

Disseminate the plans of fair, delightful Peace,
Unwarped by party rage to live like Brothers.

VOL. XXVI.

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The Register

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ADVERTISEMENTS

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Raleigh Register.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 24, 1826.

Stern Winter seems disposed to say that this is his season, and that he is inclined to wield his sceptre as he pleases. As evidence of it, a Snow fell in this City on Thursday night last to the depth of seven or eight inches.

We mentioned a few papers since, the death of Abner Gunter, of Halifax, caused in an affray with Ricks Fort, of the same county. Application was made last week to the Supreme Court to permit Fort to bail, he having been brought to this place, under a writ of *habeas corpus* issued by Judge Daniel. The Court, however, unanimously resisted the application, and the prisoner was remanded to Jail.

Since our last, the Supreme Court has granted licences to the following persons to practise Law in the Superior Courts of the State:

Jesse Turner, Orange,
Jonathan Worth, Randolph,
Richard H. Bradford, Halifax,
William W. Hall, Anson.

Cotton is selling at Petersburg at 12½ to 13 cents, and at Fayetteville, from 11 to 12½ cents per lb. The late European news doubtless, has served to depress the prices.

By a statement from a late English paper, it appears that the difference between the importation of Cotton into Great-Britain in 1824 and 1825, gives an excess to the latter year of 102,700 bales.

Several vessels have been lost on Ocracock Bar during the present month, and in one instance (the Barcelona) the Captain and five others were drowned.

Nathan Sandford, Chancellor of the State of New-York, has been elected by the Legislature of that State, now in session, a Senator of the U. States, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the appointment of Rufus King as Minister to Great-Britain.

At the recent session of the Legislature of Tennessee, a law was passed, making it lawful for any person to enter the vacant and unappropriated lands lying north of the Tennessee River, by paying into the entry-taker's office one cent per acre. There is no doubt that the whole quantity of vacant land within the limits specified, will be entered under the provisions of this act, which though esteemed but of little value at present, must at some future time be an object of serious attention. No person is to enter more than six hundred nor less than twenty-five acres.

Much alarm exists in Charleston, in consequence of several attempts by incendiaries, to set fire to that city. There has been within the last week a serious fire which consumed four houses, and in one day, fire was communicated three times in different parts of the city, which in each instance was fortunately discovered. In an attempt to blow up a building during the last fire, several persons were more or less injured, one so badly as to preclude the hope of his recovery.

The Albany Argus states, that application will be made to the present Legislature of New-York for 27 Banks,

to be located in the City of New-York, and 36 in other parts of the State.

An account of the Life, Writings, & Speeches, of the late William Pinkney, is about to be published by Henry Wheaton, Esq. The work will include some of the speeches of Mr. Pinkney in Congress and at the Bar, which have never before been published.

A great Rail Road is contemplated from Philadelphia to Pittsburg, by way of Lancaster, York and Chambersburg, a distance of 340 miles, with a branch from the neighborhood of Gettysburg to Baltimore, each State to be interested in proportion to its wealth and population, to be effected by steam power. It is calculated that a cargo of 75 tons might be carried on the proposed road, at the rate of six miles an hour, which would complete the journey in three days and three nights!

There was a debate of three hours in the Massachusetts Legislature on the 10th inst., on the constitutionality of issuing a writ of election to supply the vacancy occasioned by the death of a member, and the question was indefinitely postponed.

A letter has been published in the French Journals, by the Jewish Grand Rabbi De Cologne, in behalf of himself and the chief Rabbis in London, on the subject of Mr. Noah's proclamation for the gathering in of the tribes of Israel. They decline the appointments tendered to them by the proclamation of the Judge of Israel, stating that they regard the attempt, "as an act of high treason against the Divine Majesty." Mr. Noah says in relation to this letter, that he had reason to expect such opposition, and that it will do his cause good, by exciting curiosity and promoting enquiry. He insists that there is enough in holy writ to satisfy us, that this continent is specially referred to as the place for re-assembling the scattered remains of Israel.

