

the regular troops. Accompanying the letter of Gen. Gaines, was one from the British agent, who doubtless possesses the talent if not the inclination, to foment a spirit of discord among the Indians, that will tend to their destruction. The following is an extract—it will speak for itself.

A. ARBUTHNOT TO THE COMMANDING OFFICER AT FORT GAINES.

Shoalton river, 3d March, 1817.

The Head Chiefs request that I will enquire of you, why American settlers are descending the Catawbinche, driving the poor Indians from his habitation, and taking possession of his home, and his cultivated fields.

Without authority, I can claim nothing of you; but a humane & philanthropic principle guiding me, I hope the same will influence you—If such is really the case, and that the line marked out by the Treaty of Peace between Great Britain and the United States, respecting the boundary between the Indians, has been infringed by any of the citizens of the latter, that you will represent to them their improper conduct, and prevent its continuance.

I have in my possession a letter received from the Governor of New-Province, addressed to him by his Britannic Majesty's Chief Secretary of State, informing him of the orders given to the British Ambassador at Washington, to search for the interests of the Indian nations, and see that their rights are justly attended to, and protected, a copy of the Treaty of Peace made between the British and the Americans.

I am in hopes that, ere this, there is arrived at New-Province a person from Great Britain, with authority to act as agent for the Indian nations; and if so, it will devolve upon him to see, that the boundary lines, as marked out by the Treaty, are not infringed.

SHOCCO ACADEMY.

A PUBLIC Examination of the Students will commence on Thursday the 13th of June. Parents & Guardians are invited to attend.
GEO. W. FREEMAN.
May 19, 1817.

OXFORD ACADEMY, N. C.

THE semi-annual Examination of the Students of this Academy will commence on the first Monday in June next, and terminate on the Friday following.

The exercises of the next Session, will commence on the 5th day of July—under the superintendance of the Rev. James K. Bruce, of Philadelphia, as Principal. Mr. Bruce will be assisted in the male department, by a young gentleman of liberal and classical education, who comes highly recommended to the Trustees as possessing a capacity and talents eminently qualified—in addition to the studies usually taught in our public seminaries—to teach that polite and genteel accomplishment, the French Language, having himself resided for some time in France—Mr. Bruce is well known to require our gratitude. The Trustees would barely suggest, that when it has been by no means an important object, to procure the services of a Gentleman in this Academy. His talents and morals constitute the most important part of the education of youth; and these, in a great measure, depend upon the character and conduct of their instructors.—How important then, that the conduct of the Principal of a large School should be circumspect, his government, steady and uniform, and his example impressive—and who's likely to combine these essential qualities, as the pious and dignified Divine? The Female Department will be under the more immediate direction of Miss H. Anderson, of New-York, though subject to the superintending care of the Principal of the male department. From the character which the Trustees have had of Miss Anderson, both as a lady and as an instructor, they confidently expect that she will be a great acquisition to the Institution, and that she will discharge the duties of her office with honor to herself and to the school. Every necessary step will be taken to employ an additional Teacher in the Female department, who shall be well qualified to instruct in all the different branches usually taught in the Female Schools in this State.

The Trustees take great pleasure in announcing to the public, and to the patrons of this Seminary, that the inconvenience under which it has so long labored, from the want of suitable Houses, since the destruction of the Academy by fire, will for the close of this session no longer be felt. There are now in a rapid state of preparation, and will be completed before the commencement of the next session, two large and commodious Houses, for the reception of the male and female Students. The two departments will hereafter be separate and distinct, and thereby an objection hitherto made to this school, will be completely obviated. The Trustees have heretofore experienced great difficulty in employing Teachers of established reputation, particularly married gentlemen, from the want of suitable Houses for the reception of their families. To remedy this inconvenience, they have, at a great expense, contracted for the building of a suitable dwelling House and necessary outhouses within view of the male and female Academies, for the use of the Principal, which will also be completed by the commencement of the next session.

The Trustees take this opportunity to acknowledge their obligations to those who have so liberally contributed to repair the loss which this Institution sustained by the fire during the last summer. Their donations and subscriptions, have been appropriated to the promotion of Literature and Science, and we flatter ourselves that their generosity will be amply compensated by the improvement of the rising generation.

