

COTTON.

There are more than 60 cotton manufacturing establishments, containing 50,000 spindles—cost \$1,500,000—are capable, if all were employed, of manufacturing nine millions nine hundred and sixty thousand yards per annum, of common shirting, and other goods of like quality; of employing 10,000 persons, exclusive of weavers—of paying out annually, eight hundred and fifty thousand dollars, for labor.

WOOLLEN.

There are 35 woollen manufactories, (exclusive of 500 clothier's shops) which are worth at the present valuation, \$400,000—these are capable of producing goods at present value, to the amount of \$400,000 per annum—will work 160,000 pounds of wool per annum—will pay annually, \$200,80,000 for labor.

IRON.

This article is not less important than cotton and woollen. With suitable encouragement (by protecting duties) from 4 to \$500,000 value, might be annually made—a great proportion of its value would be paid out for the labor in manufacturing.

GLASS, POWDER AND PAPER.

Returns have been made from very few towns, but from East Hartford only it appears that the capital employed in these three branches amounts to \$30,000. Mirror.

SCHEME

Of the 12th Class of the VIRGINIA SEVEN-NUMBER LOTTERY;

To be drawn in the City of Richmond.

Table with 2 columns: Prizes and Amounts. 35 Prizes of \$10,000 each, 1,848 do of 100, 27,480 do of 10.

Near three Blanks to a Prize, and the Prizes will be paid without discount.

The explanation of the above Lottery may be had GRATIS, and the TICKETS can be had at \$10 each in this place, of J. GALES,

Sole Agent of the Manager for this City & its Vicinity.

January 27 62

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber in Duplin County, on the 17th of August last, a negro man named NED. He is a tolerable large fellow, quite black, his left eye is rather the smallest, a large scar on his forehead occasioned by the kick of a horse; he is artful, shrewd and sensible, and will no doubt attempt to pass as a free man, if he can by any means procure a forged pass; I have but a very few days since taken him from the Jail of Hertford County, where he passed for months a free man, and had a pass to that effect, and on his way home made his escape. It is more than probable, he will direct his course to some of the Seaport Towns. I will give the above Reward for apprehending and securing him in Jail, so that I get him again. All persons are cautioned against harbouring him.

LEVI BORDEN.

January 29, 1820. 62

\$500 REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber about the first of November last, a young negro fellow named SAM or SAMUEL, nineteen years old, light complexion, fine countenance, very likely, well made, five feet six or eight inches high, and has a small scar on his forehead near the edge of the hair. He was caught in the neighborhood about two weeks after he went off, since which period, I have not had any certain information of him. From the manner which he left home, and other circumstances, I am induced to believe that he has been kidnapped. Any person that will deliver the above fellow and kidnapper to the subscriber, near Columbia C. H. (Georgia) shall receive the above reward or conviction of the kidnapper, or Fifty Dollars for the fellow alone, or for information, so that I get him again, if taken out of the State, or Twenty-five Dollars if taken in the State.

ZACH. WILLIAMS.

Columbia C. H. (Georgia) ? 62 13w

PUBLIC LANDS FOR SALE.

BY virtue of an Act of the last General Assembly, entitled, "An Act directing the sale of certain Public Land adjoining the City of Raleigh, and for other purposes," the undersigned Commissioners will sell at public Auction, on Monday the third day of April next, on the premises, the public land adjoining the City of Raleigh, which by the said act is directed to be sold.

The quantity is about 400 acres. It will be sold in convenient lots of various sizes, on a credit of one year for one third of the purchase money; two years for another third; and three years for the remaining third; on giving bond with approved security, payable to the Governor, and negotiable at any of the Banks in the State.

The land is well wooded—has many handsome sites for building, and several good springs.

Should the weather prove too unfavorable to commence the sale on the appointed day, it will be postponed until the first good day thereafter, and will be continued from day to day, or by other adjournment, until finished. Other particulars will be made known at the sale.

Duncan Cameron, John Winslow, Joseph Gales, William Bohards, Henry Potter.

Paleigh, Jan 26, 1820. 62

Messrs. Isaac Course, John Murrell, Joseph Pearson and James Cuit.

