

A PANNEL GIG

WELL finished and made of the best materials will be sold low, by WM. THOMPSON. Raleigh, Sept. 4. 50

NEW BOOKS.

J. CALFS & SON have just received from Philadelphia an assortment of New Books, among which are the following: Maule & Selwyn's Reports, Washington's Reports, a new edition, Manning's Digest of the Nisi Prius Reports, Hammond's Nisi Prius, Thomas's Practice, new edition, Art of Invigorating Life, Memoirs of the Court of Queen Elizabeth, by Miss Aikin, pingan Gilhaize, a Novel, Quentin Durward, Life of William Penn, Travellers Directory, A variety of School Books, &c. 50-2t

NORTH-CAROLINA.

Treasurer's Office, 1st Sept. 1823. THE fiscal year of this State has now again nearly rolled around, and in order that none concerned be taken by surprise or found stumbling, it may be expected from the Public Treasurer that, according to usage, the attention of the Sheriffs and other Revenue Officers be solicited to the necessity of settling and balancing their Accounts respectively with the State, on or before the first day of October next, being the time fixed by law for that purpose. The Treasurer therefore conforms to the custom above referred to; but even whilst he does so, he feels both pride and pleasure in calling to mind that, judging of the future from the past, he is warranted in the belief all concerned would promptly and honorably have acquitted themselves of this all important duty, without being reminded of it by himself or any other.

JOHN HAYWOOD, Pub. Treas'r.

NOTICE.

PANAWAY from the Subscriber, in Richland District, S. C. about 30 miles below Columbia, on the night of the 20th inst. two Negro Women, ELIZA and DEBY. Eliza is from 20 to 25 years of age, 5 feet, 3 or 4 inches in height, dark complexion, a large prominent mouth, speaks quick when spoken to, in a humble manner, lost from her right hand part of a finger to the second joint, that next the little one. Deby is a small woman, about 20 years of age, 4 feet, 10 or 11 inches in height, yellow complexion, speaks slow, has rather a down look when spoken to; she has a small scar on her left shoulder, appears to have been caused by a whip—no other mark recollected—carried with them the following cloaths: a blue, white and a dark colored calico frock, a white and red striped do, a white cambric do, cassimere shawl, and a blue cloth cloak.

I purchased the said negroes about the 27th of June last, of Thomas A. Oliver of Virginia, who brought them from either that State or Maryland—and no doubt their aim is to return. Any person apprehending the said negroes and delivering them to me, or lodging them in any Jail and giving information by directing a few lines to Columbia, S. C. shall be reasonably rewarded, and all expenses paid.

HEZ'N. THOMSON.

Columbia, 23d August, 1823.

NOTICE.

PANAWAY from the subscriber, living in Richland District, S. C. about 20 miles below Columbia, on the night of the 20th inst. a small Negro Man, named SIMON, about 22 years of age, 5 feet, 4 or 5 inches in height, dark complexion, a little bow-legged, speaks quick when spoken to, has a sly look, if under dread or fear—no mark recollected. He carried with him the following cloaths: a round-about coat made of white flannels, dyed with hickory bark; a blue broad cloth dress coat, considerably worn; a coarse pair cassimere grey pantaloons; 1 pair of Russia drill; one pair do, nearly white; a homespun shirt, ruffled; a quantity of other cloaths not known. I purchased the said Negro 3 or 4 years ago, of George Allen, of North-Carolina. He brought him from near Norfolk, Va. and no doubt his aim is to return. Any person apprehending the said Negro, and delivering him to me, or lodging him in any Jail, giving information, by directing a few lines to Columbia, S. C. shall be liberally rewarded, and all expenses paid.

WILLIS GAY.

Columbia, 23d August, 1823. 49 3t

N. B. I think it more than probable that he went in company with two negro women belonging to Mr. Hez'N. Thomson, as they went off about the same time.

UNIVERSITY OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK.

COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

City of New-York, May 6th. 1823.

THE College of Physicians and Surgeons will commence their course of Lectures, for the ensuing winter session, on the first Monday of November next, (the 3d,) at the College in Barclay-street.

Dr. ROSACK, on the Theory and Practice of Physic, and Clinical Medicine. Dr. MACNIVEN, on Chemistry. Dr. POST, on Anatomy & Physiology. Dr. MITCHELL, on Botany and Materia Medica.