The citizens of New Jersey are preparing a memorial, to be presented to Congress, praying that an additional duty be laid on all imported ardent Spirits, as well as a proportionate excise on those of domestic manufacture. The main object of the memorialists, is to suppress the growing evil of drunkenness, which they attribute, in a great degree, to the cheap rate at which the vicious may gratify their brutal appetites.

Maine.—Governor Parris, having announced his determination not to be a candidate for the office he now holds, Enoch Lincoln (now a Representative in Congress) has been spoken of as his successor, and it is supposed, will be nominated and elected almost without a contest.

Power of Conscience... A person called at Messrs. Beers & Bunnell's office, at New-York, on the 9th inst. and tendered to Mr. Beers the sum of twenty dollars, stating that it was from a young man, who had received that sum more than he ought in changing money there for his master, and had appropriated it to his own use. The person declined giving the name of the conscience-struck young man, but observed that he was probably on his death bed, and could not rest in view of the hereafter, till the money had been returned.

Singular Discovery. About two years ago, a man by the name of Donaldson was found hanging by the neck in the woods near Newport, N. Y.—A coroner's Jury brought in a verdict of suicide, and no further notice was taken of the affair. It is now, however, reported that the widow of a man by the name of Pennell (who had in fact committed suicide by cutting his throat) had recently found a letter among her husband's

papers, which relates that he, Pennell, murdered Donaldson with a club and suspended him on the tree to induce the belief that the deceased had committed self murder.

The most important act passed at the late session of our Legislature, is the one creating a fund for the support of Common Schools. If our representatives had done nothing else, this alone would entitle them to the warmest approbation of their constituents. It has, indeed, nobly distinguished them above all preceding legislatures, and of the important benefits which will flow from it, the loftiest anticipation can hardly outstrip the reality.

The swamp and marsh lands belonging to the State, are appropriated to the school fund. We had supposed these lands were of little value, as we were under the impression that the portion of them which could be drained with facility, and made subservient to the purposes of agriculture, had already become private property; but such we are informed is not the fact. The lands are very valuable, and are estimated to be worth at this time, at least one hundred thousand dollars; and were they drained, as they might be, at an expense trifling when compared with the increased value which would thus be added to them, they would be worth, it is calculated, little less than a million of dollars. The recommendation of the Governor, therefore, to drain them, had more of wisdom in it than many, and ourselves among the number, imagined; and we take this occasion to acknowledge the error we were in respecting them, and to express our gratification at the prospect of their contributing so largely to the promotion of the best interests of the State.

Catawba Journal.

The last Mail from the West brought us news of the death of the Honorable PATRICK FARRELY, one of the Representatives in Congress from the State of Pennsylvania. He died at Pittsburg, being on his way to the Seat of Government when his illness arrested him. Mr. F. was also a member of the two last Congresses, and of course, though he had not attended at this session, is well known to us and a majority of the members of both Houses of Congress. He was a man of strong natural intellect, and from all accounts, perhaps the best Greek and Latin Scholar in either House. He was a native of Ireland, and was educated for the Catholic priesthood. Arriving in this country, he preferred the practice of the law, in which, we believe, he was pretty successful. His age, at the time of his death, must have been upwards of fifty years.—Nat Int.

The Debate in the House of Representatives, on the bill to amend the Judiciary System, draws to a close. It is ascertained, by a vote taken yesterday, that the addition to the present number of Supreme and Circuit Judges will not be less than three, should the bill pass in its present shape. Appearances are in favor of the passage of the bill, without amendment, as it came from the Judiciary Committee.—Ib.

A very able and important Report was yesterday made in the Senate, from the Select Committee to whom was referred the propositions for amending the Constitution in regard to the election of President and Vice-President of the United States. A large number of the Report is ordered to be printed for circulation; notwithstanding which, we shall, if we possibly can make room for it, give it further circulation by appearing it at large upon the pages of this paper.—Ib.

Captain Poussin and Lieut. Trimble, Commissioners of the National Road from Washington to New-Orleans, arrived at New-Orleans on the 30th ult. They examined the Western route, passing through Abingdon, Knoxville, Centerville, (Alab.) Fordsville, (Mississippi) crossing the Rigolets and Chef Menteur. The distance of the road they travelled is said to have been about 1150 miles, passing over an excellent country for making a turpike road, and in no instance finding a stream either larger or presenting greater difficulty, than the Potomac at Georgetown.—Ib.

