

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having been appointed Commissioners to contract for the Building of a Jail at Lewisburg, Franklin county, will proceed to let it to the lowest bidder, at the Court-House in Lewisburg, on the 7th day of September next, it being the Saturday preceding Court week. The plan, dimensions, &c. may be seen on application to either of the Commissioners. The Undertaker will be required to give bond with approved security for the complete performance of the work.

WILLIAM MOORE, JER. H. PERRY, LARK FOX, NATH. HUNT, GIBSON GLENN, Commissioners.

August 20. 96 34

AMERICAN ATLAS.

THE Author of the NEW AMERICAN ATLAS, deems it necessary to apprise his Patrons and the Public generally, lest any misapprehension should arise, from a similarity of names, that the Work about to be published by Messrs. Carey and Lea, Booksellers, of this city, under the title of the "American Atlas," is a distinct and separate Work from the former, in which the subscriber has no interest nor concern. The author of the first mentioned Work, embraces this opportunity to inform his Patrons, that the fifth and last number of his Atlas will be prepared as soon as the surveys and other documents shall be arranged; the publication of which will, it is hoped, take place in the course of the present year. This number will embrace Maps of the following states: Pennsylvania, New-Jersey, Kentucky, Tennessee, Illinois, Missouri, North & South Carolina, Georgia, and Alabama, all arranged on a uniform scale of 17 miles to the inch, being the same as the Maps of the other States, already published.

HENRY S. TANNER, Philadelphia, July 23, 1822. 95 6t

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

Gates County. Superior Court of Law and Equity, April Term, 1822.

Timothy Freeman, vs. Thomas Freeman, Job Winslow, and Harman Turdle, Ex'rs.

Appearing to the satisfaction of this Court, that Thomas Freeman is not an inhabitant of this state; on motion, therefore, it is ordered, that publication be made in the Raleigh Register for three months, that unless the said Thomas Freeman shall appear at the next Court of Equity, to be held for the County of Gates, at the Courthouse in Gates, on the first Monday after the fourth Monday in September next, and plead, answer or demur, the same will be taken pro confesso as to him, and heard ex parte.

JOHN V. SUMNER, C. M. E. June 15, 1822. 89

PUBLIC SALE OF LAND.

AGREEABLY to an act of the General Assembly of Kentucky, approved December 29th, 1821, I shall proceed to sell a portion of the lands belonging to said State on the South-West side of the Tennessee River, as prescribed in the following sections of said act, viz:

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That it shall be the duty of the Register of the Land Office, to attend on the first Monday in September next at the town of Princeton, in the county of Caldwell, and then and there, from day to day, (until completed,) expose to public sale to the highest bidder, the following sections of land, for ready money, under the restrictions herein prescribed, viz: The odd section of land in township one north, range four east of the meridian line; the odd sections of land in township one north, range one west of the meridian line; the odd sections in township one north, range three west of the meridian line; the odd section in township four north range, one east of the meridian line; the odd sections in township three north, range four east of the meridian line; the odd sections of townships three north, range two east of the meridian line; the odd sections of township three north, range one west of the meridian.

2. Be it further enacted, That the odd sections in the following townships, shall also be exposed to sale, viz: In township one north, range two east of the meridian line, in the fractional township range seven west of the meridian line; in township two north, range four east of the meridian line; 4. fractional township two north, range six east of the meridian line; in township three north, range one east of the meridian line: Provided, that the Register shall not sell any portion of the sections authorized to be exposed to sale unless the same will bring at least one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre; nor shall he sell such portions of any township which may be selected for the seats of justice for the counties which may be established west of the Tennessee river.

3. The Register in making the sales shall not sell at the same time, a greater quantity than a quarter section, and if the same will not bring per acre, at least the sum designated by this act it shall be stricken off to the state, nor shall the Register sell more than the odd sections in two townships in each day. The sections and townships will be sold in the order in which they are named.

