

RALEIGH REGISTER,

NORTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE.

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The Register

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ADVERTISEMENTS

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(Concluded from fourth page.)

for the gradual increase of the Navy, it may not be necessary or expedient to add for the present any more to the number of our ships; but should you deem it advisable to continue the yearly appropriation of half a million to the same objects, it may be profitably expended, in providing a supply of timber to be seasoned, and other materials for future use; in the construction of docks, or in laying the foundations of a School for Naval Education, and to the wisdom of Congress either of these measures may appear to claim the preference.

Of the small portions of this Navy engaged in actual service during the peace, squadrons have continued to be maintained in the Pacific Ocean, in the West India Seas, and in the Mediterranean; to which has been added a small armament, to cruise on the Eastern Coast of South America. In all they have afforded protection to our commerce, have contributed to make our country advantageously known to foreign nations, have honorably employed multitudes of our seamen in the service of their country, and have earned numbers of youths of the rising generation to lives of manly hardihood and nautical experience and skill. The piracies with which the West India Seas were for several years infested, have been totally suppressed. But, in the Mediterranean, they have increased in a manner afflictive to other nations; and but for the continual presence of our squadrons, would probably have been distressing to our own. The war which has unfortunately broken out between the Republic of Buenos Ayres and the Brazilian Government, has given rise to very great irregularities among the Naval Officers of the latter, by whom principles in relation to blockades, and to neutral navigation, have been brought forward, to which we cannot subscribe, and which our own Commanders have found it necessary to resist. From the friendly disposition towards the U.S. constantly manifested by the Emperor of Brazil, & the very useful & friendly commercial intercourse between the U.S. & his dominions, we have reason to believe the just reparation demanded for the injuries sustained by several of our citizens from some of his officers, will not be withheld. Abstracts from the recent despatches of the Commanders of our several squadrons are communicated with the Report of the Secretary of the Navy to Congress.

A Report from the Postmaster General is likewise communicated, presenting in a highly satisfactory manner the result of a vigorous, efficient, and economical administration of that Department. The revenue of the office, even of the year including the latter half year of 1824, and the first half of 1825, had exceeded its expenditures by a sum of more than forty-five thousand dollars. That of the succeeding year has been still more productive. The increase of the receipts in the year preceding the first of July last, over that of the year before, exceeds one hundred and thirty-six thousand dollars, and the excess of the receipts over the expenditures of the year has swollen from 45 thousand to nearly 80 thousand dollars. During the same period, contracts for additional transportation of the mail, in stages, for about 260 thousand miles, have been made, and for seventy thousand miles, annually, on horse back. Seven hundred and fourteen new Post Offices have been established within the year; and the increase of revenue within the last three years, as well as the augmentation of the transportation by mail, is more than equal to the whole amount of receipts, and of mail conveyance, at the commencement of the present century, when the seat of the General Government was removed to this place. When we reflect that the objects effected by the transportation of the mail are among the choicest comforts and enjoyments of social life, it is pleasing to observe, that the dissemination of them to every corner of our country has outstripped, in their increase even the rapid march of our population.

By the Treaties with France and Spain, respectively ceding Louisiana and the Floridas to the United States, provision was made for the security of land titles derived from the Governments of those nations. Some progress has been made under the authority of various Acts of Congress, in the ascertainment and establishment of those titles; but claims to a very large extent remain unadjusted. The public faith, no less than the just rights of individuals, and the interest of the community itself, appears to require further provision for the speedy settlement of these claims, which I therefore recommend to the care & attention of the Legislature.

In conformity with the provisions of the act of 20th May last, to provide for erecting a Penitentiary in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes, three Commissioners were appointed to select a site for the erection of a Penitentiary for the District, and also a site in the county of Alexandria for a county Jail; both of which objects have been effected. The building of the Penitentiary has been commenced, and is in such a degree of forwardness as to promise that it will be completed before the meeting of the next Congress. This consideration points to the expediency of maturing, at the present session, a system for the regulation and government of the penitentiary, and of defining the class of offences which shall be punishable by confinement in this edifice.

