

It is with pleasure we state, that William Ruffin, Esquire, has obligingly consented to deliver an Oration on the evening 4th of July.

The following young gentlemen, in addition to those mentioned in our last paper, have obtained licence to practise Law in the several Courts of Pleas & Quarter Sessions, within this State,

- William Jordan, Jr. Fayetteville.
Thomas L. Hybert, do.
William J. Miller, Bladen.
Bryan Hellen, Carteret.

Effects of Lightning.—After several weeks of remarkably dry weather, we were visited on Monday last with a violent storm of wind and rain, accompanied with very severe thunder and lightning.

Horrid Murder.—We have seldom seen an account of a more deliberate and cruel murder, than the following, furnished us by a respectable gentleman of the county in which the foul act was perpetrated.

A Jury of Inquest was held over the body, and from the testimony of the witnesses, suspicion rested on a man by the name of Abolnegro Manes, as the murderer.

Another attempt at Murder!—We learn, (says the Norfolk Beacon,) that on Thursday night last, several negroes went to the house of Mr. Henry Culpepper, residing near Maj. Farrange's, on the Dismal Swamp Canal, and having drawn him to the door by knocking at it, one of them discharged a gun at him, which fortunately, however, did no execution.

The Steam Boat Potomac weekly packet between Washington and City Point, was run foul of about midnight on the 12th instant, just after passing the light house at Smith's Point, by which accident her machinery was injured to a great degree.

done to any one. The Steam Boat being entirely disabled, put back, by means of temporary sails, and on the 16th reached Alexandria in safety, where she will be repaired as soon as her broken machinery can be reinstated.

Our University.—A correspondent complains of the inconvenient seasons at which the Vacations of our University at present take place, & suggests the propriety of having them in the Spring and Fall, as at those seasons the Students are in want of Summer and Winter Cloathing, which, when they are at home, could be readily furnished; whereas, at present, they are put to much inconvenience on this account.

The packet ship Canada, arrived at New-York, brings London papers to the 16th ult. but no material news.—A fearful suspense seems to hang over the movements of Marshal Moncey & General Mina, the French commanders. The Spanish Generals Riego and Morillo have formed a junction. Their force is 16,000 men. Upon the whole, the Spanish cause appears to be gaining ground.

George the 4th is seriously ill of the gout—and Ireland is in a state which gives great alarm to the Government.

Confirmation strong.—The following extracted, from the Fayetteville Gazette, will force our friends of the "Petersburg Intelligencer" to acknowledge, that the assertion which we made some weeks since, relative to our trade with Fayetteville, is not quite so "absurd" as they then imagined.

We have been permitted to make the following extract from a letter from a gentleman in Raleigh to his friend in this place. It is interesting on several accounts; and as it comes from a highly respectable source its suggestions are entitled to serious consideration:

EXTRACT. "I have made enquiry of our merchants, and I find that all of them are quite satisfied with the purchase of their spring goods at Fayetteville. They say they did not get every article they wanted; but those which they did purchase were on better terms than the articles could have been had at Petersburg. I am glad to find that the merchants of Orange, Caswell and Rockingham, who were in the habit of buying at Petersburg, are preparing to make their purchases at Fayetteville. This will be a very important trade to your place, in as much, as it will necessarily draw with it the produce of these counties. There is a sentiment in this part of the state, which I am glad to see prevail, and that is, Fayetteville must be fostered; and to effect this, the Cape Fear Navigation should be improved. It being in the heart of the state, and its improvements within the means of the state to effect, the Board of Internal Improvement has authorized its President to ascertain from the Navigation Company, the terms upon which they will sell out, or surrender their charter to the state. Although the stockholders may not agree to surrender, yet I think they ought to consent to merge a portion of their stock, to induce the state and individuals to increase the capital. One or the other of these measures the stockholders must consent to, or they cannot expect the state to make additional subscriptions.—If they refuse to do either, it will be attributed to an unworthy motive,—that the people of Fayetteville are unwilling to see the river improved above their town,—a motive which I shall readily acquit them of, but I fear others will not be so liberal.

"The prevailing opinion of all intelligent men in different parts of the state is, that the funds of the state are not competent to open and improve all its rivers at the same time; and that but one river should be attempted at a time.—The question is what river shall be fixed on? A majority say the Cape Fear; because it is in the heart of the state,—has two flourishing commercial towns on its banks possessing more capital than any other towns in the state;—and if the river is not improved by the state it will be the fault of the Navigation Company in refusing to do an act of justice."