Notice. Please to take Notice, that on the 22d day of February next, at the Court House in the City of Charleston, State of South Carolina, I shall take the depositions of divers Witnesses, to be read in evidence in a cause depending in the Court of Equity for the County of Anson, State of North Carolina, wherein Gilbert Wardlow and others are Complainants, and yourselves and others Defendants. JOSEPH PICKETT, Solr. pr. Complainants.

Dec. 24, 1819. 59 3t

RALEIGH.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 28, 1820.

City Officers.—At the first meeting of the Board of Commissioners, on Friday last, Major John Bell was re-appointed City Treasurer, Benj. A. Baham, Clerk of the Board, and Captain Wm. Ragan, Constable for the ensuing year.

Long life is usually esteemed a blessing; but those who enjoy it generally pay a heavy price in the affliction they suffer for the loss of friends whom they survive, and particularly of children. A family in this vicinity afford remarkable instances of longevity, attended in some of its members with an exception from the usual alloy. Moses Suggs died about 80 years ago, aged 91—never having witnessed the death of a child. Joshua Suggs, his son, died last November, aged 93—having lived 59 years with the same wife. Moses Suggs died at 80—having lived 53 years with the same wife. Aaron Suggs still alive, aged 78—having lived 48 years with the same wife. Mary Dilliant still alive, aged 76—having lived upwards of 40 years with the same husband.

Public defaulters.—The Treasurer of the State of Virginia has resigned his office, acknowledging, "that it had become his misfortune, during the late period of unparalleled commercial distress and pecuniary difficulty, to become involved by individuals then high in the confidence of the public, but who have, since fallen a sacrifice to the unusual state of the times; in consequence of which, a deficit in the Public Treasury has occurred which he is unable to supply." He adds, "that if the sacrifice of his paternal estate, with that which he has acquired by a life of industry, can be any expiation for his fault, he will view the wreck with perfect composure." The deficit is said to be upwards of \$100,000.

It is also stated, that a suit has been ordered against the Register of the Land Office for \$10,000, being the amount of his bond, for malfeasance in office.

And a Clerk in the Farmers' Bank at Petersburg has gone off with 22,000 dollars belonging to that Institution: His bond, with good sureties, for 10,000 dollars, will lessen the deficiency by so much.

Jerman Baker, Esq. a member of the Executive Council of Virginia, is appointed by the Legislature, Treasurer, in the room of Gen. Preston, resigned.

Governor Slaughter, of Kentucky, has refused to sign the law recently passed by the Legislature of that State, entitled, "An act to suspend sales under Executions & decrees of Courts for sixty days."

London accounts say, that the Russian Emperor has directed the organization of a Representative Government, in the more civilized parts of his dominions.

Gen. Bolivar, after having accomplished the liberation of a great part of the Interior of New-Grenada, has taken up his line of march for Venezuela: he expects to engage the Royalists in his route through Caracas.

The deliberations of Congress, have never produced a deeper interest, if we may judge from the crowds which every day attend the sittings of the Senate, than the discussion which has occupied that body for the last eight days; and the curiosity of the public has seldom been repaid by a more able debate—certainly a more interesting question could not have formed the subject of it. Not only have the galleries been filled, but the public desire to hear the debate has been so far indulged, that every part of the Chamber, not occupied by the seats of the members, has been crowded by auditors; and the scene has been rendered the more interesting, by the great number of ladies, whom we were glad to see admitted upon the floor.—Nat. Intel.

The Eastern Argus, the leading paper in the District of Maine, noticing the reported intention of the Senate of the United States to unite Missouri and Maine in the same bill, with some expressions of regret, yet thus concludes:

"If our brethren of the South feel some degree of irritation on account of the clamor that has been raised in the Eastern States during the last summer, it ought to be remembered that this clamor was not raised in Maine, nor has it been encouraged here. An attempt was made by a few busy meddling persons to call meetings in different parts of the State, but they have been uniformly discouraged. We have been willing to submit the question to the unbiased decision of the proper authorities, and in that decision, whatever it may be, we shall acquiesce."

The amount paid on accounts of pensions to Revolutionary Soldiers out of the United States treasury, annually, is now upwards of \$3,000,000.

