## FORFIGN.

#### ONE DAY LATER FROM EUROPE.

New York, June 23. The London packet ship London Cant. Chardler, has just arrived in S4 days from the isle of Wight, and brings I undon napers one day later than were before received, and Paris dates two days later. We have only time to make a very concise summary.

The news that Mina had succeeded in gaining the rear of Marshal Moncey is confirmed. This the French Ditras call reitenting, but when the General succeeds in effecting what his adversary vainiv endeavors to prevent, it has very much the appearance of an advance.

The Pilote anneunces the communications on the read from Iron to Vittoria baving need of protection, several detachments of troops have been withdrawn from the army besieging St. Schastian for that service.

The garrison of St. Sebastian have made a sortie, which the French .papers modestly say. "has put into their hands a' number of French prisoners."

Two new Guerilla chieftains have presented themselves, one named Mondata, ex-aid-de-camp to General Porlier: the other Col. Pablo, surnamed Chanalangara. The latter has specially undertaken to scour the route leading from Vittoria, through Salvatientia to Pampeluna. One of the sons of Count Espelette, Ex. Viceroy of Navarre, is also in that province, at the head of a Guerilla party.

The Bayonne papers mention that 10 waggens, heavy laden with money for the supply of the French, have passed that place.

The advance of the French army, which out last intelligence left at Valladolid, have made a retrogade march to Burgos. The reason for this movement is alleged to be to avoid a collision with the Portuguese army, with whom theFrench are not at war.

the Colombian brig of war Mors was sunk by a point blank shot, and nearly all on board perished. Morales, finding his situation a bad one, retreated with his army to Gibralter, leaving Admiral Padilla and the Colombian forces in possession of his strong hold ; the forts being manned by the Patriots and their flags hoisted, they proceeded towards the city, " which immediately rallied round the standard of Liberty." Morales, not thinking himself safe, went on towards Perto Cabello, taking Coro in his way .-Miten, two days march from Coro, near Valencia, he fell in with the advance guard of Gen. Paez, an action ensned, and Morales' army was completely routed. In this, as in several other actions, the Spanish General displayed a want of courage, leaving the field of battle, and his army to the mercy of the enemy; this is the sum total of the news received to-day. enclose a true copy of a letter from Gen. Paez on the subject :

Extract of a letter from Gen Paez, dated YALENCIA, MAY 22, 1823.

We have just given the Spaniards a dreadful beating, and I may safely say it will prove a death blow to their hopes. My advanced guard yesterday encountered the Cavalliers Burgos del Coro, which I must confess harrassed us no little. The Rovalists, thank God, have naid dearly for their temerity .-The Cavalliers de Valencia, a fine Spanish regiment of horses, have been entirely cut to pieces by my troops, principally Creoles of Caraceas. Morales fled the field precipitately after losing the city, and the best part of his f rees, all he has now with him, (being thinned by capture and desertion) amounts to about 1400 fighting men, miserably clothed and fed, whilst our forces here are 3,530 effective men. Morales has made good his retreat to Coro. I only wait the arrival of a frigate from England to co-operate by sca, when we shall make a desperate attack on Puerto Cabello, being persuaded that it requires an effort. The momently expected force, and that which we already have at La Guira, will no doubt be sufficient to effect our purpose.

The brave Padilla has forced the bar of Maricaibo, & captured the forts by strength and stratagem, on the 19th, after an obstinate resistance, with the loss of the brig Mars of 20 guns. A large Spanish schooner was destroyed by the Independencia. The Captain escaped in his boat, but a few hours after was killed by order of Morales. The good people of royalty have changed their opinion of this MODERN NERO, and fondly look up to us for salvation. The town of Maricaibo, it is said, has capitulated -- Vivu la Republica.

-the carnage now became dreadful, |attempted to cause some soldiers to be || We know that the prisoners, to the shot for want of discipline, was sudidenly aliandoned by the whole corps d'armes. It is even said that there was a sort of a mutiny, and that the them with the bands of the Faith pro-General of the Faith was obliged to fly accompanied only by a single aid-decamp. According to the same story, several battalions had been detached from the French army in the vicinity in order to keep up the blockade of Santona. It is said that the Marshal Duke of Albufera. (Suchet) is about to take his departure for the army.

