



"Ours are the plans of fair, delightful peace, "Unwar'd by party rage to live like brothers."

The Register

Is published every Friday, by JOSEPH GALES & SON, At Three Dollars per annum, or One Dollar and a Half for half a year—to be paid in advance.

Raleigh Register.

TUESDAY, JULY 17, 1827.

James Thorn, of this county, a planter of some standing, was committed to our jail on Thursday last, charged with the murder of Hosea Herndon, a young man, who had been occasionally employed by him as a labourer, whom it appears he had shot in a drunken frolic, without much, if any provocation.

A negro man named Romulus, the property of Mr. Jas. Lowe, has also been committed to jail, for stabbing a son of Mr. Lowe.

The following gentlemen have obtained licences to practise law from our Supreme Court, since our last :

County Court.—Peyton P. Moore and Samuel L. Holt—both of Orange.

In our preceding page will be found the Speech of Mr. Everett, of Massachusetts, at a late public meeting of woollen manufacturers and growers of wool, held in Boston. We think the reasons which he assigns for acting on this subject are such as are worthy of serious consideration, as giving a more distinct view of the subject of the petitioners for further protection to the manufacturers of wool, than any thing we have before seen.

The Catawba (Charlotte) Journal of the 3d inst. announces Dr. Samuel Henderson, of that place, as a candidate for Congress from that district, in opposition to Maj. Henry W. Conner, the late member.

It turns out, that the Member of Congress of "great respectability," who communicated to Gen. Jackson that which Mr. Carter Beverly has been the instrument of making public, was Philip S. Markley, then a Representative from Pennsylvania, and who, we believe, is now Naval Store-keeper at Philadelphia.

A public dinner was given to Mr. Clay at Washington, Pa. on the 25th ult. which was very respectably attended. On being toasted, he delivered a pertinent address, as usual, on the occasion.

Mr. CLAY arrived at Maysville, Ky. on the 25th ult. and left that place in about two hours after his arrival, for Lexington. Before he left Maysville, a committee appointed by the citizens of the town, invited him to partake of a public dinner, which he politely declined.

Mr. McLEAN, Post Master General, has been handsomely entertained by a large number of his fellow citizens of Ohio, at Lebanon, in testimony of their respect for his long and faithful services. The late Governor Morrow, was among the invited guests. The toasts were devoid of any peculiar expressions of political feeling, as was the brief speech of Mr. McLean, after his health had been drunk.

The Cincinnati Gazette nominates Mr. McLEAN, for the Vice-Presidency.

Mexico.—American citizens who contemplate leaving the U. States for Mexico, will do well to furnish themselves with authenticated certificates of citizenship countersigned by an Agent of Mexico, as the Government of that Country has directed that no foreigner shall pass its frontier, or land in any part of that Republic, or travel thence into the interior, without a regular passport.

Sober Calculations.—The money squandered away in spirits, to say nothing of the ruinous effects which they produce on society, is beyond the calculation of any one whose mind has not been drawn to the subject. Suppose a man but drinks two glasses every day, he will spend 36 cents a week, which will amount to \$18 72 a year. In ten years, with interest, to more than \$200, and in 40 years, with compound interest, to more than \$3000. In addition to this, it may be safely calculated, that a man who is temperate, can lay up, in considera-

tion of the advantages he will gain in health and strength, as much as a moderate drinker would spend.

It has been computed that the amount of ardent spirits consumed in the U. States, is three gallons a year for every person. This at 50 cents a gallon, would pay all the expences of the National Government, and leave a surplus revenue, which would effect vast schemes of internal improvement. Besides the beneficial effects which would be produced by this abstinence on the health and happiness of the community at large.

