



Outsare the plow affair, delightful Peace, Unsway'd by party rage to live like Brothers.

VOL. XXVI

FRIDAY, JUNE 16, 1826.

NO. 1289.

The Register

Published every FRIDAY, by JOSEPH GALES & SON. At Three Dollars per annum, or One Dollar and a Half for half a year—to be paid in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS Not exceeding sixteen lines, neatly inserted three times for One Dollar, and Twenty-Five Cents for every succeeding publication. Those of greater length in the same proportion. Communications thankfully received. Letters to the Editors must be post paid.

Raleigh Register.

TUESDAY, JUNE 13, 1826.

Cape Fear.—The last North Carolina Journal informs us, that the Cape Fear Navigation Company had just held its annual meeting in Fayetteville; that the former officers had been re-elected, and that a dividend of four per cent. was declared, payable on the 1st of October next.

After which, the Editor expresses regret that the Board for Internal Improvements has not yet obtained the services of a Civil Engineer to supply the place of Mr. Fulton, and intimates his fears, lest for the want of an Engineer, the affairs of the Cape Fear Company will fall into the same disordered and ruinous state they were in some years ago; that two persons are engaged at a salary of \$1000 each to superintend working hands on the River; that 100 labourers are or will be engaged to work under them; that the Dredging Machine is in operation; and that the whole of this work is going on without an Engineer to direct the operations, &c.

We believe, that the friends of Internal Improvement will not concur in the regrets and fears entertained by the Editor of the Journal on this subject, but will think with us, that the Board have acted wisely, not to engage, at present, a Civil Engineer in the place of Mr. Fulton, and that neither the affairs of the Cape Fear Company, nor those of any other Company, will suffer for the want of such an officer—for the following reasons:

- 1. Because our last Legislature was decidedly opposed to the employment of an Engineer. 2. Because there is no object at present which calls for the services of one.

It is well known, that the principal Works which now engage the attention of the Board, are, the entire removal of the Flats below Wilmington; the complete opening of the Cape Fear between Wilmington and Fayetteville; and the finishing of the Clubfoot & Harlow's Creek Canal. None of which require the services of a Civil Engineer, Mr. Fulton having given full instructions to the Board in relation to these several works. All that is required to finish them, therefore, is, active, persevering labour, under the view of intelligent and effective Superintendants.

Respecting the removal of the Flats, the Dredging Machine and Steam Engine, it is true, have been at work; but we are concerned to state, that it is found that the vessel in which they had been placed (which Mr. Fulton, in order to save time, had purchased ready built) will not answer the purpose, not being sufficiently flat to carry such heavy machinery; it is therefore necessary, after consuming considerable time in efforts to overcome the defects of this vessel, to have a new and suitable boat built for the purpose, and Mr. Cassady, an eminent artist in that line, is using every possible exertion to build the vessel and have the machinery placed on board as soon as possible. In the mean time, it is expected that the hands which were engaged for removing the Flats, will be added to those already employed in working on the River above, and, while the water is low, by means of this increased force, probably, completely accomplish the object of removing the obstructions which impede the naviga-

tion of the River to Fayetteville. We have heard, within a few days, that the hands had succeeded in removing a tree three feet in diameter, which extended nearly across the River.

While these works are accomplishing on Cape Fear, the most active operations are going on in finishing the Clubfoot and Harlow's Creek Canal, which we learn from an authentic source, will be completely effected during the present season.

That two Superintendants of the Work on Cape Fear are engaged at a salary of \$1000 each, is not correct. There is but one employed at present, and he is to receive, for the time he is actually in service (which will not exceed four or five months) at the rate of \$1000 a year. But if two or more active, intelligent persons could be thus employed, with a sufficient number of hands under their direction, the money paid to them would be well expended, as this is the kind of service wanted to effect the object in view.

Besides the Works already referred to, the attention of the Board has been called to the new Turnpike Road in Buncombe County, the act authorising which directs that the Board shall afford the Company such aid as shall enable them to lay off the road in the most effectual and least expensive mode. For this special purpose, Mr. Brazier, our late Assistant Engineer, was employed, and is now engaged in that service.

If, after accomplishing the Works on hand, our Legislature shall deem it proper (which we hope they may, as the objects will scarcely ever be effected without public aid) to assist some of the other private Companies in opening the principal Rivers of the State, no Civil Engineer would be wanting, even for this purpose, Mr. Fulton having made detailed Reports on each, accompanied with Maps. All that is wanting to effect the Works, are sufficient funds, some skilful workmen, and a competent number of labourers, under intelligent and efficient Superintendants.

