

RALEIGH REGISTER,

AND NORTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE

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VOL. XXVI

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The Register

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ADVERTISEMENTS

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sition. Communications thankfully received.
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Raleigh Register.

TUESDAY, APRIL 18, 1826.

It has been intimated in several papers, that the Administration was making efforts in this State to conciliate the friends of Mr. Crawford, and at the same time, to bring to its aid, men of talents of that party, though these efforts had been unsuccessful. We are not in possession of the key to this enigma, unless a solution be found in the fact, that the appointment of *Charge d' Affaires* to the Government of Peru, has been recently tendered and declined by our distinguished fellow-citizen BARTLETT YANCEY, Esq. of Caswell. Apart from any political considerations, it certainly should not be matter of surprise, that this gentleman, whose legal attainments have placed him at the head of his profession, should decline an embassy, the salary attached to which does not exceed, if it equals, the amount realized from his practice at the bar.

We learn that the President has nominated to the Senate, JAMES COOLEY, of Ohio, to be *Charge d' Affaires* to Peru, and JOHN APPLETON, of Massachusetts, *Charge d' Affaires* to Sweden.

The Board of Engineers who have been for the last twelve months, engaged in making surveys, with reference to the eligibility of a route for the proposed National Road from the City of Washington to New-Orleans, have made their report, which has been communicated to the House of Representatives, by the War Department. We are gratified to learn, that though the Engineers abstain in the Report from any positive opinion as to the general superiority of any one route over the other, yet there are indications not to be mistaken, of a preference for that which would embrace the several capitals of the southern States.

We had during the last week, dull, damp, cold weather, and now it is almost a luxury to live in so delightful a season as we have enjoyed for the last two days. We observe by the papers from the North, that they had during the week, a considerable fall of snow, beginning at Baltimore and increasing in quantity as it progressed North.

The account of the duel at Washington, as narrated in our last, does not vary in any essential particular, from the history of it, published in the Washington papers. We represented Col. Benton as having gone out with the party, but it appears, by the following extract from the Intelligencer, that this was not the fact.

Immediately after the report of the pistols while Col. Taitnall and Gen. Jesep were reloading, Col. Benton, of Missouri, rode up, and united with Mr. Johnson and Maj. Hamilton in an effort to stop the affair, which proved ineffectual. The parties again took their stations, and the word being given, Mr. Clay raised his pistol and fired, and the ball passed through Mr. Randolph's clothes. Mr. Randolph reserved his fire—holding his pistol perpendicularly up—said, "I do not fire at you Mr. Clay;" and discharging his pistol in the air. He added, "It was not my intention to have fired at you at all; the unfortunate circumstance of my pistol going off accidentally, changed my determination." At this instant Col. Benton came up, and said, "Yes, Mr. Randolph told me so expressly, eight days ago." The parties simultaneously approached each other, both with extended hands—Mr. Randolph remarking, "I will give you my hand"—which was cordially received by Mr. Clay; and the affair thus honorably and happily closed.

The Baltimore Patriot states, that Mr. Randolph commenced a speech in the Senate a few days since, thus:—"Mr. Speaker I beg pardon, I mean Mr. President of the Senate, and would be President of the United States, which God in his infinite mercy avert;" and then went on in his usual strain, without being called to order. Mr. Randolph's eccentricities are so well known, that he seems to enjoy by prescription the privilege of exercising in debate, a latitude of expression, which if it proceeded from any other member would be deemed an infringement on the rules of the Senate and be so punished. But really, the above is so flagrant a violation not only of parliamentary usage but of every thing like decorum, that we think the Vice President merits reprehension for his neglect in enforcing the rules of order.

Robert Trimble, now a District Judge for the Kentucky District, has been nominated by the President, to the Senate, as an Associate Judge of the Supreme Court of the United States, in the place of Judge Todd deceased.

Latest from Europe—London papers to the 9th of March have been received at New-York, by the packet ship Hudson. In England, there appears, at length, to have been a temporary suspension of money embarrassments, very few bankruptcies having taken place within the last several days.

The Governments of Rome, Austria, Sweden, Denmark, and France, have officially recognized the Independence of Brazil.

There are further reports of advantages gained by the Greeks. A letter dated Camp at Lepanto, Jan. 25, states that the Greeks had attacked the Turks at Lepanto and Patras, and gained a signal victory.

Fall of the Castle of Callao.—We have at length the gratification to announce the surrender of the Castle of Callao, the last hold of Spanish despotism on the American continent, to the Patriot arms. This suspicious intelligence, which will no doubt have the effect to hasten the recognition of the independence of the South American Republics by Spain, was received last night by the Sch. Betsey, Capt. Hunter, in 26 days from Carthagen. We learn from the supercargo of the Betsey that the day before sailing, the news was brought to Cathagen by a vessel from Chagres, and in consequence a grand salute was fired and a general rejoicing took place during the whole day and succeeding night, which continued when he sailed.—We have received the Bogota Constitutional, of the 23d Feb. [Balt. Amer.]