Culture of Silk.—The Philadelphia Society for promoting Agriculture recommend the extensive cultivation of the white Mulberry Tree, the leaves of which it is generally known, are the best food for the silkworm. The value of the sewing silk and raw silk made in three counties in Connecticut in the year 1810, was 28,503 dollars, according to the estimate of the U. States Marshall; and as the business has been greatly extended since that time, it is probable the present value of the article made there is double that amount. And the income from this source, may be reckoned so much clear gain, as it does not interfere with their regular crops.—In this State, we presume, there will be no need to plant the Mulberry Tree, as there are plenty to be found in every neighbourhood. We hope therefore, the attention of the people will be drawn to the manufacture of this valuable article.

A letter received at New-York from Caracas, dated June 13, "A messenger arrived last night from Bogota. Congress had met, and refused to accept the resignations of BOLIVAR and SANTANDER."

The packet ship YORK, which left New York on the 9th of May, arrived at Liverpool early in the morning of the 27th.

The President of the U. States has appointed Thomas Randall, of Florida, to be Judge of the U. States for the Middle District of Florida, in the place of Augustus B. Woodward, dec.

In Florida, Mr. White has been chosen a Delegate to Congress, by a majority of about one thousand over his opponent, Mr. Gadsden. It is calculated by the increase in the number of votes, that Florida must have received an accession of four thousand inhabitants since the last election.

Signs of the Times.—We have received a new paper under this significant title which has just made its appearance at Portsmouth, N. H. Its mechanical execution and arrangement are neat and judicious and its editorial department indicates sound talents, based upon sound principles. The following we copy from the first number—the writer was formerly Governor of New Hampshire

From the Signs of the Times. [The following, from one whose long established political and literary distinction entitles his opinion to weight and respect, is among the many evidences of the just indignation with which the present causeless opposition is regarded by all honest and enlightened friends of our republican institutions.]

Epping, June 18, 1827. GENTLEMEN—I received last week your proposals to publish a newspaper at Portsmouth, under the title of "Signs of the Times." I wish you, on receipt of this, to put my name down on the list as a subscriber. I cordially approve the principles stated in your prospectus, and sincerely hope your success in the undertaking will exceed your highest expectations. Of all the parties that I have known for the last fifty years in this country, and I have sedulously watched and observed them, I have never known one so corrupt and unprincipled, or who have so fearlessly disregarded truth, and set the public interest at defiance, as the present party who are opposed to the Administration of the United States. Such an organized system of opposition, ought to excite the vigilance of every friend to his country to protect and guard our rights against their encroachments. Such a faction, appears to me, more dangerous to our freedom than a hostile army invading our shores. If our free government, which is the best on earth, should be doomed to destruction, it will eventually fall by the partricial hands of our own sons. Accept the assurance of my respect.

WILLIAM PLUMER.

Public opinion is rapidly developing itself. From the East—from the West, and from the North, the news is most cheering. The violent hostility of the leaders of the opposition to Domestic Industry as protected by the Woolen Bill—the defeat of the hundred and sixty thousand dollars' interest saving bill—the violent indiscriminate opposition to the Administration, right or wrong, and the bitter personal denunciation of the members of the Government who have grown old in the faithful performance of public service are combined, producing strong reaction, and the People are rallying with a firm and cheerful spirit in defence of their country. Village Record.

We stated last Winter that a large majority of the Louisiana Legislature were decidedly friends of the Administration. It excited a doubt among some of our readers. We have now before us the Argus of New-Orleans, dated June 6, which contains a letter to the Editor, from a member of the Legislature. In referring to the fact that Gen. Jackson had accepted an invitation tendered him by that body to join in a celebration of the 8th January 1828, the writer says, "The resolution was supported by the warm friends of the Administration, and could not have been adopted without their support, there being only twenty-five Jacksonites in both Houses, out of 67 members." We refer again to this fact, with no intention of making any calculation upon the future Presidential vote, but as a confirmation of our former statement. U. States Gaz.

