MONDAY, APRIL 23. Mr. F. Johnson, from the Committee on the Post-Office and Post Roads, reported a bill to establish certain post roads, and to discontinue others; which was twice read and committed.

Mr. Smith, of Md. from the committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill relating to Treasury Notes, which was twice read and

ordered to be engrossed for a third reading. [This bill provides, "That from and after the passing of this act, 'no treasury note shall he received in payment on account of the United States, or paid or funded, except at the treasury of the United States."]

Mr. Hardin, from the select committee, on the subject of Retrenchment, reported in part, a bill, the object of which is to reduce the Revolutionary Pensions, for all grades of rank, from and after a given day in the year 1824, to \$4 per month.

The bill (which, Mr. H. computed, would, if passed, effect a saving of 900,000 dollars for the first year it got into operation, and proportionably thereafter) was twice read and committed.

Mr. Warfield moved the following : RESOLVED, That a committee be appointed to report the best mode, in their opinion, of giving to the public a full and correct statement of the Debates in this House.

And the question being taken thereon, it was agreed to without debate or opposition. Mr. Burton called for the consideration of the bill to repeal the existing law for the encouragement of Vaccination, and the motion to take it up was agreed to.

Mr. Bateman moved to commit the bill to a committee of the whole, which motion was opposed by Mr. Burton, & negatived; when the bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

The House then resolved itself into a committee of the whole on the State of the Union, on the bill making further appropriations for the support of the military establishment of the United States, for the year 1822. And after filling several of the blanks, &c. the committee obtained leave to sit again.

TUESDAY, APRIL 23.

A bill from the Senate to authorize the selection of a suitable site for the location of a national armory on the western waters, was read twice, and committed to the committee on Military Affairs.

An engrossed bill relating to Treasury notes; and the bill to repeal the act to encourage Vaccination, were read a third time.

The first passed without objection; and the last after considerable debate, in the course of which Mr. Burton stated, that the President ha fully examined the case of the late occurrence in the Vaccine Agency, and being satisfied of the mismanagement on his part, had dismissed the Agent. The Yeas were 102-Nays 57.

Great part of the remainder of the day was occupied in discussing the amendments of the Senate to the general appropriation bill; part of which were finally agreed to, and others rejected. So that the bill is yet in suspense between the two Houses.

The House then again resolved itself into a committee of the whole on the bill making further appropriations for the military service for the current year; but before getting through the same, the committee rose; and the House adjourned.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 24.

Mr. Smith, of Md. from the committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill to provide for annuities to the Ottawas, Pottawatamies, Kickapoos, Choctaws, Kaskaskias, to Mushalantubbe, and to carry into effect the treaties of Sagana: which were twice read and com-

Mr. Hardin, from the select committee on the subject of retrenchment, further reported a bill to reduce the compensation of the public officers, clerks, &c. generally to what it was eight or ten years ago, being a reduction from their compensation of from 15 to 25 per centum on its present amount; which was twice read and confinitted.

Mr. Hardin then moved, according to notice, to discharge the committee of the whole from the further consideration of the three bills reported by the Committee on Retrenchment, so as to bring them, and particularly the Congress-pay bill immediately before the

After some debate, the question was taken on discharging the committee of the whole from the consideration of the retrenchment bills, & decided in the affirmative, 105 to 58. The three bills being thus before the

On motion of Mr. Hardin, that for reducing the compensation of Senators and Representatives in Congress, was first read.

[This bill provides hat the daily pay o the members of the Senate, from and after the present session of Congress, shall be six dollars, and the like allowance shall be made for every twenty miles travel to and from Congress. The bill contains like provisions as to the members of the House of Representatives; and also proposes considerably to reduce the compensation of the officers of both Houses.]

After an unsuccessful attempt to lay aside the bill by the previous question,

Mr. Wright moved to amend the bill so as to reduce the mileage from six dollars for every twenty miles travelling, to six dollars for every forty miles; and made a number of observations in support of the motion.