New-York Board of Agriculture.—The institution of a Board of Agriculture in the State of New-York will form, undoubtedly, a new era in our husbandry, auspicious in the highest degree to the prosperity of the people. We are happy, therefore, to announce, that this Board was formed, and commenced its proceedings at the Capitol in Albany, a few days ago.

Sore Tongue.—One of our most respectable Planters on this river, (Waterce), has found that Spirits of Turpentine, applied with a sponge or Mop, two or three times, is a sovereign remedy for the above disease in Horses.—Camden Gaz.

Trial for Piracy.—At a special court of the U. States now sitting in this city, their honors Judges Johnson and Drayton, presiding. Henry Roberts alias De Wolf, was yesterday found guilty of Piracy. He was carpenter on board the piratical ship Louisa, commanded first by Almeida and afterwards by George Clarke: and was on board when the Asia of New-York, was robbed near the Isle of Bonavista. Clarke is now in confinement, having been convicted of the same crime.—Charleston pap.

In a recent trial in the District Court for the city of Philadelphia, an action for slander was brought on the ground that the defendant had charged the plaintiff with having an illegitimate offspring, and giving circulation to other reports detrimental to his character. In the course of the trial it appeared the charges were without foundation, and abandoned on the part of the defendant by the advice of his counsel. He then threw himself on the mercy of the jury, who, after a short consultation, brought in a verdict of \$5,000!! This should operate as a solemn warning to the assassins of reputation, in every part of the union.

National Pharmacopœia.—During the session of the Delegates from the Northern, Middle, Southern & Western Districts of the United States, assembled at Washington, for the formation of a National Pharmacopœia, having decided on the several articles of the Materia Medica and on the preparations & compounds deemed official, the Convention appointed Dr. Jacob Bigelow, of Boston, Dr. Eli Ives, of New-York, Dr. Lyman Spalding, of New-York, Dr. Thomas T. Hewson, of Philadelphia, and Dr. Elijah De Butts, of Baltimore, a committee to arrange and prepare the same for the press.

The Convention terminated its sittings on the 6th inst.

New-York.—The Governor, in his communication to the Legislature, in taking a view of operations under the act for the encouragement of agriculture, gives a favorable account. The connection of the great interior interests of the State with a system of internal improvement, naturally leads him to a view of the progress of the magnificent undertaking of the State of New-York, the Grand Canal, of the State of which the following acceptable account is given:

"The completion of the middle section has already opened markets for a fertile and extensive region. The expense of conveying a barrel of flour by land to Albany from the country about the Cayuga lake, was more than twice as much as the transportation of one from New-York to Liverpool; and this difference between the former and the present cost of conveyance will not only remunerate the manufacturer, but afford an increased compensation to the agriculturalist, independently of the rise of the commodity in value, from its being furnished with a good market. It is believed that our Atlantic country will soon be supplied with salt from the west, cheaper than from abroad, and the revenue from the salt works, appropriated to the construction of the canal, already exceeds the most favorable estimates, and shews conclusively the importance of this communication to the accommodation of a vast country. In the progress of the canal, gypsum of the best quality has been discovered; and it is ascertained that this region contains a sufficient quantity of this invaluable mineral, for the supply of the whole United States. Heretofore, the principal ingredients of hydraulic mortar were procured at a great expense from abroad, for the construction of locks; but a species of limestone has been found, dispersed over the whole country, admirably adapted for water cement, and entirely superseding the necessity of a foreign supply. Stone for the construction of locks, canals, bridges and aqueducts, is also found in abundance; & it is confidently believed, as well from the geological character of this region, as from various other indications, that coal will be discovered amply sufficient for domestic uses and manufacturing establishments. The animation which this work, in its present unfinished state, has given to internal trade, cannot be duly appreciated without the advantages of personal observation; nor can all its blessings be realized or displayed, until years of experience have passed away."

Arrival of the Erie.—The U. S. ship Erie, Lieut. Stockton, arrived at New-York from Gibraltar, on the 24th inst. Captains M'Donough, Ballard, and Nicholson, and Lieuts. Gallagher and Page, the officers who composed the late Court-Martial on board the Mediterranean squadron, and who were placed in arrest by Com. Stewart, have come out in this vessel.—Lieut. Crop is also a passenger.