In closing this communication, I trust that it will not be deemed inappropriate to the occasion and purposes for which we are here assembled, to indulge a momentary retrospect, combining in a single glance, the period of our origin as a National Confederation with that of our present existence, at the precise interval of half a century from each other. Since your last meeting at this place, the fiftieth Anniversary of that day when our independence was declared, has been celebrated throughout our land, and on that day, when every heart was bounding with joy, and every voice was tuned to gratulation, amid the blessings of Freedom and Independence, which the sires of a former age had handed down to their children, two of the principal actors in that solemn scene, the hand that penned the ever-memorable Declaration, and the voice that sustained it in debate, were by one summons, at the distance of seven hundred miles from each

other, called before the Judge of all, to account for their deeds done upon earth. They departed, cheered by the benedictions of their country, to whom they left the inheritance of their fame, and the memory of their bright example. If we turn our thoughts to the condition of their country, in the contrast of the first and last day of that half century, how resplendent and sublime is the transition from gloom to glory! Then, glancing through the same lapse of time, in the condition of the individuals, we see the first day marked with the fulness and vigor of youth, in the pledge of their lives, their fortunes, and their sacred honor, to the cause of freedom and of mankind. And on the last, extended on the bed of death, with but sense and sensibility left to breathe a last aspiration to Heaven, of blessing upon their country; may we not humbly hope, that to them, too, it was a pledge of transition from gloom to glory; and that while their mortal vigors were sinking into the clods of the valley, their emancipated spirits were ascending to the bosom of their God!

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.

Washington, Dec. 5, 1826.

Boarding.

THE Subscriber, whose residence is convenient to the Academy, will be prepared to accommodate ten or twelve Students of the Academy with Board, at the ensuing session, commencing in January next. He will likewise, if requested, furnish them from his Bookstore, with such Books and Stationery, as they may want during the session, at reduced prices.

NATHANIEL J. PALMER.

Hillsboro', Nov. 7.

CANDLES.

FAYETTEVILLE Mould Candles just received and for sale by

S. BIRDSALL.

Cash or trade given for Tallow. 20 4w

Splendid Assortment

Of Seasonable Dry Goods, Hardware, Cutlery, Staffordshire China, Plain & Cut Glass Ware, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Foreign and American Liquors.

THE Subscribers beg leave to announce to the Public, that by the late arrivals, their assortment of Goods in the above lines is now complete. As the principal part of these Goods were bought at cash sales in New-York, Baltimore and Philadelphia, they are enabled, in many instances, to sell them below the original price cost, and purchasers would do well to give them a call, as they flatter themselves from their extensive purchases on those terms, they cannot be undersold by any House in the Union.

The following are among the Articles: Superior black and blue Cloths and Cassimeres do melley colours do Vestings in great variety P. line Cloth, fashionable colours Sattinets of every description Peanought Kersay Linsey Woolsey and Plains, for servants wear Rose and Point Duffle Blankets Red, white, blue, green and yellow Flannel and green Baize

Mens' Camblet and Plaid Cloaks. Ladies do Scotch and Caroline Plaids Bombazettes and Bombazines, assorted colours Cassimere Shawls and Scarfs do Merino and Imitation do Scotch Carpeting and Hearth Rugs Worsted and Lambswool Hosiery of every description Silk, Cotton and Wigonia do do Gloves do Patent and Common Suspenders Shell and Mock Tuck Combs well assorted do do

Pocket and Dressing Combs Calicoes 3-4 & 4-4, in great variety Cambric, Jacobett, Mull and Book Muslin Plain and figured Swiss do Gingham and colored Muslins Bandana, Flag, English & German Silk Handkerchiefs Cotton Shawls and Handkerchiefs Mandarin, Nankin and Canton Crapes, different colours Black, white, blue and pink Italian Crape Black & Fane, coloured figured Gros de Naples Prime Italian Lustring Black, white, blue, pink, green, and yellow Florence do do Satin

Black Senchaws and Sarsnott Lechorn and Straw Bonnets Furniture and Cambric Dinity Waist Ribbons and Buckles Plain and figured Satin and Lustring Ribbon in great variety Thread Lacc and Edging—Black and white Bobbinet Lace Buttons and Button Moulds, of every description Spool Floss and Cotton Bonnet Boards, Millinett and Tilloting Irish Linens, Lawns and Sheetings Birdseye, Table and Russia Diaper Russia Sheetings, Towels, Ticklenburg, Ozanburg and Drogheda Linen 3-4, 4-4, 5-4 & 6-4 Sheetings and Shirting 3-4, 4-4 & 6-4 Furniture and Apron Checks Domestic Plaids, well assorted Linen, Manchester and other Bedtickings Spin Cotton, No. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, Cotton Bagging Umbrellas, a good assortment Mens' black, white and brown Beaver Hats Youth do and Wool Hats, different sizes Gig and Hessian Mounting, Hardware & Cutlery Swedish and Eng. Iron for plantation use Tye Iron assorted Square, do Cut Nails all sizes Powder, Shot and Bar Lead Leaf and Brown Sugar Coffee, Hyson, Gunpowder, Imperial Tea and Chocolate Goshen Cheese. Prime Chewing Tobacco Window Glass 8x10-10x12

SHOES. Ladies Morocco, Sea and Leather Shoes and Pumps Do Prunell Shoes and Bootees Misses Boots and Shoes of every description Mens' Pumps, walking Shoes and Bootees Boys' Shoes of every description Children's do Mens' Shoes and Brogues for Servants. Lisbon and Malaga Wine. Old Rye and Northern Whiskey, French Brandy, Jamaica & N. E. Rum.

