



Our sole plan is fair, delightful Peace,  
Unwar'd by party rage to live like Brothers.

VOL. XXVI

FRIDAY, JUNE 30, 1826.

NO. 129

**The Register**

Is published every Friday, by JOSEPH GALES & SON, At Three Dollars per annum, or One Dollar and a Half for half a year—to be paid in advance.

**ADVERTISEMENTS**  
Not exceeding sixteen lines, neatly inserted three times for One Dollar, and Twenty-Five Cents for every succeeding publication. Those of greater length in the same proportion. Communications thankfully received. Letters to the Editors must be post paid.

**Raleigh Register.**

TUESDAY, JUNE 27, 1826.

The Editor of the North-Carolina Journal, in his last number, has devoted nearly three columns of his "imperial sheet," to the Editors of the Register, for having dared to correct certain inaccuracies into which he had fallen. We have before stated, that our sole object, in commenting upon the opinions advanced through the Journal, was to prevent the public from drawing erroneous inferences, from incorrect premises. Notwithstanding this disclaimer on our part, the Editor endeavors to enlist the sympathy of the public, by asserting, that we have attempted to strangle his infant *Hercules* in its cradle—that we have commenced a "systematic attack" upon his paper—that we have charged him "with ignorance and falsehood,"—and intimates something about our motives for this deportment towards him. It is neither charitable nor just, to impute to the actions of men, the worst motives of which they are susceptible. But there are some persons who have so little command over their feelings, that the bare calling in question either their judgment or opinions, however respectful the manner, is sure to overwhelm the "arrogant" intermeddler in a torrent of abuse.

"But shall truth be silent, because" the Journal "frowns?" No, nor shall we shrink from what we conceive to be our duty, though our motives are impugned.

How far the allegations of the Editor of the Journal against us, have their foundation in reason or truth, we are perfectly willing to leave to the decision of the public; but once for all, we would say to the Editor, that, as to our motives, we can possibly have none, either of a personal or political character, which could induce us to violate, with respect to him, our determination "to live like brothers." There is between us no clashing of interests, nor can there be—his fall would not elevate, nor can his success depress us—we each move in our respective orbits, and though we may occasionally come in contact, it will never happen, on our part, with an intention of impeding the regularity of his course.

As to the matters in dispute between the Editor of the Journal and ourselves, we have nothing more to say. The gentleman acknowledges himself to have been ignorant of the appointment of Professor Mitchell in the place of Mr. Olmsted, as Geologist of the State, tho' he says he knew of the annual allowance made by law for the services of the Geologist. Both facts were made public at the time, and might therefore have come to his knowledge, though he were neither "member or Secretary of the Board."

The Legislature having passed no act at their late session in relation to Internal Improvements, requiring the aid of a Civil Engineer to carry its provisions into effect, and the late officer having acted on all the objects before the Board, we still think they judged properly in not supplying, for the present, the place of Mr. Fulton. It is true, the Flats below Wilmington, and the obstructions in the Cape Fear between Fayetteville and Wilmington, were not entirely removed; but a Dredging Machine had been procured for effecting the first object, and manual labour alone was wanting for the latter, agreeably to

the directions already given for both by Mr. Fulton. The Editor of the Journal adverts to what had formerly taken place on Cape Fear. But the circumstances under which Superintendants and hands are now employed, and those under which they were employed before a Civil Engineer had examined the River, and given instructions for its improvement, are entirely different. In the former case, all went on in the dark, and was, of course, ineffectual; at present the work is done agreeably to the directions laid down by the late Engineer, and will no doubt produce the desired effect.

Whether it would be better to give to some fit person a competent annual salary to make a Geological Survey of the State, as the Editor of the Journal recommends, or to have it done as at present, by our Professor of Chemistry, in the recesses of the University, as a kind of relaxation from the confinement which the regular duties of the session necessarily impose, we shall not attempt to decide. The business has gone on thus far very well, and we trust, if continued, will eventually accomplish the object in view; and if the compensation already provided be found insufficient (as we have intimated we thought it) we have no doubt the Legislature will make it what it ought to be.

