



AND NORTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE.

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An act to amend the ordinance and acts of Congress for the government of the Territory of Michigan, and for other purposes. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all citizens of the United States, having the qualifications prescribed by the act, entitled "An act authorizing the election of a delegate from the Michigan Territory to the Congress of the United States, and extending the right of suffrage to the citizens of said territory," approved February the sixteenth, eighteen hundred and nineteen, shall be entitled to vote at any public election in the said territory, and shall be eligible to any office therein. Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the same powers which were granted to the Governor, Legislative Council, and House of Representatives of the Northwestern Territory, by the ordinance of Congress, passed on the tenth day of July, seventeen hundred and eighty-seven, and which powers are transferred to the Territory of Michigan by the act, entitled "An act to divide the Indiana Territory, into two separate governments," approved January the eleventh, eighteen hundred and five, are hereby conferred upon, and shall be exercised by, the Governor and a Legislative Council; which Council shall consist of nine persons, any five of whom shall be a quorum, and who shall serve for the term of two years, and be appointed as follows, to wit: At the next election of the delegate to Congress from the said territory, after the passing of this act, the qualified electors shall choose, by ballot, eighteen persons, having the qualifications of electors; and such election shall be conducted, certified, and the result declared, agreeably to the territorial law, prescribing the mode of electing such delegate. But the time and manner of electing the members of the Legislative Council shall after the first election, be prescribed by the Legislature of the said territory; and the names of the eighteen persons, having the greatest number of votes shall be transmitted, by the Governor of the said Territory, to the President of the United States, who shall nominate, and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint, therefrom, the said Legislative Council; and vacancies occurring in the said Council, shall be filled in the same manner, from the list transmitted as aforesaid; and the President shall have power, in the recess of the Senate, to make the appointments authorized by this act; but all appointments, so made, shall be submitted to the Senate at their next session, for confirmation. The first Legislative Council shall be assembled at such time and place as the Governor shall, by proclamation, designate. No session in any one year, shall exceed the term of sixty days, nor shall any act passed by the Governor and the Legislative Council be valid, after the same shall have been disapproved by Congress. The members of the Legislative Council shall receive two dollars each, per day, during their attendance at the sessions thereof, and two dollars for every twenty miles in going to, and returning therefrom, in full compensation for their services, and which shall be paid by the United States; Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to affect the right of the citizens of said Territory to elect a delegate to Congress; and the duties required of the Governor (Governor) and Judges by the act referred to in the first section of this act, shall be performed by the Governor (Governor) and Legislative Council. Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the powers and duties of the Judges of the said Territory shall be regulated by such laws as are, or may be, in force therein; and the said Judges shall possess a chancery, as well as common law jurisdiction. The tenure of office of the said Judges shall be limited to four years; and on the first day of February, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four, and every four years thereafter, the office of each of the said Judges shall become vacant: Provided, That nothing in this act contained shall be so construed as to deprive the Judges of the Territory of the jurisdiction conferred upon them by the laws of the United States. Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Legislature shall have power to submit, at any time, to the people of said Territory, the question, whether a General Assembly shall be organized agreeably to the provisions of the ordinance aforesaid; and, if a majority of the qualified electors shall be in favor of such organization, then the powers vested by this act in the Legislative Council, shall cease and determine, and a General Assembly shall be organized, in conformity with the said ordinance, subject to the following provision: The Governor (Governor) of the said Territory shall divide the same into five districts, and the qualified voters in each district shall elect one member of the Legislative Council, which shall possess the same powers heretofore granted to the Legislative Council of the Northwestern Territory; and the members of the Council shall hold their offices four years; and, until there shall be five thousand free white male inhabitants, of twenty-one years and upwards, in said Territory, the whole number of Representatives to the General Assembly shall not be less than seven nor more than nine, to be appointed by the Governor (Governor), to the several counties in the said Territory, agreeably to the number of free white males above the age of twenty-one years, which they may contain; but after the organization of the General Assembly, the apportionment of the representation shall be made by such Assembly: Provided, That there shall not be more than twelve, nor less than seven, of the whole number of Representatives, until there shall be six thousand free white male inhabitants, above the age of twenty-one years; after