We understand that the Banks of Tennessee have resolved to commence specie payments in the course of this month.

It is mentioned in the Buffalo Patriot as an evidence of the growing importance of that village, that ground in the vicinity and bordering on the Canal, which a few years since was a perfect quagmire, has recently been let for five and six dollars per foot, on leases of ten years.

At the Potomac Fisheries, shad are selling at two dollars per hundred.

It is impossible not to smile at the *naivete*, with which some of the members of the House of Representatives at Washington, have spoken on the floor, of the discourses which they had prepared on the amendment of the Constitution, but which they were prevented from delivering by the success of the previous question, moved on Saturday. They should be compensated, & consoled for grievous disappointment—as far as it is compensable & consolable—by precedence as orators on the Panama question; and, considering that boundless latitude of digression in de-

bate is now claimed and admitted, they might introduce much of what they had concocted on the other subject.—Say the Constitution is endangered by the mission to Panama; then, explain what the Constitution is; then, what it ought to be; then how Mr. Clay elected Mr. Adams, &c. Nat. Gazette.

Latest Congressional Proceedings. SENATE. Monday, April 10.

The Judiciary Bill was taken up, the motion by Mr. Rowan of Kentucky, pending, which provides that the Supreme Court shall, in no instance, decide that the Constitution of any State, or any law of Congress, or any part thereof, is invalid or void, unless seven of the Justices of said Court shall concur in that decision, and that hereafter, such kind of proof only shall be issued, and in such order only, upon the judgment or decrees of any of the Courts of the United States, as are authorized and permitted by the laws of the State, and the Marshal, in his execution of the said process, shall conform to the laws of the said States.

Mr. Rowan addressed the Senate in a speech of considerable length and great ability, in support of the amendment, contending that the evil alluded to, actually existed, and was one that required an efficient remedy.

Mr. Holmes spoke against the amendment, and was followed by Mr. White on the same side, both gentlemen being apprehensive the adoption of it would endanger the bill in the House of Representatives. Mr. Van Buren made a few observations against the amendment, not on the ground of the principles involved, but because he believed it ought not to be connected with this bill.—He expressed his readiness to support any bill that might be introduced with similar provisions.

Mr. Mills, Mr. Tazewell, Mr. Johnson of Kentucky, and Mr. Dickerson, made some further remarks, when the question was taken on the amendment, and it was rejected—ayes 20, noes 21.

Tuesday, April 11.

The consideration of the Judiciary Bill was resumed, when Mr. Woodbury of N. H. moved to recommit it to the committee on the Judiciary, with instructions so to extend the system, as not to increase the present number of Judges, and he addressed the Senate, in a speech of considerable length and some ability, in favor of his motion, arguing, that in undertaking to remove a local grievance, a local remedy should be applied, which would not in its operation change our whole system. He was followed by Mr. Holmes, of Me. who said that the remedy was extremely local, affecting only nine States, and those States comprising about one fourth of our population! Some observations were then made by Mr. Johnson of Ky. Mr. Van Buren, and Mr. Eaton, after whom Mr. Robbins of R. I. spoke against the bill and in favor of the motion. Before any question was taken the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. Monday, April 10.

As is the custom on Mondays, a number of petitions and memorials, from every State in the Union, was presented and referred. Very few reports were made by the Standing Committees; and what were made related exclusively to private claims.

Mr. Thompson of Georgia, submitted a resolution, which was laid on the table, requesting the President of the United States to inform the House (if within his power) whether any Government, except the Government of the United States, has been invited to send Ministers to the Congress at Panama; and also, whether he has any reason to expect that any other Government, or Governments, in addition to the Independent Governments of Spanish America, and the Government of the United States of North America, (and if any, what other Government or Governments) will be represented in, or at the Congress of Panama.

The House then went into a Committee of the Whole, on the State of the Union, Mr. Stevenson, of Virginia, in the Chair, and resumed the consideration of the report of the Committee of Foreign Affairs on the proposed Mission to the Congress of Panama. Mr. Hamilton, of South Carolina, concluded a speech, begun some days before—and the Committee rose, with leave to sit again.

Tuesday, April 11.

Mr. Polk of Ten. submitted the fol-

lowing resolutions, which were read and referred to a committee of the whole on the State of the Union:

Resolved, That it is the constitutional right (and duty,) of the House of Representatives, when called on for appropriations, to defray the expenses of foreign missions, to deliberate on the expediency or inexpediency of such missions, and to determine and act thereon, as in their judgment may be most conducive to the public good.