Daniel D. Tompkins is nominated by the Republicans of New-York for their next Governor.

Sometimes by Fire!—Another Cotton Factory has been destroyed by fire—the Patapaco Factory, nine miles from Baltimore. It is extraordinary, that a watchman is regularly employed to guard these works, whose duty it was to go through the building every hour. He left it at 5 o'clock in the morning, and the fire broke out in the third story very soon after! The loss is estimated at \$200,000.

Indian Jurisprudence.—The Cherokees, it is said, have established something like a judiciary system, and introduced into their Society many of the laws and usages of civilization.—Some of their savage institutions are disappearing under the ameliorating influence of moral justice. Bigamy, we understand, is done away with, and prohibited by severe penalties.—As a specimen of the manner in which they dispense justice in cases of trivial import, we relate, says the Savannah Museum, the following anecdote, said to be authentic.

An Indian assaulted another, of which regular information was made. The Judge ordered the sheriff to bring the parties before him.—The sheriff went in pursuit of them, but returned without them. "Where are your prisoners?" said the Judge. "I caught them," replied the Sheriff.—"What did you do with them?" "I gave the defendant 15 lashes." "What did you do with the plaintiff?" "Gave him 15 too." "What with the informer, or witness?" "Why I gave him 25 lashes—for had he held his tongue, there would have been none of this fuss and trouble." It would be well if all the dispensations of justice could be so equally and promptly administered.

At the opening of the House of Assembly at Bermuda on the 1st ult. Sir Wm. Lumley, the newly appointed governor, alluding to the circumstance of Bermuda being made a free port, made the following observations:

"The Prince Regent has been pleased to sanction by a recent act, the still greater freedom of trade and intercourse between this colony and the continent of America for great national purposes, for the benefit of the empire in general, and the important West India trade in particular, by which, together with the increased establishment of the dock yard and naval arsenal, it is likely to become a great entrepot, between Great Britain, America, and the West Indies; it rests with yourselves and the inhabitants of these islands, to give full effect to these gracious intentions; and to ensure their permanence by a liberal and enlightened policy, in affording and continuing, collectively and individually, every facility to all vessels of every nation entering your ports and harbors, by which we almost hope to render this Colony the chief Mart and Emporium of the Western World."

A London paper of Nov. 7, says that a new palace is to be begun for the Prince Regent in the spring, on the same spot where Buckingham-house now stands. It is to be a superb palace of three fronts, to overlook all Pimlico, and the moderate sum of seven millions is the estimate of its cost! But, "as the Prince Regent is reluctant to apply to Parliament, the ground of St. James' Palace, the King's Mews, and Warwick house are to be sold, and then but 1,700,000 will be wanted to complete the new structure. The Duke of York is to have Carleton House for a valuable consideration—the Triumphal Arch is to be the grand entrance to London from the new palace."

Property in Boston.—The lot on which the Exchange Coffee House at Boston formerly stood, containing 10,000 square feet, and reduced by a triangular street to 13,813 square feet, was lately sold at auction, (one half on a credit of one to five years, the other half cash), for the sum of 33,400 dollars.

New-Year.—We take this opportunity (says the Portland Gazette) to jog the sluggish memory of our delinquent customers, and earnestly intreat them to think of the Printer.

"Hath not a Printer eyes? Hath he not hands, organs, dimensions, senses, affections, passions? Fed with the same food, subject to the same diseases, healed by the same means, warmed and cooled by the same summer and winter that another man is? If you prick us do we not bleed? If you wrong us do we not suffer? And if you neglect to pay us shall we not starve?"

The above will apply with equal force to various other Newspapers as well as the Portland Gazette.

A curiosity.—It is stated in an English paper of Nov. 12th, that Mr. Creswick, of New-street, Birmingham, has a singular article of cutlery in his possession, viz: a knife which contains 400 blades, and which, before it was put together, consisted of 5000 parts.

Military movements.—We have seen a letter from an officer in command at Trader's Hill, near St. Mary's, who states, that orders have been received from head quarters, that all the United States troops in that quarter, proceed forthwith, to Fort Scott. There are, we understand, between seven and eight hundred men at Trader's Hill.—Savannah pap.