A letter from Perpignan of the 7th May, gives as a report, "that the French commandant of the town of Figueras, sent to the commander of the fortress a flag, begging him not to fire upon the city, as it injured it very much, menacing him at the same time with rigorous treatment when captured if he should persist in his course. The Spanish commander received the flag and message, sent back the messenger, and immediately commenced a fire upon the town."

The departure of his excellency Mr. Gallatin is not without hope of return. This worthy representative of the United States, having asked for his recal on account of his family affairs, has only obtained a limited leave of absence. Mr. D. Sheldon, Secretary of Legation, remain as " Charge d'Affaires" of the United States during the absence of Mr. Gallatin.

Constitutionel:

#### PERPIGNAN, MAY 10.

Extract from our private correspondence .- Gen. Donadieu entered Vich on the 6th. There was only a slight skirmish in the wood of Tosca, between Olot and Laspresas, where we had about 30 men wounded. The enemy continued his retreat, passed over the bridge of Roda, over the Ter, where he abandoned the left bank of that river, and retired upon Lusanes. There it was that General Donadieu entered Vich, and that the enemy detached 4000 men to re-ascend the Ter, by the right bank, and taking the road from Vich to Rippoll, passed through this last city and arrived the 8th at Campredon, a place situated about three leagues from the frontier, in order to cut off our communications with that place, whence Gen. Donadieu draws all his munitions and provisions. The entry of his corps at Campredon was announced by the sudden and unexpected arrival of those same monks, who, on the 4th, at six o'clock in the morning had gone out of the town, with the ringing of bells, to repair to their respective convents, and take possession of their rents and emoluments. The arrival of the enemy at Rippoll is also confirmed by the way of Cerdagne. On the 7th, the inhabitants of Ripoll fled to Cerdagne, spreading the news of the arrival of Mina in their town. The troops were under arms the whole night of the 7th, expecting momently the arrival of Mina's troops: but the object of that chief seenfed to be to occupy Campredon, and thus to cut off the supplies of Gen. Donadieu. A considerable convoy, which had already started from Olot, returned on the 8th to Paris. We know nothing of the ulterior operations of these two corps. We only know, that on the 8th, Gen. Donadieu ordered the 7th battalion of the 15th regiment of the line which remained at St. Leauret de Cerdans, in order to cover that part of the frontier, to march immediately on to Olert, which they did on the ninth. The enemy appears in no way disconcerted by our entry into Catalonia, and those of their partizans who remain in the villages which we occupy, appear satisfied with Mina's operations. The soldiers of Eroles' division which remained in Cerdagne, deserted every day, with their arms and baggage. The officers of the faith pretend it is because they are not paid; and, in fact the military chest having followed the march of Eroles, there has been no paymaster left in Cerdagne for the troops of the Faith.

number of 60, made at the affair of Logrono, have arrived at Vittoria .-The efforts, however, to incorporate ved unavailing; all refused, declaring with the greatest energy, that they preferred to be shot.

## -1000000 VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

#### FROM THE WESTERN CAROLINIAN. Morgantown, May 30, 1823.

The select corresponding committe, together with the delegates appointed by the diferent captains' companies, met according to adjournment; when the delegates reported the following votes, in favor, and against calling of a convention: 1311 votes in favor of the measure, and 33 against it. There were four companies unrepresented : but from the best in formation it is supposed, had the votes been taken, the result would have been similar to the reported companies.

The committee and delegates of the county proceeded to nominate two persons as delegates to be voted for at the next election | to meet in convention at Raleigh ; when Col. Isaac T. Avery, and Wm. Dickson, Esq. were unanimously appointed.

On motion, ordered, that Col. I. T. Avery address a letter to the General Committee of Correspondence, or any member, to inform them of our proceedings, and to request such information as they may be in possession of. as regards the convention.

Ordered, further, that the committee and county delegates convene at Morganton, on the fourth Monday of July next.

It is further ordered, that the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Western Carolinian, and that the Secretary forward them for that purpose.

ANDREW BAIRD, Chairman. BAKER WOODWARD Sec'y.