The Trustees flatter themselves that the high and healthy situation of Oxford, the commodious buildings prepared for the reception of the Students, the cheapness of board, which may be had in the most respectable private families, and above all, the character and talents of the Teachers, will entitle this Institution to an equal rank with any in the State, and ensure to it a liberal share of the patronage of a generous Public. The Trustees pledge themselves, at all times to keep the School constantly supplied with the necessary and suitable Teachers, and to use every exertion in their power to give to it that standing, which its local situation and numerous advantages so justly merit.
N. M. TAYLOR, Secy.
Oxford, May 15, 1817.

MILITARY REVIEW.

The Brig. General of the 17th Brigade, accompanied by his Aid, Major A. Alston, and the Brigade Inspector, Major D. B. Allen, will proceed to Review the Militia of Warren, the first Friday in June; Wake, the second Wednesday; Franklin, the second Saturday; and Nash, the third Friday.

J. H. HAWKINS, Brig. Gen.

STATE BANK OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

A DIVIDEND of five per cent. on each and every Share of the Capital Stock of this Bank, is this day declared, and made payable to the Stockholders or their representatives, at this Bank, on or after the second, and at the Branches on or after the 15th of June next.

WM. H. HAYWOOD, Cash.

SHOCCO SPRINGS.

THE Subscribers will not keep Houses for the reception of Boarders the ensuing season near the Shocho Springs.

JACOB HUNTER, HILL JONES.

26th May, 1817.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber living in Fredell county, N. C. a Negro Man named JIM, but more generally known by the name of Porter Jim—about 40 years of age, stout and robust, 5 foot 9 or 10 inches high, talks quite coarse from having been with the Indians, has a scar on his right cheek, he can read and write, and very probably may have a free Pass. The above reward and all reasonable expenses, will be paid to any person who will bring him in any Jail, so that I may see him again.

EPHRAIM D. WILSON.

May 25, 1817.

RUNAWAY.

FROM the subscriber on the 20th inst. a Negro Woman named TEMPY, rather small, and spare made—black complexion, with a scar on her forehead—she is nervous, and speaks short and quick. Had on when she went away, a striped haneson frock. She may have gone off with a William Rogers, as he was looking about in the neighbourhood about the time she went off, and he was missing about the same time. The said Rogers lives in Dutch River County, State of Tennessee; the Negro was raised by his father in the County of Granville. Any person that will deliver said Negro to me living in said County, or secure her in any Jail, so that I get her again shall receive the sum of Fifteen Dollars, and reasonable expenses paid; and if taken out of this State, full compensation with expenses paid by me.

HENRY FLOYD.

May 28, 1817.

LOOK HERE SPECULATORS.

MY LAND & NEGROES in Edgecomb, has been advertised for several weeks in this paper, to be sold for the Direct Tax for 1815. This tax was paid the 28th Feb. 1816, to State Pearce, Collector of that District, as his Receipt in my hands will shew. After seeing it advertised I wrote Mr. Van Hook, giving him the information, and requesting him to stop the advertisement. His reply was, that my receipt would be of no use to him; that he should continue to advertise it till the tax was paid; that if I did not think proper to apply to Pearce, I might act in the way most agreeable to myself. I have discharged my duty agreeable to the laws of my country, and do not think proper to go to Hillsborough to pay it a second time, and then to Washington to prosecute Pearce. There is no tax due on the land, & I do not intend to trouble myself further about it—and take this method to foil the sale.

ELISHA BATTLE.

May 25, 1817.

AUCTION.

IN consequence of the death of Major JAS. COCHRAN, one of the Partners of DOBBIN & COCHRAN, of Fayetteville, the residue of their STOCK & GOODS now remaining on hand, will commence selling at Auction, at the Store on Hay Street, on Tuesday, 24th June, and continue from day to day until all is sold—consisting of a very large and general Assortment, as follows:

