proportionably augmented. In this prosess, which is very desirable, and inevita ble under the existing duries, the resourto supply a deficiency in the revenue, should it occur, are the interests which may derive the principal benefit from the change. If domestic manufactures are raised by duties on foreign, the deficiency in the fund necessary for public purposes should be supplied by duties on the former. At the last session, it seemed doubtful, whether the revenue derived from the present sources would be adequate to all the great purposes of our union, including the construction of our fortifications, the augmentation of our navy, and the protection of our commerce against the dangers to which it is exposed. Had the deficiency been such, as to subject us to the necessity, either to abandon those measures of defence, or to resort to other means for adequate funds, the course presented to the adoption of a virtuous & enlightened people appeared to be a plain one. It must be gratifying to all to know that this necessity does not exist. Nothing bowever, in contemplation of such important objects, which can be easily provided for, should be left to hazard .-It is thought that the revenue may receive an augmentation from the existing sources, and in a manner to aid our manufactures, without hastening prematurely the result which has been suggested. It is believed that a moderate additional duty on certain articles would have that effect, without being liable to any serious objec-

The examination of the whole coast, for the construction of permanent fortifications, from St. Croix to the Sabine, with the exception of a part of the territory lately acquired, will be completed in the present year, as will be the survey of the Mississippi, under the resolution of the House of Representatives from the mouth of the Ohio to the Ocean-and, likewise, of the Ohio, from Lou sville to the Mississippi. A progress, corresponding with the sums appropriated, has also been made in the construction of these fortifications, at the points designated. As they will form a system of defence for the whole maritime frontier, and in consequence for the interior, and are to last for ages, the pitmost care has been taken to fix the position of each work, and to form it on such a scale, as will be adequate to the purpose intended by it. All the inlets and assail able parts of our union have been minutely examined, and positions taken, with a view to the best effect, observing, in eve ry instance, a just regard to economy. Doubts, however, being entertained, as to the propriety of the position and extent of the work at Dauphine Island, further progress in it was suspended, soon after the last session of Congress, and an order given to the Board of Engineers and Naval Commissioners, to make a further and more minute examination of it in both respects, and to report the result without delay.

Due progress has been made in the construction of vessels of war, according to the law providing for the gradual augmentation of the na y, and to the extent of existing appropriations. The vessels au thorized by the act of 1820 have all been completed, and are now in actual service. None of the larger ships have been, or will be, launched, for the present, the object being to protect all which may not be required for immediate service from decay by suitable buildings, erected over them. A squadron has been maintained, as heretofore, in the Mediterranean, by means whereof peace has been preserved with the Barbary power This squadron has been reduced the present year to as small a force as is compatible with the fulfilment of the object intended by it. From past experience, and the best information respecting the views of those powers, it is distinctly understood that, should our squadron be withdrawn, they would soon recommence their hascines and depredations upon our commerce. Their fortifications have lately been rebuilt, and their maritime force increased. It has also been found necessary to maintain a naval force in the Pacific, for the protection of the very important interests of our citizens engaged in commerce and the fisheries in that sea. Vessels have likewise been employed in cruizing along the Atlantic coast, in the Gulf of Mexico, on the coast of Africa, and in the neighboring seas. In the latter many practics have been committed on our commerce, and so extensive was becoming the range of those apprincipled adventurers, that there was cause to apprehend, without a timely & decisive effort to suppress them, the worst consequences would ensue. Fortunately, a considerable check has been given to that spirit by our cruizers, who have succeeded in capturing and destroying several of their vessels. Nevertheless, it is considered an object of high importance to continue these cruizes until the practice is entirely suppressed. Like suc-Gess has attended our efforts to suppress the slave trade. Under the flag of the U. States, and the sanction of their papers, the trade may be considered as entirely suppressed; and, if any of our citizens are engaged in it, under the flags and papers of other powers, it is only from a respect to the rights of those powers, that these offenders are not seized and brought home, to receive the punishment which the laws inflict. If every other power should adopt the same policy, and pursue the same vigorous means for carrying it into effect, the trade could no longer exist. Deeply impressed with the blessing

which we enjoy, and of which we have such manifold proots, my mind is irresistibly drawn to that Aimigh y Being, the Great Source from whence they proceed, and to whom our most grateful acknowledgments are due.