U. S. Pensioners.—It was decided in Baltimore County Court, at the last session, that, under the provisions of the act of Congress relative to this subject no pension due at the pension of-

office, can be affected by an attachment or injunction laid in the hands of pension agents.—Ib.

The subject of the Mission to Panama has not yet been decided upon in the Senate. It is said that it meets with serious opposition in that body, the particulars of which (the Proceedings of the Senate on such subjects being confidential) we have it not in our power to disclose to our readers.—Ib.

The National Intelligencer.—We lately mentioned that this paper had been enlarged, so as to contain more matter than any other, probably, in the world; yet the paper of the 9th inst. was accompanied by a supplement of a whole page, nearly all being in a small type. We were led to a comparison of the quantity of matter with Williamson's History of North Carolina, 8vo., and found that the paper and supplement contained (advertisements included) more than two hundred pages of that work! The price of the Daily Intelligencer is \$10 per annum, or \$1 cents each paper. No better evidence of the cheapness of newspapers can be wanted.—Fayette Observer.

Americans Maltreated at Havana.—Four American Seamen, the survivors of a crew of nine, are said to be confined in a dungeon in Havana, where they have remained nearly three years, without ever having had a trial, shut up in a room with 150 criminals, without decent clothing or wholesome food. They are charged with having put to death a Spanish sailor. The authorities at Havana refuse to acknowledge a Consul from the United States.

Boston Statesman.

To the Editors of the Newbern Sentinel. I shall feel gratified if you will allow me to recommend to the farmers among whom your valuable paper is circulated, an acquisition which I have recently made to my implements of husbandry.

It is an instrument called 'Eastman's Patent Straw Cutter' and was made by the gentleman whose name it bears, at Baltimore. It is calculated for cutting, of any length, corn tops, blades and shocks, pea vines, and every species of hay and straw. The great superiority of this Cutter over all others which I have seen, consists in the celerity of its operation. I feel very confident, that two boys of 16 and 12 years of age, can with this knife, cut from 250 to 300 bushels of fodder of any description, in a day. The instrument has a rotatory motion and requires one boy to turn it, and another to put the fodder in a box attached to it. It is so contrived as to feed itself when it once takes hold; and it may be set so as to cut long or short. I am well convinced that a very great saving may be effected on a farm of any size, by the use of this knife, without any perceptible loss of time. Top fodder, when cut, makes as good a preparation for the beasts of the farm as can be desired. My horses and oxen ate it greedily the first time it was presented, and left very little of the stalk. If the corn tops are used early in the season, before they suffer too much by evaporation, I incline to think that all the stalk would be consumed by the stock; and even through the winter, if a little salt and meal were sprinkled over them when cut.

Shucks too, when well cut, afford perhaps a more nutritious diet than blades. Here then we perceive, that in the two articles of corn tops and shucks a saving may be realized, equal probably in value, to a crop of blades. For the tops and shocks of a farm far exceed in weight and bulk the blades—and the whole of the former when cut, will be saved. But this is not all; indeed scarcely half. A great saving is made by preparing the blades in the same manner, and the provender of the farm much increased by making wheat and rye-straw, as well as hay and pea vines a tempting food to the cattle. In addition to all this, it is universally conceded that every species of hay is much improved in quality, as food for cattle, by being cut. This last advantage is by no means to be overlooked.

I cannot but believe that such an instrument is particularly desirable to us at this time. The cultivation of Cotton is extended so rapidly, that it is to be feared, in a few years, the necessary animals of the farm will be scantily supplied, without some economical mode of feeding. Our lands too, are wretchedly impoverished by injudicious culture. It is certainly good policy therefore, to support in our barn yards, as large a stock as possible, that by

their aid, we may restore fertility to our barren fields.

I am, very respectfully,
yours, &c.

ISAAC CROOM.

FROM THE WINDHESTER HERALD.

MY WIFE—MY CAT—AND ME.

