereon to the Register; to countersign all warrants drawn by the Secretary of the Treasury, which shall be warranted by law; to report to the Secretary the official forms to be issued in the different offices for collecting the public revenue, and the manner and form of keeping and stating the accounts of the several persons employed therein; he shall also superintend the preservation of the public accounts, subject to his revision, and provide for the regular payment of all monies which may be collected.

Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the second comptroller to examine all accounts settled by the second, third, and fourth auditors, & certify the balances arising thereon to the Secretary of the Department in which the expenditure has been incurred; to countersign all warrants drawn by the Secretaries of the War and Navy Departments, which shall be warranted by law; to report to the said Secretaries the official forms to be issued to the different offices for disbursing the public money in those departments, and the manner & form of keeping and stating the accounts of the persons employed therein; and it shall also be his duty to superintend the preservation of the public accounts, subject to his revision.

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the first comptroller to superintend the recovery of all debts to the United States; to direct suits and legal proceedings, and to take all such measures as may be authorized by the laws, to enforce prompt payment of all debts to the United States.

Sec. 11. And be it further enacted, That the provision contained in the second section of the act passed the third March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, entitled "An act to provide more effectually for the settlement of accounts between the United States and receivers of public money," which directs that in every case where suits have been or shall be instituted, a transcript from the books and proceedings of the Treasury, certified by the Register, shall be admitted as evidence, and be extended in regard to the accounts of the War and Navy Departments, to the auditors respectively charged with the examination of those accounts and that certificates signed by them, shall be of the same effect, as that directed to be signed by the register.

Sec. 12. And be it further enacted, That the auditors of public accounts shall be empowered to administer oaths or affirmations to witnesses in any case in which they may deem it necessary for the due examination of the accounts with which they shall be charged.

Sec. 13. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to cause all accounts of the expenditure of public money to be settled within the year, except where the distance of the places where such expenditure occurs may be such as to make further time necessary; and, in respect to expenditures at such places, the Secretary of the Treasury, with the assent of the President, shall establish fixed periods at which a settlement shall be required.— And it shall be the duty of the first comptroller to lay before Congress, annually, during the first week of the session, a list of such officers as shall have failed in that year to make the settlement required by law.

Sec. 14. And be it further enacted, That in the annual statement of all accounts on which balances appear to have been due more than three years, which the comptroller is now required by law to make he shall hereafter distinguish those accounts, the balances appearing on which shall in his opinion be owing to difficulties of form, which he may think it equitable shall be removed by an act of Congress; and where the debtors by whom such balances shall have been due more than three years shall be insolvent, and have been reported to Congress for three successive years as insolvent, the comptroller shall not be required in such case to continue to include such balances in the statement above mentioned.

Sec. 15. And be it further enacted, That the salary of the comptroller appointed by virtue of this act, shall be three thousand dollars per annum, and that of the auditors, each, three thousand dollars per annum.

Sec. 16. And be it further enacted, That all letters and packages to and from the comptroller and auditors herein before mentioned, be conveyed free of postage, under the same regulations that are provided by law for other officers of government; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to assign the several sums appropriated for clerk hire in the office of the accountant, superintendent general of military supplies, and ac-

countant of the navy, to the officers here- by created, to which their respective duties shall be assigned. March 3, 1817. (Signed as above.)

PLASTER OF PARIS. THE Subscriber expects shortly to receive from New-York, TEN TONS PLAISTER OF PARIS. As his object is to assist in bringing this valuable substance into general use amongst our farmers, he intends selling it at a price which shall barely cover cost and charges; and to put it in the power of every farmer to make trial of it at a trifling expense, it will be sold in quantities of from one hundred pounds to a ton. L. NEWBY. Fayetteville, March 13. 1817.