The Editor of the N. C. Journal states, that he has heard from several sources, that the President of the United States contemplates a visit during the summer to this State. This is the first intimation we have seen of such an intention on the part of Mr. Adams.

The Locust.—We perceive from every quarter, that this troublesome insect after its regular period of absence, has again made its appearance. The Virginia papers say, that State has been visited in immense swarms. There is something remarkable in the natural history of the Locust, and no part more so, than that they regularly return at intervals of 17 years. There is always a degree of superstitious apprehension, connected with any event, out of the ordinary course of nature, and there are persons sufficiently ready to keep alive this feeling. Thus it is, the reappearance of the Locust is the cause of filling many with forebodings of evil. The last time they visited us, was in 1809, and to this visit, is ascribed the hostilities with England, and the war which soon followed them. A prevalent opinion entertained by the ignorant, in relation to the return of this insect is, that when its visits commenced, the first letter of the Alphabet was plainly discernible on its body—that each succeeding period of 17 years has witnessed the letters brought down regularly to W, and that when the whole shall have been gone through, there will be an end to time and all earthly objects. But jesting apart, this remarkable insect, though but trivial attention has been given to its history, appears as an extraordinary phenomenon in the works of creation. Its periodical visits—its long absence—the numbers which rise from the earth, where perhaps they have undergone various trans-

formations, whilst they have lain entombed, deserve some enquiry.

The Editors of the National Intelligencer, have recently announced their intention of retracing the history of Congress from the adoption of the Federal Constitution, with a view of publishing the same, on the plan of their Register of Debates, should the project receive such encouragement as will justify the undertaking. The enterprise is a great one, but if accomplished, the fruits of it would be invaluable.

Beauchamp, whose trial for the murder of Col. Shaspe, has excited so much attention in Kentucky, has been found guilty, and sentenced to be hanged on the 7th of July next. It is said that Mrs. Beauchamp has been acquitted.

Accident.—Mr. George Blagden, an old and respectable inhabitant of Washington, lost his life on Saturday evening by a bank of earth falling on him, while inspecting a part of the old foundation of the Capitol, which the digging had uncovered.

Georgia.—Messrs. Jencks & Van Slyke have contracted to cut the canal from the Savannah to the Ogeechee rivers at \$8,000 per mile; to be completed by Jan. 7, 1827; its length 16 miles: They have contracted to do it for \$21,875 less than the Engineer, Col. Clinton had estimated it.—Mr. Fulton the Engineer of the State, has surveyed the country between St. Lawrence and Augusta, and thinks it unfit for canalling; but deems a rail-road, the rails to be of timber instead of iron, to be perfectly practicable.

At a town meeting of the citizens of Wilmington, held on the 5th instant, a committee was appointed to request the pastors of the several congregations in that town, to recommend and set apart a day of public fasting, humiliation and prayer to Almighty God, to avert the judgment which is threatened in consequence of the excessive drought.

Revolt in Colombia.—Letters by the Charleston received at New York give an account of the origin of the revolt of Gen. Paez, which differs a little from any we have seen. It appears, says the Statesman, that Paez, in a spirit of domination of which indications have frequently been given, was guilty of some unlawful and violent proceedings against several inhabitants of Valencia, and was, in consequence formally impeached by the municipality of that city. The government, with a promptitude and firmness highly creditable to its administration, at once directed him to transfer his command to Gen. Escalona, and repair to Bogota for trial before the Congress. The General feigned an intention to obey, but secretly fomented a spirit of insubordination among the soldiery, which soon broke out in cries that they would acknowledge no other chief than Paez or the Liberator himself; when throwing off the mask, Paez placed himself at their head, set the civil authority at defiance, and raised the standard of rebellion without disguise.—Balt. Pat.

An affray took place, with pistols a few days since, at Edgefield Court House, between Col. John Bacon and Col. E. Simkins, Jr. in which the former was slightly wounded in the foot, and the latter very seriously, having received his antagonist's ball through the lower part of the abdomen and out at the hip.—Augusta Courier.

MARRIED.

On the 30th ult. near Mocksville, in Rowan co. Isaac D. Jones, Esq. high sheriff of the county, to Miss Mary Booe. In Anson co. on the 30th ult. Mr. David B. Raymond, to Miss Sarah Benton. In Rockingham, on the 30th ult. Mr. Robt. Galloway to Miss Susan Carter of Caswell.

DIED.