Let winter come with chilling look,
And strip the summer dower;
He cannot rob me of my book,
Or philosophic hour;
Yes, let him come with aspect chill,
The leaves strip from the tree,
There's three that can be happy still,
My wife—my cat—and me.
The storm may howl, the snow may fall,
The frost may glare bright;
I heed them not, while on the wall,
The hearth-fire shows its light;
Nor care I how the wind may blow,
If from a dun I'm free,
For little will suffice you know,
My wife—my cat—and me.
The fool may pleasure take in wealth,
I covet not his pelf;
He's richer who's a mine in health,
Who does not fear himself;
How sweet to hope for brighter days,
Though they should never be,
While warm we sit within the blaze—
My wife—my cat—and me.
And when old age with silent pace,
Strews o'er our heads his snows,
Ploughs furrows deep upon the face,
And steals the full-blown rose;
How sweet 'twill be when death shall come
To know that then we three
Shall sleep together in the tomb—
My wife—my cat—and me.

MARRIED.

In Wilmington, on the 4th ult. by the Rev. A. Empe, Haynes Waddell, Esq. to Miss Mary Fleming.
In Lenoir county, Mr. Reuben Wallace, to Miss Elizabeth Byrd.
At Trenton, Dr. Levin B. Lane, to Miss Jane Kornegay, daughter of the late Robert Kornegay, Esq. all of that place.
In Franklin county, on Thursday evening last, Dr. James Glenn, of Lenoir, to Miss Emily Yarbrough, daughter of Arch'd. Yarbrough, Esq. of that county.

DIED.

It is with much more than usual feelings of sadness and mourning, (says the late Warrenton Rep.) that we find ourselves compelled to announce the death of our worthy fellow citizen Kemp Plummer, Esq. He expired at his residence in this town yesterday, in the 59th year of his age, after a patient endurance of more than three months' suffering.—Leaving an amiable widow and a large family of children and grand children to weep over their inconsolable loss, and a numerous train of friends to regret the absence of a beloved associate. We hope that some more competent pen, will hereafter pourtray his virtues and do justice to his memory—at present we can only say,
" Sic transit gloria Mundi,"
for he was, indeed, the glory of our little world—the pride of the village—the ornament of the county—an honor to the Bar—the friend of the poor—the bold advocate of his country!—When shall we look upon his like again? Rarely, if ever.
In Guilford county, aged 18, Miss Melinda Hamner.
In Wilmington, suddenly, on the 16th inst. Mr. Benjamin Jacobs, sen. one of the oldest inhabitants of the place.
In Bladen county, on the 14th inst. Mr. John P. Granger.
In Trenton, Jones county, on the 3d inst. Miss Elizabeth Green, aged 16 years.
In Salisbury, on the 8th inst. Mr. Jacob Krider, aged 34.
In Rowan county, Mr. Philip Brown, aged 45; also, Mrs. Lucy Wilson, wife of Samuel Wilson.
In Davidson county, on the 7th Mrs. Elizabeth Bowers, wife of Alexander Bowers.
In Elizabeth City, Mr. Joshua Long, leaving a wife and two children.
In Pasquotank county, Mr. Mordecai Morris, Junr.

Stat. of North-Carolina,

WILKES COUNTY.

IX EIGHTY—September Term, 1825.

Waugh & Finley,

Charles P. Gordon, Zach' H. H. Gordon, Jas. H. Gordon, Geo. W. Gordon, Thos. T. Nappier & Rebecca his wife, Jno. Brown & Mary his wife, Sarah C. Gordon, Sarah Gordon, Nathaniel Gordon and Thomas Seawell.

Original Bill, and Bill of Injunction.
Appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the Defendants are inhabitants of another State, and notice by publication, being waived as to all save Thomas Seawell. Ordered, therefore, that publication be made in the Raleigh Register, for three months, requiring the said Thomas Seawell to appear at the next Court of Equity, to be held for the County of Wilkes, at the Court House in Wilkesborough, on the second Monday of March next, and plead, answer or demur to said bill, or judgment pro confesso will be taken, and the same set for hearing ex parte.
O. BARRETT, C. M. E.

CARDS AND HANDBILLS.

And Printing in general.
Neatly executed at this Office.

Blankets of all kinds for sale.