Resolved, That it is the sense of this House that the sending of Ministers on the part of the United States, to take part in the deliberations of the Congress of South-American Nations at Panama, would be a total departure from the uniform course of policy pursued by this Government, from the adoption of the Federal Constitution to the present period; and might, and in all probability would, have a tendency to involve the Nation in entangling alliances, and endanger the neutrality, and relations of amity and peace which at present subsist between the United States, and the belligerent powers of Old Spain, and the Southern Republics of this Continent.

Resolved, Therefore, that it is inexpedient to send Ministers on the part of the U. S. to take part in the deliberations of said Congress of South American Nations at Panama, and that it is inexpedient to grant any appropriation to defray the expenses of the said Mission.

The resolution offered yesterday by Mr. Thompson of Geo. was taken into consideration, and after some debate, agreed to.

The House went into committee of the Whole, and resumed the discussion of the Panama Question. Mr. Buchanan of Penn. delivered a speech in favor of Mr. McLane's amendment to the resolution, reported by the committee of Foreign Affairs. And Mr. Wurtz of the same state, spoke in opposition to the amendment, and in favor of the original resolution. When Mr. W. had concluded his argument, the committee rose, on motion of Mr. Livingston, of Louisiana, and having obtained leave to sit again, the House adjourned.

Spring Goods.

B. B. Smith, & Co.

HAVE pleasure in announcing to the public, that they have just received the main part of their Spring supply; consisting of many desirable articles, to wit:

- Superior Angola Cassimeres, and Union Mixtures for Summer Wear.
 - Black Circassians, and Bombazetts.
 - French, and Silk Striped Linen Drilling.
 - Superior Denmark Sateens, of all colours.
 - Shaded Florentines, and Cotton Cassimeres.
 - Superior Mersailles and Valencia Vestings.
 - Linens, Lawns, and Thread Cambricks.
 - New Style Calicoes, and Ginghams.
 - Elegant Swiss, Jaconet, and Book Muslins.
 - Black and Colored, Gross de Naples.
 - Nankin and Canton Crapes, and Crape Shawls.
 - Valencia Silks, and Fancy Silk Scarfs.
 - Fancy Silk, and Gause Handkerchiefs.
 - Thread and Cotton Stockings, and Hal Hose.
 - Woodstock, Castor, and Kid Gloves.
 - Elegant Belts, and Bonnet Ribands.
 - Beaver and Leshorn Hats.
 - Shoes of every description.
 - Domestics of all kinds.
 - China Tea sets, and elegant Cut Glass.
- April 17th, 1826 52 6t

For Sale under a Decree

OF the Supreme Court of North-Carolina, that valuable Lot in the city of Raleigh known by the name of the "Casto old Lot." It is situated immediately at the head of Fayetteville street, and about one hundred yards south of the State-House, bounded on the north by Union Square, on the east by Wilmington Street, on the south by Lot No. 146, and on the west by Fayetteville Street, and contains one acre of Ground, three sides of which front public Streets. This lot is now nearly unimproved, and from its situation is considered one of the most desirable lots in the city, particularly to erect a Public House on. It will be sold either entire or in parcels, and on a credit of twelve, eighteen and twenty-four months—the purchaser giving bond with unquestionable securities.

The sale will take place on Friday the 12th of May, on the premises.

WM. ROBARDS, C. S. C. Raleigh, March 23. 45
The Richmond Enquirer and Petersburg Intelligencer will insert the above three times at intervals of two weeks, and forward their accounts to this office for payment.

State of North-Carolina, Ashe County

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, 1826.
Catharine Miller, vs.
The heirs at law of Daniel Miller, dec'd.
IT appearing to the Court that George Miller, one of the heirs at law of Daniel Miller, dec'd, is not an inhabitant of this state; it is ordered that publication be made for five weeks in the Raleigh Register, that unless the said George appear at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the county of Ashe in the town of Jefferson, on the 2nd Monday of May next, and answer the petition, it will be heard ex parte.
THOS. CALLAWAY, Clk. February 15, 1826. 38-5w.

State of North-Carolina.

Rutherford County, Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, January Session, 1826.

Sarah Bagwell, vs. The Heirs and Administrators of Lunsford Bagwell.