Purchasers will pay the purchase money forthwith to the Cashier of the Branch of the Commonwealth's Bank at Princeton, and take his receipt, on the production of which to the subscriber, they will receive a certificate of sale, which, when offered at the Register's Office, will entitle the owner to a patent for the land purchased. Any purchaser who fails to pay the purchase money immediately, forfeits the sum of one hundred dollars.

Notes of the State and Commonwealth's Banks and their branches; Notes of the United States Bank and Branches, Gold and Silver, or the Notes of any specie paying Banks in the United States, will be received in payment.

If the land sold be recovered from the purchaser by a prior or better claim, the purchase money will be refunded.

The purchaser will be entitled to the immediate possession of the lands purchased, except so much thereof as may be actually improved and occupied by a settler. Actual settlers are entitled to the possession of their improvements, to firewood and timber for repairs for five years free from rent but may be removed by the purchaser paying for his improvements.

JOHN M. FOSTER, Register of the Land Office. Frankfort, March 25, 1822. 93-5w

LAW SCHOOL.

THE next Session of this Institution begins on Monday next, and the Examinations and Lectures will be resumed on the following Friday. It is recommended to Students of more than six months standing to furnish themselves with a set of Blackstone's Commentaries, for the purpose of making such annotations, indicative of the alteration of the Law, as may be suggested in lecturing, or in conversation on legal topics, and will be permanently useful to them.

JOHN LOUIS TAYLOR. 31st July, 1822. 93-

VESEY'S REPORTS.

J. GALES has just received from the publishers in Philadelphia, Vesey, junior's Reports, in 18 vols. Subscribers to this valuable Work can get their Books on application; and Gentlemen of the Profession, who are not Subscribers, may obtain copies, if they apply immediately, complete, or from the 5th or any other volume.

J. G. has also received Vols. 1 and 2 of Vesey & Peame's Reports, which is a continuation of Vesey's Reports. August 15.

Public Register.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 23, 1822.

ELECTION RETURNS.

Wayne.—Ephraim Daniel, S. without opposition; Stephen Smith and Joshua Hastings, C. State of the poll, Smith 308, Hastings 266, Arthur Barden 197.

State of the poll in Chatham: for Senate, Bray 338, Marsh 266; for Commons, Underwood 590, Cotten 564, Burnitt 442, Barbee 413.

Randolph.—Seth Wade, S; B. Marmon and A. Brower, C.

State of the poll in Caswell: for Commons, Graves 917, J. Yancey 564, Q. Anderson 482, 1006 votes were taken.

Mecklenburg.—M. McLeary, S. John Rea and Matthew Bain, C. State of the poll: for Senate, McLeary 420, John Wilson 252; for Commons, Rea 670, Bain 652, Evan Alexander 306, James Porter 120.

Sturys.—S. Graves, S; Elijah Thompson and Pleasant B. Roberts, C. State of the poll: for Senate, Graves 499, A. S. Duvall 199; for Commons, Thompson 757, Roberts 875, T. Hampton 414, Josiah Vanderpool 175.

Stokes.—Emanuel Shober, S; John Hill and Augustin H. Shepperd, C. State of the poll: for Senate, Shober 442, Jacob Salmons 301; for Commons, Hill 1026, Shepperd 951, Jos. M. Flynt 437.

Rockingham.—Thomas Blackwell, S; Robert Martin and Edward T. Broadnax, C.

Buncombe.—Zebulon Baird, S; John Anderson and William D. Smith, C. State of the poll: for Senate, Baird 389, Thomas Forster 379; for Commons, Anderson 674, Smith 637, William Brittain 623.

Martin.—Samuel Hyman, S; Laurence Cherry and Jesse Cooper, C. The poll stood thus: Senate, S. Hyman 182, Levelling Bowers 170 votes; Commons, L. Cherry 401, J. Cooper 317, Alfred M. Slade 302, Gabriel L. Stuart 232 votes.

Jones.—Durant Hatch, Jr. S; R. McDaniel and E. Jarman, C.

