POETRY.

THE HOUR OF DISTRESS.

O, 'tis not while the fairy breeze fans the green ocean,
That the safety and strength of the bark

And 'tis not in prosperity's hour the devotion,

The fervor and truth of a friend can be
known:

No! the bark must be prov'd when the tem-

When dangers and mountain-waves close on her press; The friend when the sky of adversity's

For the touchstone of friendship's—the hour of distress.

When prosperity's day-star beams pure and unclouded.

Then thousands will mingle their shouts round its throne;

But oh; let its light for one moment be shrouded,

And the smiles of the faithless—like shadows—are gone.

Then comes the true friend who to guile is a stranger.

The heart of the lone-one to soothe and

While his smile, like the beacon-light blazing in danger,

Sheds a beam o'er the gloom of the hour of distress.

O, 'tis sweet 'mid the gloom of bleak desola-

While pleasure and hope seem eternally flown;

When the heart is first lit by the drear consolation, That a haven of happiness may yet be won.

Grief fades like the night-cloud, joy mingles with sorrow.

When the first sunny rays thro' the darkness appear;
And the rainbows of hope beameth bright as they borrow,

All their splender and light from a smile and a tear.

O, 'tis those whose life's path has been cloud-

ed and cheerless, Can feel the full burst of transport and

When the trusted and tried friend comes boldly and fearless,

To share or relieve the dark hour of distress, Past griefs may yet cease to be thought on

but never

Can time make the feeling of gratitude less.

May the blessing of Gop rest forever and ever,

On him, who forsock not in hours of distress.

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From the Petersburg Intelligencer.

The rumor is revived, that the Marquis LA FAYETTE, the early and steady friend of our country, contemplates leaving France in a few months, with the intention of visiting the United States. As certainly there is no European so eminently entitled to the esteem and gratitude of Americans, so, we make bold to say, there is no individual beyond the Atlantic who might expect to receive so cordial and hearty a reception among us, as the venerable La Fayette. At the darkest period of our Revolutionary struggle, the Marquis, then a youth of nineteen, with a spirit of chivalrous enthusiasm not to be damped by the entreaties of friends oor curbed by the tyrannical mandates of a Court, bidding adieu to the land of his nativity and all that was near and dear to him, sacrificed the enjoyments of wealth and the privileges of rank, to devote himself heart and hand, to the cause of Liberty in the New World. Purchasing a vessel and furnishing his own outfit, he embarks, he reaches our shores, and presenting himself to our Copgress; he begs permission to serve them without hay or emolument. Noble, disinterested, generous La Fayette! With an ardor that never abated, with an eye that never closed while danger was abroad, an arm that never tired in action, and a purse that was ever open to the wants of the government and the necessities of the suffering soldiery, he fought side by side with WASHINGTON, from the year 1777 to the surrender of York, in 1781-

A braver youth, of more courageous heat; Ne'er spurred his courser at the trumpet's

Having seen America entirely through her difficulties, to which happy and glorious result not many individuals contributed more essentially than himself, he returned to France in 1782, bearing with him the thanks and benedictions of millions of independent freemen, who, with one voice hailed him—and while gratitude holds a place in the hearts of Americans, their descendants will continue to hail him—as friend, brother, benefactor! Yes! gallant Fayette! if noble deeds can give Immortal praise, your fame shall ever live; Fixed as in Heav'n the Sun's broad centre

And spread where'er Columbia's Eagle flies!

Should the Marquis, in his old age, really design to visit the United States, we trust that he will not, as before, be permitted to come at his own expense; but, on the contrary, should government receive information of the fact, it would in our opinion be proper to send a public ship to receive him. Such a mark of respect, while it would warm and gladden the heart of this venerable Apostle of Liberty, would at the same time evince to Crowned Heads, that republics are not always ungrateful.

MUNGO PARK, THE TRAVELLER.