Mr. Smith, of Md. said he always had tho' the mileage too high; and proposed to his colleague to move thirty instead of forty miles, as he had proposed, for six dollars.

After some debate, this motion was carried Mr. Floyd then moved to amend the bill so as to postpone its operation to the first

day of July next. Mr. Nelson, of Va. moved to amend the amendment so as to provide that the reduction should take effect from the first day of

July last. The motion was negatived 121 to 35. The original motion to amend by Mr. Floyd was next taken, and carried 105 to 55. And the House then adjourned.

TRUBSDAY, APRIL 25.

Mr. Cocke moved to discharge the committee on Revolutionary Pensions from the further consideration of the several petitions referred to them. That committee, he said. had reported a general bill upon the subject, which passed this House, but has been rejected in the Senate. It was impossible for the committee to act specially upon all the petitions at this session, and it was his object that they should be laid on the table till the mext session. The motion was agreed to.

A message was received from the Senate, returning the bill which originated in the House of Representatives, making appropriations for the public buildings, with an amendment to add 1250 dollars to graduate and improve the public grounds around the Capitol; which, after some debate, was agreed

A message was received from the Senate, announcing its adherence to the 4th, 5th and 9th amendments, which were made by that body, to the general appropriation bill. The House receded from one amendment,

### FOREIGN.

and insisted upon the others.

#### LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Boston, April 18.

By the arrival of the fast sailing ship Herald, Capt. Fox, at this port, last evening, we have received our files of London papers to March 10th; and Lloyd's lists to March 8th.

We find no intelligence of importance The English Parliament appeared much engaged in the business before it, and our papers are principally occupied with Parliamentary debates. In the debate upon the "Nayy five per cent. reduction bill," the Marquis of Londonderry referred to the pending negotiations between Russia and Turkey, but carefully abstained from the "slightest allusion as to what may be the issue of those negotiations."

The arm of the military had been so much strengthened in Ireland, that the outrages had become less frequent. The Courier says, "this diminution of crime is owing, not to any abatement of their lawless spirit, but to the summary operation of the insurrection act. Aware that their apprehension is inevitable, if found abroad after a certain hour, they now keep in close ambush in the mountains, and only detach strong armed parties during the night to provide subsistence."

France is said to be the scene of great discontent, and to be ripe for some important revolution. This discontent is not confined to any particular district, but is manifesting itself in distant and different provinces .-Constant attempts at resisting the constituted authorities are making. No sooner is one quelled, than another is made. Their number and repetition alike indicate a perturbed state of the public mind, which, in a country like France, where the elements of party feuds, though dispersed, are far from extinguished, cannot exist without imminent danger.

The question of peace and war between Russia and Turkey remains undetermined. Little is said in relation to it. We find in a Liverpool paper of the 13th ult. for which we are indebted to the politeness of Mr. Topliff, the following extract of a letter, dated Odessa, Feb. 12 .- "Within a short time a great many officers of the Russian army have arrived here with long leaves of absence. You may rely upon'it, every thing is pacific." It was currently reported, on Change in Liverpool on the 13th ult. that Lord Walpole had arrived from Vienna. bringing with him a copy of the treaty of peace between Russia and Turkey. The contemplated changes in the English funds have no doubt given rise to many war reports.

Boston, April 20.

By the ship Parthian, from Liverpool, and last from Milford Haven, we have received London papers tendays later than were brought by the Herald. We are indebted to Capt. Mackay for a regular file of London papers to the 21st March,

The Royal assent was given to the bill for reducing the navy 5 per cents on the 16th, and it immediately went into operation. This bill will make an annual reduction in the interest of the public debt of 1,300,000l.