JAMES MONROE.

Wushington, Dec. 3, 1821. RALEIGH PAPER MILL Gales's l'aper Mill is now considerably enarged, and in complete operation, which ena-

at a short netice.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

SENATE.

Friday, Dec. 7.

The following bills were presented: Mr. Parker, a bill to repeal an act passed in 1810, granting to Timothy M'Iver privilege to retail spirituous liquors in this State;

Mr. Ruffin, a bill to alter the name of Edward Caudle, and legitimate him :

Mr. Campbell, of New-Hanover, presented the petition of Charlotte M'Donald, praying an act to be passed directing a certain suit to be dismissed. Referred.

Mr. Graves, from the committee on military land warrants, reported unfavorably on the petitions of James Pitts and John Kidds.

On motion of Mr. Boddie, the Judiciary committee were instructed to enquire into the expediency of passing a law to prevent free negroes and mulattoes from coming to and settling in this State.

Mr. M'Leary, from the committee of claims, to whom was referred the petition of Angus Shaw, reported in his favour.

A message was sent to the House of Commons, proposing to ballot to-morrow for a Major-General of the 5th division, nominating for that appointment Brig. Gen. Edmond

Saturday, Dec. 8.

Mr. Spaight of Craven, from the committee of conference between the two Houses on the disagreeing vote relative to placing on the joint committee on the petition of Edward Newton and others, the member from Wilmington, reported that it was agreed that the proposition of the Senate was in order, and that it would be recommended by the committee on the part of the Commons that they recede from their disagreement to the proposition. A message was afterwards received, stating that the Commons accordingly receded

A message was received from the Commons, proposing to bailot for Public Treasurer and Public Printer, nominating John Haywood and Thomas Henderson for those offices. A ballot took place accordingly, and

these gentlemen were elected. Mr. Black presented the petition of sundry inhabitants of Robeson, praying for the passage of an act to amend an act granting exclusive jurisdiction to the Superior Courts of that county in all cases where a jury is necessary. Referred to the Judiciary committee.

The following hills were presented:

Mr. Kenan, a bill to repeal an act passed in 1810, making compensation to the owners of outlawed and executed slaves in Duplin; and Mr. Raiborn, a bill to extend the time for the registration of grants, &c.; which bills passed their first reading.

Several bills passed their 2d and 3d read-

Monday, Dec. 10.

Mr. Lindsey, from Currituck, from the committee to whom was referred the petition of Edward Newton and others, made an unfavorable report, which was concurred with.

Mr. Speight, from Greene, from the committee to whom was referred a bill to alter the times of holding the superior courts of Carteret, Jones, Greene and Lenoir, recommended the whole of the bill to be stricken out, except the words " A bill," and insert " to alter the times of holding the superior courts of Carteret, Jones, Greene and Lenoir, and the county courts of Jones and Craven," which bill passed its first reading.

Mr. Marshall presented the petition of Joseph Medley, sheriff of Anson, praying an allowance for insolvent polls, which was re-

Mr. M'Leary, from the committee of claims, to whom was referred the petition of Abner Hanner, late Sheriff of Guilford, recommended the passage of a bill for his relief; but it

was rejected. Mr. M'L. also reported a resolution in favor of Geo. Williamson, sheriff of Caswell,

which passed its first reading. Mr. Spaight, from the Judiciary committee, to whom was referred a resolution to enquire into the expediency of passing an act authorising the Judges to deputize persons to execute writs, &c. reported a bill to provide for the execution of process when there shall be no proper officer to execute the same, which passed its 1st reading.

Mr. Campbell, from the committee to whom was referred the petition of Charlotte M'Donald, reported a bill for her relief, which pass-

ed its 1st reading. The following bills were presented: By Mr. Gordon, a bill to repeal an act pass-

ed in 1802, directing the mode of appointing patrols in the counties of Gates, Camden and Pasquotank;

Mr. Lamb, a bill to repeal an act passed at the last session, directing the manner in which property levied on by sheriffs and constables

shall be sold hereafter; Mr. Williamson, a bill to alter the mode of removing suits from the Courts of Equity to

Mr. Campbell, a bill further to regulate the pilotage of Cape-Fear;

Mr. Person, a bill to repeal an act passed las session, for the relief of honest debtors;

Mr. Miller, a bill to provide for the appointment of a Coroner in the county of warren Wmeh bills passed their first reading.