which, the number of Representatives shall be regulated agreeably to the ordinance aforesaid. Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That the Governor (Governor) of the said Territory shall have power to grant pardons for offenses against the laws of the said Territory, and reprieves for those against the United States, until the decision of the President thereon (thereon) shall be made known. Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That so much of the ordinance aforesaid, and laws of the United States, as are inconsistent with the provisions of this act, be, and the same are hereby, as respects the Territory of Michigan, repealed. Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the first day of June next, there shall be but one Clerk of the Supreme Court of the Territory of Michigan, who shall perform all the duties of Clerk of said Court, whether sitting as a Circuit and District Court, or as Judges of the Territorial Court. Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That the accounting officers of the Treasury shall settle and adjust the accounts of John J. Deming, making him a reasonable allowance for his services as Clerk of said District and Circuit Court, up to the first day of June next, and that the same be paid out of any money in the Treasury, not otherwise appropriated. Approved, March 3, 1823.

An Act to revive, and continue in force, the seventh section of an act, entitled "An Act supplementary to the several acts for the adjustment of land claims in the State of Louisiana," approved the eleventh May, eighteen hundred and twenty, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the seventh section of an act, entitled "An act supplementary to the several acts for the adjustment of land claims in the State of Louisiana, approved the eleventh of May, one thousand eight hundred twenty, in relation to back concessions, be, and the same is hereby revived, and continued in full force and effect, for the term of eighteen months, from and after the passing of this act. Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That so much of the lot of land on which is situated the navy store-house, in New-Orleans, as may be necessary to continue the street, now commenced, leading from Condi-street, to Market-hall, is hereby granted to, and vested in, the Corporation of the City of New Orleans, for the purpose of continuing the said street. Approved—Feb. 28, 1823.

An act to discontinue certain Post Roads, and to establish others.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the following post routes be discontinued, to wit: IN MASSACHUSETTS. From Monson to Palmer. From Brimfield to Springfield. IN RHODE ISLAND. From Providence to Chepocket, in Gloucester. IN PENNSYLVANIA. From Greensburg, in Beaver county, through Mount Jackson, New Castle, and Mercer, to Franklin. IN NORTH-CAROLINA. So much of the route from Warrenton, North-Carolina, to Edonton, [Edenton,] as lies between Halifax and Murfreesborough; The route from Tarborough to Scotland Neck, and from Stantonsburg to Fayetteville. IN KENTUCKY. From Bowling Green, to Corydon, in Indiana. IN TENNESSEE. From Lebanon to Mount Richardson. IN OHIO. From Chillicothe, through Wilmington, in Clinton county, and Lebanon, in Warren County, to Cincinnati. IN THE FLORIDAS. From Pensacola, to St. Marks, thence, to Volusia Dexter's, or St. John's River, and thence to St. Augustine. Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the following mail routes shall be, and the same are hereby established, to wit: IN MAINE. From Scowhegan Bridge, in Canaan, Somerset county, passing thro' Madison and Solon, to Solon Post-Office; From the town of Harmony, in the county of Somerset, through Ripley, Parkman, Sangerville, Guilford, Foxcraft, and Dover, to Sebuc, in the county of Penobscot; From Belfast to Frankfort, through Swanville and Monroe, in lieu of the present route, which is hereby repealed. IN MASSACHUSETTS. From Springfield through Wilbraham, Monson, Brimfield, Sturbridge, & South-bridge, to Thompson, in Connecticut, and thence, through Chepocket, to Providence, in Rhode Island. IN CONNECTICUT. From Spencer's Corner, in Northeast, Dutchess County, New-York, by the Meeting-House, in Salisbury, to the Post Office in North Canaan. IN NEW-HAMPSHIRE. From Hancock, through Stoddard, to Marlow. From Crawford's, in Nash, and Sawyer's location, to Littleton Post Office.

IN VERMONT. From Poultny, to Whitehall, in New-York.

