



"Ours are the plans of fair, delightful Peace,
"Unwarp'd by party rage, to live like Brothers."

From the American Farmer.

On making Clover Tea and Flax Seed Jelly, and on the use of them in rearing calves.

DEAR SIR—I most cheerfully comply with your request, by stating my mode of preparing flax seed jelly and clover tea, viz: take one part of flax seed and five or six parts of water; let it soak from 12 to 48 hours, according to the temperature of the weather; then boil it for a quarter of an hour, stirring it to prevent burning—keep it in a cool place, and not more than will suffice for a week should be made at a time, in warm weather.

Clover Tea. Cut the best cured clover hay—about as fine as common straw chaff, press it into a kettle and fill up with water; cover and boil half an hour; if soaked six or twelve hours, less boiling will answer. Express as much of the liquor as possible, & the residuum will be eaten greedily by store swine, if mixed with their swill. Unless the clover was cured with salt, [a method I always practice.] some should be put into the kettle, which may sometimes require to be filled up with water.

The two Holderness calves, which I sold and shipped to you in December last, were weaned when three weeks old, on flax seed jelly and clover tea; new milk was given them till they had learned to drink; as much jelly was mixed with the tea as made it of the consistence of rich new milk, and occasionally skimmed milk was put with it; they had as much as they would drink, night and morning; and at noon a feed of clover hay cut into chaff, which they eat voraciously.— They were confined in a dark stable well ventilated, and littered with clean straw; fine red top hay was always in the rack. *Rowen* (2d crop) would have been better. These calves, only five months old, when shipped, were in high condition, and their arrival in tolerable order, after a passage of 22 days in a most inclement season, on the deck of a small coaster, denotes a hardihood which I believe they would not have exhibited, if reared in the common manner, although that property is characteristic of the breed. Indeed, I view it as a cardinal point, in the management of young calves, to keep them confined, and entirely from grass the first season; even on the score of economy, especially if fences are to be erected; for it cannot be expected they will do well unless there is a continual flush of feed, more of which is destroyed than they consume. By running at large, besides being exposed to a scorching sun, and to be tormented by insects, they often eat, and if they have access to water, drink to such excess, that they scour, become pot-bellied, and that desirable point, a straight barrel, can seldom be restored. By confining them, winter will make no change, and of course it will be less material at what season they are dropped.

It would be advisable, generally, to scald a little meal, and mix it with the cut clover, but in the instance above related, I wished to try the effect without.

BY AUTHORITY.

An act to extend the charters of certain Banks in the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the acts incorporating the several Banks in the District of Columbia, herein named, that is to say: the Bank of Alexandria and the Farmers' Bank of Alexandria, in the town of Alexandria; the Bank of Washington, the Bank of the Metropolis, and the Patriotic Bank of Washington in the City of Washington; the Union Bank of Georgetown, the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Georgetown, and the Bank of Columbia, in the town of Georgetown, be, & the same are hereby, extended and limited to the third day of March, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, under, and subject to, such limitations, modifications, and conditions, as are hereinafter enacted.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That if any one of the Banks herein named shall, at any time, fail or refuse to pay on demand any bill, note, or obligation, issued by such Bank, in lawful currency of the United States, when required, he shall neglect or refuse to pay on demand in like currency, if required, any moneys received by such Bank on deposit, to the person or persons entitled to receive the same; then, and in such case, the hold-