Dr. MOIT, on Surgery. Dr. FRANCIS, on Obstetrics, and the Diseases of Women and Children.

The BOARD OF TRUSTEES deem it proper to make it known, that, in conformity with the ordinances of the Honorable Regents of the University, every Student is required to attend two full courses of all the Lectures delivered in this College, before he can be admitted as a candidate for the Doctorate; unless said Student shall have previously attended Lectures in said College, prior to the session of 1822-3, or shall have attended one entire course of lectures delivered in some respectable Medical School or University. The Candidate must, also, have Studied Medicine three years with some respectable practitioner, have arrived at the age of twenty-one years, and it will be expected that he should produce written testimony to that effect.

The Matriculation Ticket is five dollars, the holder of which is entitled to the use of the College Library.

By order of the Board, WRIGHT POST, M. D. President. JOHN W. FRANCIS, M. D. Regist'r.

PETERSBURG UNION HOTEL.

AS Proprietors, we have opened this TAVERN, the oldest Establishment of the kind in Petersburg, which has been much improved from time to time, in all the interior apartments, as well as by additional buildings, so as to answer all the purposes of a public Tavern and Boarding House. Such are the arrangements of the buildings and accommodations, with some new improvements which are rapidly advancing to a state of completion, that Travellers and visitors, with Ladies and young families, can be conveniently and agreeably entertained. The premises are located in close contiguity to the most commercial part of this growing and prosperous town, and being so extensively and happily situated, that calm retirement, or a public situation, can be enjoyed at pleasure.

The Proprietors shall, upon all occasions, make it their pleasure and duty to give satisfaction; and with a sincere view to accomplish that great and desirable object, they shall spare no pains or expence whatever, in all the departments of the Establishment—particularly by presenting excellent Lodging Rooms, duly furnished; good Servants, honest and attentive; an abundant TABLE, with the most choice viands; as well as the best of Wines and other Liquors, which our country will afford. We are not unmindful of the important value of a well regulated and furnished Stable—our friends, and visitors, may rest assured that this department shall answer every just expectation, and to effect that object we have employed an able and experienced Ostler, distinguished for his attention and fidelity—he will do his duty. Our Stables and Carriage-Houses are now large, and will also be improved. Our water lot is such that Horses can have free access to water when so ordered, the stable lot being immediately situated on Appamatox river.

This is the same Establishment which was so long owned and managed by Mr. James Durell, who enjoyed so much prosperity in our line, and gave such general satisfaction. He was succeeded by Mr. French, and afterwards by Mr. Eckles.—These two last Gentlemen justly merited and received the attention of Mr. Durell's friends; we hope to do the same.

DAVID MEADE resides on the premises and will conduct the affairs of this House, assisted by Mr. COOPFR, who has long served in this Establishment, and his correct deportment is so generally known, as to make it unnecessary for us to tender assurance or recommendation in that respect.

It is useless for us to state our rates for Board, by the day, week, month or year—they are as moderate as the abundance of our highly favored country require—on this subject, we confidently hope our town and country friends, visitors and strangers, will have no cause to complain. We close with asking it as a favor, that no person may ever leave our house with a feeling or sentiment of complaint, without stating the cause—the proper explanation or redress will always be made.

We think it necessary to add, that kind nature has favored us with a healthy situation. The Water used at our house is perhaps from the best Springs below the mountains, and our Ice House is very convenient.

DAVID MEADE, PETER M. HARDWAY. Petersburg, August 8. 47 9t

By the Governor of North-Carolina.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by an act of the last General Assembly of North Carolina, entitled "an act to provide for the sale of the Lands lately acquired by Treaty from the Cherokee Indians, which have been surveyed and remain unsold," the Governor is authorized and required to cause the said Lands to be offered for sale.—Now therefore, I, GABRIEL HOLMES, Governor of the State aforesaid, do hereby declare and make known, that a Public Sale of the above-mentioned Lands, agreeably to the said act, shall commence at Waynesville in the County of Haywood, on Monday the 22d of September next, under the superintendance of a Commissioner appointed for that purpose, who is authorized by my letter of instructions, to adjourn the said sale to any other more convenient place, if such adjournment should be considered advisable.—One-eighth part of the purchase money will be required of the purchaser at the time of the sale, and bond and security for the payment of the balance, in the following instalments, viz: one-eighth part at the expiration of one year, one-fourth at the expiration of two years, one-fourth at the expiration of three years, and the remaining fourth at the end of four years. The sale to continue one week and no longer.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at Raleigh, the 12th day of August, A. D. 1823.