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RISE OF TICKETS IN THE GRAND STATE LOTTERY

OF MARYLAND. The Great Capital Prizes of 100,000 Dollars, 20,000 Dollars, 10,000 Dolls-10,000 Dolls, 5.000 Dollars, 5.000 Dollars, 17 of 1.000 Dollars.

# SOUTHERN PREACHER

S the materials for this work are now A nearly collected, and will soon be arranged, I wish, before committing it to the press, to ascertain the number of copies sub. scribed for. For obvious reasons, I have te. solved, that the number of copies to be prin. fed, shall not greatly exceed the number previously engaged. Postmasters and oth persons holding subscription papers for the work, will therefore oblige me, by communicating to me, though the medium of the mail, as speedily as they conveniently can, the number of subscribers they have obtain-COLIN M'IVER, Editor.

N. B. Editors of Newspapers, friendly to the propagation of evangelical truth, will promote the cause of literature and religion by giving this request an insertion in their respective papers. 40

### C. Mq. JNO. PRIMROSE & CO.

AVE now received the remainder of their Spring supply of Dry Goode Paints and Medicines. Their assortment is very complete, and consists of a great variety. They have a few Gentlemen's Leghorn Hats of very excellent quality, which will be sold low as the season is somewhat advanced.

They have also (on consignment) 8 or 10 dozen Edinborough Strong Ale, equal if not superior to Porter, and will be sold by the dozen or single bottle. Raleigh, June 20. 39 St

JUST PUBLISHED,

By J. Gales & Son, Raleigh,

No. 2 of Reports of Cases of the Supreme Court of North-Carolina, decided at June Term, 1821. By Francis L. Hawks, Esq. June 10.

#### STILLS.

H. REEDER, infor as his customers , and the public, that he has now on hand an assortment of STILLS of various sizes .- He continues to make them, and will be enabled to furnish them of any dimensions at the shortest notice.

He requests those having Stills which may need repairs, to favor him with their work as soon as possible, as he may be unable to attend to them so well when the season for using them is at hand, and he is crowded with work. May 20.

A convoy of goods chiefly for the French army, to the amount of 8 millions, left Bayonne on the 9th under a good escort.

It is again stated that the factious Portuguese under Amarante, were on their way to join the French. Riego has written that he shall not cease to pursne them. These rebels had taken the road to Astorgo, to avoid Morillo, who had left Valladolid with some cavalry.

A later paragraph states, that at a Council of war, the Portuguese Constitutional army judged it not prudent to penetrate Spain any farther, and had commenced their march home again. There are no later dispatches from the French head quarters, at Burgos, than the 10th-not as late as were befere received.

The provisional junta, or (Regency) was to leave Borgos for Vittoria. This does not took like going to Madrid as soon as they had anticipated.

The health of the British King is so much better that no bulletin was issued on the 17th.

FROM THE SPANISH MAIN.

From the correspondent of the National Advo. cute.

### CURRACOAN MAY 30, 1823. Reported capture of Maracaibo, and total defeat of Gen. Morales.

We have had for several days past. fixing rumors of the fall of Maracaibo, and defeat of Gen. Motales .- all of which, however, wanted confirmation. By an arrival to day from Aruba we have received the grateful intelligence that the reports are frue, and that Maracaibo has actually surrendered to the victorious arms of Colombia, and fell in the following manner :

On the 16th inst. two Spanish armed schooners sailed from Maracaibo for Porto Cabello, not knowing that the Colombian Admiral, Padilla, had crossed the bar a few hours previous. and by whom they were shortly captured; the whole fleet then stood to the Lagoon, and af daylight Admiral Padilla manned these two Spanish schooners with seamen and marines, ordered them to boist Spanish colors and make sail for the city, and that he would send a few sail in chase, which, however, should not overtake them; all things being prepared, at 7 A. M. the manœuvre commenced, the whole Colombian fleet made sail, in chase of these two decay vessels,they were seen by the forts, which, not suspecting the trick, began to fire on the Colombians and protect the supposed Spanish schooners, which anchored close under fort St. Carlos, and remained in battle array, firing blank cartridges at Padilla, till his fleet engaged the forts. A landing was then effected from the schooners, and the crews entered the fort with three cheers : in a few moments, however, the Spaniards found out the cheat, and were thrown into confusion ; this | to hands with the French army. It is gatiant little band of Colombians harrassed them in the rear whilst Padilla blockading Santona with S or 4000 in front was pouring in a galling fire,

## LATEST FROM FRANCE.

New-York. June 24.