Mr. Southard and Gen. Jackson.—The Washington papers hint at the existence of a remarkable correspondence between these gentlemen, which we hope will be given without delay to the public. We have known for some time, that there was such a correspondence—a correspondence not less strangely originating, than indicative of Gen. Jackson's violence and intemperance. If the rumor of the character of his late letter is true, we know no obligation by which Mr. Southard should be restrained from publishing the whole correspondence; nay, there is no obligation violated by his doing so in any event that we can perceive. He surely has a right to appeal from the injustice of Gen. Jackson, to the tribunal of public opinion; and in doing so to avail himself of the only means to make the controversy intelligible. If this course is observed, we hope the orthography and syntax of the correspondence will be left unimproved.—Rich. Whig.

The Circuit Court of the United States for the trial of the three Spaniards charged with murder and piracy on board the Crawford, is now in session. Five true bills have been found against the prisoners, and their trials are going on. Richmond Whig.

It is understood that President Holley, late of Transylvania University, has abandoned his contemplated tour to Europe, and is about to take charge of a seminary in New Orleans.—Nat. Gaz.

St. Louis, (Mo.) June 14.—We are informed by a gentleman recently arrived from St. Peters, of a most bloody affair that took place a few days before he left. A party of Chippewa Indians, with their families, had encamped under the walls of Fort Snelling, where they were approached in a treacherous manner, and fired on by a party of Sioux, by which eight of the Chippewas were wounded.

A detachment was immediately ordered out from the Fort by Col. Snelling, which succeeded in bringing back a number of the Sioux, as hostages, four of whom were delivered to the Chippewas, who, after shooting them, cut and mangled the bodies in the most brutal manner. Such summary punishment, immediately visited on the heads of the aggressors, is the only means by which the savage can be curbed, and made to pay proper respect to the white man.

Isaac B. Desha.—At the late term of the Harrison Circuit Court, another fruitless effort was made to try this miserable man. Six jurors only were procured.—Since the preceding term of the Court he had been going at large, having been bailed out on the ground that confinement would endanger his life. At the late term a motion was made to continue his bail; but after taking the opinion of physicians, that confinement would not now endanger his life, the Judge remanded him to jail.—Thereupon, his father, the Governor, as we are informed, granted him a full and free pardon.

He breathes through a silver tube inserted in his throat, which has to be frequently changed or cleansed. When it is removed he strangles, and were it not replaced, would soon suffocate. Whether guilty or innocent, he has suffered worse than the pains of death, and will carry with him to the grave, a mark which nothing can efface.—Frankfort (Ky.) Argus.

Our interesting military visitors from Baltimore, the Marion Corps, left the city yesterday on their return home. They visited the Capitol in the morning, and after calling on Col. ANDREWS of the City Legion, and partaking of refreshment, advanced to the President's Mansion and paid a marching salute to the Chief Magistrate. The Corps then proceeded to Georgetown, attended by the officers of the City Legion, where they met with a brilliant military reception by the elegant volunteer companies of that hospitable and public spirited town, and, together with the city officers who had been previously invited, partook of a most bountiful entertainment, prepared under extensive marquees on the heights of the town. Major General SMITH presided, assisted by Brigadier General THOMPSON, and Colonels ANDREWS and CORCORAN. After dinner

they were escorted into the city by the whole body of the Georgetown companies, and took their leave of us, carrying with them the admiration and best wishes of all our citizens who had witnessed their elegant appearance and gentlemanly deportment.—Nat. Int.

Wellsburg, Va. June 14. EXTRAORDINARY MORTALITY.—Mr. James Miteap, his wife, and five children, of the vicinity of Manchester, in Brooke county, Virginia, died very suddenly of a disease singularly rapid in its progress. Information of all the particulars relating to their disease has not been received, but believe that there were only 9 days between the first & last. The family consisted of 9 persons; of these 7 are now dead, and four days ago, the time the information was communicated, one of the remaining two was not expected to live. Manchester and the country around it have always been remarkably healthy, and we have not heard of a death taking place in it excepting the above, for a considerable length of time. It is said the physicians profess an entire ignorance of the disease.