Most readers are acquainted with the journal of the interpid traveller, Munso Parke, in the interior of Africa, and whose fate has never been satisfactorily ascertained. The following extract, however, from its beauty, and coming from a man borne down under the heaviest trials we can well conceive of, will not only be interesting to those who have more than once perused it. Mr. P. had

iust been robbed by a banditti of almost every thing he possessed, with scarcely an article of clothing left to protect him from the burning sands and drenching rains to which he was exposed, friendless and alone, when the following reflections resulted from his intense sufferings:

"After they were gone, I sat for some time looking around me with amazement and terror. Which ever way I turned, nothing appeared but danger and difficulty. I saw myself in the midst of a vast wilderness, in the depth of the rainy season; naked a alone; surrounded by savage animals; an men still more savage. I was 500 miles from the nearest European settlement. All these circumstances crowded at once on my recollection, and I confess that my spirits began to fail me. I considered my fate as certain, and that I had no alternative but to lie down and perish. The influence of religion, however, aided and supported me. I reflected that no human prudence or foresight, could possibly have averted my present sufferings. I was indeed a stranger in a strange land, yet I was still under the protecting eye of that Providence, who has condescended to call himself the stranger's friend. At this moment, painful as my reflections were, the extraordinary beauty of a small moss, in fructification, irresistibly caught my eye. I mention this to shew, from what triffing circumstances the mind will sometimes derive consolation; for though the whole plant was not larger than the top of one of my fingers, I could not contemplate the delicate conformation of its roots, leaves, and capsula, without admiration. Can that Being, thought I who planted, watered, and brought to perfection, in this obscure part of the world, a thing which appears of so small importance look with unconcern upon the situation and sufferings of creatures formed after his own image? Surely not! Reflections like these would not allow me to despair. I started up, and disregarding both hunger & fatigue, travelled forwards, assured that relief was a hand—and I was not disappointed."

THE JUDGE AND BARRISTER.

The following curious dialogue, between a learned judge, and a barrister
of high standing at the English bar, is
amusing. It occurred in the Court
of Common Pleas, held in Westminster Hall on trying a case of Insurance. Mr. Sergeant Taddy, counsel
for the defendant, was cross examining a witness from Norwich, and asked him a question relative to something that took place "after the plaintiff disappeared from that neighborhood;" on which

Mr. Justice Park said that it was an improper question, and ought not to have been put.

Mr. Sergeant Taddy.—That is an imputation to which I will not submit; I am incapable of putting an improper question

Mr. Justice Park—What imputation, sir? I desire you will not charge me with casting imputations. I say the question was not properly put, for the word "disappear" means to leave clandestinely.

Mr. Sergeant Taddy.—I say it means no such thing.

Mr. Justice Park.—I hope I have some

understanding left; and so far as that goes, the word certainly bore that interpretation, and was therefore improper.

Mr. Sergeant Taddy—I never will submit to a rebuke of this kind.

Mr. Justice Park.—That is a very improper manner, sir, for Counsel to ad-

Mr. Sergeant Taddy.—And that is a very improper manner for a Judge to address Counsel.

Mr. Justice Park (rising with some warmth.)—I protest, sir, you will compel me to do what is disagreeable to me.

Mr. Serg't Taddy (with equal warmth)

Do what you like my Lord.

Mr. Justice Park (recogning his cost)

Mr. Justice Park (resuming his seat.)—
Well, I hope I shall manifest the indulgence of a Christian Judge.
Mr. Sergeant Taddy.—You may exercise your indulgence or your power in

any way your Lordship's discretion may suggest; it is a matter of perfect indifference to me. I am ready to submit to whatever measure you may choose to adopt.

Mr. Justice Park.—I have the functions of a Judge to discharge, and in doing so,

of a Judge to discharge, and in doing so, I must not be reproved in this kind of way.

Mr. Sergeant Taddy.—And I have a duty to discharge as Counsel, which I shall discharge as I think proper, without submitting to a rebuke from any quarter.

Mr. Sergeant Lens rose to interfere; Mr. Sergeant Taddy.—No, brother Lens, I must protest against this interference.

Mr. Sergeant Lens—My brother Taddy, my Lord, has been betrayed into some warmth—

Mr. Sergeant Taddy (pulling Mr. Sergeant Lens back into his seat)—I again protest against any interference on my account. I am quite prepared to answer for my own conduct.

Mr. Justice Park—My brother Lens, Sir, has a right to be heard. Mr. Sergeant Taddy—Not on my ac-

Mr. Sergeant Taddy—Not on my account, my Lord. I am fully capable of answering for myself.

Mr. Justice Park—Has he not a right to possess the court upon any subject he pleases?

Mr. Sergeant Taddy—Not while I am

Mr. Sergeant Taddy—Not while I am in possession of it; and am now examining a witness.

Here his Lordship threw himself back in his chair, and remained silent. The learned Sergeant resumed his

cross examination.

FOR SALE OR RENT,

Convenient Dwelling-House, containing six Rooms, with a Kitchen,
Smoakhouse, a well-fenced Garden, and
other conveniences, at the corner of Davie and M'Dowell Streets, within 150
yards of one of the best Springs in the
city.