Greene.—Absalom Jarden, S; J. Speight and Charles Edwards, C.

Pasquotank.—Wm. C. George, S; Leond. Martin and Thomas Bell, C.

Camden.—Mason Culpepper, S; Wilson B. Webster and John Jones, C.

Hertford.—David E. Sumner, S; Dr. Jiggets and Isaac Carter, C.

Perquimans.—Jonathan H. Jackobs, S; Theophilus Barrow and Henry Skinner, C.

Chowan.—Richard T. Brownrigg, S; Jas. Skinner & Henry Elliott, C. Geo. Blair, jr. for the Town.

Tyrrell.—John B. Beady, S; Dan'l Bate-man and Enoch Hassell, C.

Moore.—Benj. Person, S; Josiah Tyson and M'Neill, C.

Richmond.—Stephen Wall, S; Alfred Dockery and Duncan McLeurin, C.

Anson.—Wm. Marshall, S; Joseph White and John Smith, C.

Rowan.—Joseph Spurgeon, S; Chas. Fisher, George Smith, C. The poll stood thus: Senate, Spurgeon 543, John Monroe 485, Commons, Fisher 841, Smith 793, Wm. Phillips 694, John Clement, 693.

Town of Salisbury.—Alfred Macay was elected by a majority of 23 votes over John L. Henderson.

Cabarrus.—P. Barringer S; C. Melchor and W. McLean, C.

Iredell.—Torrence S; Asa Beall and Harbin, C.

The County Jail.—We have pleasure in stating that our Jail is about to be effectually improved and made secure. At a former Court a committee was appointed to effect this object, who consulted Mr. Nichols, the State Architect, on the occasion, and at the present Court made a Report accompanied with a Plan and Estimate of the expense of the contemplated improvements, which Report was adopted by the Court, and the Committee was directed to proceed with all convenient dispatch. It is proposed, by a different arrangement of the criminal apartments, and by lining them with Sheet Iron, &c. to make them perfectly secure; the Debtor's apartment will be separate from the Criminals and rendered more comfortable, and provision will be made for keeping the whole clean. And what will tend greatly to the security of the Jail, a Yard is to be fenced off around the Jail, so as to prevent all intercourse with the prisoners, without leave of the Jailor. When this Work shall be completed, we trust we shall hear no more of escapes, or of citizens being called from a distance to guard the Jail in order to prevent them.

The new Presbyterian Church in Charlotte, in this State, was dedicated to the solemn worship of God, on Sunday the 8th ultimo, by the Rev. Dr. J. McRee, assisted by the Rev. Samuel C. Caldwell, the Rev. Humphrey Hun-

ter and the Rev. John Williamson, in the presence of a large concourse of people. The day was peculiarly favorable. At 10 o'clock the doors of the Church were for the first time opened for divine service. The venerable Dr. McRee ascended the pulpit, and after delivering an eloquent and appropriate discourse, which was succeeded by a song of praise, & a prayer by the Rev. H. Hunter, requested the congregation, in a very impressive manner, to rise, and then solemnly and feelingly dedicated the house to Almighty God, its rightful master.

After a short interval, the Rev. S. C. Caldwell delivered an animating and interesting discourse, accompanied with songs of praise, and prayers by the Rev. Mr. Williamson, and the Rev. Mr. Osborne, of the Baptist order, from Baltimore. At early candle light another impressive discourse was delivered by the Rev. Mr. Williamson. The business and exercises of the day were concluded by the Rev. Mr. Hunter, in a lecture and exhortation, and a solemn prayer for the prosperity and usefulness of the church. The attention of the audience was fixed throughout, and all appeared suitably impressed with the interesting solemnity of the occasion.