On motion of Mr. Deberry, the Judiciary committee were instructed to enquire into the expediency of providing by law for the payment of witnesses who may be compelled to attend trials in civil cases before justices of the peace out of court, and at an inconvenient distance from their residence.

The bill to authorise the county courts of the several counties in the state to appoint Committees of Finance, after undergoing considerable discussion and amendments, passed its 2d reading.

Mr. Scawell, from the committee of Propositions, reported unfavourably on the petitions of Pichard Furniville, Daniel Pegram, and sundry inhabitants of Orange in favor of Elisha Cate.

Tuesday, Dec. 11.

Mr. Williamson presented the petition of Caleb Miller of Lincoln county, praying to be divorced from his wife Rachel.

Mr. Raiborn, that of John Massey, praying for a military warrant; and of Henry Smith. praying for compensation for his services in the Revolutionary War.

Mr. Ruffin, the petition of John Hanke, re-lative to an entry of land in the county of

with Printing, Writing and Wrapping Paper, | Stokes. Mr. Hatch, the Memorial of the President

and Directors of the Clubfoot and Harley's Creek Canal Company, All which petitions were referred.

On motion of Mr. Person, the following re solution was adopted,

Resolved by the Senate and House of Commons, that a select joint committee be instructed to enquire into the expediency of establishing a new Bank, to belong entirely to the State, with such provisions as may have a tendency to relieve the pecuniary distresses of the people, and that they report by bill, &c.

Mr. Williamson, from the balloting committee for a Major-General of the 5th civision, reported that Philip Britain was duly elected.

The following bills were presented: By Mr. Wade, a bill to authorise and empower the County Court of Randolph to lay a tax to complete the Court-house

Mr. Lindsey, (of Currituck,) a bill to au-thorise Samuel Salyear, jun. of Currituck, to erect a gate across the public road to Bell's Island; and a bill to repeal part of an act passed in 1816, to compel retailers of spirituous liquors to take a license from the County Court.

These bills passed their first reading. The Senate took up the bill to authorise the County Courts in each of the Counties to appoint a Committee of Finance. After some debate, a motion was made to postpone the bill indefinitely, which was negatived 39 votes to 20. The bill then passed its third reading 32 votes to 25.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Friday, Dec 7.

Mr. Graves, from the committee appointed to wait on Governor Holmes to inform him of his election, reported that he would attend to be qualified this day at 12 o'clock. At which hour, he attended in the Common's Hall, and the usual oaths of office were administered to him by Chie Justice Taylor, in presence of the Members of both Houses.

The following petitions were presented: By Mr. Lamon, from Willie Bunn, of Nash, guardian of Rebecca Thorp, an idiot, praying to sell certain lands of her's;

Mr. M'Comb, from sundry inhabitants of the counties of Iredell, Cabarrus and Mecklenburg, praying for the discontinunce of the new road between Concord &

Beatiesford; Mr. Roberts, from William Harrison, praying for a military land warrant; and

Mr. Andres, from citizens of Bladen county, praying to be excused from working on a certain public road.

Which petitions were referred. On motion of Mr. Cowan, the committee appointed to enquire what alterations are necessary in the salary of the Secreary of State, were instructed to enquire whether any, and what alterations were necessary in the fees/of the Clerks of the Superior Courts.

The following bills were introduced: By Mr. Peete, a bill to repeal the 1st section of an act passed in 1819, to prevent fraudulent trading with slaves; and

Mr. Roberts, a bill to compel the clerks of the Superior and County Courts of Surry to keep their offices in Rockford. Both bills passed their first reading.

The bill authorising the recording or marriage licences was, on motion of Mr. A. Morgan, on its second reading, indefinitely postponed.

Amessage was received from Governor Franklin, inclosing an Act of the Legislature of Tennessee rathying the boundary between that State and this. Re-

The bill to alter the method of proving ook debts, was, on motion of Mr. Slade, definitely postponed, by 68 votes to 48.