In addition to previous notices of Forgeries of the Notes of the Bank U. S. we have to state for public information, that it was ascertained this morning, that the \$10 bills, Charleston Office, payable to Jos. Johnson, President or Bearer, are likewise counterfeited. Intelligence has also been received from the Parent Bank that the \$10 Notes of the Branch at Cincinnati, Ohio, payable to P. Benson, Cashier, or order, have been forged and are circulating. The Notes of the Charleston Office which are not at present known to be counterfeited, are of the following denominations—viz. \$100, \$50, \$20, \$5, payable to P. Bacot, Cashier.

The counterfeited are— \$20, payable to Pres'dt (J. Johnson) or Bearer. \$10, do do do do do do \$10, do do do do do do \$10, do do do do do do Charleston Patriot.

[From the Wilmington, N. C. Recorder] A letter from Madrid, dated January 1st, 1827, and placed in our hands by the person to whom it is addressed, gives the following agreeable intelligence of Mr. Irving:

"Our distinguished countryman, Washington Irving, is at present in this place. He came here for the purpose of translating some documents relating to Columbus, but finding them not likely to pay the trouble, he has given up the intention, and commenced an original work, now nearly finished, and which will be read with deep interest in the United States.

MARRIED. In Camden county, on the 1st inst. Mr. Sterling Tisdale to Miss Chloe Sawyer.

In Perquimans county on the 5th instant, Mr. Thomas Kiddick, to Miss Elizabeth Moore, both of that county.

DIED. On the 8th inst. at his residence near Carthage, Moore county, Joseph Seawell, Esq. aged 84 years and 6 months, and father to Judge Seawell, of this vicinity. But few men have left behind them a more enviable character than Mr. Seawell—a philanthropic and cultivated mind, a refined sensibility, with great urbanity of manners, were distinguishing traits of his character, through a long and useful life. With a heart truly benevolent and hospitable, manners commanding and dignified, yet accessible, edifying in conversation; he was truly an interesting companion of both young and old. His religious sentiments were no less marked for their liberality towards those with whom he differed, than were his actions demonstrative of his christian virtues and piety. In politics he was a firm and undeviating republican: his attachment to his principles, and the Constitution, he evinced by a practical manifestation of his promptitude in support of the Government under which he lived. Mr. S. was a native of Virginia, a descendant of an ancient and respectable family, who were among the early emigrants from England, and who settled on the Chesapeake Bay, not far from Norfolk, and gave rise to the name of the place (Seawell's Point) which still bears the family name.

Also, in the same county, at the residence of Arch'd M'Bryde, Esquire, Dr. Arch'd M'Queen, in the 27th year of his age.

At his father's residence, in Madison county, Alabama, on the 21st ult. Matthew M. Moore, Esq. in the 21st year of his age. In the premature death of this amiable young man, not only his fond parents and relations, by whom he was tenderly and deservedly beloved, but society also have sustained a serious loss. He was certainly a youth of fine promise, and greatly esteemed by all who knew him, and especially by those who knew him best. Mr. Moore finished his education at our University, and made very respectable improvements in those useful branches of learning to which his mind was directed. Easy, affable, and engaging in his manners, industrious, prudent, and correct in his business, moral, upright, and regular in his habits, he was rapidly forming and developing a character which will command respect so long as good sense & good taste are found to govern the opinions of men.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Firm of ROBBE & LOUGEE is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm will please make immediate payment to Wm. J. LOUGEE; those having claims will present them to him for payment.

JOHN ROBBE, WM. J. LOUGEE.

July 14th, 1827.

THE subscriber would return his thanks to the public for the liberal patronage, received while connected in the above firm, and hopes by his assiduity and attention to business, to merit a continuance. The business will in future be carried on his own name.

W. J. LOUGEE. July 14. 83

State of North-Carolina.

Surry County, May Sessions, A. D. 1827. Charles Steadman and his wife and others, vs.