The packet ship Montano, Captain Smith, from Havre, arrived last evening-having brought Paris papers and private intelligence to the 19th of May -being three days later than was received yesterday via London. For the following translations we are indebted to the Editors of the American.

#### PARIS. MAY 17.

Intelligence from Genea of the 15th announces the occupation of Palamos by our troops, who were received with those transports of joy to which they are now accustomed. The approaches to Barcelona are continued. The movements of Mina are uncertain, the 11th he descended towards Cordoza. and appeared by the hesitation of his march to have no fixed plan, and only desirous to avoid an engagement .--His troops are diminishing every day. Those whom he forcibly enlisted, take advantage of the mountain defiles and height murches, to desert.

From the corps blockading Pampeluna, they write on the 7th-" The city is closely pressed, within short cannon shot, by six battalions and eight squadrons, of the Sd corps of Coudy's division, and by S000 Spanish rovalists. These forces will be augmented in a few days, by the arrival of S battalions of the 14th regiment, from France, and by 3000 Navarrois, whom the Brigadier, Santos Ladon, is bringing from Saragossa by Jaca. The French and the Spanish Revalists live in the most perfect harmony-they are rivals only in the zeal with which they support the fatigues of the service and the rigors of the season. The garrison of Pampeluna, which is composed of the skeletons of 5 or 7 regiments, and 500 militiamen, forming altogether an effective force of less than 300 men, sustains daily lusses from desertion. They dare no longer | course, dating from the 1st instant. to hazard any sorties. Fresh meat is already very scarce in the city, while the blockading troops enjoy great abundance. It is thought that if the battering train were arrived, that Pampeluna, notwithstanding the strength of its walls, would not be long before it opened its gates."-Jou. des Debats.

#### BAYONNE, MAY 11.

Private correspondence.- We learn from travellers, that the Constitutional Government has forbidden any interwith the parts of Spain occupied by French. It is true, as we have stated. that the greater part of the families at all easy in their circu ustances, fly at our approach. Segovia was evacuated 5 days ago. Excepting some field pieces, which the scholars of the artillery school carried off to Rodrigo, all the materiel was abandoned for want of means of transportation. Madrid is almost deserted. Every body is retiring to the Andalusias. The roads are incumbered with emigrants carry. ing off their most precious effects .-There is, however, no defection among the troops, and the bands of the Faith do not increase. The occupation of the capital was foreseen, and no one necessity of escorting the conveys is already felt, as certain information has been received of the formation of several guerilla corps in the provinces.

## &c. &c. &c. Being still Undrawn.

#### COHEN'S OFFICE, 114, Market-St. ? Baltimore, June 17. 5 Timely notice is hereby given that the

price of Tickets in the Grand State Lottery will be advanced to FIFTEEN DOLLARS on Thursday the 10th of July-until which time the rate will continue, viz :

Whole Tickets, \$12 | Quarters, - \$3 00 Halves, - - 6 | Eighths, -1 50

> To be had, warranted undrawn, at COHEN's

Lottery and Exchange Office, 114, Market-Street, BALTIMORE.

Where the great Capital Prizes in Both the last Lotteries were sold to distant Adventurers, and where more Capital Prizes have been Sold than a any other Office in America.

Orders' from any part of the United States by mail (post paid) or by private conveyance, enclosing the Cash or Prizes in any of the Baltimore Lorrentes, will meet the same prompt and punctual attention, as if on personal application, addressed to J. I. COHEN, Jr. Baltimore.

COHEN's " Lottery Gazette & Register," which is published every week, will contain the Official Lists of each Drawing of the Grand State and Monument Lotteries, and will be forwarded gratis, to all who purchase their Tickets at COHEN's OFFICE. Those who wish to receive the Register will men tion it when they send on their Orders. J. I. COHEN, Jr.

June 27.