Saturday, Dec. 8.

Mr. Dulany presented the petition of John Lloyd and Mary Bender, praying for military land warrant. Referred.

On motion of Mr. Alston, the Public I reasurer was directed to lay before this House a particular account and statement of the receipts and disbursements of the doard of Internal Improvements for the last two years, up-to the 26th November, 1821, stating the amount advanced from the Public Treasury, & the amount paid out of the fund for Internal Improve-

The following bills were introduced: By Mr. Fisher, a bill concerning the town of Salisbury;

Mr. Webb, a bill to repeal the 2d, 3d & 4th sections of an act passed in 1819, prescribing the manner of assessing lands in this State for taxation;

Mr. Collins, in pursuance of a petition, a bill to repeal part of an act passed last session, for the better regulation of the county courts of Rutherford, Burke and Lincoln.

Mr. Jones, a bill to amend the 15th section of an act passed in 1784, to prevent the exportation of unmerchantable commodities, so far as relates to the town

of Wilmington; Mr. Sellers, a bill to repeal an act passed at last session for the relief of honest | 1st reading. debtors.

The three first bills passed their first reading; the 4th was referred to a committee, and the last ordered to lie on the

The House proceeded to consider a Resolution proposed by Mr. Hillman on Thursday last, for rescinding the rule of the House lately adopted, directing the order in which business should be introduced. The resolution, after a few remarks for and against it, was agreed to; so the rule is rescinded.

Mr. Hillman, from the committee to whom was referred the Reports and Resolutions of Maryland and New-Hampshire, &c. on the subject of appropriating public lands for the purposes of Education among the several States, reported in favor of a concurrence with the proposition. The Report was concurred with, and ordered to be printed.

A number of bills were received from the Senate, which received their first

Mr. Stanly, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a bill to preserve the right of trial by jury in suits at common law, when he value in controversy shall exceed \$20, which passed its first read-

The Speaker laid before the House a [] communication from the Public Treasurthe Affairs of the State Bank, regretting that he had it not in his power at present, to transmit a like statement in relation to the Banks o Newbern and Cape-Fear but expected to hear shortly from them on the subject :

General Statement of the State Bank of North-Carolina, Nov. 20, 1821. Specie, Foreign Notes & Bills

of Exchange	\$639,418 09
Bills discounted	2,940,592 18
Due from other Banks	66 ,513 66
Real Estate, including Bar	nk '
Buildings	128,630 12
Due for unpaid Stock	94,556 11
Bank Stock	17.440 JO

Currency

Dividends unpaid

31,764 97

8,437 00

\$4,521,915 13 1,600,000 00 Stock subscribed, 1,978,331 89 Notes in circulation 125 00 Subscription to new Stockt 531,608 80 Due to other Banks 265,397 15 Deposits

General Profit and Loss (out of which the present Dividend 137,015 29 is to be paid.)

\$4,521,915 13 This Report and Statement were ordered

to be printed. A message was sent to the Senate, proposing to ballot on Monday morning for Counsellors of State, nominating Joseph Gillespie, Wm Blackledge, sen. Thomas Wynns, John Umstead, Theophilus Lacey, Gideon Alston, and Joseph Pickett.

The message was concurred in by the Senate, and the following names added to the nomination, viz: David Gillespie, Joseph Carson, Thomas Kenan, Wm. Davidson, and Benj. F. Hawkins.

* Specie \$533,258 92; Foreign Notes \$77,879 50; Bills of Exchange \$28,279 67. + Due to Stockholders who subscribed for more Shares than they obtained.

Monday, Dec. 10.

Mr. Henry, from the committee on that part of the Governor's message in relation to pecuniary embarrassments, reported a bill to amend an act passed last session, for the relief of honest debts.