In Wilmington, on the 2d inst. in the 20th year of her age, Miss Susan H. Bryan, daughter of William Bryan, Esq. of Brunswick county. On the 31st ult. in Wayneboro', Dr. Thomas J. Ward, aged 25. In Camden, S. C. on the 26th ult. Mr. W. Thompson, by taking Sulphate instead of Salts. In the obituary of Col. Samuel Crowell, in our last, his age was stated in a part of the papers to be 27, instead of 72.

Salem Male Academy.

The Public are respectfully informed, that the Trustees of the Female Academy at Salem, Stokes county, North Carolina, intend opening a BOARDING SCHOOL for Boys, also, in the same place; in which all the branches of a good English Education will be taught; and besides that, the Latin, Greek, French and Spanish languages.

The undersigned, on whom the superintendence of this School will devolve, begs further leave to state, that five competent Teachers will be employed for the various branches of instruction; and that every exertion will be made to render this institution worthy of the patronage and confidence of parents and guardians, by adopting and pursuing such a course of education and school-discipline, as will be calculated to improve the minds, regulate the conduct, and preserve the health of the pupils. And while endeavoring to prepare them for a life of usefulness and respectability in this world, the higher concerns of eternity will not be lost sight of, but a conscientious care be taken, to imbue their minds with religious knowledge and impressions.

The pupils will board and lodge under the same roof with their teachers, and be continually subject to their inspection. The School will commence, and be opened for the reception of scholars by the first of July next.

Arrangements will be made to accommodate from thirty to forty pupils.

The terms of admittance will be: Entrance money, \$5. Board, including bed, dining, washing, and tuition, embracing Reading, Grammar, Composition, Penmanship, Arithmetic, Mathematics, Book-keeping, Surveying History and Geography, \$35 per quarter, payable in advance; instruction in Latin, Greek, French, Spanish, Music and Drawing, each \$3 per quarter. Books, stationery, and other contingent expenses, placed to account. Clothes found by the parents, or placed to account at their option. No pupils are admitted under eight, or above twelve years of age. Applications, mentioning name, age, &c. received by

ANDREW HENADE, Pastor of the Congregation at Salem, N. C. Salem, March 18 61 3m

A GENERAL Meeting of the Stockholders of the Neuse River Navigation Company, including the sub-purchasers of stock, as well as original subscribers, is requested at the Office of the Secy of State by 10 o'clock, A. M. on the 24th of June next. As matter of much importance to the institution will be laid before the Stockholders on that day, it is earnestly hoped that the meeting will be full; and where personal attendance is inconvenient, Stockholders are requested to send forward their proxies, attested by two witnesses and acknowledged or proven before a Justice of the Peace.

By order of the Board.

MARK COOKE, Secy.

It is further ordered, that books for the Subscription of new stock in the Neuse River Navigation Company be opened in the City of Raleigh, on the 5th day of June next, under the superintendance of the Treasurer and Secretary to the Board, and that the Books continue open for one month.

Valuable Land for Sale.

THE subscriber will sell the place on which he at present resides, situate on the waters of Grassy Creek, in Granville county, eighteen miles north of Oxford and ten south-west of Clarksville, Va. It contains 400 acres, about 200 acres of which have been cleared; 18 or 20 acres of it in highly improved lots, and upwards of 40 of good creek low grounds, well set with Clover and Green Sward. The plantation also abounds with the same Grass, being originally the first quality of land in the county.

One third which has been cleared, being in the possession of those some years previous, who could not attend to it, has grown up in natural growth, which is no disadvantage.

The balance is in tolerable condition; one half of that which is to clear is good tobacco land; the other is better calculated for cotton than tobacco. The tract is very nearly divided, as to its soil, in two kinds, viz. red, or mulatto, and gray soil.

There are within the plantation 10 or 12 Springs, the water of which is excellent and was never known to fail. The plantation may be divided into 3 or 4 parcels so as to have a bold branch to pass through each division. The small experiment made with the cotton crops, have sufficiently proven, that it is admirably adapted to the growth of that article; and as for tobacco, wheat, and corn, its adaptation is unquestionable.

The improvements consist of a good Dwelling-house, and other necessary Outhouses, good Apple and Peach Orchards of choice fruit; also fruit-trees of almost every description which this country affords. There are also elegant trees for shade around the house and yard.

This place is noted for its pleasant, healthy, and eligible situation. A more agreeable, respectable neighborhood cannot be found. The society is good, and surrounded with Christian societies of different denominations.

Any person wishing to enjoy health and the above advantages, would do well to see it. It has been frequently and justly observed that few places would bear a higher state of improvement. There is also a good Mill-seat on it.

Being determined to sell, a bargain may be had by those disposed to purchase.