Superfine light and dark Prints
Light and dark plated Calicoes
Strip'd and check Gingham
White Cambric 4-4, 9-8 and 6-4
Colored do. 3-4, 9-8 and 6-4
Lenox and Book Muslin
Hair Cord and figured do.
Fancy figured do.
Cambic and common Dimities
Steam Loom Shirting and Br. Shirting
Fancy Quilting
Plain buff and white do. of superior quality
Printed and Imitation Shawls
Mourning and Waterloo Shawls
India Long Cloth
Insh 4-4 Linen, various qualities
Linen Cambic
White and slate Cotton Hosiery
Black and white Silks, Levantine, &c.
Silk Gloves, assorted colors
Fancy figured head Handkerchiefs
Choppa, Rameal and Bandanna do.
Common Handkerchiefs of various qualities
Black silk do.
Silk Shawls of various qualities
Sewing Silks, well assorted
Ribbons and Galoons
Silk Vestings
Superfine and common Cloths
do. Cassimere, black, blue and grey
Red, white and Yellow Flannels
Rose and strip'd Blankets,
Hats
Shoes
Pocket and Pen Knives
Table Knives & Forks
Cutting Knives
Scythe Blades
Reap-Hooks
1500 bushels Liverpool Salt
450 do. Alum do.
12 hds. Molasses
Rum, wine and other liquors
Besides many Articles not mentioned.

The above Goods having been mostly purchased last fall and winter, are well selected, we flatter ourselves that it will be well worth the attention of Country Merchants, as the credit will be six and nine months. The conditions will be specified more particularly on the day of sale.

JOHN M. DOBBIN, Adm'rs.

WM. A. LLA, }
May 28, 1817. 23 36

FRANKLIN ACADEMY.

THE semi-annual Examination of the Students of the Franklin Academy, will commence on the first Monday of June next; and that of the Louisa Female Academy, on the Wednesday succeeding. Parents, Guardians and others, are invited to attend.
By order of the Secretaries.

May 19, 1817.

VACCINATION.

SOME fresh KINE POCK MATTER has been received by the subscriber, from the General Vaccine Institution, and is offered to any person or family who may wish to partake of its benefits, or obtain security from the Small Pox.

JOHN TRAVIS,

Assistant Agent of Vaccination.
Concord, N. C. March 31. 16 4w-21 4w
The above genuine Vaccine Matter, was put up in small packets (price \$2 each) by the Principal Agent in Baltimore. Any person, or family at a distance, who may wish to use it, can be supplied by enclosing \$2 Letters from any part of the continent of America, addressed to John Travis, Postmaster at Concord, North-Carolina, will be strictly attended to, & the Matter duly forwarded.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

RUTHERFORD COUNTY.

Court of Equity—Term of the 3d Monday after the 4th of March, 1817.

Sarah Baber, Administratrix, and James Baber, Administrator, of John Baber, dec'd.

vs.

Joseph Alexander.

IN this case, it having been made appear to the satisfaction of the Court, that Joseph Alexander, the Defendant, resides without the limits of said State; it is therefore ordered, by the said Court, that the said Joseph Alexander appear at the next Court of Equity, to be holden for said County on the third Monday after the fourth Monday of September next, then and there to plead, answer or demur, to the said Bill; otherwise the same shall be taken pro confesso and set for hearing at part of the ensuing term.—And further, that this Order be published six weeks successively in the Raleigh Register. Witness, Nath. Hampton, Clerk and Master of said Court, at office, the 24th day of April, 1817.

NOAH HAMPTON, C. M. E.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

CASWELL COUNTY COURT.

April Term, 1817.

Thomas Graves,

vs.

John Buchanan.

} Original Attachment.

IN this case it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant resides in another state, or so absconds that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him; it is therefore ordered, that unless the defendant appears at the next County Court of this County to be held on the second Monday of July next, and reply and plead to the cause, judgment will be taken against him—and that this order be published three weeks in the Raleigh Register.

A Copy.—Test.

AZARIAH GRAVES, C. C. C.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

CASWELL COUNTY COURT.

April Term, 1817.

The Executors of Jesse Carter, dec'd.

vs.

John Buchanan—Original Attachment.

IN this case it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant resides in another state, or so absconds that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him; it is therefore ordered, that unless the defendant appears at the next County Court of Caswell to be held on the second Monday of July next and reply and plead to the cause, judgment will be taken against him—and that this order be published for three weeks in the Raleigh Register.

A Copy.—Test.

AZARIAH GRAVES, C. C. C.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

CASWELL COUNTY COURT.

April Term, 1817.

Philip Pictor,

vs.

John Buchanan.

} Original Attachment.

IN this case it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant resides in another state, or so absconds that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him; it is therefore ordered, that unless the defendant appears at the County Court of Caswell, to be held on the second Monday of July next and reply and plead to the cause, judgment will be taken against him—and that this order be published for three weeks in the Raleigh Register.