GAB'L. HOLMES.

By the Governor:

L. B. HARDIN, P. Sec'y. —ts

100 DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber's Plantation in Chesterfield District, South-Carolina, early last autumn, two Negro Men, CHARLES and BILL.

Charles is of ordinary size, well made, yellow complexion, remarkably intelligent, speaks quick, is about 25 years of age—He was purchased in Beaufort County. Bill absconded with him, is about 20 or 25 years of age, is low, and has a scar I believe on one of his cheeks, perhaps a scar on his head; he is also inclined to yellow complexion, and beats on the drum tolerably well. Bill was purchased in the neighborhood of Snowhill.

Charles may perhaps attempt to pass himself as a free man. The above reward will be given to any person who will return them to my plantation; or half the above reward will be given to any person who will secure them in Jail, or in proportion for either of them and give me information.

PLEASANT H. MAY.

March 10. —t

The Editors of the Raleigh Star, and Newbern Centinel, are requested to insert the above until otherwise ordered, and in the mean time forward their papers to me at Statesburg, S. C.

By the President of the United States.

IN pursuance of law, I JAMES MONROE, President of the United States, do hereby declare and make known, that a public sale will be held at the Land Office at Franklin, in the state of Missouri, on the first Monday in December next, for the disposal of such of the lands situate within the district of Howard county, in said state, as have been relinquished to the United States prior to the 1st day of October, 1821, under the provisions of the act passed on the 2d day of March, 1821, entitled "An act for the relief of the purchasers of public lands prior to the 1st day of July, 1820," as are situate in the following described townships and fractional townships, lying north of the Missouri River, and west of the fifth principal meridian, viz: In townships 44 to 54 inclusive, of range 11 west.

Table with 2 columns: Township/Range and Acres. Rows include 44-54 (12), 45-56 (13), 47-56 (14), 48-56 (15), 49-52 (16 & 17), 52 (18), 52 (19), 52 (21), 51 & 52 (22 & 23).

Also, at the same time and place, will be exposed, to public sale, agreeably to the provisions of the fourth section of the act, passed on the 24th day of April, 1820, entitled "An act making further provisions for the sale of the public lands," such lands situate within the above-mentioned townships as have become forfeited to the United States prior to the 1st of October, 1820, for failure to complete the payment within the period prescribed by law.

The sales will open with the lowest number of section, township, and range, and proceed in regular numerical order.

Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, this 12th day of August, 1823.

By the President: JAMES MONROE. GEORGE GRAHAM, Com'r of the General Land Office.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

Rowan County.

Superior Court of Law, April Term, 1823.

Jane Weaver, vs. William Weaver. Petition for divorce.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant is not an inhabitant of this State; it is therefore ordered, that publication be made for three months in the Register printed at Raleigh, that the defendant appear at the next Superior Court of Law to be held for the county of Rowan, at the Courthouse in Salisbury, on the second Monday after the 4th Monday in September next, then and there to plead, answer or demur, or the petition will be heard ex parte.

HY. GILES, C. S. C.

Raleigh Register.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1823.

We have read the various effusions, which have been poured out against us, from every point of the political compass, but we shrink not from our opinion. Missiles from a distance, fall harmless at our feet—arrows dipped in gall, glance by us, and the dissecting knife at home touches not one vital feeling. We have paid particular attention to the remarks of the last Star, and could we perceive that the writer had any real ground for exultation, it would be some excuse for tilting with us in so cavalier a style.—We would expostulate with our Brother Editors; here and elsewhere, on the folly of "running an Indian muck" at all who differ from them in opinion on public men and public measures.—We have said, and we continue to say, that Mr. CRAWFORD will sit in the Presidential Chair, and that the unanimous vote of North-Carolina will assist in placing him there. Believing this on the most substantial grounds, we shall continue to assert it, until the "day of trial" comes. Here then, is "the very head and front of our offending"—but we will not quarrel with our brothers of the craft for a word. In all important exigencies, such as the one which now agitates the public mind, the Printers of Newspapers are expected to enter the arena and make sport for their readers. Be it so, but let them not fail in self-respect, by the virulence of their language. Let them beware, lest they commit more mischief with their pens and presses, at this period, than a whole life of honest industry can repair. Popular feelings on great national questions have been compared to fulminating silver, which is so sublimated as to explode with a touch, or a breath, involving all around it in destruction! We therefore recommend it to our fellow-laborers, on this occasion not to overheat the crucible.