Gold Mine.—In the county of Anson, N. C. two miles from Rocky river, and about thirty five miles from this place, there has been recently discovered an extensive Gold mine; in excavating which, twelve workmen are now employed with considerable success. We have conversed with a gentleman who a few days since visited this mine; from him we learn the ore is exceedingly pure, and sells readily in its crude state, at 91 cents the penny weight. While he was present, one piece was dug up, weighing twenty-two ounces, equal \$340 40 cts.—One other piece had previously been found weighing forty ounces, equal to \$728. Gold is not found deeper than three and a half feet below the surface. There is a small creek running directly through this mine, the bottom of which being covered with millions of small particles of gold glittering thro' the limpid stream, presents a very interesting appearance.

Cheraw (S. C.) Intel.

Two valuable Negro Men, one belonging to Dr. Norcom, and the other to Mr. Richard Paxton, while bathing on Sunday morning last at Blount's wharf were unfortunately drowned.—It is a singular circumstance, that out of the three brothers who went in at the same time and place to bathe, that the two who were twins, were drowned, and the other saved. It

does not appear that these unfortunate men could swim; although they all without reflection, plunged into water from 20 to 25 feet deep.

Edenton Gazette.

New-York, June 17.

Imprisonment for debt, has, in effect, been abolished at Albany, by the Court of Common Pleas, which has extended the prison limits so as to take in nearly the whole city. The power to do this, was conferred by the last legislature. We wish the law had been general.

The Boston Centinel states, on the authority of letters from Washington, that the Russian Emperor has receded from the ground taken, respecting the jurisdiction of the North West Coast, &c. and has very wisely revoked his famous Ukase on the subject.

We regret to find the Hessian fly has made its appearance in part of N. York. The Balston (Saratoga) Gazette says, "we understand that many of the farmers in the adjacent towns are now ploughing up whole fields of winter grain and planting them with corn, in consequence of the ravages of a fly, said to be the Hessian fly, which visited this country some years since."

We continue (says the Harper's Ferry Press) to receive accounts of the destructive career of the fly in the wheat fields. This punctual but unwelcome visitant, has blighted the fairest hopes of the farmer, and changed the verdure of Spring into an emblem of Famine.

We have been favored with letters from officers attached to the United States brig Enterprize, dated off Saint Thomas, 31st May, 1823. That which we published yesterday contains every thing of consequence, except the following postscript, which was overlooked.

"U. S. BRIG ENTERPRIZE, Off St. Thomas, May 31, 1823."

"Mentioned above that the Cyane had lost a number of officers and men, since her departure from the coast of Africa. Drs. Dix and Peel, Purser Atwood, Midshipman Kirk, all forward officers, and about forty men, have fallen victims."

The death of Lieutenant Allen, by the hands of his piratical murderers, excited a deep tone of regret. We admire this feeling—but is there no sensibility excited for the untimely fate of those gallant young men in our naval service, who, in their generous anxiety to save the property of their countrymen, rush to death by the disease incident to the ports of Cuba, that grave of Americans? It seems almost the residence of death, and we hope that the Secretary of the Navy will, if he continue our squadron in those seas, give positive and peremptory instructions to guard against a misfortune so deep and so afflicting.

Morn. Chron.

We understand (says the National Intelligencer) that Col. Wm. McRee, late of the corps of Engineers; Lieut. Col. R. Lee, Superintendent of the National Armory at Springfield, Massachusetts; and Capt. G. Talcott, of the Ordnance Department have been appointed to explore the Western Country, under the Act passed at the last session of Congress, for the establishment of a National Armory upon the Western waters.

These gentlemen assembled at Pittsburgh, and are now engaged in making the necessary examinations. We are informed that their tour will embrace the whole extent of the Western waters, and that every site, which may be supposed to be suitable for an Armory, will receive a particular examination.

From the general attainments, long experience, and practical knowledge, of these gentlemen, we may expect that their arduous duties will be very satisfactorily performed.

Ireland.—The horrors of the South are thickening to an extent almost inconceivable. Perhaps there were never in the history of Ireland any scenes comparable to those which have been acted, for the last three or four months in Cork and Limerick. Even in the rebellion of 1798, there were not, we are almost convinced, during its entire continuance, so many houses burnt; and though more property must have been destroyed throughout the whole kingdom, yet certainly no two countries have suffered so severely as Cork and Limerick are doing at this moment.