### JOHN A. PETERSON,

observed your attempted " creep out,' in the Petersburg Intelligencer of the 27th of June. You say that you do not wish out private disputes to trouble the public ! This is what I wished to hear from you (although we never had a dispute.) To be plain, it was owing to your cavilling and the underhanded means used by you, that we did not settle our accounts .- That is, you as the Administrator of John Jas. Thweatt, and I as one of the legal representatives of Captain Wm. Parsons, dec'd. If a full detail is necessary for your satisfaction, I hope it will be in my power to give it, on the 23d instant, personally-or as soon thereafter as you may please to call on me for it.

#### WM. GILMOUR. 41 1t

41 2w

As before directed.

July 2. N. B. As you thought proper to make a N. B ! I do the same-and the only object I have, is to let you know that I have not passed over your insignificant piece without a strict attention to its contents.

## FRIDAY, JULY 4, 1823.

Raleigh Register.

Fourth of July .- The auniversary of our existence as a free and inde. pendent people again returns, and naturally awakens a crowd of proud and interesting recollections of past events and feelings. Those who coeval with the revolution, hailed it with enthusiasm; who hastened the crisis to which it led; who, by their zeal, roused the latent energy of their countrymen, and kept up their spirits and their exertions, until they were crowned with a glorious success-have now the joy of contemplating all their hopes realized, in the happiness, the freedom and the reputation of their Country. To those who aided in the planting, or who watched over and protected the incipient growth of the tree of Liberty, we would say in terms of congratulation', behold the consummation of your most towering hopes ! Behold the noble product of your care! It yearly increases in strength and beauty, and its roots penetrate more deeply into the soil which gave it birth; it will continue to increase, until its branches shall overshadow the earth, and all na-

tions repose beneath its shade. The United States present at this moment the proudest spectacle on earth. Whatever little animosities exist among us, or whatever competitions there may be for office, oppression is not known within our borders, and peace reigns throughout the land. Our government, is administered with wisdom and justice, and every man with perfect freedom, pursues the track prescribed by his judgment or inclination. Here neither rank nor wealth pave the way to honor ; the only prerequisites to the highest office, are honesty and capability. Here the people possess all power-from their will, there can be no appeal. and authority has no solid security, but in their approbation and respect. The American who is conscious of his native worth, when he beholds the supplicating form, the sycophantic adulation of a miserable throng, cringing at the unhallowed feet of despotism, feels the honest glow of indignation crimson on his cheek, to think " that human nature will de-

scend so low." On this day, devoted to gladness, let us rejoice in the happy prospect before us; let us with becoming gratitude offer our thanks to the Supreme Ruler of the Universe for the unrivalled blessings bestowed upon us-and let us resolve forever to adhere to the luminous principles on which our liberties are founded. The following order of Celebration, arranged by Thos. Cobbs, Esq. Marshal of the day, will be observed in this City at the approaching Anniver-

#### PARIS, MAY 18.

The report yesterday circulated, of the complete defeat of a corps of Roy. alist Spaniards, 2000strong, commanded by Romagossa, by Mina, who fell unexpectedly upon them, becomes today more probable. It is said that the plan of Mina, was to attack in order to disperse the two divisions of Eroles and Romagossa, before coming said that Gen. Quesada, who was man of the Army of the Faith, having

#### SELLING OFF AT COST.

HARDING & Co. desirous of closing their present business, offer for salo their Stock of Goods ; consisting of a general assortment of Groceries, Paints, Oils, Glass and Crockery Ware, &c. &c. at Cost. Families and others, who wish to be sup plied with the above articles, will do well to call.

Among other articles, they have a few Quarter Casks of Madeira, Sicily & Teneriffe WINES, of a superior quality ; also 3 Pun cheons W. I Rum, 3d proof; all of which will be sold a bargain. April 30.

### LABORERS WANTED.

WILL employ 15 or 20 good laboring Hands, black or white ; to such as are able bodied, I will give ten dollars a month, appears alarmed at the thought. The on application at the Work at Lock hart's Falls, Neuse River ; or to Robert H. Wynne, of Raleigh, who will engage and direct them to me.

May 5.

THOMAS A. MERA. 36 2m

sary. The day will be ushered in by a dis; charge of Cannon, at which time the military will parade-another gun at sun-rise, when a suitable return of thanks to Divine Providence will be offered up at the Methodist Church. At 9 v'clock the Military will again parade, and at 10 repair to the Capitol Square, for the purpose of for mill