A Copy.—Test.

AZARIAH GRAVES, C. C. C.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

CASWELL COUNTY COURT.

April Term, 1817.

John Stamp,

vs.

John Stanley, jun.

} Original Attachment.

IN this case it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant resides in another state, or so absconds that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him; it is therefore ordered, that unless the defendant appears at the next County Court of Caswell to be held on the second Monday of July next, and reply and plead to the cause, judgment will be taken against him—and that this order be published for three weeks in the Raleigh Register.

A Copy.—Test.

AZARIAH GRAVES, C. C. C.

ALEX. ROSS.

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Raleigh and its Vicinity, that he has taken the Shop formerly occupied by Mr. Hardie in Mar-Gin Street, where he intends carrying on the CABINET MAKER'S BUSINESS, and hopes from his experience in the trade (having worked in most of the cities in the Union) to merit a share of Public favor.—Light and Gentlemen favoring him with custom, may depend on having their Work done in the most substantial manner, and in the newest fashion.
Raleigh, April 8, 1817.

DEPARTMENT OF WAR.

Additional Accountant's Office,
September 27, 1816.

It having been made the duty of this office by law to adjust and settle all accounts in the War Department, which remained unsettled at the conclusion of the late war and are now unsettled—it is hereby made known to the officers of the late army, who have public accounts to settle, and to such non-commissioned officers and privates discharged, who have arrears of pay due them, that, by forwarding their papers to this office by mail, their accounts will be settled, and the balances remitted, without incurring any expense by the appointment of an agent to transact their business for them. The heirs and representatives of deceased officers and soldiers of the late army are also informed, that, by forwarding their papers to this office for any arrears of pay due the deceased, the accounts will be adjusted, and the balances be remitted free of expense.

The duties heretofore confided to the Additional Accountant having been assigned to this office, applications relative to the above notification will be addressed accordingly.

PETER HAGNER, Auditor.

Treasury Department,

Third Auditor's Office.

RALLIGH.

FRIDAY, MAY 30, 1817.

Lemuel Sawyer, Esq. of Camden,

and Thomas C. Ferebee, Esq. of Currituck,

are announced in the Edenton Gazette as candidates for a seat in Congress from this State, in the place of Wm. H. Murrell, resigned.

The Cut-worm.—It is stated that this worm has in some parts of the country, made considerable destruction amongst the young Corn. By making a few holes with a sharp stick near the hills, it is said, they may be destroyed, as they fall in and cannot get out again. Holes of this kind have been half filled with them in a single night.

Virginia Penitentiary.—An account of this institution lately given in the Enquirer completely puts down the assertion which was made on the floor of our Legislature when the subject of a Penitentiary for this State was under discussion, that "the Virginia Penitentiary had disappointed the expectation of its friends." Its tendency, from the mildness, but certainty of its punishments, is said to reclaim the unwary from the paths of immorality and vice, by bringing them back to a sense of duty and a correct mode of thinking & acting. Amongst the trades carried on by the prisoners are, Boot and Shoe-making, Tailoring, Thread and Rope Spinning, Carpenters, Wheelwrights, Coopers, Harness Makers, Painters, Carriage Makers, Button Makers, Blacksmiths, Weavers, &c. from which a considerable profit is made to the State.

Swiss Cotton-weavers.—A little Colony of these artists have arrived in the city of Washington, and are about to settle, and establish their Manufactory there. It is said, they are acquainted with the new machinery of England, with the additional improvements of France, and that nothing like it has been seen in this country before. A pair of stockings wove in these looms will wear out two or three of such as are manufactured in the old way. Besides Stockings, they make Drawers, Under waists, Pantaloon, &c. for Gentlemen, and Petticoats, Jackets, &c. for Ladies.—We trust they will meet with encouragement.

Public Economy.—We are pleased to see that a Society is established in Pennsylvania to promote and encourage Industry, Economy and an improvement of the Morals of the People. Amongst the Committees appointed we observe the following: one to attend to the selection of a Library; others to the Poor Laws, Public Prisons, Domestic Economy, suppression of Vice and Immorality, Public Schools, &c. The annual subscription of members is Two Dollars—a life subscription is Twenty Dollars.—Robert Ralston was Chairman of the meeting forming the Society, & Rich'd Peters, jr. Secretary.