APPLY TO J. GALES.

RAGS

DEALERS in Rags are hereby notified that the Proprietor of the Raleigh Paper Mill will receive Rags from a distance at the Paper Mill only, which is situate on Crabtree Creek, three miles north of the City.

July, 1823.
COACH MAKING MATERIALS.

nufactory, a few setts of fashionable Coach and Gig Springs, which he will sell at a moderate advance on the wholesale price. He has also on hand, and intends keeping, a constant supply of best Morocco, for Coach Lining, which will be disposed of as above. He has, as usu al, a constant supply of Carriages, Gigs, and Harness, all of which will be sold at prices according with the times.

THOS, COBBS.

P. S. On consignment, a supply of Hat ters' Morocco, and a few dozen Boot Lining Skins, direct from the Manufactory.

July 10.

42

T C

FOR SALE

Two Tracts of Land in Wake County.

ONE on the waters of White Oak, a bout 11 or 12 miles south-west of Ra leigh, adjoining Lewis Jones, Burwell Pope and others; containing about 271 acres, well adapted to the culture of Cotton, Corn and Wheat—unimproved.

The other Tract is about four miles south-west of Raleigh, on both sides of Walnut Creek and Simmons Branch; has on it one of the best Mill Seats in the County, with a Grist and Saw Mill now in operation, an Apple Orchard from which 6 parrels of Brandy has been made in one season, a good Dwelling House convenient to a good Spring, a new Barn, and land enough cleared to work five or six hands, a part of which is fresh and good, containing about 1270 acres, but would be divided to suit purchasers if a smaller quantity was desired, or 500 acres more could be added.

Also for sale, two or three vacant Lots in the City of Raleigh, and one sixth of Lot No. 114 well improved with convenient Houses.

Two or three Tracts of Land in the Chickasaw Purchase, may be had of the same person, a description of which can be seen. Payments will be made easy on the purchase money being well secured.

Apply to the Printers.

July 17. 43

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA,
GUILFORD COUNTY.
Jane Short

Aaron Short. Petition for Divorce.

Tappearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Aaron Short is not an inhabitant of this State, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made for three months in the Hillsborough Recorder and Raleigh Register, that he be and appear before his honour the Judge of our Superior Court of Law, to be holden for the County of Guilford, at the Courthouse in the town of Greensborough, on the fourth Monday after the fourth Monday of September next, then and there to answer the charges of the said petition, otherwise it will be taken pro confesso, and heard.

A true copy.

44 THOS. CALDWELL, C. S. C.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

GUILFORD COUNTY.
Superior Court of Law, April Term, 1823
Rebecca Rankin,
Petition for Divorce

Tourt that Jedediah Rankin is not an inhabitant of this State, it is therefore ordered, that publication be made for three months in the Hillsborough Recorder and Raleigh Register, that he be and appear before his honour the Judge of our Superior Court of Law, to be holden for the County of Guilford, at the Courthouse in the town of Greensborough, on the fourth Monday after the fourth Monday of September next, then and there to answe the charges of the said petition, otherwise it will be taken pro confesso, and heard

A true copy.

44 THOS. CALDWELL, C. S. C.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA,
GULLEGER COUNTY.

Margaret Short

v.

James Short.

Petition for Divorce.

To appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that James Short is not an inhabitant of this State, it is therefore ordered that publication be made for three months in the Hillsborough Recorder and Raleigh Register, that he be and appear before his honour the Judge of our Superior Court of Law, to be holden for the county of Guilford, at the Courthouse in the town of Greensborough, on the fourth Monday after the fourth Monday of September next, then and there to answer the charges of the said petition, otherwise it will be taken pro confesso, and heard ex parte.

A true copy.
THOS. CALDWELL, C. S. C.

IN EQUITY,

Fall Term, 1822.
Timothy Freeman vs. Thomas Freeman,
Job Winslow and Harman Hurdle, Executors.

Tappearing to the satisfaction of this Court, that Thomas Freeman is not an inhabitant of this State: On motion, therefore, it is ordered, that publication be made in the Raleigh Register for threemonths, that unless the said Thomas Freeman shall appear at the next Court of Equity, to be held for the County of Gates, at the Courthouse in Gates, on the first Monday after the fourth Monday in March next, and plead, answer or demur, the same will be taken pro confesso as to him and heard exparte.