Female heroism.—At a recent alarm of fire in this town, a young woman from the impulse of the moment, seized a tea-kettle of water from the fireplace, ran to the top of the house, and proceeded down the roof to the eaves, laid down upon the gutter, and reaching over, poured the kettle of water deliberately upon the fire just kindling under the eaves, and effectually checked its progress. She was assisted into the house again by two persons who had repaired to the roof with buckets of water; her fortitude having in a degree forsaken her, on a view of her perilous situation. Through the exertions of an individual, a premium has been obtained and presented to her for this act of heroism. Boston Pat.

MARRIED.

At Wilmington, on the 20th inst. Col. John Cowan, to Miss Jane Amelia Dick, youngest daughter of Mr. Wm. Dick.

DIED.

Communicated.

At Leaksville, the 2d ult. after 3 days indisposition, in the prime of life, very justly and generally lamented—Mrs Jennet Campbell, the amiable consort of Col. James Campbell, Cashier of the Agency of the State Bank of North-Carolina in that town.

Death, that mighty visitor, retards the progress of human splendor by his repeated blows—He triumphs over the vain distinctions of the great, and sways his haughty sceptre throughout the world—Like an imperious prince, he breaks the silken cords of friendship, and destroys the golden chain of conjugal felicity.—The beautiful and serene must fall resistless into his cold embrace. The young, the fair, the noble, and the wise, must all meet with the same irresistible fate.

Fall he must, who learns from death alone That death had secret that he lives forever.

And it is true that our friend, our faithful Minister has quit the stage of mortality.—Yes, oh yes! the Rev. Benjamin Fewell, of Rockingham county, who has been an unwearied preacher of the Gospel of Christ for thirty years, is seized from our fond embraces—His mortal part now mingles with its native dust, and his soul—his immortal soul—wafted on the soaring wings of Angels, has fled, to enjoy those inimitable scenes of glory prepared for the faithful from the foundation of the world.

Far from this world of toil and strife, He's present with the Lord; The labors of his mortal life Ends in a large reward.

Scarcely had the western horizon filled the ethereal vacuity with new made time on the evening of the 3th inst., when an unwelcome messenger accosted the abode of the afflicted with doleful accents of resistless fate. That grace which, with an amiable natural disposition, secured to him the affection of all who knew him in this life, forsook him not to death. He had not been heard to articulate a word distinctly for a considerable time previous to the night preceding his departure, and was thought by all who saw him to be dying; when to the astonishment of all who saw him, he commenced praying and singing, and continued without intermission for five hours, with language noble and pathetic; after which he was quite composed until he expired. He met the grim monster with a degree of composure ever characteristic of the Christian—and left a testimony behind of the reality of the religion of Christ. His disconsolate companion and a number of children, with an extensive connection of friends, have the pleasing reflection, that though absent from them, he is present with the Lord!

At his seat in Mary's county, Maryland, on the 4th inst. Philip Key, Esq. in the 70th year of his age.

At his residence in New-York, on the last day of the 10th year, John Nicholas, Esq. aged 56 years. He migrated to N. York, from Virginia, of which State he was a Representative in Congress in the trying period when parties were most nearly divided, and engaged in a severe struggle. Since his removal to N. York, through less in public life he has been distinguished by public notice and public respect.

Immense Longevity.—Died in Charleston, on the 9th inst. Mrs Starr Barrett, after having fully completed 120 years of an active and various life. This venerable lady was born in the year 1699, about a year before the death of Charles 2d, King of Spain—to which country her family had emigrated at an early period of her life. She was born in one of the Barbary States; which could not be ascertained by the writer, but it is supposed in the Empire of Morocco. A variety of circumstances formed her a great traveler, and she had visited, with no unobscured eye, the four quarters of the globe. She spoke English, Spanish, Italian and French, with great fluency; was particularly acquainted with the mixed Mo. 1800 as Frank, & it is spoken by the traders along the southern shores of the Mediterranean; was mistress of the Hebrew, and wrote, spoke, and translated the pure Arabic, with ease & elegance.