The following bills were also introduced By Mr. Freeman, a bill to establish a poor and work-house in Chatham;

Mr. Cowan, a bill to amend an act passed in 1784, to prevent the exportation of unmerchantable commodities;

Mr. M'Neill, a bill to repeal part of the 1st section of an act passed in 1817, directing a road to be laid out and opened from Fayetteville to Morganton; and also part of the 1st section of an act passed in 1818 on the same

Mr. Hawks, a bill to amend the quarantine laws of this State:

Mr. Stade, a bill establishing a Board of Physicians, and regulating the practice of Physic and Surgery in the State;

Mr. Blackledge, a bill to alter the mode of electing Sheriffs, and to vest the right of elections in the free people of the several coun-

Mr. Hillman, a bill to incorporate the Raleigh Female Tract Society;

Mr. Lloyd, a bill respecting grants which have been heretofore issued from the office of the Secretary of State.

The above bills passed their first reading, except the last, which was referred to the Judiciary committee,

Mr. Clement, from the committee to whom had been referred the bill to divide the county of Rowan, returned the bill without a-

mendment. It passed its 1st reading. Mr. Strange presented the memorial of the commissioners of the town of Fayetteville concerning the commissi as paid to the state

by auctioneers. Referred to the committee of Finance. Mr. Hillman, from the joint committee to whom was referred the resolution instructing them to enquire into the expediency of amending the several laws establishing the

superior courts, reported a bill to amend and extend n act passed in 1806, establishing the present court system, by providing relief for the counties in which the suits may so accumulate as that they cannot be tried at the regular terms of these courts. The bill passed its first reading.

Mr. M'Lean, from the committee of Claims, made an unfavourable report on the memorial of Benj. S. Judah, of New-York, which was concurred with.

A message to the Senate proposed to ballot imme lately for a Major-General of the 5th divisio, and adding to the nomination, the names of Brig. Gen. Philip Brittain and George Bowers.

Mr. Stanly, from the Judiciary committee, reported a bill directing the time and place of sale of lands and slaves, under execution, which passed its 1st reading.

Mr. S. from the same committee, to whom was reterred the resolution proposing to allow compensation to Willie P. Mangum, late one of the Judges of this State, for holding the Superior Court of Currituck in the fall of 1820, reported a resolution directing the Treasurer to pay the same, which passed its Mr. Barringer, from the Committee of Fi-

nance, reported in favor of paying Alex. Nicholson, of Richmond county, \$97 85, which passed its 1st reading.

Mr. M'Leod presented the petition of Margaret Martin and others, praying for military land-warrants,-Referred.

Tuesday, Dec. 11.

The following bills were presented: By Mr. Strange, a bill to amend the 8th section of an act passed in 1784, to prevent the exportation of unmerchantable commodities:

Mr. Wilkins, a bill to amend the Militia Laws of this State

Mr. Styron, a bill for the better regulation of the pilotage at the port of Ocracock; Mr. Leake reported a bill authorising Wm. P. Leake to sell certain property belonging

to his ward.

Mr. 4'Comb, from the committee to whom was referred the petition of sundry inhabitants of Iredell, Cabarrus and Mecklonourg, reported a bill to alter a part of the State Road laid out according to the act of 1817. Mr. parringer, from the Committee of Finance, reported a bill to provide a Revenue

for the year 1822; also a bill imposing an aunual tax on Stud-horses and Jack-asses, Which bills ecrerally passed their fast

Mr. Burgess presented the Report of the Superintendants and Board of Directors of the Roanoke Navigation Company, which was referred to the Committee on Internal Improve.

ment, and ordered to be printed. Mr. Martin presented a Plan for opening an Inlet at the lower end of the Albemarie Sound, by A. Albertson, which was read and ordered to be printed.

Sundry bills were received from the Senate. which passed their first reading. Mr. Henry presented the following Resolu-

Whereas the Navigation Act passed by the Congress of the United States on the lath of April, 1818, countervailing the operation of the Navigation Acts of Great-Britain upon our trade with the West-India Islands, has not produced the effect intended of compel. ling her to either relax or abandon her Colo. nial System; but has, on the contrary, had the effect of destroying an indispensable and lucrative trade theretofore existing between this State and the British West-Indies:-

Whereupon, Resolved, that our Senators and Representatives in Congress be instructed to use their endeavors to have the said act repealed, Ordered that the said Resolution lie on the

table till Monday next. Mr. Styron presented the petition of Thom. as Marshall, sheriff of Carteret, praying to be allowed for certain insolvent taxables-re,

ferred. Mr. Brickell, from the balloting committee for Councillors of State, reported that the fol lowing Gentlemen were elected, viz. Gitleon Alston, Thomas Wynns, Wm Blackledge, David Gillespie, Theophilus Lacy and Thomas

Kenan. Mr. Fisher presented the following Resolu-

1. Resolved by the General Assembly of North- Carolina, that the representation of the provie of this State in both branches of the Legislature, under the present Constitution, is greatly unequal, unjust, and anti-republi-

Resolved, that the Constitution ought to be so amended as that each citizen of the State should have an equal share in the rights of representation upon the principle of free white population and taxation, or of free white population, including three-fifths of all other persons.