Petition for Dower. IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that David Russel and Rachel his wife, James Reavis and Polly his wife, and George Defriest and his legal heirs begotten on the body of Elizabeth his wife, heirs at law of the said Lunsford Bagwell, are inhabitants of another State; Ordered therefore, that publication be made in the Raleigh Register for six weeks, that the said David Russel & Rachel his wife, James Reavis and Polly his wife, and George Defriest and his legal heirs begotten on the body of Elizabeth his wife, be and appear before the Justices of our next County Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be holden for the county of Rutherford at the Court-house in Rutherfordton, on the third Monday after the fourth Monday in March next, then and there to plead, answer or demur, or judgment will be entered against them ex parte and made absolute.
Witness, Isaac Craton, Clerk of our said Court, at office, the 2d Monday of January, 1826.
35 6w. ISAAC CRATON, c. c.

NOTICE.

WILL be sold at the Court House of Hyde County, on the 1st Monday of April next, the following tracts of Land, or so much thereof as will pay the taxes and charges due for the year 1824, to wit:

- 1069 acres, listed by Stephen Gibbs, adjoining Cason G. Spencer and others.
 - 56 by Thomas Gibbs's heirs, Benjamin Gibbs and D. Fuller.
 - 100 by Hugh Jones, jr. adjoining Nathan Valloway.
 - 66 by Joshua Swindell's heirs, joining Benjamin Spencer.
 - 10 by Feller Timons, joining Elizabeth Swindell, and for 1823.
 - 90 by Nathan Valloway joining Hugh Jones, jr.
 - 108 by John Valloway, do do
 - 60 by Aaron Williams joining Carney Gibbs.
 - 50 by Jonah Bradley, joining Benjamin Watson, sen.
 - 100 by Joseph Bradley, joining John B. Donnell and Ira Hollowell.
 - 398 by Alexander Evans, joining Hugh Jones and D. Wallace.
 - 358 by Edward Fuller on Juniper Bay.
 - 180 by Thomas Gaskill, sen. joining heirs of Benjamin Chenev.
 - 25 by Aswell Gaskins, joining John Howard and Samuel Gaskins.
 - 50 by Prieston Hamilton, joining McKinley Gibbs, and for 1823.
 - 73 by Jehal Mason, joining John G. Blount and heirs of John Mason.
 - 100 by Mary Stron, joining Cason Gibbs and Ambrose Jones.
 - 150 by Henry Souther, joining Solomon Harris and others, and for 1823.
 - 50 by Tolbert Selby, joining Edward Fuller and R. Benson.
 - 155 by Mary Wauhob, joining Hugh Jones and Jacob Gaskill.
 - 40 by John Barrow's heirs, joining Abel L. Tooley.
 - 100 by Abram Baum, joining John Credle.
 - 92 by Margery Ballance, joining Do. on Swanquarter Bay.
 - 1444 by James Bridgman's heirs, joining John G. Blount and others.
 - 50 by Francis Midgett's heirs, joining John Clark.
 - 75 by Levi McGowan, joining Marian Carowon.
 - 37 by Geo. G. Burgis, joining Sally Wilkinson and others.
 - 400 by Richard Fortescue's heirs, joining John and Jordan Silvertorn.
 - 117 by Hugh H. Fodery, joining Thomas Meekins.
 - 180 by Joshua Fortescue, joining Mt. and Asa Bell.
 - 192 by Timothy Parmally, joining Wm. Boomer, L. Bell and others.
 - 640 by Wm. Worsley, joining Sandy Point.
 - 36 by Thomas Winfield, joining Littleton Bell and others.
 - 100 by Fanny Galard, joining James Leith and others.
 - 110 by Zachariah Adams, joining Jas. Smith and others.
 - 190 by John Bishop, joining James Leith and others.
 - 192 by Henry Bishop, joining Mary Wilkinson.
 - 640 by John Davis, 2d, joining John G. Blount, and others.
 - 60 by Josiah Gibbs, joining Sally Wilkinson, and others.
 - 108 by William Gordon, joining Saml. Clark.
 - 60 by Jos. G. Gowen, joining Ira Hollowell and others.
 - 45 by Silas Jones, joining Mary Davis and others.
 - 185 by Benj. B. Ruffell, joining heirs of Henry G. Slade and others.
 - 286 by James Smith, Sen. joining heirs of Wm. Satterthwaite and others.
 - 1623 by John Sears, joining Noah Bell.
 - 70 by Simpson Silvertorn, joining Sal by Wilkinson.
 - 50 by William Tyson, joining John G. Blount and others.
 - 50 by Joseph Williams, jr. joining Ino. Easter, sr.
 - 140 unenlisted, formerly owned by Ino. Selby, adjoining Washington Gibbs & Foster Swindell.
 - 160 by Tho. Jennett's heirs, joining Stephen Fulford, Henry Cahoon and Robert Jennett, to pay the tax of 1823.
 - 100 by Tho. Mason's heirs, joining Ino. Gauslin and others, and for 1823.
- HENRY GIBBS, Surr. March 11th, 1826. 47-6w.