IN NEW-YORK. From Almond, by Alfred, to Independence, in Allegany county; From Wayne, Steuben county, to Trumansburgh, in Tompkins county; From Buffalo, in Erie, to Olean, in the county of Cattaraugus, passing through the towns of Hamburg, Boston, Concord, and Ellicottville; From Effort's, by Royalton, to Hartland Post Office; From the village of Greene, in Chenango county, to Cincinnatus, in Courtland county, passing through the Big Flats, in the town of Smithfield, and Livernore's tavern, in Germantown. From Morgansville, at the mouth of the Monnewonta creek, in Niagara county, to Lockport. From Potsdam, on the turnpike, by Canton, to Ogdensburgh, on the mail route from Plattsburgh, by Malone, to Ogdensburgh. From Albany to Renslaerville, [Rensselaerville,] through the towns of Bethlehem and Burn, to intersect the post road from Albany to Saratoga, by the way of the Delaware turnpike, to Milfordville. [IN PENNSYLVANIA.] From the city of Lancaster, along the White Horse [House] road, to where it intersects the state road leading from West-Chester to M'Call's Ferry; From Kimberton, to the Yellow Springs; From Greensburg, in Beaver county, through Mount Jackson and New-Castle, to Hariensburgh; From Warren, in the county of Warren, to Olean, in New-York; to pass by the mouth of Great Valley and Kinkum creeks; From Mercer, in the county of Mercer, to Franklin, in the county of Venango; From the South Branch of Towanda Creek, in Bradford county, by way of the Susquehanna and Tioga Turnpike, to Elmira, in the state of New-York; From Allentown, Lehigh county, through Heidelberg township, to Manchunk, in Northampton county.

IN NEW JERSEY. From Flagston to Somerville; From Trenton, by Allentown & Cross-wick, to Bordentown. IN VIRGINIA. From Fredericksburg, by Danielsburg, Orange Springs, and River Bank, to Orange Court House; That the route from Lombardy Grove, in Mecklenburg county, do pass by Haxkinton and Langley's old store, to St. Tammany, in said county; That the route from Richmond to King and Queen Court House, do pass through Walkerton and Stevensville; From Giles Court House, by Charles Dingess's, Samuel Park's, and Shoemaker's, the Falls of Guyandotte, to Barbersville, in Cabell county; From Boone's, in Montgomery, to Grayson Court House; From Hull's store, in Pendleton, to the Court House of Pocahontas; From New London to Calland's store, in Pittsylvania, to pass through Leesville, in Campbell county; From Richmond, along the road called Le Pradt's, by Powhatan Court House, to Farmville, instead of the route now established; From Richmond, by Chesterfield Court House, Mechanics' Inn, Colesville, Wilkersonville, Genito Bridge, Tunsterville, Cassell's store, Amelia Court House, Paineville, and James Town, to Farmville, instead of the route now established.

IN NORTH CAROLINA. From Baltimore, Maryland, by water, to Norfolk, in Virginia; from thence, passing through Murfreesborough, Halifax, and thro' Tarborough; and from thence, direct to Stantonsburg and Waynesborough, to Fayetteville, in North Carolina. That the route from Fayetteville to Wadesborough, be so altered as to pass from Rockingham, by Sneedsborough, to Wadesborough, and return by Beard's store, Allenton, Steel's mills, and Morris's store, to Fayetteville. From Salisbury to Lincolnton & Wilksborough, now established, do return to Salisbury by Sherrell's Ford, Lincoln county, and Mrs. Stewart's in Iredeil county. IN SOUTH CAROLINA. From Cheraw to Coburn's store, in North Carolina. From Spartansburgh Court House to York, by Hancockville, Gandy's store, Hbpewell, and Thompson's tan-yard. IN GEORGIA. From Monticello to Covington, Newton county, then to Henry Court House, then to Monroe Court House, and thence to Monticello. IN TENNESSEE. From Columbia, by Waynesborough, in Wayne county, Hardinsville in Hardin county, Perry Court House, in Perry county, Lexington, in Henderson county, Carroll Court House, in Carroll county, and the town of Jackson, in Madison county, to Memphis, in Shelby county. From Athens, formerly Mount Pleasant, in the county of McMinn, by the way of Columbus, to the Spring Place, on the Georgia road, in the Cherokee nation.