LONDON, MARCH 16. We understand that the measure of opening a direct intercourse between our West-India Colonies, North and South America, and the North of Europe, in addition to the South now open, is nearly determined on. Permission will be granted to export their produce to those countries, and to import theirs in return, in the shipping of the British and the Americans; but such imports are to be subject to duties sufficient to afford a fair protection to the produce of our North American Colonies, and no more. Those now existing in Jamaica on flour and provisions, as fixed by the Assembly in Jamaica, 1821, are considered am-

Upon the subject of the report now current upon the continent, of an intended matrimonial alliance between his Britannic majesty and a Danish princes, a letter from-Aix-la-Chapelle, of the 5th inst. inserted in the French papers, contains the following passage: it is affirmed that on the occasion of the ensuing marriage of George IV. with a Danish princess, a treaty of alliance will be concluded between England and Denmark, in which certain modifications will be stipulated relative to the navigation of the Baltic .-It is not said whether Russia and Sweden will be parties to this treaty.

PARIS, MARCH 14.

Tranquility is at length restored to Paris. The vigorous measures taken yesterday and the day before, have so terrified the ill-disposed that they have not dared to repeat the scandalous scenes which have afflicted the peaceable inhabitants for this fortnight past.

#### LATEST FROM MEXICO.

The Cortes of Mexico, our readers will recollect, was to have been assembled on the 28th of February last, and did convene accordingly. A late Havanna paper, received in this city, contains the Speech of the President, Iturbide, at the opening of the Cortes. A gentleman has politely favored us with a translation of extracts from the material parts of it, which are as ful-

Extract from the address of the President of the Regency, (Iturbide, ) on the installation of the Cortes in Mexico.

He commences by congratulating the Cortes on the elevated position occupied by them as representatives of the people of Mexico; in full possession of all their rights, and called upon to fix the destiny of eight millions of people, and of innumerable future generations.

He disclaims the vanity of arrogating to himself the title of Deliverer of his Country, and declares himself grateful to those citizens, who by their valor, zeal, and disinterestedness, co-operated with him in achieving its independence.

He declares his satisfaction in having placed the Cortes, (which he calls your majesty,) in a situation where they may enact the best laws, in perfect tranquillily, free from enemies, without or within the whole extent of this vast empire-for the 300 rash Spaniards who occupy the castle of St. Juan Ullao, ought not to be counted, nor the very few Mexicans, who, from mistaken ideas, or from personal ambition, might attempt any thing against them. He says, that the happiness of the country will depend on their labors, their virtues, and their wisdom; that dangers threaten their tranquillity, but only threaten it : that the spirit in all the provinces is uniform; that they have voluntarily sanctioned the basis of their political regeneneration, and of the constitution, which is to put the seal to their prosperity. That notwithstanding all this, there are turbulent men, who, carried away by the fury of their passions, endeavor to sow division among the people, and to interrupt the tranquil and majestic march of liberty -He asks who can, or who would dare attempt to restore the system of absolute dominion, either in one person or in many? Who would be so rash as to presend to reconcile them with the abhorred max ims of superstition. They speak howe ver, they write, they exclaim against ser vilism, and place it in the most odious light; they point at its partisans, exaggerate their number, and their power, and impudently assert that the government favors them. On the contrary, what invectives from others against evalued liberglism! They attack and libel each other, as if we were involved in the horrors of a tumulmous democracy-as if there was no other law than the discordant opinions of a blind and furious peo-

He accuses these disturbers of the public peace of sowing the seeds of discontent and disunion, of lighting the torch of discord, encouraging animosities, fomenting factions, and seeking to involve the | country in the horrors of anarchy. These are, he says, the views of those miscrable beings, whose fortune depends on the destruction of the state, who, in the convulsions and confusions they may create, expect to obtain posts to which their virtues could never raise them. Who, under the pretence of protecting the oppressed, would establish the most dread

He tells them to be watchful, for that foreign nations observe them attentively waiting to see whether these omens will be verified or not, and either to respect their wisdom, or to profit by their tolly. But your majesty superior to these insinuations and attempts of the wicked, will know by w to unite the inhabitants of this vast empire-will establish perfect equalivy in the administration of justice; will be the protector of our rights, marking the limits prescribed to liberty by reason and justice, so as to prevent it from fall ing into despotism, or degenerating into licentiousness, which would endanger the public security. Under the auspices of your majesty, justice will reign; merit and virtue be conspicuous; agriculture, commerce, and industry, will receive new life; the arts and sciences will flourish; and, finally, this empire will be a region of delight and abundance, the country of christians, the refuge of the good and rational, the admiration of the world, and an eternal monument of the glory of the first Mexican Congress.