Mr. Canning, in his speech in defence of his negotiations relative to Spain, delivered in the British House of Commons, on the 30th April, somewhat indulged his propensity to merriment at the expense of the ally of Great Britain, Portugal.

"Portugal had, like Spain shewn some symptoms of jealousy with regard to the Congress of Verona, and had been anxious to learn from us how her interests were affected by the deliberations at Verona. He, (Mr. Canning,) believed he had rather of-

fended than gratified the Portuguese Ambassador by the answer he had given on this occasion, for he had said very frankly, 'really, as far as I can recollect, your name was not mentioned at the Congress.' Portugal not mentioned" was the rejoinder, in a tone of indignant astonishment—the institutions of Portugal not made the subject of deliberation! Upon which he, (Mr. Canning,) said—'Oh! upon recollection, you were mentioned—but it was with reference to the Slave Trade.'

New-York, June 10.

Court of Chancery.—The June term of this Court was closed yesterday. This is the last term which Chancellor Kent is to hold in this city; and on this occasion, he took his leave of the gentlemen of the bar in a brief, solemn, and affectionate adieu. It was an impressive scene.—the whole bar present simultaneously rose, and Mr. Wells, on behalf of the profession, expressed the regret they all felt at the separation; and added, that the members of the bar would soon take occasion to convey to the Chancellor a fuller expression of respect and veneration.—Pat.

The reign of the Republican Party in Massachusetts seems to have commenced under favourable auspices, and with such mildness and forbearance as to have drawn forth the applause even of its old adversaries. At the late celebration of the "Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company," at Boston, at which were present the new Governor, (Mr. Eustis,) and many distinguished gentlemen, of all parties, the Governor gave the following toast, not less honorable to himself than complimentary to his predecessor, to whom he has been in politics opposed:

John Brooks—The Soldier, the Gentleman, the Statesman, and (God's noblest work) an Honest Man.

The following "regular" Toasts, drank on the occasion, are also in accordance with the spirit of the times:

The President of these United States—The present prosperity of the people is his highest praise and honor: may his successors continue to add strength to the Union, and power and wealth to the nation.

The Governor and Commander in Chief of this Commonwealth—Massachusetts, the first among the States to commence the war of the Revolution, is now the last to distinguish with the highest honors in her gift, the illustrious personages of that period.

The Militia—An institution created by our forefathers in New England, and fostered by Washington; may show, finery, and parade, never take the place of economy and simplicity.

The memory and example of George Washington—May the citizens of this Republic ever cherish the one and strive to imitate the other.

The Army—Scattered over the land from the Council Bluffs of the Missouri to the shores of Florida, the people will neither forget its past services or its present sacrifices.

The Navy—The boast and bulwark of the nation; the Republic will need no other walls than the wooden ones of the Athenians.

On the 2d inst. Mr. Aaron Sherwood of Bennington, Vt. sheared from one sheep eighteen pounds and fourteen ounces of washed wool of a good quality, and about sixteen inches in length. The sheep was four years old this season, and weighed with the fleece on, one hundred and seventy eight pounds. This is said to be the largest fleece ever sheared in Vermont or perhaps in the United States.

James's account of Long's Expedition to the Rocky Mountains.

A foreign Journal concludes a review of this interesting narrative in the following terms: "In closing these volumes, we cannot but applaud the zeal, perseverance, and intelligence, of the gentlemen composing the Expedition; and though the narrative is presented in the unstudied form of a diary, it will be perused with pleasure and satisfaction, and will supply an ample fund of information on many points, to which the limits of this analysis will scarcely permit us even to advert." The Reviewer dwells upon the valuable and important additions that have been made to the Geography of the new World within the last half century, by the skill and enterprise of different navigators and travellers.—"In these attempts," he adds, "the American government has been honorably conspicuous; and its exertions have been at once stimulated and aided by the progress of population in the western states, and the acquisition of Louisiana from France, which placed at its command a rich and varied territory, inexhaustible in natural resources, and almost infinite in extent." Major Pike first approached the chain of the Rocky Mountains, in the attempts which he made to ascertain the courses of the Arkansas and Red River; but his progress was stopped by the Spaniards. We have understood that they were not inattentive to the expedition which was so judiciously confided to Major Long by the present Secretary of the War Department.—But they were not able to offer any obstructions to his researches, and we again express the pleasure with which we have contemplated their results.