JOHN V. SUMNER, C. M. E. June 1, 1823. 37 3m By the President of the United States :

N pursuance of law, I James Monnoe, President of the United States, do hereby declare and make known, that a public sale will be held at the Land Office at Franklin, in the state of Missouri, on the first Monday in December next, for the disposal of such of the lands situate within the district of Howard county, in said state, as have been relinquished to the United States prior to the 1st day of October, 1821, under the provisions of the act passed on the 2d day of March, 1821, entitled "An act for the relief" of the purchasers of public lands prior to the 1st day of July, 1820," as are situate in the following described townships and fractional townships, lying north of the Missouri River, and west of the fifth principal meridian. viz:

In t'nships 44 to 54 inclusive, of range 11 west.

44 54 12

45 56 13

47 56 14

48 56 15

48 52 16 & 17

49 52 18

52 19

52 21

51 & 52 22 & 23

Also, at the same time and place, will be exposed, to public sale, agreeably to the provisions of the fourth section of the act, passed on the 24th day of April, 1820, entitled "An act making further provisions for the sale of the public lands," such lands situate within the abovementioned townships as have become forfeited to the United States prior to the 1st of October, 1820, for failure to complete the payment within the period prescribed by law.

The sales will open with the lowest number of section, township, and range, and proceed in regular numerical order.

Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, this 12th day of August, 1823.

By the President: JAMES MONROE.

By the President: JAMES MONROE, GEORGE GRAHAM,
Com'r of the General Land Office.

Printers authorised to publish the laws of the United States in the states of North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Kentucky, Tennessee, Missouri, and territory of Arkansas, and Pittsburg, in Pennsylvania, are requested to publish the foregoing proclamation once a week until the sales take place, and send their accounts (receipted) to the General Land Office for payment.

Aug. 13-1awts.

NEW MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

THE subscribers have connected them selves in the practice of Physic and Sur

They have also on hand, an extensive as-

DRUGS & MEDICINES,
which they offer for sale at the lowest Apo-

thecary's rates.

These Medicines were purchased a few weeks since in New-York; and were selected by themselves from among the latest importations. They can, therefore, confidently pronounce them to be perfectly Fresh

They will sell as low as such articles can be afforded in any part of the State; and fully as cheap as they can be obtained in the Petersburg market.

All orders will be attended to promptly and correctly.

Recipes of Physicians faithfully and expeditiously put up.

BURGES & HUNTER. Raleigh, 14th Aug. 1823. 47-tf

NOTICE,

ber next, I shall expose to public sale, for ready money, a Negro Man named Harkless, now confined in the Jail of Randolph county, N. C. as a runaway slave, agreeably to an order of the county Court of Randolph.

The said Harkless says he formerly belonged to John Dougherry—that he was set free; and was kidnapped by some speculators, from whom he made his escape.

J. LANE, Shff.

August 5. 48 3m

three hundred & thirty-six acres of Land, Lying on the east side of the Stage Road, about one mile north of Louisburg, adjoining the lands of Nathan Patterson, Capt. Perry and others. About fifty acres of this land is cleared and in good plight for Corn or Cotton, the rest is in woods and well timbered. On it, there are some excellent low grounds.

Also, Three Lots in Louisburg, adjoining the Academy Square, on the main Street, on which is an excellent new dwelling House with four rooms and all necessary Outhouses. The contiguity of these premises to the Academy, and the convenience of the above described land, would make the whole a desirable establishment for a family wishing to educate their children. For information as to the lots, apply to Mr. Wm. H. Strother, who now occupies them, and to Rev. Daniel Shine as to the land, or to the subscriber at Midway Academy. C. A. HILL.

August 23. 49 tf

First Rate
WHEAT AND TOBACCO LAND

THE Subscriber offers for sale, three Plantations, (situated in Granville County, N. C.) The first is on the waters of Nutbush, adjoining the town of Williamsborough, containing 682 acres, and within one-fourth of a mile of a male and female School, both of which are in as high repute as any within the State.

Also two other tracts, containing about 1400 acres each, on Island creek, one of which is well improved. These lands are not inferior, in point of fertility, to any within the County. Any person wishing to buy is requested to view the premises.

Persons who may have lands in the western district of Tennessee for sale, are hereby requested to forward to me, a memorandum describing the quality, quantity, and price, together with a letter of introduction to some gentleman who will shew me the land. I intend to set off for that country by the first of November next.

July 10, 1828. JESSE H. COBB.

44_10 ||

By the Governor of North-Carolina.