The building of this house of God reflects much credit on the village of Charlotte, and particularly on those who have been most active in its erection. The building is of brick, two stories high, with a handsome steeple, all of which is beautifully apportioned, and finished in a neat, convenient style; and is perhaps the most elegant building of the kind in the western part of the State.—Carolinian

Domestic Manufactures.—We have been examining (says the editor of the N York Advocate) a handsome piece of blue satin striped silk, manufactured in this city, for chair covering, ordered by a gentleman at Washington. It is strong and neatly manufactured, and probably the first of silk articles of that quality and width made in America. Encouragement to the manufacture of this article will retain in this country a large sum in specie, expended for foreign silks.

American Wine.—An English periodical work, printed so long ago as the year 1775, states, "that a small quantity of Claret and Burgundy was lately imported from Col Ball's settlement on the River Mississippi, which was sent as a present to his Majesty, and is esteemed as good as the best imported from France!"

Would it not be well to enquire into this fact? If the settlement be broken up, some account may be obtained as to the species of grape, kind of soil and process of culture, which produced Wine of so excellent a quality?

[From a correspondent of the Editor of the Nashville Whig.]

Murfreesborough, July 25.

On Saturday morning, after the House of Representatives went into business, it was moved that the House have a recess. The House adjourned, the Speaker and members keeping their seats—when Mr. Miller rose in his place, and submitted to the consideration of each member present the resolution herewith enclosed. The resolution was read at the clerk's table, and after an address from the mover, distinguished for its energy and truth of delineation, the question was put on its adoption.

ENCLOSURE.

The members of the General Assembly of the state of Tennessee, taking into view the great importance of the selection of a suitable person to fill the Presidential chair at the approaching election for the chief magistracy of the United States, and seeing that those who achieved our independence, and laid the foundations of the American Republic, have nearly passed away; and believing that moral worth, political acquirements, and decision of character, should unite in the individual who may be called to preside over the people of the United States, have turned their eyes to Andrew Jackson, late Major General in the armies of the United States.

In him they behold the soldier, the statesman, and the honest man; he deliberates, he decides, and he acts; he is calm in deliberation, cautious in decision, efficient in action. Such a man we are willing to aid in electing to the highest office in the gift of a free people. The welfare of a country may be safely entrusted to the hands of him who has experienced every privation, and encountered every danger, to promote its safety, its honor, and its glory: Therefore,

Resolved, As the opinion of the members composing the General Assembly of the state of Tennessee, that the name of Major General Andrew Jackson be submitted to the consideration of the people of the United States, at the approaching election for the chief magistracy.

Another Candidate for Presidency.—A London paper in one of its fashionable notices speaks of John Randolph, of Roanoke, as a candidate for the office of President of the U. States.

The Fever.—It appears to be now conceded on all hands, that there have lately been and still exist in this city several confirmed cases of the genuine yellow fever. Fortunately the disease had thus far been local, and every case which has yet occurred can be distinctly traced to one district. In every instance, the person taking it has either resided, or been employed for a considerable time in the

immediate vicinity of Rector-street. These facts are of great importance both to the theorist, in accounting for the origin of the disease, and to the public, by enabling the Board of Health to direct all their efforts to one point, as the source whence the disease emanates.

N. Y. Statesman.

Norfolk, Aug. 12.

The U. S. sloop of war Hornet, Capt. R. Henley, anchored last evening between Craney Island and Fort Norfolk, from a cruise, and 7 days from Havana. As none of the officers of the Hornet were permitted to come up to town last night, in consequence of the quarantine regulations, we have not been able to collect any intelligence respecting her cruise. We regret to learn that Mr. Henry Myers, a midshipman on board the Hornet, and youngest son of Moses Myers, Esq. of this Borough, departed this life on Friday last, after an illness of 5 days.

Our information from Craney Island, respecting the state of the sick of the Macedonian, continues to be favorable. The number reported yesterday on the sick list was 46, only 5 or 6 of which were considered desperate cases. We regret to learn, however, that there were three new cases yesterday; one of which is Dr. Kissam, acting Surgeon of the U. S. brig Spark, who had been officiating on board the Macedonian, & was, at the time of his attack, in attendance on the sick. Dr. Williamson having been ordered to the John Adams, (which ship is expected to sail in a day or two on a cruise,) the sick are left to the care of Drs. Cowdery and Conway, who have distinguished themselves by the exemplary manner in which they have discharged their arduous duties.