er of any such note, bill, or obligation, or the person or persons demanding such deposit as aforesaid, shall, respectively, be entitled to receive and recover interest on the same, at the rate of twelve per centum, per annum, from the time of the demand, until the same be fully paid and satisfied. And further, It shall be lawful for Congress, forthwith, to revoke the charter of such Bank, and to provide for liquidating and settling the accounts and affairs thereof, in such manner as to their judgment may seem expedient.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That any president, director, cashier, teller, clerk, or other officer, or servant, of any of the said banks, or of the Bank of Potomac, hereinafter named, who shall withhold, withdraw, conceal, or embezzle, or connive at the withholding, withdrawal, concealment, or embezzlement, of the money or other property of the Bank whereof he is an officer or servant, with intent to defraud the said Bank, shall be subject to prosecution therefor, in the name of the United States, by indictment, on presentment, or information, in the circuit court of the county wherein such offence shall have been committed, and, on conviction thereof, shall be adjudged a felon, and suffer an imprisonment of not less than one year, nor more than ten years, and forfeit and pay a sum not less than one thousand, nor more than twenty thousand dollars, one moiety whereof shall go to the United States, and the other to the informer.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That unless the president and directors, for the time being, of each of the banks, respectively, whose charters are hereby extended, shall, on behalf of their stockholders, and in virtue of an authority from them, or a majority in interest and number of them, file their declaration, in writing, in the office of the Secretary of the Treasury, within six months from the passage of this act, assenting to, and accepting, the extension of charter hereby granted, under the terms, conditions, and limitations, contained in this act, such Bank shall forfeit all title to such extension of charter.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That every stockholder of the Bank of Alexandria, of the Farmers' Bank of Alexandria, and of the Bank of Washington, (being a citizen of the United States, and not otherwise,) shall be entitled to vote by himself, his agent, or proxy, appointed under his hand and seal, at all elections, in virtue of this act, and shall have as many votes as he has shares, as far as thirty shares, and not more than one vote for every five shares thereafter.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That a meeting of the stockholders of the Bank of Alexandria, in the town of Alexandria, shall be held on the third Monday of January in every year, during the continuance of this act; previous notice whereof shall be published in some newspaper printed in Alexandria or the city of Washington, for the space of four weeks successively; and the stockholders assembled in consequence of such notice, shall choose by ballot from among themselves, by a majority of votes of such as shall be present, or by proxy, ten directors, being citizens of the United States, for the term of one year, thereafter, and on the same day annually, for and during the continuance of this act, a like election shall be made; and in case of death, resignation, refusal, or disqualification, of any director, the remaining directors, at their next meeting, or as soon as convenient thereafter, shall elect, by ballot, another person, qualified as aforesaid, in his place, for the residue of the year. The directors, or any seven of them, shall, at their next meeting after every general election, elect, by a majority of members present, by ballot from among themselves, a president, who shall retain all the powers and privileges of a director; and in case of refusal, death, resignation, or disqualification of the president, the directors shall meet as soon as conveniently can be thereafter, and after filling the vacancy in the number of directors required by this act, elect another person for president, in manner before directed.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any of the said Banks, after the first day of January next, to make, issue, or re-issue, any bill, note, or obligation, payable to bearer or order, of a denomination under five dollars.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That the fourteenth section of the act incorporating the Bank of Columbia aforesaid, passed the twenty-eighth day of December, one thousand seven hundred & ninety-three, be, and the same is hereby, repealed and annulled: Provided, That the said fourteenth section shall remain in full force and effect in relation to all debts contracted with the said Bank previous to the passing of this act.

Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Central Bank of George town and Washington to proceed, forthwith, to liquidate and close all the concerns of the corporation, and, after paying and satisfying the debts, contracts, and obligations, of the corporation, to divide the capital and profits which may remain, among the stockholders, in proportion to their respective interests; and for this purpose, and for no other intent or purpose whatever, all the necessary powers, as fully as they are now enjoyed

by the said corporation, shall be, and the same are hereby, continued to the said corporation, for the term of five years from the first day of January next, and no longer.

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the stockholders of the Central Bank of Georgetown and Washington aforesaid, at their next annual meeting for the election of directors, to reduce the board of directors for the said Central Bank, to any number not less than six.

Sec. 11. And be it further enacted, That the corporation of the Bank of Potomac be, and the same is hereby, continued and extended to the third day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, during which time it shall hold and be possessed of all the rights, privileges, and immunities, now secured to it by an act passed on the sixteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eleven, entitled "An act to incorporate the Bank of Potomac," and shall be subject to all the restraints and limitations expressed in the said act, except so far as the same shall be altered by any provisions hereinafter contained.

Sec. 12. And be it further enacted, That an election for directors of the Bank of Potomac shall be held in the town of Alexandria, on the first Monday in November in each year, of which notice shall be given in one or more newspapers published in said town, for four weeks at least before the day of election; and the stockholders shall choose by ballot, to be given in person or by proxy, by a majority of votes, from amongst the stockholders, thirteen directors, for the term of one year thereafter, and, on resignation, disqualification, or removal, of any director out of the county of Alexandria, or out of the county of Fairfax, in Virginia, the other directors, at their next meeting thereafter, may elect by ballot another person, qualified as aforesaid, in his place, for the residue of the year. The directors of said bank shall, at the first meeting after every general election, elect, by ballot, from among their own number, by a majority of their whole number, a president; and in case of his death, resignation, or removal out of the county of Alexandria, or out of the county of Fairfax, or of his refusal to accept his office, the directors shall meet as soon as conveniently can be thereafter, and elect another person as president, in the manner before described.

Sec. 13. And be it further enacted, That every stockholder of the Bank of Potomac, being a citizen of the United States, shall be entitled to vote at all elections to be held by the stockholders of said bank, in pursuance of this act, and shall have as many votes in proportion to the stock he may hold, as follows, that is to say, For every share, from one to twenty, one vote; for each share, from twenty to fifty shares, one vote for two shares; from fifty to one hundred, one vote for four shares; above one hundred shares, one vote for six shares: Provided, That no share, or number of shares, pledged to the said bank as security for any debt due, or to become due, to it, shall be considered as conferring any right to vote at the said elections.