He states himself to be decided to maintain the authority of the Congress, because it will shut the door against impiety and superstition; against despotism and licen tiousness, and against caprice and discord.

# WILLIAM FOWLER,

"HANKS his friends and castomers for the liberal encouragement he has received, and respectfully informs them, that he has just received from Philadelphia, an elegant supply of the best WAX CALF SKINS, and the first rate Brandy wine SOAL LEATHER. For the purpose of giving satisfaction to those who may favor him with their custom, Boots will be warranted to be of the very best materials and workmanship. All orders from his friends and customers will be thankfully received and punctually attended to. Gentlemen will please call and examine his work and materials.

N. B. A lad, of good moral character, will be taken as an Apprentice to the Shoe and Boot-making business. One from the Country would be preferred,

April 19.

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS.

THOMAS NEILSON & CO. Corner of Bank and Sycamore Streets, PETERSBURG, VIRGINIA,

AVE the pleasure to inform their friends I and customers generally, that they have just opened a very extensive and complete assortment of Seasonable, Staple & Fancy

## DRY GOODS;

All of this Spring's importation, and received by the Packets Relvidere, Eclipse, Margaret Ann, Independence, Hamlet, Bold Commander, and Juliette, direct from New York, many of which are entirely new style, and all of the most fashionable order:-Among them are Sheppard's super 7-4 Regents' blue & black Velvet Cloths,

Sheppard's super 7-4 blue, black & colored Cassimeres,

A large assortment of best bleached Russia

270 whole and demi pieces of 4-4 and 7-8 Irish Linens, handsome style, and warranted of the most approved bleach, A very extensive assortment of Calicoes-

newest patterns, and at all prices, A very extensive assortment of Plaid and Striped Cambric Ginghams,

7-8 and 9-8 Tape Checked and Printed Muslin-a new and beautiful article for dresses, A variety of handsome Plaid and Striped Seersuckers,

Rich Satin Damask Mandarin Crapes, Rich Satin Damask Mandarin extra Robes and 7-4 & 8-4 Shawls,

Rich Satin Damask Mandarin extra 4-4 & 5-4 Shawls and

Scarfs, Rich Satin Damask Nankin Crapes & Robes--all colors Super Plain Nankin and Canton Crapes in half pieces, 7-4 Pl. Nankin Crape Shawls,

best quality and well assorted colours, Rich Gauze and Zelia Scarfs and 4-4 Hankerchiefs-a new and elegant article,

Superb Brilliantine and Plaid Silk Handkerchiefs-richest colours,

A large assortment of Book Muslin Handkerchiefse with Tape borders, A great variety of rich Floss Worked Muslin

Robes-splendid borders, Jaconet Muslin Walking Dresses-handsome worked borders,

Loom Sewed Jaconet Muslin Robes, very cheap-various patterns, Elegant Satin and Figured Marcelline Silk

Robes-rich patterns and colours, A handsome variety of rich Muslin Inserting A splendid assortment of superior Thread

A complete assortment of 3-4 and 6-4 Cambric Dimities, A large assortment of Ladys' & Gentlemens'

Umbrellas and Parasols, A few dozen of Ladys' superior made Corsettes-a very fashionable article,

4-4 5-4 and 6-4 Tape Checked Jaconet Muslin-superior quality, 6-4 Jubilee & Satin Striped Jaconet Muslin, 4-4 and 6-4 Loom Worked