Mutability is written on every thing that we see, or can comprehend in the material world; change, decay, dissolution, are the irreversible destinies of worlds and systems. Mutability is not more plainly inscribed on the leaves that open in the Spring and wither in Autumn, than on man's opinions and man's pursuits. Thus we learned without surprize, that the Star paper, which, though professing to occupy neutral ground, was always considered by Republicans as in the interests of Federalism, has now joined the Republican Phalanx. Hail Brother Editors! We give you the right hand of political fellowship—you have taken hold of a mantle, which, with us at least, covers a multitude of faults.—We are then on the same side; let us then espouse one cause, the good of our Country, and support the man we

prefer for President with moderation and decency. The Athenian of old rejoiced when he lost his election: there were so many men more worthy than himself. Let Americans also feel grateful, that there are so many individuals thought worthy of succeeding the great and good man who first filled the Presidential Chair. Thus feeling, we think we do ample justice to the respectable candidates who are named as Mr. Crawford's competitors, by saying, that after his term of service shall have expired, should we still occupy the surface of the soil, we will contribute our good wishes and our honest endeavors, that some one of the Gentlemen now in nomination may succeed the present popular candidate.

We have called in vain upon the writer in the Star, for proof of Mr. Crawford's popularity being "on the wane." He does not attempt it—his own ipse dixit is the ultimatum of evidence on this point. We, on the contrary, have the fullest assurances of the fallacy of the delusion under which the Star, with the few of its adherents, labours. We say delusion, for we cannot believe the Editors would willingly sacrifice the reputation of their paper, by the dissemination of an opinion which puts truth and reason equally at defiance. Let the Star, with its own, and borrowed pens, advocate the pretensions of Mr. Calhoun—let them eulogise their favorite, and prefer charges, if founded in truth, against his competitors; but let them not again attempt to misrepresent facts. Men will honestly differ in politics as on other subjects—every man has his predilections and his prejudices, and we consider it unjust to question the motives of those who dissent from us. Still false impressions should be corrected, and errors, whether the offspring of ignorance or biased feelings, should be exposed.

Independently of the results of the Congressional Election, which is sufficient of itself to carry conviction to every candid mind, we have received letters from various parts of the State, corroborating our assertion, that in several districts the Presidential Question was brought into view; and in every such instance the result was favorable to Mr. Crawford. If, as the Star asserts, the Army Candidate is the most prominent one in this State, how does it happen that our Representatives are all politically opposed to him? We repeat that, paradoxical as it may seem, it is nevertheless true, that not one of our fifteen Representatives will support Mr. Calhoun for President. Is it not an anomaly in politics, that the people possessing the inestimable right of voting as their consciences dictate, should elect to serve them in a responsible station and during an important crisis, individuals, whose views of men and measures are diametrically opposed to their own? Yet the Star would have us believe, that the result of the late elections is no criterion by which to judge of the sentiments of the community at large. Individuals, however, will think for themselves, and truth and reason will predominate. We are well aware that no arguments however cogent could demonstrate to the Editors of the Star, that Mr. Crawford is the "Man of the People," for as Hudibras shrewdly observes, A man convinced against his will, Is of the same opinion still.

The Washington Republican, a paper devoted entirely to Mr. Calhoun, and which ever since its establishment has been constant in its abuse of Mr. Crawford, as might be expected, is displeased with our remarks in favor of that Gentleman, and has much to say on the subject, which we shall not at present notice. We have said nothing in favor of Mr. Crawford which we do not believe to be well founded, and which, we have no doubt, time will prove to be so. As the Republican is the paper in which the A. B. Plot first originated, it is not strange that it continues to defend it. We are willing, however, to leave the public, who have heard the whole matter, to form their own opinion on this subject, which will doubtless be a correct one.