The following is a correct statement of the deaths among the crew of the Macedonian, from the period of her departure from Boston, up to yesterday, inclusive:

Deaths up to Aug. 3, inclusive, 76—since 15—91.

The French Slave Brig recaptured from the Pirates by the Hornet, off Matanzas, and carried into Havana, was released by Capt. Henley to the agents at that port, upon receiving nearly \$10,000 in doubloons as salvage.—Capt. H. considered it more consonant with humanity to accept of this sum, offered by the agents of the Brig, than to send her to the United States for adjudication, as the latter course would, in all probability, be attended with a great sacrifice of human lives, from the number of slaves on board. The Captain of the Brig had previously offered \$17,000 to the Pirates as a ransom, but they refused to accept it, expecting, no doubt, to extort a larger sum. Capt. H. had not heard of any act of piracy, subsequent to that committed on this Brig, although the coast of Cuba swarmed with these desperadoes, who managed to elude the utmost vigilance of our cruisers.

Bacon

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Mexico to his friend in Lexington, (K.) dated City of Mexico, June 7, 1822.

"This is the most resourceful, richest, poorest country at this moment, perhaps in the universe. The climate here, within the tropics, is much cooler than near New-Orleans. The city lies on the north side of a dead flat of rich low ground, surrounded by lofty mountains, and from 15 to 20 miles in diameter, in grass or under miserable cultivation, and ditched and canalled in all directions. The foot of the mountains is ornamented with numerous villages, and numberless churches with lofty domes and spires, the interior of which present a blaze of the precious metals; yet the obstruction of the mines, the failure of commerce, the interruption of the miserable agriculture of the country, and the abolition of internal taxes, to popularise the revolution, have prostrated the finances of the country, and left the richest of its inhabitants in poverty. Circulating coin (specie) is hardly more scarce in your Lexington.

Intrude.—Advices from Vera Cruz to the end of June represent the new Emperor as very much disposed to favor the citizens of the United States, and that, as a proof of his good will towards them; he had ordered a repeal of the law, as far as respects them, which prohibits, for the present, the exportation of specie. So far so well. Whatever Intrude's private motives may be in pursuing this course, we shall do him the justice to admit, that it indicates sound policy on his part, and ought to be hailed by us as a favorable omen. Little or no business was doing at Vera Cruz, and the markets were overstocked with foreign goods.—Com. Adv.

New-York, Aug. 14.

We understand that the Grand Jury yesterday preferred a bill of indictment against Seth Hunt, for a libel on Jonathan Russell, one of the late Ministers of Ghent. Mr. Russell has now put it in the power of Mr. Hunt to redeem his pledge, to prove the improper correspondence between Mr. Russell and some merchants in England, alluded to in a communication of Mr. Hunt's to the editor of the Statesman, under the signature of "Ariel."

N. Y. Gaz.

By the New-York papers, we observe, that Mr. Canning, the Minister of Great Britain, is on a tour in that state. He arrived at Albany on the 9th inst.

Dr. Solomon Everett, who lately died in the state of Connecticut, bequeathed ten thousand dollars for Missionary and Religious purposes.

Prison limits.—The Mayor & Aldermen of the city of Boston have passed an order enlarging the prison limits to the boundary of the county.

There are at present building on the banks of the Kennebeck, in Maine, 18 vessels, viz. one ship, twelve brigs and five schooners, a number of which are nearly ready to be launched.

The London Courier of the 20th June, complains heartily of the application of the East India Company Directors, to the British Ministry, for a reduction of the duties on the East India sugars. "The measure," says the Courier, has expressly in view the ruin of our West India Islands. Mr. P. Moore mentioned that sugar could be raised in the East by freemen at one half penny per pound, which in the West, produced by slaves, cost five pence half penny. The measure is urged by two parties; one, those who desire the abolition of slavery in the West Indies, the other, the free traders to the East Indies, whose object is to take from the West a great commodity in which they may deal."