4-4 and 6-4 Plain Jaconet Muslin, at all prices 4-4 and 6 4 Plain Mull & 4-4 sprigged Book

6-4 Cambrics-a very complete assortmentfine to extra quality,

Superior black and white fi-Richest style gured Gros de Naples, of Silks. Superior black and white Brilliantine,

Figured & Plain Satins—a handsome variety Florences, Black Sinchews and Sarcenets, Very best Black Italian Lustring, Black and coloured Silk Velvets,

do. to paint on, White Cotton A large assortment of Fashionable Tortoise and Imitation Tuck and Side Combs, Quill Black Dressing, and Fine Ivory Combs, Thread Cambric; Scotch Lawn,

Patent Suspenders-best quality, White and coloured Mersailles, and rich Valencia Vestings,

Elegant Satin Stripe Black Florentine Vest-Super Printed Mersailles Vest Shapes-beau-

tiful style. Thread Cambric & Imitation Handkerchiefs, Jaconet Cravats; Union Mixtures, Cotton Casimeres; Yellow Nankeens,

Flag Silk, India, and German Handkerchiefs, Madrass and Muslapatam Ladys' & Gentlemens' Cotton & Silk Hosiery, Gloves of every description, Furniture Prints and Binding, 9-8 Cambric Prints,

Apron Checks; Furniture do. Green Cauze: Hair Curls,

Fancy Work Boxes-a neat & cheap article, Ribands of all kinds; Elegant Watch Ribands Italian & Hat Crapes; Superior Gilt Buttons, Thread & Pearl Buttons; Pasteboards, Irish Sheetings and Lawns, Brown and Black Holland.

Black Silk and Fancy Damask Levantine Handkerchiefs, Souchong Pongees; Floss Cotton. Holt's Sewing Cotton; Tapes, Needles, &c.

ALSO, Medicated Oil Silk, for cure of Gout & Rheumatism, with instructions for using it, Bleached Drogheda Linens-superior quality Russia Sheetings; Russia Duck, British Oznaburgs Domestic Sheetings and Shirtings,

Bed Ticks, Domestic Plaids, Spanish Segars; and many other very desirable and scarce articles.

particularly and carefully selected by one of their Partners on the spot, and purchased generally, at Auction, on the most favorable Cash terms. Due attention has been paid to the selection of the newest and most fashionable style of Goods, and having every opportunity which the Northern Markets afford, of always being furnished with every desirable article in their line, they are prepared with a complete assortment to sell at the most re-

They are in daily expectation of further supplies from Philadelphia, amongst which are Shelmerdine's Fashionable Elastic Water-proof HATS.

duced Cash prices.

The arrival of the Weekly Packets from New-York, will, throughout the season, furnish them with a variety of new and seasonable Goods. Country Merchants will find it to their advantage to call and examine for themselves.

THO. NEILSON & CO. Petersburg, Va. April 20, 1822.

ENTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS

THE Board for Internal improvements for this State, will meet, agreeably to ad. journment, at the Executive Office in R. leigh, on Monday the 17th of June next : of which all persons concerned will take notice J. GALES, Sec'y. May 2, 1822.

FOR SALE

Likely NEGRO MAN, about sixteen years of age, well grown, strong and active. An accommodation may be had in either of the Banks at this place. Enquire of the Printers. May 2.

A FRESH SUPPLY OF LEATHER. THE subscriber has just received the fol. lowing supply of Brewer's Leather, the superior quality of which is so well known that it is unnecessary to say more on the sub.

Wax Upper and Soal Leather Saddle Skirting and Harness do. Black Bridle Collar Leather and Bag Hides

Wax and Grain Calfskins. RANDOLPH WEER May 1. .

STRAYED OR STOLEN

TROM the subscriber, on the 18th Feb. last, a Dark Bay HORSE, 9 or 10 years old, 4 feet 10 or 11 inches high, tolerably slender built, crooked behind, ewenecked, somewhat rubbed with gear, when he left me, a small white spot and a lump on his back occa. sioned by the saddle. Any person giving me information of the above Horse shall receive a reasonable compensation. PLEASANT RUDD.