A good Assortment of Queen's Ware, with many other articles that cannot be enumerated in an advertisement. HAZLETT & ROBERT KYLE. Raleigh, 11th Dec. 1826. 20 2w3w

Notice.

A FAMILY wishing to move to the neighborhood of Nashville, Tennessee, to the neighborhood of Huntsville, or Tusculum Alabama, can be taken out about the first of January, in a strong wagon and good team. Inquire at this Office. Raleigh, 8th Dec. 1826. 19 3t

DELAY NOT,

But as soon as possible secure chances in the North and South-Carolina Lottery, at HATCHER'S LUCKY OFFICE, FORTUNE'S HOME FOREVER. So as to obtain some one or more of the numerous splendid prizes in that brilliant Scheme, such as 12,000 Dollars, 6,000 Dollars, 3,000 Dollars, 4,000 Dollars, 2,500 dols. 1 of 4,340, dols. 6 of 1,000 dols. Besides hundreds of others, amounting to nearly 100,000 Dollars. Price of Tickets, only 5 Dollars.

The Ticket which drew the fourth of the \$20,000 prize in the last class of the Virginia State Lottery, was sold by HATCHER, at the Norfolk Office, to a gentleman at Portsmouth, Va. and the cash promptly paid on presentation. Dec. 1, 1826.

Dismal Swamp Canal DRAWING.

THE drawn numbers of the Dismal Swamp Canal Lottery, 4th Class, are as follows: 85, 83, 18, 28, 7.

Which "as usual," gave to some of our friends a full portion of the Capital Prizes. We expect now to have the attention of the citizens drawn to their own Lottery, for the benefit of that "excellent institution," the Oxford Academy, which will be drawn on.

THE 20th INSTANT, and Prizes to the amount of nearly One Hundred Thousand Dollars, distributed among them. To secure some of the above, early application should be made to

YATES & M'INTYRE. Raleigh or Fayetteville.

Hillsborough Academy.

THE undersigned, Trustees of the Hillsborough Academy, having engaged William J. Bingham as principal of this institution, take great pleasure in recommending the school to the patronage of the public. This they do with the more confidence, as Mr. Bingham is personally known to each of them. He is already a teacher of some experience and note, and unites to sound learning and the most exemplary character, a happy talent for preserving strict and wholesome discipline. The Trustees pledge themselves to the public, to be the active and regular guardians of the institution: they will see that a becoming conduct and deportment shall be observed on the part of the students at all times and places. And no boarding house, where proper authority is not maintained over the boys, will be tolerated. Should any further recommendation of Mr. Bingham, as an instructor of youth be required, application may be made to the Rev. Dr. Caldwell, and to Professors Andrews, Hooper and Mitchell, at the University.

Wm Norwood, D. Nash, David Yarborough, Wm Kirkland, Francis L. Hawks, James Webb, John Taylor, A. B. Bruce, James Philips.

Dec. 3. 20 3w

Private Boarding School.

THE subscriber having commenced in July a last private boarding school, at his residence within a mile and a half of Hillsborough, will receive eight or ten more pupils, should they apply. His number of pupils is limited to twenty-two. The course of instruction, preparatory to the University. A careful attention will be paid to Reading, Writing, Arithmetic and Geography, during the classical course. Board and Tuition \$65 per session, or \$30 per annum. Parents and Guardians who may entrust their youth to his care, may be assured that every attention will be given to their moral and religious instruction. The exercises having closed the first Monday in December; will be resumed on the first Monday in January.

J. WITHERSPOON. Dec. 5. 20 1cb

Hillsborough Academy.

THE Examination will commence on the 29th of November and close on the evening of the next day. Parents, Guardians and the public generally, are respectfully invited to attend. JOHN ROGERS.

Dr. Rogers having resigned the charge of the Hillsborough Academy, the exercises will be resumed on the first Monday of January, under the direction of

W. J. BINGHAM. 1 f

P. S. Parents and Guardians are particularly requested to confide their sons or wards to the care of some respectable resident of the town, with parental authority.

Warrenton Female Academy.