Sec. 14. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the president of the Union Bank of Alexandria, at any time before the first day of April next, with the consent of a majority in interest of the stockholders thereof, to subscribe to the said Bank of Potomac the full amount of the capital stock of the said Union Bank, and, on such subscription being made, to deliver over and transfer to the said Bank of Potomac, all the books, papers, money, property, and evidences of debts, belonging to the said Union Bank, and to convey to the said Bank of Potomac the real estate belonging to said Union Bank, for passing the title of which bank in the said estate, to the said Bank of Potomac, the deed of the president of the said Union Bank shall be effectual; on which subscription, delivery, transfer, and conveyance, being made, the stockholders of the said Union Bank shall, forthwith, become stockholders in the said Bank of Potomac, and shall be entitled to the same privileges and advantages, and the stock of the said Union Bank shall, to all intents and purposes, be considered as forming a part of the capital of the said Bank of Potomac; and the proper officers of the said Bank of Potomac shall forthwith issue to the stockholders of the said Union Bank certificates of stock in the said Bank of Potomac, at the rate of one share, or one hundred dollars of Potomac bank stock, for every hundred dollars of the Union Bank stock so subscribed, according to the respective interests of the said stockholders in the stock so subscribed.

Sec. 15. And be it further enacted, That on the said union being made as aforesaid, all contracts legally made by the said Union Bank shall, forthwith, become obligatory on the said Bank of Potomac, and all debts due by the said Union Bank on notes issued by it, or otherwise, shall become chargeable on, and payable by, the said Bank of Potomac; and the parties to such contracts, and the creditors of the said Union Bank, shall have the same remedies to enforce the performance of such contracts, and the payment of such debts, against the said Bank of

Potomac, its property and effects, as are now, by law, given to them against the said Union Bank; and that the said Bank of Potomac may, in its own name, sustain all actions and suits which may be necessary to enforce the payment of debts due to, and the performance of contracts made with, the said Union Bank, and for the recovery of any lands, tenements, goods, and chattels, belonging to, and improperly withheld from, the said Union Bank.

Sec. 16. And be it further enacted, That all bonds, bills, notes, or other securities for money, which, by the terms thereof, have been, or shall be, made payable at the said Union Bank, which shall fall due after the said union shall have been carried into effect, shall, from thenceforth, be considered as if the same had been made payable at the said Bank of Potomac; and that a demand of payment at the said Bank of Potomac shall, to all intents and purposes, be as effectual in law as if the same were made at the said Union Bank.

Sec. 17. And be it further enacted, That from the time the said union of the said Banks shall be carried into effect, the twenty-seventh section of an act of Congress, passed on the third of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventeen, entitled "An act to incorporate the subscribers to certain Banks in the District of Columbia, and to prevent the circulation of the notes of unchartered associations within the said District, shall be, and the same is hereby, repealed: Provided, That such repeal shall not, in any way, impair the right of the said Bank of Potomac to the money, property, debts, and effects, which shall be transferred or conveyed to it, as aforesaid, nor its remedies in its own name for the recovery thereof; nor shall any suit, now brought in the name of the said Union Bank, thereby abate, but the same may be carried on and prosecuted for the benefit of the said Bank of Potomac, to final judgment and execution; and that proceedings on such judgments or executions may be instituted and carried on in the name of the said Union Bank, against the bail, securities, and all other persons bound in such suits, for the defendants therein.

Sec. 18. And be it further enacted, That if any stockholder or stockholders in either of the said Banks, who has not heretofore assented to the union aforesaid, shall, within three months from the passing of this act, file his declaration in writing, in the said Bank of Potomac, declaring himself dissatisfied with the said union, and his determination to withdraw his interest from the same; and if the said Bank cannot agree with such stockholder or stockholders on the amount of such interest, and shall not forthwith pay the same, then it shall be lawful for the circuit court of the District of Columbia, at Alexandria, on the petition in writing of such stockholder or stockholders, to appoint three commissioners, whose duty it shall be to ascertain the value of the interest of such stockholder or stockholders in the Bank to which he or they may belong at the time of the said union, for which purpose such commissioners shall, under the direction of the said court, have access to the books, papers, and accounts of the said Banks, and, on the report of the said commissioners and such other evidences as may be laid before them, then said court shall proceed to ascertain the value of the stock of such stockholder or stockholders, and shall decree the value, so ascertained, to be paid to him or them by the said Bank of Potomac, and shall have power to enforce such decree by execution, attachment, or other legal process.