Respecting the Extracts which we proposed to give from Professor Olmsted's last Report. On sitting down to make them, we came to the conclusion, that, having, during the last session of the Legislature, given an account of the discoveries made by the Professor, of Lime, Marl, &c. in the Eastern section of the State, we would defer those which he had lately made to the westward, until we had given a more general view than we had heretofore done, of the discoveries made in that region in his first Report. As soon as this is done, we will add an Abstract of the observations made in his last Tour, in that section of the State.

We know not why the Editor of the Journal should have taken amiss, the remark which we made on his paragraph announcing the proposed visit of the President to this State. We did not doubt his having heard the rumour. We, as he intimates, had ourselves heard it; but we did not believe it, and our experience had taught us the impropriety of giving publicity to every idle report which came in our way; and we venture to predict, that when the editor of the Journal shall have a little more experience in his new profession, he will be less ready to catch up rumour as it flies.

We shall take no notice of the insinuations thrown out by the Editor of the Journal, in the course of his remarks, relative to the next Presidential Election. That is an event we do not wish to say a word upon at present. It is surely time enough to begin the canvass for an election which will take place in the fall of 1828. We should deprecate the circumstance as a great evil, if the Union, from one end to the other, is to be kept in a constant state of excitement on this subject from the time the President takes his seat to the following election. But we will say in respect to this matter, that as good citizens we are determined to adhere to the sentiment so magnanimously advanced by Mr. Crawford, viz. "to judge the administration by its measures"—though it is one, in which the Journal does not appear willing to unite.

**Seasonable.**—We have had since our last publication, several fine showers of rain, and the pasturage which before was literally scorched, has again put on its verdant coat.

**Fourth of July.**—The interest of the community in the religious celebration of this day, seems to be on the increase. We perceive that Petersburg has adopted the plan, which originated in Ra-

leigh we believe, of holding an appropriate service of praise and prayer at an early period of the morning, in which all denominations unite. In addition to this, on the approaching Anniversary, at Petersburg, a sermon is to be delivered by the Rev. Mr. Rice, and Mr. Hammitt is to read the Declaration of Independence.

Doctor John Hill, has been elected Cashier of the Bank of Cape Fear at Wilmington, in room of William Andersson, Esq. resigned.

Benjamin B. Blume, of Northampton, and Spiers W. Smith, of Newbern, have been admitted, by the Supreme Court, to the practise of Law in the Superior Courts. And Richmond Pearson, of Rowan, to practise in the County Courts.

The English papers mention a *Grand Ball* which was to take place in London, "for the benefit of the miserable sufferers in the manufacturing stations of the north of England."—This reminds us of a Hudibrastic couplet we have somewhere seen:—

To serious counsel, now, let all advance,  
Agreed, but first, let's have a dance!

**Touches of Terrible Sublimity.**—The Cahawba Press of Alabama, says that Moschetoes are so numerous and voracious on Indian Key, an island off the coast of Florida, that they keep the hogs squealing, the dogs barking, and the fowls cackling all night.

Why really, this description of these "winged monsters" almost equals that given by Dr. Heustis, in his topography of Louisiana. In his remarks about them, he says "blood is their cry; nothing but blood can quench their thirst and satisfy their sanguinary appetites. Compared with them, the moschetoes of the northern states are mere gnats. Furnished with a bill like iron, they perforate the toughest hide, and drink the crimson stream of man and beast."

A fire occurred in Portland, Maine, a few days ago, which consumed property to the amount of \$25,000. It is believed to have been the work of an incendiary, and a female has been arrested to answer the charge.

**Members of Congress.**—From the official papers lately published, it appears that—

In eight years President Washington appointed ten members of congress to different offices.

In four years the elder President Adams appointed thirteen.

In eight years President Jefferson appointed twenty four.

In the same time President Madison appointed twenty.

President Monroe in eight years appointed nineteen.

The present administration have appointed four in one year.

Two of the four appointed by the present President, are the secretaries of state and war.

Mr. GALLATIN, our Minister to England, and family, have taken passage, in the packet-ship Florida, Captain Tinkham, which sails from New York, for Liverpool, on the first of July.