THE exercises of this Institution will be resumed on the first Monday in January, 1827, under the direction of the Subscriber, with the assistance of

Mrs. Brainerd, John Kendrick, A. M. Miss Ann C. Brainerd, Miss Lavinia Brainerd, Miss Susan L. Brainerd.

Mr. Kaxnater will deliver Lectures on Natural and Moral Philosophy, Astronomy, Chemistry and Mineralogy, for which no additional charge will be made. A Chemical and Philosophical Apparatus and a choice Cabinet of Minerals, selected by Professors Silliman, Smith, and Dr. Manson, of Yale College, are shortly expected. The Musical Department will be under the direction of Miss Louisa Plankett. E. BRAINERD, Prin'l. Nov. 24. 15-3w

State Bank of North-Carolina, Raleigh, Nov. 28, 1826.

RESOLVED, That a Dividend of four per cent on the Capital Stock of this Bank, be, and the same is hereby declared for the last half year, payable at Raleigh on Monday next, and at the several Branches fifteen days thereafter. W. M. H. HAYWOOD, Cashier.

THE Subscriber intending to remove to his Plantation in the course of the winter, offers for sale the HOUSE in which he resides, with the Land attached to it, between 60 and 70 acres, well watered, and capable of high improvement. The House is completely finished, for the accommodation of a large family. J. L. TAYLOR. Raleigh, Nov. 27, 1826.

In my occasional absence from town, application may be made at the Register's Office.

A Stray.

ENTERED on the Stray Book of Orange county, by Henry Albright, living on Stinking Quarter, a Bright Sorrel Mare, all her feet white, shod all round; a star in her forehead; some saddle spots; four feet eleven inches high, ten years old; valued at \$50. BARNABAS O'FARRELL, Ranger. Nov. 18.

One Hundred Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the Subscriber, sometime in September last, four Negro Men, viz:—ISAAC, SCIPIO, JERRY, and KASEY. ISAAC is about thirty years of age, of middle stature, spare-made, with some marks of the whip upon his back. He can read a little, has some knowledge of figures and the carpenter's trade, & has a downcast look when spoken to. He had on when he went off a blue cloth coat, olive colored pantaloons, and a Castor hat. SCIPIO is about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, spare made, and about the same age of Isaac. JERRY is a stout fellow, about 6 feet high, and 26 or 27 years of age, and has a sulky look. KASEY is about 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, very stout, between 45 and 50 years of age, and limps a little in walking, caused by having his thigh broken. Expect they are endeavoring to get northwardly to some non-slaveholding State, as Isaac for some time had a disposition that way, and no doubt has enticed the rest away with him. I expect they were all in company with another of my negro men, who went off at the same time, and who has since been lodged in the Granville Jail. Masters of Vessels and others are hereby warned against harboring or carrying off said fellows. I will give the above reward for their delivery to me, or confinement in any jail, or for information so that I get them again—or Twenty-Five dollars for any one of them.

NATHAN B. WHITFIELD

Rockford, Lenoir County, 12 ff. November 15th, 1826.

CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

THE Trustees of the Smithfield Academy respectfully announce to the Public, that they have engaged the services of the Rev. Abner W. Gay, a gentleman well grounded in classical attainments, and every way eminently qualified for the office of an instructor. The School will be opened on the first day of January next. The Trustees therefore feel assured, that from the cheapness of board, (from 4 to \$5 per month, by agreement of the citizens,) its remoteness from scenes of dissipation, so ruinous to seminaries of learning, it will unite advantages which will render it not inferior to any Academy in the State, and will secure to it a share of public patronage.

CERTIFICATE.

With respect to Mr. Gay's knowledge of these studies, it will be sufficient to state, that in the assignment of class honors, which is made out at the end of each session, he has invariably received the first grade. W. W. BLOUVELT, Clerk to the Faculty. Hampden Sydney College, Va.

From my acquaintance with Mr. Gay, for several months past, during which time I have been associated with him in the instruction of this Academy, I consider him well qualified to take charge of a similar institution, and very cheerfully recommend him to the public. E. HOLLESTER, Princ'l. Fayetteville Academy, Oct. 14, 1826.

COURSE OF INSTRUCTION.