North-Carolina & Mr. Crawford.—Assertion is one thing, proof another. We are told by the Editors of the Raleigh Star, that the popularity of Mr. Crawford in this State is on the "wane" and, by a Fayetteville paper, that "those who have been most sanguine in their calculations on the vote of this State will be very much disappointed." When these authentic sponsors are called on for proof they can only respond, that the popularity of Mr. Crawford is on the "wane," because they wish it so. We assert, however, that the popularity of Mr. Crawford has at no time been more certain, or the vote of this State less doubtful in his favor, than at present. For the proof of this assertion, we rely upon a more certain index of public opinion than that of our own feelings, or wishes of those who may differ from

us—the late elections. In every Congressional District from which we have heard, the subject of the Presidential Election has been pressed into the controversy; and where ever it has been made the test of favor it has uniformly resulted in the success of those most friendly to the Secretary of the Treasury. We have already heard of the result of the elections in eight districts and of the persons elected seven are favorable to Mr. Crawford; and of the five others yet to be heard from, we have sufficient returns to satisfy us of three others of the same way of thinking. Thus we have ten out of thirteen members in the next Congress who prefer Mr. Crawford, the other three not having given any decided opinion. To this number should be added, if our information be correct, the two Senators, and we have a pretty certain index of the feelings of the State and of Mr. Crawford's popularity. The fact is, the ranting of Mr. Calhoun and Mr. Adams's friends about radicalism when brought before the people, vanish into smoke, and the principles of republicanism, as they always have done, are made to triumph. Let us not again be told of Mr. Crawford's declining popularity, or the uncertainty of the vote of this State. There can be no more doubt of the vote of this State, than there is of its political character. Its character is republican, and its vote will be decidedly for Crawford.—Milton Gaz.

Tennessee.—If this State was so completely and firmly opposed to Mr. Crawford, how does it happen that Mr. Cucke, who is one of his warmest friends, is re-elected to Congress without opposition?

We learn from a friend in Ashville, that in the District composed of the Counties of Buncombe, Haywood, Burke and Rutherford, the vote between Vance and Walker for Congress, was a tie. The Sheriffs of course gave the casting votes, three of which were for Vance and one for Walker, so that Dr. Robert B. Vance is elected by a majority of two votes over Felix Walker Esq. Dr. Vance is a gentleman of the highest respectability, and is represented as possessing talents of the first order.

ELECTION RETURNS.

We are furnished with the following from the Western Carolinian:

- Burke County.—James R. McDowell S; Maj. Brice Collins and Wm. Roane, C. Lincoln.—Maj. Daniel M. Forney S; Col O. W. Holland and Daniel Conrad, C. Wilkes.—Col. James Welborne S; Maj. N. Gordon and Col. Wm. Horton, C. Rutherford.—Elias Alexander S; James Graham and Gen. John Carson, C. Montgomery.—James Legrand S; John Durgan and Hardy Morgan, C.

CONVENTION DELEGATES.

- From Buncombe.—Col. Chunn and General Philip Britain. Burke.—Col. Wm. Dixon and Col. Isaac T. Avery. Lincoln.—R. Williamson, R. H. Burton and J. F. Brevard. Anson.—Francis A. Cash and Henry W. Harrington Esquires.

The Board of Commissioners for deciding on the cases of claims arising under the 1st article of the Treaty of Ghent, assembled and organized itself at its rooms on the Capitol Hill, on Monday the 25th ult. The Board is composed, on the part of the United States, of Mr. CHEVES, Commissioner, and Mr. SEAWELL, Arbitrator; on the part of Great-Britain, of Mr. JACKSON, Commissioner, and Mr. M'TAVISH, Arbitrator.

Mr. JAMES BAKER, the acting Consul General of Great-Britain, was chosen Secretary to the Board, and Mr. CHARLES MANLY, of Raleigh, North Carolina, was chosen Clerk.

Mr. HAY, it will be recollected, is the Agent appointed to arrange the claims, &c.

On Tuesday, after transacting all the business which could at this time be acted upon, the Board adjourned to meet again on the 20th day of October next.

We understand that no decision on the average value to be allowed for each slave has been made; and that, of course, the definitive list of claims has not yet been submitted to the Board.—Nat. Int.

Mr. HENRY CULPEPPER, who was shot by some unknown person, on Friday morning the 15th ult. at his residence on the Canal, in Camden county, (N. C.) as mentioned in our last paper, died of his wounds on Tuesday the 19th ult. after much suffering.—The perpetrator of this foul deed has not yet been discovered.

DIED.

At Oxford, on the 1st inst. Joseph Blount, Esq. late a resident of Windsor, in Berke county.