We remark the following passage in the number of the Edinburgh Review (89) last received:

"We have the strongest grounds for concluding, that the population of Ireland has doubled in the last 30 years; and, we must believe farther, that it is, at this moment, increasing at the same rate. If the seven millions of Irish of 1821, shall become fourteen millions in 1851, while the population of England doubles only in eighty years, that of Ireland will be nearly equal in 1851. Looking at this question as it affects the lower orders of Ireland, it presents nothing but what is most gloomy & terrific: for, in place of any prospect of their condition becoming better, it seems manifestly tending to become worse."

**Provision Market.**—Corn has become scarce, and sells at \$1 25.—It is tho't there is not more than a supply for 10 days in town. Bacon has suddenly become scarce and high,—sells for 12 1/2 cents. Lard is scarce. Only two or three loads of new wheat have come to

market, which sold readily for \$1 to \$1 10. This is certainly a favorable time for farmers to favor us with a visit with their provisions.

Fayette. Obs.

A great rise of the Cape Fear suddenly took place on Monday last, and has not yet entirely subsided; from which we infer that our friends in the back country have at last been plentifully supplied with rain, and we hope it came not too late to benefit one portion at least of their crops—corn.

The Steam Boat Henrietta took advantage of the rise to move this morning down the river, where she will continue during the summer and fall to ply on such part of the river as the depth of water may permit.—ib.

We should have mentioned in our last, but it escaped our memory, that at the late County Court of this county, an order passed appropriating 150 dollars for making a survey of the county for the use of John MacRae, Esq. in making his Map of the State. We have pleasure in adding, that several counties in the West have been equally liberal, and we doubt not that many others, or all of them, will willingly promote so desirable an object by following the example.—ib.

**General Court.**—On Thursday the 15th inst. the General Court met according to law—present, Judges Brockenbrough, Smith, Saunders, Daniel, R. E. Parker, Bouldin and Barbour. On Friday, Judge Semple appeared and took his seat. The court have, as yet, only acted on motions made by the Auditor.

On the 17th the Jury made the following presentment: That "Wm. Waller Henning, clerk of the Superior Court of Chancery, directed by law to be holden in the City of Richmond, within twelve months last past, to-wit: on the 11th of April, 1826, at the county of Henrico, and within the jurisdiction of the said General Court, unlawfully and extorsively, knowingly and fraudulently did charge, demand, exact and take to, of and from a certain Thomas B. Bryant as and for fees of business by him, the said W. W. Henning alleged to have done in his capacity of Clerk, as aforesaid, the sum of twenty one dollars and twenty four cents, the sum being more than was by law allowed, and the said business, in truth and in fact, not having been done, for which the said sum was so charged and exacted."

Mr. Henning was thereupon indicted by the Attorney general, and the indictment being sent to the Grand Jury they found "a true bill." The foreman of the Grand Jury stated in court, that by the evidence before them, it appeared that two fee-bills for the same amount, had been paid by the same individual, but that the payment of one was not within the last twelve months; and that it appeared, that the services had not been rendered in either case. The trial under this indictment will not come on during this term of the court. Eng.

New-York, June 18.

**Noon.**—We have been favored with Paris papers to the 5th of May, inclusive, brought by the Isabella, Henderson.—They contain letters from Missolonghi to the 6th of April, which confirm the accounts of the repulse of the Turks on the 24th of March, but it does not appear to have been known with how much loss. One of the letters is from a Greek General, who names two under Pachas that were killed. The Turkish fleet had also been repulsed in an attempt to take possession of a small island and fortress in the neighborhood of Missolonghi.

**Spirit of the Times.**—On Sunday morning the 21st instant, the canal boat Eclipse, Mr. Caleb Blodger, Captain and owner, arrived at Albany, via Lake Erie and the Canal, direct from Ohio, with a cargo of whiskey, pork, and potash. She left Monroe, Astabula county, Ohio, on Thursday week, towed by the steamboat Henry Clay, to Buffalo or Black Rock. The horses were taken across the country, a distance of about 125 miles, to Buffalo. She is a fine, well built boat, of the largest dimensions. We understand that another, from the same State, and of similar dimensions, is on the way. The Eclipse left Buffalo with 24 passengers, eight of whom came through. She is the first boat from Ohio. Perhaps a stronger illustration of the spirit of the age—the facilities of intercourse afforded by our works of improvement between very remote parts of the

Union, and the prevalent disposition to make the utmost application of them, cannot be easily given.—Albany Argus.