MILLBROOK, FOR SALE. THE Subscriber wishes to sell that elegant and highly improved situation; having thereon a most superb dwelling house, the workmanship of which is no inferior to any in the State; with every convenience thereto attached for its convenience and a spacious ice house. A Mill, on Big Fishing Creek, within two hundred yards of the dwelling, having four grists, viz. one pair of Run's, one pair Cologne, two pair Albany stones, two sets bolting cloths, one screen and fan, a cotton gin with 52 saws, nine inches in diameter, and a saw mill, all in good repair—a tumbling dam, filled in with rock nearly one hundred yards in length, with a fine rock foundation, which renders it safe from undermining, at all times. To these conveniences may be added about three thousand young apple trees and twice that number of young peach trees, all of which are beginning to bear and ere long will yield an abundant harvest; as great pains have been taken in pruning and manuring them. At the Quarter, (one mile distant) a very valuable granary 32 by 36 feet, with two sheds 32 by 22 and 30 by 22 feet. There are attached to the premises about 5000 acres of land, well connected; about 240 of which is pine wood, the rest may be considered creek lands, and first rate for this part of the country, good for corn and very suitable for cotton, tobacco and wheat, with twelve constant running springs thereon. A residence of ten years has sufficiently proved this a healthy situation. A quantity of household and kitchen furniture may be had with the premises, should the purchaser need. Those wishing to purchase, I presume, will first view the premises, and I flatter myself they will be highly pleased; as it is generally reckoned one of the most desirable situations in the state. ISAAC HILLIARD. Millbrook, Halifax Co. March 7 1817. N. B. Millbrook is 20 miles S. W. from Halifax, 30 miles W. from Tarborough, two miles above Culppeper's bridge, and sixty miles from Raleigh. I. H.

WALDO'S GRAMMAR, &c. THE Subscribers wishing to contribute all that lies in their power to the promotion of useful knowledge, beg leave to call the attention of their fellow-citizens to the works lately written and published by Mr. JOHN WALDO, of Georgetown. These works, we conceive, possess great merit, and some of them, particularly the English grammar, uncommon merit. It is now making its way into some of the best Schools of the United States, and we believe will soon be considered as a standard work. The other works of Waldo are well calculated for elementary instruction in the Latin as well as English languages. Those which are designed for teaching children the correct orthography and pronunciation of our own tongue, are evidently the result of long experience in teaching and are admirably calculated for the common schools throughout the state. A correct pronunciation of words is of the greatest importance, and the best time to acquire it is when children are first taught to read. The true standard of pronunciation is the usage of the best speakers and most accomplished scholars. Mr. Waldo's books are calculated to lead directly to this standard, and in this respect are decidedly superior to any ever published. We conceive that the talents, indefatigable industry, and success of Mr. Waldo, give him high claims to public patronage, and we shall sincerely rejoice to see his performances brought into general use throughout the United States. (Signed) JONATHAN MAXCY, President of the South-Carolina College. THOMAS PARK, B. R. MONTGOMERY, EDWARD D. SMITH, CHRISTIN HANGLE, Professors. South-Carolina College, Dec. 10, 1816. Specimens may be seen at J. GALES'S Store, in Raleigh.

FOR SALE, ON A LIBERAL CREDIT, The well known PLANTATION, STANTON HARROLD, where William Farris, dec'd. formerly resided, SITUATED at the Mouth of Tar River, in Beaufort County; containing 1390 acres good Land, well timbered; part of it cleared; with a Dwelling House and several other Buildings. Its situation is well calculated for a Store, and convenient to the River, where Vessels can land within a short distance. For Terms, apply to S. M. Joseph, at Washington. THOMAS P. ALSTON. Washington, N. C. Jan. 10, 1817. 4 3m

A NEW JUSTICE OF PEACE Just Published, By J. GALES, THE Office and Duty of a Justice of the Peace, and a Guide to Sheriffs, Coroners, Clerks, Constables, and other Civil Officers, according to the laws of North-Carolina; with an Appendix, containing the Declaration of Rights and Constitution of this State, the Constitution of the United States, with the Amendments thereto; and a Collection of the most approved Forms—by HENRY PORTER, Judge of the United States District Courts of North-Carolina. As this Work is brought up to the present time and, of course, is more complete than any former Publication of the kind, there is no doubt it will be well received by the public. Dec. 4.

LORENZO DOW'S WORK Just received from Philadelphia, and for sale at J. GALES'S Store, (price two dollars) L. History of Cosmopolis; or the History of Lorenzo's Journal concentrated in one, containing his Experience and Travels, from childhood to near his fortieth year. Also, his Polemical Writings, consisting of 1. His Chain, with five links, two hooks and a swivel, 2. Reflections on Matrimony, 3. Analects upon the Rights of Man, 4. A Journey from Babylon to Jerusalem, 5. Dialogue between the Curious and Singular, 6. Hints on the fulfilment of Prophecy, 7. On Church Government, the Ministry, &c. To which is added the "Journey of Life," by Peggy Dow. January 24.