Sec. 19. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any two or more of the Banks, whose charters are hereby extended, by their respective presidents and directors, with the consent of a majority in interest of their respective stockholders, to agree, under written articles of associations, to unite and form one Bank, by a style and name to be prescribed in such articles; and the subscribers thereto, and their legal representatives, shall, from the day fixed for that purpose in the said articles, be incorporated under the style and name set forth in the said articles, and thenceforth subject to the same rules, duties, regulations, conditions, provisions, and impositions, and be vested with the same rights, privileges, and immunities, as a body corporate, as by this act appertains to the Bank of Potomac, and are prescribed for the union of the Union Bank of Alexandria with the Bank of Potomac.

Sec. 20. And be it further enacted, That this act be, and the same is hereby declared to be, a public act, and that so much, and such parts, of the said acts, incorporating the several banks aforesaid, as may be repugnant to this act, be, and the same are hereby, repealed and annulled.

Approved—March 2, 1821.

An act further to regulate the entry of Merchandise imported into the United States from any adjacent territory.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be the duty of the master of any vessel, except registered vessels, and of

every person having charge of any boat, canoe, or raft, and of the conductor or driver of any carriage or sleigh, and of every other person coming from any foreign territory adjacent to the U. States, into the United States, with merchandise subject to duty, to deliver, immediately on his or her arrival within the United States, a manifest of the cargo or loading of such vessel, boat, canoe, raft, carriage, or sleigh, or of the merchandise so brought from such foreign territory, at the office of any collector or deputy collector which shall be nearest to the boundary line, or nearest to the road or waters by which such merchandise is brought; and every such manifest shall be verified by the oath of such person delivering the same; which oath shall be taken before such collector or deputy collector; and such oath shall state that such manifest contains a full, just, and true account, of the kinds, quantities, and values, of all the merchandise so brought from such foreign territory; and, if the master, or other person having charge of such vessel, boat, canoe, or raft, or the conductor or driver of such carriage or sleigh, or other person bringing merchandise as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to deliver the manifest herein required, or pass by, or avoid, such office, the merchandise subject to duty, and so imported, shall be forfeited to the United States, together with the vessel, boat, canoe, or rafi, the tackle, apparel, and furniture of the same, or the carriage or sleigh, and harness and cattle, drawing the same, or the horses with their saddles and bridles, as the case may be; and such master, conductor, or other importer, shall be subjected to pay a penalty of four hundred dollars.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That any deputy collector, stationed in any district of the customs contiguous to a foreign territory, to whom a manifest of merchandise, subject to duty shall be delivered as aforesaid, is hereby authorized to require of the importer of such merchandise the payment of the duties thereon, or good and ample security, either by bond, with one or more sufficient sureties, for the payment thereof, or by the deposit of a portion of such merchandise, equal, at least, to double the amount of the duties on the whole importation; which bond shall be cancelled, or the merchandise, so deposited, shall be delivered to the owner, on the producing to the deputy collector a certificate, of the collector of the district, that the duties have been duly paid.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That all penalties and all forfeitures incurred by force of this act, shall be sue for, recovered, distributed, and accounted for, in the manner prescribed by the act, entitled "An act to regulate the collection of duties on imports and tonnage," passed on the second day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, and may be mitigated or remitted in the manner prescribed by the act entitled "An act to provide for the mitigating or remitting the forfeitures, penalties, and disabilities, accruing in certain cases therein mentioned," passed on the third day of March, one thousand, seven hundred and ninety-seven.

Approved—March 2, 1821.

An act to regulate the location of land Warrants, and the issuing of patents in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the holders, by assignment, of warrants issued under the acts of Congress, of the fifth of March, eighteen hundred and sixteen, the third of March, eighteen hundred and seventeen, to Canadian volunteers, may be, and hereby are, authorized to locate the said warrants, and to receive patents therefor, in their own names, as had been the practice before the twenty-sixth of December, eighteen hundred and nineteen: Provided, however, That in no case shall lands be so located, until after having been exposed to public sale, shall remain unsold.

Approved—March 3, 1821.

An act to continue in force, for a further time, the act, entitled "An act for establishing trading houses with the Indian tribes."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act, entitled "An act for establishing trading houses with the Indian tribes, passed on the second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eleven, and which was, by subsequent acts, continued in force, until the first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-one, shall be, and the same is hereby, further continued in force, until the third day of June, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-two, and no longer.

Approved—March 3, 1821.

BANK STOCK FOR SALE.

ONE HUNDRED & TEN SHARES of the Stock of the State Bank of North-Carolina will be offered at public sale, for ready money, before the Court-house door in the City of Raleigh, on the 22d of May instant, between the hours of three and four o'clock. Raleigh, May 2, 1821. 33 3v