The Courier contends that the West Indies are to be considered as a more certain and valuable possession for Great Britain than the East. "India may be lost by a war with France and other European powers, or by an attack from Russia, and it is still more in danger from an explosion among the natives; whereas the West Indies are in no such danger, while the British navy prevails. Suppose Jamaica lost, either by an attack of a foreign enemy, or an insurrection of the negroes, England could speedily recover it, if her navy predominates on the ocean. Thus a great source of revenue (about eight millions per annum,) and a great market for the manufactures are secured to her. These views are not without interest for an American politician.—Nat. Gaz.

DIED.

COMMUNICATION.

Departed this life, at her father's house on Monday the 12th inst. Elizabeth, the amiable and much esteemed daughter of Solomon Green, Esq. of Warren county. Scoldon, as I think, has it fallen to the lot of authors of obituary notices to record the death of a more virtuous and respectable young lady, than Elizabeth Green; and to allow so much worth to descend to the tomb unnoticed, the author of these few imperfect lines would not think he had fulfilled his duty; and to portray her truly worthy character in all the relations of child, sister and friend, would far exceed his abilities, suffice it to say, she was a dutiful child, an affectionate sister, and a faithful friend; and if, with those virtues united, we add those of strict morality and charity, and they will constitute a christian, Eliza was so; her acquaintances all respected her, her friends all loved her, and a large family have to deplore her untimely fate, and will long cherish her memory. The chasm which is left, in female society particularly, by her premature departure from this world, can be more easily felt than expressed by those who were acquainted with her; but let her friends console themselves with the thought, that what is their loss is her eternal gain; that though she has departed from amongst us her spirit resides with its Heavenly Father; for during the time of her affliction, which was about eight weeks, she bore her pains with all the meekness and resignation of a christian, signifying a willingness to depart when it should be the will of her Heavenly Father, imploring her friends and relations, particularly the young and gay, not to think so much of worldly things, but to think of God and his works, in whose power all were, and attend to the social duties of virtue and charity, whereby they might be made acceptable in Heaven, and departed in the hope of everlasting felicity.

In Person county, on the 29th ult. Capt. Joseph Pulliam, aged 88 years. An uncommon verification of the old adage occurred not long before his death, in his having a new set of teeth, "once a man and twice a child."

At Cowper-Hill, Robeson county, on the 4th inst. the Rev. Malcom M'Nair, late Pastor of the Presbyterian Churches of Centre, Ash-Pole, Laurel-Hill, and Red-Bluff, in the 48th year of his age, and 20th of his ministry.

In Edenton, on the 11th inst. the Rev. Wm. Creath, an able Minister of the Baptist Church, of Mecklenburg county, Va. where he has left a wife and thirteen children to lament his loss.

At Cheraw, S. C. on the 25th ult. Mr. John McClelland, of Petersburg, Va. and sometime a resident in Fayetteville.

In Jasper county, Georgia, on the 24th ult. Mr. Brittain Harris, an industrious and worthy citizen of that county, and formerly of Chatham county, in this State.

On the 22d ult. Maj. Ebenezer Denny, of Pittsburg, Maj. Denny was born at Carlisle, Pennsylvania. At the age of 16, at an early period in the Revolutionary War, he sailed in a Letter of Marque from Philadelphia to the West-Indies. He attracted the notice of the ship's officers by his conduct in a severe engagement with two British armed vessels off Martinique, and on the voyage home was promoted to the command of the quarter deck. But the success of his first enterprise at sea & the flattering inducements held out to engage him in a second cruise could not overcome the dislike he had acquired to this species of warfare, and he gladly abandoned it for a commission of ensign in the Pennsylvania line. He continued in the service of the U. S. till the close of the War, and has since filled several respectable offices.

At Annapolis, on the 23d ult. Henry Duvall, Esquire, a Judge of the Orphans' Court for Anne Arundel county, Md.