English Books.—Webster's Spelling Book, Walker's Dictionary, Murray's Grammar and Exercises, Cuming's Geography, with an Atlas, Pike's Arithmetic, Day's Algebra, Caldwell's Geometry, Blair's Lectures on Rhetoric, Witherspoon's Moral Philosophy, Hedge's Logic, Coppersmiths for Writers. Latin Books.—Adam's Latin Grammar, Historic Sacrae, Selectae Veteri, Viri Romae, Mair's Introduction, Caesar's Commentaries, & Illustr. Virgil, Cicero, Horace, Ainsworth's Dictionary. Greek Books.—Goodrich's Grammar, Greek Testament, Græca Minora, Græca Majora, Schrevelius Lexicon. (No Greek or Latin Book with a translation is allowed.—A portion of the Scriptures recited every Monday morning.)

Regular attendance on public worship, a strict accountability out of the Academy, as well as in it, will be required of all pupils by the Superintendent. Books and Stationery furnished by the Students themselves, or charged for. SAMUEL MITCHENOR, Prest. Smithfield, Nov. 10, 1826. 12 8w

The N. C. Journal and Western Sentinel will publish the above four weeks, and forward their accounts to S. Mitchenor, Smithfield, N.C. for payment.

Raleigh Register.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1826.

President's Message.—The extreme length of this interesting document, excludes almost every thing else from our columns. The most captious will have but little room to find fault with it, whether in reference to the subjects embraced in it, or its unexceptionable style. It is a business document, and contains a satisfactory exposure of our national concerns.

The most important subject, perhaps, to which the attention of Congress is directed, is the refusal of the British Cabinet, to negotiate on the subject of the West India trade; and it will be seen, that this President expresses his opinion, that there is little probability of an adjustment of the affair without retaliatory measures.

Congress.... Both branches of the National Legislature assembled at Washington, on the 4th inst. There were 38 Senators present, and 173 Representatives. Mr. Calhoun took the Chair in the Senate, and Mr. Taylor in the House. The Senate resolved to go into mourning as a mark of respect to the memories of Messrs. Nicholas Van Dyke, of Delaware, and Joseph M'Ilvaine, of New-Jersey, two of their late colleagues, who have departed this life since the last session of Congress.

The only subject of interest yet broached is the Bankrupt Bill, which Mr. Hayne has lost no time in introducing to the consideration of the Senate. It seems highly probable that this measure will be consummated at the present session.

Judge Smith has been elected by the Legislature of South-Carolina, to supply the vacancy in the Senate of the United States, occasioned by the death of Mr. Gaillard. Mr. Harper, it will be recollected, received a temporary appointment from Governor Manning, the death of Mr. Gaillard having taken place during the recess of the Legislature. Judge Smith was formerly a Senator, but was succeeded three years since by Col. Hayne.

We are glad to learn from the Wilmington Recorder, that the Engineers have arrived, and are now engaged in fixing the Dredging Machine, in the new boat. We have reason, therefore, to hope, that the Machine will soon be in successful operation. It is to be employed on the River below that place.

The Virginia Legislature is in session. William C. Holt was chosen Speaker of the Senate, and Linn Banks Speaker of the House of Delegates. We have received Governor Tyler's communication to the Legislature. It embraces but few subjects, though quite elaborate, a great portion of it being directed against the exercise of any power by Congress, not expressly delegated by the Constitution; but protesting more particularly against the right of the General Government to appropriate money for the improvement or completion of Roads, Canals, &c. within any State.

The Governor, in expressing his opinion on this subject, goes so far as to regret that the General Government by its interposition, has deprived Virginia of the honor of having completed the Dismal Swamp Canal.

We are glad to perceive that the Internal Improvements of the States are in a train of vigorous prosecution, under the direction of the Principal Engineer. The Message itself is written in a pure and energetic style.

We observe by the Georgia papers, that Mr. E. H. Borritt, Assistant Engineer of that State, has incurred the censure of the Board of Public Works, for having deviated from the instructions, in making certain Surveys and Measurements in reference to a proposed Canal and Rail Road, given to him by Hamilton Fulton, Esquire, their Principal Engineer.

The second trial of Jacob Barker and others, for a conspiracy to defraud certain monied Institutions of New-York, which occupied the Court from the 20th November to the 1st instant, has been brought to a close. On the former trial, it will be remembered, the defendants were acquitted, from the inability of the Jury to agree upon a verdict. The last trial terminated in the conviction of all the persons accused, viz. Thomas Vermilyea, Mark Spence, Geo. W. Brown, M. L. Davis, and Jacob Barker. A bill of exceptions was filed, and it is understood that a motion will be made to suspend the sentence of the defendants until the February term of the Supreme Court, when an application will be made for a new trial. The District Attorney gave notice, that at the re-assembling of the Court, he should begin the trial of Henry Eckford.

Sir John Sinclair calculates the produce of the soil and agriculture of Great Britain, at £215,000,000, and, including Ireland & the colonies, at £317,000,000.