Caswell C. H. April 22. WARRENTON FEMALE ACADEMY.

HE semi-annual Examination of the Pupils in this Academy will commence on Wednesday the 5th of June, and close on Friday the 7th of June, when the friends of the Institution, and of Education generally, are respectfully invited to attend.

The Exercises of the succeeding Session will commence on Monday the 10th of June. there being no summer vacation. In this Academy the Pupils are not only

instructed in the elementary branches of an English Education, but they may acquire a radical acquaintance with the highest branches of science usually taught to Females in any Seminary, the Principals being in possession of an ample Apparatus, and having been long engaged in scientific pursuits. The terms for Board, and Tuition in all the

branches above alluded to, are 60 dollars per Session, payable in advance. Music & Draw. ing have their respective teachers, and form separate charge.

The place is remarkably healthy; the Pupils all board with the Principals, and are constantly under their guardianship. Particular attention is paid to economy, no expenditures being permitted excepting such as may be authorized by Parents or Guardians. New pupils arriving after the commence-

ment of the Session pay from the time of their arrival. A coverlid, a pair of sheets, blankets and towels to be furnished by each.

THOMAS P. JONES, Principals. Warrenton, N. C. May 1, 1822.

CHARLES FOWLER, ETURNS his thanks for the liberal en-

Le couragement bestowed on him by his friends and customers, and respectfully informs them, that he still continues the TAY-LORING BUSINESS at the same Stand, on Fayetteville Street, and is always prepared to receive and execute orders in his line, with dispatch and in the most fashionable style, having in his employment the very first rate Workmen, and is constantly supplied, from his old employer in Philadelphia, with the newest fashions; and hopes, from his own experience, not only to obtain, but to merit's

N. B. An Apprentice, from the Country, of a good character, will be taken to the above business. April 19.

share of public patronage.

HACK CONVEYANCE

N addition to the Hack which the subscriber has for several years past kept for HIRE, he has lately procured another: thus, having two, he will be enabled to make it more a Business than formerly. For the information of persons who may have occasion to Hire, the general terms are as follows, viz: For any distance over 50 miles,

per day To Fayetteville To Tarborough To Oxford To Hillsborough To Chapel-Hill To Louisburg or Smithfield And in like proportion for similar distinces

In Town and its vicinity, the rate o. hire apportioned to time, viz: Not exceeding 2 hours Not exceeding 3 hours 50 Not exceeding 4 hours Not exceeding 50 5 hours 6 hours Over 6 & not exc'g 8 hours

In every instance the money is expected in advance—and those who hire are to pay the expence of the Horses and Driver, going and returning. WM. SHAW.

Raleigh, May 3.

ICE.

Not exceeding

DAVID SHAW will open his ICE HOUSE on Monday the 6th inst. (May) and will T. N. & Co's. Assortment has been thankfully furnish those who may favour him with their custom, with Ice Creams, Ice Punch, Sangaree or Lemonade, throughout the season.

He will, as formerly, sell Ice to transient customers at 10 cents a pound, and to families who take Ice daily throughout the sea-

His new House being now finished, he can accommodate Ladies and Gentlemen with respect to Rooms much better than formerly. His stock of Confectionaries is extensive and complete; he has also on hand a variety of Cordials, also Sweet Shrub, and a large supply of fresh Lime Juice, which he sells at a dollar a bottle; best Muscatel Raisins at 25

cents a pound, and Almonds at 25 cents. His wholesale prices for Candies, Sugar Plums, &c. (that is, 20 lbs. and over at one time,) is 50 cents a pound; for 5 lbs, and ut der 20, 60 cents; single pound 75 cents. Raleigh, May 3.

N. B. He will freeze Creams for families when required-but in all such cases it is necessary that application be made at least one day prior to the article being needed.