Patent, Lever Watches, Jewellery, &c. THOMAS EMOND has lately received a handsome assortment of Gold and Silver Patent Lever Watches, of a good quality; also gold and Silver Clapped and Jeweled Watches, warranted to keep time. Gold Chains, Seals and Keys, with a general assortment of fashionable Ear & Finger Rings, and Breast Pins, set with Pearl, and Plain Jet and Gold Necklaces, Bracelets, Miniature Cases, &c. all of which will be sold for the cash, or on a short credit to those whose punctuality can be relied on. All kinds of Engraving and Hair work done, also Clocks and Watches carefully repaired & warranted. 6 of Raleigh, Jan 17.

SOLD AT J. Gales's Store, Raleigh. By appointment of the Proprietor, Which are celebrated for the Cure of most diseases to which the Human Body is liable. Prepared only by the sole Proprietor, T. W. DYOTT, M. D. Grandson of the late celebrated Dr. Robertson, of Edinburgh.

Dr. Robertson's celebrated Stomachic Elixir of Health. For the cure of Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Hooping Cough, Asthma, Pains in the Breast, wind in the Stomach, Bowel complaints, &c. Price 1 dollar 50 cents.

Dr. Robertson's Vegetable Nervous Cordial, or Nature's Grand Restorative. Recommended for the cure of all Nervous complaints, attended with inward weakness, depression of the Spirits, Head-Ache, Tremor, Faintness, Hysterical Fits, Debility, the excessive use of Mercury, disesses peculiar to Females, &c. Price 1 dollar 50 cents.

Dr. Robertson's celebrated Gout and Rheumatic Drops. A safe and effectual cure for the Gout, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Stiffness and Gravel, swelling and weakness of the Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Pains in the Head & Face, Piles, &c. Price 2 dollars.

Dr. Robertson's Patent Stomachic Bitters. Celebrated for strengthening a weak stomach, increasing the appetite, and a preventive and cure for the Fever & Ague, &c. Price 1 dollar.

Dr. Robertson's Infallible Worm Destroying Lozenges. Price 50 cents per package—large ditto, 1 dollar.

Dr. Dyott's Anti-Bilious Pills. For the Present and cure of Bilious and Malignant Fevers. Price 25 cents per box, large ditto, 50 cents.

Dr. Dyott's Patent Itch Ointment. A safe and infallible cure for the Itch—Price 50 cents per box.

Take Notice that each and all the above Genuine Medicines are signed with the signature of the sole Proprietor, T. W. DYOTT, M. D.

* Pamphlets containing certificates of Cures, &c. performed through the efficacy of the above Medicines, may be had gratis, by applying at J. Gales's Store.

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE. STANTONSBURG. THIS Town is to be in Edgecomb County, (N. C.) on Contentnea Creek, a navigable branch of Neuse River, at Stanton's Bridge, where a Post-Office has been recently established, about 65 miles above Newbern and about 55 below Raleigh, on the main road from Tarborough to Fayetteville. Many who know this place have spoken highly of its advantages and eligible situation for a Town—It is elevated, level, and healthy, and has a constant supply of most excellent spring water. The fertility of the soil, the convenience of navigation, the advantages of the contemplated establishment of a School, with many other considerations connected with these views, should encourage the spirit of enterprise and industry with our best citizens in taking an interest in the prosperity of this Town.

Part of the proceeds to be appropriated to the establishment of a School in Stantonburg, and part to the improvement of navigation in the waters of Neuse River. The Sale will commence on Thursday the 31 of April next. One third of the purchase money to be paid on the 1st day of January, 1818; one third on the 1st day of January, 1819; and one third on the 1st day of January, 1820.

WILEY J. STANTON, Edgecomb,) Manager. JOHN EVANS, Raleigh,) Secy. February 14, 1817—18.

THE DIRECTORS OF the Presbyterian Missionary Society of North-Carolina are requested to attend a Special Meeting of the Board, at Hillsborough, on the first Thursday in April next at 7 o'clock. P. M. ROBERT H. CHAPMAN, Pres. March 13, 1817.