The Secretary of the Treasury has transmitted a circular to the different District Courts, by which he has determined, conformable to an opinion of the Attorney General of the U. S. not to interfere to remit penalties after a condemnation by the Court, nor after an appeal or writ of error. This determination applies to forfeitures and penalties under the act of Congress of March 1797.

The Milledgeville (Georgia) Journal states, that a large supply of provisions for the United States Troops at Fort Montgomery, lately sent from New-Orleans & landed at Pensacola, to be transported from thence to the American Camp, has been seized; we are informed, by the Spanish commandant; in consequence of which our troops are suffering for subsistence.

Flour falling.—The Norfolk Herald says, Flour was down to \$12 50 at Alexandria a few days ago; at Fredericksburg it was selling at \$11.

The Rhode Island Legislature commenced their Session on the 7th inst. Nehemiah Knight, (Rep.) was found to be duly elected Governor.

Census of Richmond, Va.—The corporation of the City of Richmond has lately ordered a census to be taken of the population of that place. By which it appears, that the whole number of souls amounts to 14,338—between 4 and 5000 more than is enumerated in the federal census of 1810.

U. S. Bank.—The third and last instalment due on the subscriptions to the capital of the Bank of the United States, is required to be paid on or before the first day of July next. Ten dollars in gold or silver coin, and twenty-five dollars in funded debt of the United States, at the rates prescribed by the act of incorporation, or in specie, as may be most agreeable to the stockholders, are the payments to be made on each share of the stock. The Stock held in this State is to be paid for at the U. S. Bank in Philadelphia, or to the branch at Richmond.

There has been a very rapid rise in the price of the stock of the Bank of the United States, or Bank Scrip as it is usually called.—The price in Philadelphia was \$ 97 for 68 paid—in N. York the price is \$ 100.

On the 29th instant, there was a CALF sold in Richmond Market, for \$ 29 29 cts. The age of the Calf was 8 weeks—25 cts. per lb.

The Hon. W. C. C. and John Fletcher, Esq. are appointed by the Prince Regent, to settle the differences which exist between the Hudson's Bay and North-West Companies.—All officers and soldiers in the service of the companies are to leave the said service, and all property which has been seized, to be restored to the proper owner.

Important to Merchants.—By information lately received from a gentleman residing in Holland, it appears that the American minister in that country has succeeded in procuring an ordinance, regulating trade to the Island of Java, by which it is provided that foreign vessels, coming from that Island, are exempted from the import duties upon entering the ports of Holland and Belgium, upon producing evidence of their having paid the export duties at Batavia.

Upon the same authority, we have the pleasure to state, that since the first of January, no other or higher tonnage duties are imposed upon American vessels, in the Dutch ports, than upon their own vessels.—N. Int.

MARRIED.

A few days ago, Butler Maury, Esq. merchant of Norfolk, to Miss Frances Sawyer, youngest daughter of Enoch Sawyer, Esq. Collector of the Port of Camden.

DIED.

On the 25th inst. after a lingering illness, which she bore with meekness, Mrs. Mary Strickland, wife of Mr. Matthew Strickland, sen. of this county, aged 63 or 64 years. She was a truly affectionate wife, a tender parent, an indulgent mistress, and a good neighbour. In short, every virtue which can ennoble human nature, shone conspicuously in her life and conversation. She has left an affectionate husband, seven sons and children, and a number of friends and relatives, to lament their irreparable loss.

By Yesterday's Mail.

FROM PORT AU PRINCE.

Charleston (S. C.) May 17.

By an intelligent gentleman who arrived yesterday from Port au Prince, in the Dutch ship Susannah, we learn that about the 22d April, the American Consul, Mr. Taylor, left that place, having previously struck his flag and resigned his situation, on account of the cargo of an American brig having been condemned by Petition. What were the grounds of this condemnation, we have not learnt.

By the same source we gain the intelligence, that the Carthage (or independent) privateersmen, who were incensed at Haytian government in consequence of their being condemned and sold several prizes, sent in by them, had heretofore commenced hostilities against it was understood captured two or three of the Haytian flag.

Some of the Liverpool papers, state that dry goods were sold at Manchester for 10 per cent, and it was expected that the distance would have a fall upon cotton.

A paragraph in the paper under the head of Stockholders, that on the invitation of the Emperor of Russia, the King of Sweden, acceded to the Holy alliance.