IN KENTUCKY. From Flemingsburg to Owingsville, to go alternately by its present route and by Poplar Plains, Alexander's mills, on Licking, thence, to Owingsville, instead of the route by Anderson's mills, of said river. From Bucksville to Knoxville, in Tennessee; From Prestonburg, in Floyd county, to the court house in Pike county; From Perry court house to Mount Pleasant, in Harlan county; From Bowling Green to Louisville, by Woodsonville, Monfordsville, Elizabeth, and the mouth of Salt river; and that the present route from Louisville to Woodville, be discontinued as soon as the route now established is carried into operation. From Hopkinsville to Eddyville, to go and return by Cadiz instead of by the Rocky Ridge, [Rocky Ridge.] IN OHIO. That the route heretofore established from Dayton direct to Troy, shall be so changed as to go by Union, in Montgomery county, and Milton, in Miami county, and then to Troy; That the route from Williamsburg, the seat of justice of Clermont county, to Lebanon, in Warren county, shall be so altered as to pass through the towns of Goshen, Hopkinsville, and Deerfield; From Lancaster, through Circleville, in Pickaway county, Washington, in Fayette county, Wilmington, in Clinton county, and Lebanon, in Warren county, to Cincinnati; From Lebanon, in Warren county, to Hamilton, in Butler county, be continued from Indianapolis, in Indiana, to Anderson's Town, by way of William Conner's, once in two weeks. IN ILLINOIS. From Green court house, by George Cadwell's, in Morgan county, to Springfield, in Sangamo county; and from Palestine to the seat of justice in Clark county, to the seat of justice in Edgar county; and from the seat of justice in Sangamo, to Stephen Sulman's, in Fancy Grove; From Shawneetown to Hamilton court house; From Harrisonville, by Converse's mill, Columbia, and Cahokia, to St. Louis, in lieu of the present route from Harrisonville to St. Louis, which is hereby discontinued. From Carrolton, by the mouth of Apple creek, Ross's settlement in Pike county, in Illinois, to Louisianaville, in Missouri, and from Cole's Grove, in Pike county, to Carrolton, and the route from Alton to Louisianaville, is hereby discontinued. IN ALABAMA. From Claiborne, by the Tensaw, to Blakely; From Tuscaloosa to Columbus, by Pickins' court house, in lieu of the present route, which is hereby discontinued; From Greensborough, by Erie, through what is called the Forks of the Tombigbee and Black Warrior rivers, by the Garden Spot, to the court house at Pickins' county; From Cahaba to Greensborough; From St. Steven's by the way of Fort Stoddard, to Mobile; From Fort Dale, by Emmett's Store, in Butler county, to Cahaba; From Hartford, in the state of Georgia, by Early court house, Attawa's Store, in Henry county, Alabama, Pike and Covington court houses, to Sparta, and that the route heretofore established, from Fort Hawkins, by Fort Ganes [Gaines] to Concu court house, to be discontinued. IN MISSOURI. From St. Louis, to Boonville, by Winchester, Ninian Hamilton's, in the western parts of St. Louis county; Newport, the seat of justice from [for] Franklin county; Gasgonade, the seat of justice of Gasgonade county; the city of Jefferson, the seat of government of the state; and Marion, the seat of justice from [for] Cole county. IN MICHIGAN TERRITORY. From Detroit, by Pontiac, to the Military Post at Saganaw. IN THE FLORIDAS. From Pensacola, Preolata, on the river St. John's, to St. Augustine, the most convenient and practicable route in the discretion of the Postmaster General. Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That all waters on which steam boats regularly pass from port to port, shall be considered and established as post roads, subject to the provisions contained in the several acts regulating the post office establishment. Approved—March 3, 1823.