Com. PORTER arrived at Vera Cruz, from New-York, on the 15th May. He writes to a friend that nothing could be more delightful than his accommodations and his voyage altogether, every provision having been made for the comfort of himself and his party, by the orders of the Mexican Government.



**LATEST FROM EUROPE**

**MISSO LONGHI FALLEN!**

New-York, June 21.  
The packet ship Silas Richards, Capt. Holdredge, arrived yesterday morning from Liverpool, having sailed thence on the 24th of May, and brought regular advices to that date.

We are sorry to have to state that Missolonghi was taken by the Turks on the 22d of April; but the cause of the Greeks does not appear to have been hopeless, as it was now believed that the Christian Powers were about to interfere in her behalf.

Business in Liverpool, &c. was improving, and the sales of Cotton had increased, at small advance.

**Married.**

In Newbern, on the 15th instant, Mr. Jno. H. Goldston, to Miss Mary Smith, both of that place. Also, on the 17th, by the Rev. R. S. Mason, Mr. Henry Waring, Junr, merchant of New-York, to Miss Caroline Cokerman.

In Fayetteville, on Tuesday last, Dr. Frederick J. Cutlar to Miss Louisa Duhartz, daughter of the late Gabriel Duhartz, Esq.—Also Mr. Lloyd West to Miss Elsey Guiney.

**Died.**

At Wilmington, on the 19th inst. Mrs. Ann Jones, wife of Mr. David Jones, merchant of that place, aged 3 years.

In New-Hanover, on the 7th instant, Mrs. Sarah Adkinson, relict of Mr. John Adkinson.

On the 9th inst. Mr. Jacob Jarrol, aged 56 years.

In Cumberland county, on the 17th inst. Catharine, consort of the Rev. Allen McDougall. Her disease, the consumption, under which she labored for months, she bore with christian fortitude and meek resignation.

In Columbia, S. C. on the 12th inst. in the 27th year of his age, M<sup>r</sup> Parland, of the firm of Messrs. Latta & M<sup>r</sup>Parland, merchants of that place, after a painful illness of nearly thirty days. The deceased was a native of Laurel Hill, in this State, but for the last eight years resided in Columbia.

In New Haven, Conn. on the 9th instant, Rev. Jeddiah Morse, D. D. L. E. D. aged sixty-five. Dr. M. has been well known as a laborious Minister of the Gospel, and an industrious public writer.

**Drawings.**

Managers Office, June 24, 1826.  
THE Drawn Nos. from the wheel of the Union Canal Lottery, 22d Class, are  
10. 6. 56. 13. 57. 34. 37. 48.

And those from the wheel of the Dismal Swamp Canal Lottery, 3d Class, are  
18. 2. 12. 55. 32.

In both of which several Prizes of \$1000—\$500, &c. were distributed from the Office of YATES & MINTRE, Raleigh & Fayetteville.

The capital prize of \$20,000 and one of \$1,000 were held by a very enterprising and deserving Frenchman.

Persons holding prizes are requested to present them for payment, or renewal in the Delaware Lottery, to be drawn on the 3d July—or in the Maryland State Lottery, on the 12th.

**Music Tuition.**

JAYKROYD respectfully informs his friends in the city of Raleigh, that his School for the instruction of young ladies on the Piano Forte, will commence on Monday the 3d of July. All persons who are disposed to patronise him, are requested to leave their names with Geor. Beverly Daniel, Mr. John Primrose, or at the Book store of J. Gales and son. Terms of Tuition as stated in a previous advertisement.  
Raleigh, June 26. 72 2r.

**State of North Carolina,**  
County of Randolph.

Court of Equity—Spring Term, 1826.  
Anthony Groves and others, vs. Henry Branson and Nathan Branson's Ex'r.  
Appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that William Brookshire, Ex'r. of Nathan Branson, dec'd is not an inhabitant of this State. It is therefore ordered that publication be made six weeks in the Raleigh Register that the said William Brookshire appear within the three first days of the next Term of this Court, to be held on the 4th Monday of September next, and plead, answer or demur, otherwise the bill will be taken pro confesso as to him and heard ex parte.  
A copy. B. ELLIOTT, C. M. E.  
For Randolph county.  
Fr. Adv. \$2 75 72 6r