U. S. Gaz.

Col. James P. Preston, late Governor of Virginia, in consequence of the state of his health, and a series of domestic misfortunes, has been compelled to resign the Office of Commissioner for ascertaining claims and titles to land in the Territory of Florida, to which he had been appointed.

A circumstance occurred yesterday, which more fully, perhaps, than a thousand arguments, demonstrates the utility of the Stepping-mill as a mode of punishment, and its superiority for that purpose, over incarceration in the state prison.

A fellow by the name of Perry was arraigned on an indictment for stealing sundry articles of property, the value of which was therein stated to be a few cents over twenty dollars. The prisoner pleaded guilty,—when the Recorder, on looking at the indictment and observing its near approach of the limit which would reduce the offence and its punishment, by the terms of the statute, from grand to petit larceny,—remarked, that it was proper the prisoner should be

By authority of the State of North Carolina.

MASONIC LOTTERY, or the Repairs of St. John's Lodge, No. 17 Newbern.

Table with 2 columns: Prize amount and quantity. 1 Prize of \$5,000 is \$5,000; 1 of 2,000 is 2,000; 2 of 1,000 is 2,000; 4 of 500 is 2,000; 10 of 100 is 1,000; 20 of 50 is 1,000; 100 of 20 is 2,000; 2000 of 5 is 10,000.

2138 Prizes, \$25,000; 2862 Blanks, \$25,000; 5000 Tickets, at \$5 \$25,000

This Lottery will be drawn in the old and popular way: All the Prizes floating from the commencement of the Drawing.

Prizes payable sixty days after the completion of the Drawing; subject to a deduction of twelve per cent.

Prizes not demanded within Twelve Months from the date of the last day's Drawing, will be forfeited to the Wheel. An official list of the several Drawings will be forwarded to each of the places where Tickets may be rendered by the authority of the Managers, and also published in the Carolina Sentinel, printed in this place.

Notice will be given in one of the Newspapers printed in Raleigh, Fayetteville, Wilmington and Washington, and the Sentinel in this place, of the commencement of the Drawing, and also of its completion.

Tickets can be had of the Managers, at the Office of the Carolina Sentinel; and at the Book Store of Mr. S. Hall, in this place. Letters addressed to either of the Managers, with the Cash enclosed, and postage paid, will be promptly attended to.

- JAMES C. COLE, MANAGER.
NATH'L SMITH,
WM. S. WEBB,
T. A. PASTEUR,
LEWIS FOSCOE,
T. SPARROW.

Newbern, March, 1823. Tickets in the above Lottery, can also be had of B. B. Smith, Esq. at the Post Office, and at the Book Store of J. Gales & Son, in Raleigh. 26 4w—1a mtf

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA, SAMPTON COUNTY, Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, May Term, 1823.

Susannah Haynes v. Heirs of John Haynes, sen. dec'd. Petition for dower.

Appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Joseph Haynes, John Haynes, jr. and Abraham Haynes, are not inhabitants of this State—it is ordered that publication be made in the Raleigh Register for three weeks, that they personally appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the County of Sampson, at the Courthouse in He then, in the most simple, but energetic language described what he called a Saviour's dying love to sinful man; so that the whole assembly melted into tears. This address was accompanied with such animated, yet natural action, that it surpassed any thing I ever saw or heard in any other preacher."

PRICES CURRENT.

Wilmington, Fayetteville, Newbern, June 21, June 19, June 14.

Table with 3 columns: Commodity, Price per unit, and Price per unit. Includes items like Brandy, Cog., Apple, Bacon, Butter, Beeswax, Coffee, Corn, Cotton, Candles, Flour, bbl., Gin, Holland, American, Iron, per ton, Lard, Molasses, Potatoes, bbl., Rum, Jamaica, W. India, Rice, per cwt., Salt, Liverpool, Sugar, Loaf, Tobacco, cwt., Whiskey.

MARRIED.

In this county on the 11th inst. Dr. Robert Boyd to Miss Etiza Boice, daughter of Isham Boice, Esq.

At Rockingham C. H. Robert Martin, Esq. to Miss Polly Settle, all of said county. In Caswell county on the 12th inst. Mr. Jonathan R. Watlington, to Miss Dorothy C. Rice, all of said county.

DIED. A few days since in Newbern, of an inflammation of the bladder, Col. Edward Pastour,