An act for the punishment of frauds committed on the government of the United States. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, if any person or persons shall falsely make, alter, forge, or counterfeit; or cause or procure to be falsely made, altered, forged, or counterfeited, or willingly aid or assist in the false making, altering, forging, or counterfeiting, any deed, power of attorney, order, certificate, receipt, or other writing, for the purpose of obtaining or receiving, or of enabling any other person or persons, either directly or indirectly, to obtain or receive, from the United States, or any of their officers or agents, any sum or sums of money; or shall utter, or publish as true, or cause to be uttered, or published as true, any such false, forged, altered, or counterfeited deed, power of attorney, order, certificate, receipt, or other writing, with intent to defraud the United States, knowing the same to be false, altered, forged, or counterfeited; or shall transcribe, or present at, or cause or procure to be transmitted to, or presented at, any office or officer of the government of the United States, any deed, power of attorney, order, certificate, receipt, or other writing, in support of, or in relation to, any account or claim, with intent to defraud the United States, knowing the same to be false, altered, forged, or counterfeited, every such person shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of felony; and being thereof duly convicted shall be sentenced to be imprisoned, and kept at hard labour, for a period not less than one year, nor more than ten years; or shall be imprisoned, not exceeding five years, and fined not exceeding one thousand dollars. Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That if any person or persons shall knowingly have in his, her, or their possession, any false, altered, forged, or counterfeited deed, power of attorney, order, certificate, receipt, or other writing, for the purpose of enabling any person or persons, either directly or indirectly, to obtain or receive, from the United States, or any of its officers or agents, any sum or sums of money, knowing the same to be false, altered, forged, or counterfeited, as aforesaid, with intent to defraud the United States, every such person, upon being thereof duly convicted, shall be fined and imprisoned at the discretion of the court, according to the nature and aggravation of the offence: Provided, nevertheless, That, nothing herein contained shall be construed to deprive the courts of the several states of jurisdiction, under the laws thereof, over offences declared punishable by this law. Approved—March 3, 1823.

An act extending the time for locating Virginia Military Land Warrants and returning surveys thereon to the General Land Office. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the officers and soldiers of the Virginia line, on the continental establishment, their heirs or assigns, entitled to bounty lands within the county reserved by the state of Virginia, between the little Miami and Scioto rivers, shall be allowed a further time of two years, from the fourth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three, to obtain warrants and to complete their locations; and the further time of four years, from the fourth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three, to return their surveys and warrants, or certified copies of warrants, to the General Land Office, to obtain patents. Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of the act, entitled "An act authorizing patents to issue for lands located and surveyed, by virtue of certain Virginia resolution-warrants," passed the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seven, shall be revived, and in force with all its restrictions, except that the respective times allowed for making locations, and returning surveys thereon, shall be limited to the terms prescribed by the first section of this act, for the location and return of surveys on other warrants; and that the surveys shall be returned to the General Land Office, Provided, That no locations, as aforesaid, in virtue of this or the preceding section of this act, shall be made on tracts of lands for which patents had previously been issued, or which had been previously surveyed; and any patent, which may nevertheless be obtained for land located contrary to the provisions of this act, shall be considered null and void. Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That no holder of any warrant which has been, or may be located, shall be permitted to withdraw or remove the same, and locate it on any other land except in cases of eviction, in consequence of a legal judgment first obtained, or unless it be found to interfere with a prior location and survey; nor shall any lands heretofore sold by the United States, within the boundaries of said reservation, be subject [to] location by the holder of any such unlocated warrant. Approved—March 1, 1823.

CAUTION. MY wife Dilly Morris, having left my bed & board without any just cause; I do hereby forwarn all persons from letting her have any thing on my account, as I will not be liable for any debts of hers contracting. WILEY MORRIS, Wake county, March 26, 27 28.

FOR SALE OR RENT. THE Store-House on Fayetteville St. next door above N. Harding & Co. Apply to WM. H. HAYWOOD, JR. Raleigh, Jan. 27, 1823.