THEREAS by an act of the last General Assembly of North Carolina, entitled "an act to provide for the sale of the Lands lately acquired by Treaty from the Cherokee Indians, which have been surveyed and remain unsold," the Goveruor is authorized and required to cause the said Lands to be offered for sale, Now therefore, I, GABRIEL HOLMES, Governor of the State aforesaid, do hereby declare and make known, that a Pub. lic Sale of the abovementioned La ds, agreeably to the said act, shall commence at Waynesville in the County of Hay. wood, on Monday the 22d of September next, under the superintendance of a Commissioner appointed for that purpose, who is authorized by my letter of instructions, to adjourn the said sale to any other more convenient place, if such adjournment should be considered advisable. One-eighth part of the purchase money will be required of the purchaser at the time of the sale, and bond and security for the payment of the balance, in the followling instalments, viz : one-eighth part at the expiration of one year, one-fourth at the expiration of two years, one-fourth at the expiration of three years, and the remaining fourth at the end of four years. The sale to continue one week and no longer.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at Raleigh, the 12th day of August, A. D. 1823. GAB'L. HOLMES.

L. B. HARDIN, P. Sec'y. ts

100 DOLLARS REWARD.

Plantation in Chesterfield District, South-Carolina, early last autumn, two Negro Men, CHARLES and BILL.

By the Governor:

Charles is of ordinary size, well made, yellow complection, remarkably intelligent, speaks quick, is about 25 years of age—He was purchased in Beaufort county. Bill absconded with him, is about 20 or 25 years of age, is low, and has a scar I believe on one of his cheeks, perhaps a scar on his head; he is also inclined to vellow complection, and beats on the drum tolerably well. Bill was purchased in the neighborhood of Snowhill.

Charles may perhaps attempt to pass himself as a free man.

The above reward will be given to any person who will return them to my plantation; of half the above reward will be given to any person who will secure them in Jail, or in proportion for either of them and give me information.

PLEASANT H. MAY.
March 10.

The Editors of the Raleigh Star, and Newbern Centinel, are requested to insert the above until otherwise ordered, and in the mean time forward their papers to me at Statesburg, S. C.

PETERSBURG UNION HOTEL.

S Proprietors, we have opened this TA-VERN, the oldest Establishment of the kind in Petersburg, which has been much improved from time to time, in all the interior apartments, as well as by additional buildings, so as to answer all the purposes of a public Tavern and Boarding House. Such are the arrangements of the buildings and accommodations, with some new improvements which are rapidly advancing to a state of completion, that Travellers and visitors, with Ladies and young families, can be conveniently and agreeably entertained. The premises are located in close contiguity to the most commercial part of this growing and prosperous town, and being so extensively and happily situated, that calm retirement, or a public situation, can be enjoyed

at pleasure. . The Proprietors shall, upon all occasions, make it their pleasure and duty to give satisfaction; and with a sincere view to accomplish that great and desirable object, they shall spare no pains or expence whatever, in all the departments of the Establishmentparticularly by presenting excellent Lodging Rooms, duly furnished; good Servants, ho nest and attentive; an abundant TABLE, with the most choice viands; as well as the best of Wines and other Liquors, which our country will afford. We are not unmindful of the important value of a well regulated and furnished Stable-our friends, and visitors, may rest assured that this department shall answer every just expectation, and to effect that object we have employed an able and experienced Ostler, distinguished for his attention and fidelity-he will do his duty. Our Stables and Carriage-Houses are now large, and will also be improved. Our water lot is such that Horses can have free access to water when so ordered, the stable lot being immediately situated on Appama-

This is the same Establishment which was so long owned and managed by Mr. James Durell, who enjoyed so much prosperity in our line, and gave such general satisfaction. He was succeeded by Mr. French, and afterwards by Mr. Eckles.—These two last Gentlemen justly merited and received the attention of Mr. Durell's friends; we hope

DAVID MEADE resides on the premises and will conduct the affairs of this House, assisted by Mr. COOPFR, who has long served in this Establishment, and his correct deportment is so generally known, as to make it unnecessary for us to tender assurance or recommendation in that respect.

It is useless for us to state our rates for Board, by the day, week, month or year—they are as moderate as the abundance of our highly favored country require—on this subject, we confidently hope our town and country friends, visitors and strangers, will have no cause to complain. We close with asking it as a favor, that no person may ever leave our house with a feeling or sentiment of complaint, without stating the cause—the proper explanation or redress will always be

We think it necessary to add, that kind nature has favored us with a healthy situation. The Water used at our house is perhaps from the best Springs below the mountains, and our Ice House is very convenient.

DAVID MEADE,

PETER M. HARDAWAL.
Petersburg, August 8.
47 9t