Possession will be given on or before the 10th of October next.

Terms of sale—One half Cash; a credit of one and two years for the other half. The payments to be secured by a deed in trust on the land. HENRY YANCEY, June 7 67 2m

P. S. Should there not be enough in the above, there are two other tracts adjoining, one containing 250 acres, and the other 200 acres, unimproved land, for sale. H. Y.

Notices.

LETTERS of Administration, with the Will annexed, upon the Estate of William Ruffin, deceased, having been granted me, at the present term of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, for the County of Wake, all persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, as indulgence cannot be given—and those having claims against the Estate, will present them without delay that arrangements may be made for payment, otherwise this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

H. M. MILLER, Admr. with the Will annexed, of William Ruffin, dec'd. May 18, 1826.

Highway Robbery.

\$150 REWARD. WILL be given for the conviction of the Person or Persons who took from the Stage near this city, on the night of the 31st ult. Mrs. Harriet J. Yancey's Trunk, and for the contents of the Trunk, or I will give Fifty Dollars for the contents of the Trunk only. JOHN STEWART.

Raleigh, June 5, 1826. 66 4t.

Amongst the articles in the trunk, was a small Red Morocco Case, containing a set of Ear Rings, and a Breast Pin of Amethyst, set in pearl, and one pair of Paste Ear Rings, and one pair of Coral do. Also a Gold Heart with hair in, and the Letters H. Y. cut on the back of it, and two pair of Steel Bracelets. There were also several articles of Goods, intended for Ladies' Dresses, not made up. 66 4t.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the Subscriber in Anson county, North Carolina, some time in the month of November, 1825, a negro man named Joe; about twenty-five years of age, five feet, ten or eleven inches high, yellow complexion, has a down look, and when spoken to, seems to labor under some obstruction in his nose in replying—he has a scar on the left side of his neck.

I purchased the said Negro Joe, of Wm. G. Bowers, (Granville County) to which of some adjacent County, he will in all probability, make his way.

The above reward of Ten Dollars will be given for the apprehension of said Negro, in any Jail in this State, or Twenty Dollars for the delivery of said Negro to the subscriber.

WILLIAM CASH, Wadeboro', May 29th, 1826. 66 4t.

TWIN LEVER Cotton Press.

THIS improvement principally consists in having two Levers united, one on each side of the box, (instead of one over it)—the follower is taken out and set aside, the top of the Press should be even with, and join the floor of the blow room; the Cotton is then swept in, and tread down with great facility—the levers and followers are then connected with iron hooks. The whole manner of working it, (explained by a drawing,) may be found in the 50th No. of the American Farmer. The whole cost of this Press may vary from \$50 to \$90, (including a Patent Right, \$20) from the small space it occupies, (16 feet long, 10 feet high, and 3 feet wide,) it can be easily under cover; and as iron and steel bear all the friction, it is very durable, and easily operated—one man alone can work it. Whoever buys a Right, and first puts a Press in operation in any county, may build or sell a Right to build another in the same county, free of charge. Particular information, and a complete model loaned to persons intending to build.

CHARLES WILLIAMS, Petersburg, May 23d, 1826.

CERTIFICATES. We have in use a "Twin Lever Press," which fully answers our expectations; and believe it to be superior to any other Press for the purpose.

John Mann, Wm. M. Candlish, York County, Va. May 9, 1826.

I have in use, one of Mr. Williams' Cotton Presses, and feel no hesitation in saying, that the bales packed (about 40) are equal, if not superior in appearance, to any I ever saw—the Press fully answers my expectations.

Jordan Wannell, Surry County, Va. May 11, 1826.

We have used one of Mr. Williams' Cotton Presses, at the Blandford Mills for several months, in which we have packed bales weighing upwards of 400 lbs. each, into less than 5 yds. of bagging. We are of opinion, that when well built, these Presses are more convenient, compact, powerful and durable, than any other we know of, and as such, recommend them to the public.

R. F. Hannon, E. H. Tahajerro, We concur in the above recommendation.

Wm. Gilmore, J. C. Holston, T. R. Ryan, W. Covinsan, Gilbert & Smith, Wm. Pannill, James B. Kendall, Petersburg, May 17th, 1826. 63 4t.

J. AYKROYD, Professor of Music

From Newbern. RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of Raleigh, that, agreeably to the purpose which he made known in a former advertisement, he has arrived here and will commence the duties of his profession as soon as a sufficient number of pupils shall be obtained. A Subscription Paper is left in the hands of Edw. B. Daniel. June 7, 1826. 67 2t.