3. Theref re, Resolved, that at the next Election for Members of the Assembly, the people of this State, who are entitled to vote for Members of the House of Commoni, be invited to vote at the said Election whe ther they are in favour of a Convention, or not, by writing on their tickets, Convention,

or No Convention. 4. Resolved, that the Sheriff of each county in this State, or other returning officersbe, and they are hereby directed immediately after the next Election to ascertain the number of votes given for, or against a Convention; and to make out a correct statement thereof, and transmit the same to the govern-

or, to be laid before the next Assembly. The bill to alter an act passed in 1741, for restraining the taking excessive Usury, was read a 2d time, when Mr. Martin moved that the bill should be indefinitely postponed. After considerable debate, the motion was carried 100 votes to 25.

CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, DEC. 3 A large majority of the members being present, (161,) on motion, the House pro-

On the first ballot, the voices were, for J. W. Taylor, of New-York (the late Speaker) 60; for C. A. Rodney, of Delaware, 45; for Lewis M'Lane, of the same State, 29; for Samuel Smith, of Maryland, 20; for H. Neison, of Virginia, 5; Scattering 2. No choice, 81 being a ma-

ceeded to the election of a Speaker.

On the second ballot, Mr. Rodney had 60 votes, Paylor 58, M Lane 31, Smith 10-scattering 2.

On the third ballot, Mr. Taylor had 61 votes, Rodney 61, M'Lane 30, Smith 5, Nelson 2. On the fourth ballot, Mr. Rodney had

69 votes, Taylor 60, M'Lane 23, Smith 8. On the fifth ballot, Mr. Rodney had 73 votes, Taylor 67, M'Lane 16, Smith 10. On the sixth ballot, Mr. Taylor had 72' votes, Rodney 65, M'Lane 8, Smith 19. On the seventh ballot, Mr. Taylor had 77 votes, Rodney 59, Smith 26.

No person being elected-on motion the House adjourned.

TURSDAY, DEC. 4

Several other members appeared. 172 were present, so that 87 votes were necessary to a choice. On the 1st ballot to-day, J. W. Taylor

had 64 votes, C. Rodney 36, P. P. Barbour 35, S. Smith 25 .- Scattering 12. On the 2d ballot, Mr. Taylor had 69 votes, Barbour 64, Smith 18, Rodney 15, H. Baldwin 4.—Scattering 3.

On the 3d ballot, Mr. Barbour had 83 votes, Taylor 70, Smith 10, Rodney 4, Baldwin 3, M Lane 2-Scattering 2. On the 4th ballot, Barbour had 85 votes, Taylor 68, Smith 6, Rodney 5, Baldwin 4, -Scattering 5.

On the 5th ballot, Mr. Barbour had 88 votes, Taylor 67, Baldwin 6, Smith 4, Rodney 3.—Scattering 4.

The result having been reported by the Teller, the Clerk pronounced, accordingly, that PRILIP P. HARBOUR, one of the Representatives of the State of Virginia, having received a majority of the whole number of votes, was duly elected Speaker of this House.

Mr. Barbour was conducted to the Chair accordingly, by Mr. Nelson, of Virginia, and Mr. Warfield, of Maryland, and the oath of office was administered to him by Mr. Wright, of Maryland.

Mr. Speaker then rose and addressed the House as follows:

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives I should do injustice to mysel, if I did not express to you the warm feelings of gratitude which have been excited in my bosom by the appointment which you have just con-ferred upon me. Those feelings are produc-ed, not only by the consideration that this mark of your confidence is a districtuished one, but by the further consideration that it is cepting the office to which you have thus