The real estate of John H. Hoppis, dec'd. Petition for partition of lands, &c. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Hugh Davis and Sally his wife, and George Hoppis are residents of another State; It is ordered by the Court that publication be made for six weeks in the Raleigh Register, that the said Hugh Davis and his wife Sally, & Geo. Hoppis appear at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the County of Surry, at the Court House, in Rockford on the second Monday in August next; plead answer or demur, otherwise the petition will be heard ex parte as to them, and judgment entered accordingly. Teste, JO. WILLIAMS, C. C. Price Adv. \$2 6w-74

State of North-Carolina.

Rockingham County, Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, May Term, A. D. 1827. Peter B. Stubblefield and others, vs.

Thompson Harris and wife David R. Body and wife and others. Petition for Partition.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Thompson Harris and wife, and David R. Body & wife defendants in this case, are not inhabitants of this State, it is therefore ordered that publication be made for six weeks successively in the Raleigh Register, giving notice to the said defendants to appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for the county of Rockingham at Wentworth, on the 4th Monday of August next, and answer, otherwise the petition will be taken pro confesso, and heard ex parte. Witness Robert Galloway, Clerk of said Court at Wentworth, the 4th Monday of May, 1827. ROBERT GALLOWAY, C. C. Price Adv. \$2 6w-74

State of North-Carolina.

Surry County, May Sessions, A. D. 1827. Polly Hoppis vs.

The real estate of John Hoppis, dec'd. Petition for Dower, &c. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Hugh Davis and Sally his wife, and George Hoppis are not residents of this State; it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made for six weeks in the Raleigh Register, that the said Hugh Davis and Sally his wife, and George Hoppis appear at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the County of Surry, at the Court House in Rockford on the second Monday in August next; plead answer or demur, otherwise the petition will be heard ex parte and judgment entered accordingly. Teste, JO. WILLIAMS, C. C. Price Adv. \$2 6w-74

NOTICE.

The subscriber makes use of this method of informing his friends and the public in general, that by the consent of the purchasers of his lots and houses, he will remain in Oxford where he has resided for fourteen years past, until the fall, (unless they make sale of them in the mean time.) He flatters himself with a hope that the house will continue to receive the public patronage it has heretofore done, as it is the only way he has to support his family. He shall therefore spare no pains to accommodate those that may call during his stay in this place. DAVID MITCHELL, 83 13c July 9.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF N. C. Raleigh, June 6, 1827. By His Ex'cy H. G. Burton, Governor, &c.

To all whom it may concern.

PERSONS desirous of purchasing the interest possessed by the State in the lands mentioned in the following Resolution of the last General Assembly, are requested to forward their proposals to this Office, to be disposed of as therein mentioned. Whereas the State possesses a reversionary interest in the lands allotted to the Tuscarora Indians, by an act of the General Assembly, passed at Newbern on the fifteenth of October, one thousand seven hundred and forty-eight; and whereas, by a sale of the said reversion, a considerable sum may be raised and applied to an increase of the Literary fund;

Resolved, That his Excellency the Governor be, and he is hereby requested, to receive proposals from the present proprietors, or others, for the said reversion or fee, and make report thereof to the General Assembly at the next annual meeting.

Resolved further, That Simmons J. Baker, of the county of Martin, William R. Smith, of the county of Halifax, and William Britton, of the county of Bertie, be appointed Commissioners, to go upon the lands, and to ascertain the quantity and quality of each tract, with its fee simple value per acre, at the time of examination, and report to the next General Assembly; and that the expences attending the execution of said commission be paid by the proprietors of said land.

By the Governor, H. G. BURTON. Jno. K. Campbell, P. Sec'ty.

Hillsborough Female Seminary.

THE Exercises of this Institution will be resumed on the 12th instant. The facilities for instruction afforded by the number of Teachers, and the possession of an excellent Philosophical and Chemical Apparatus and Mineralogical Cabinet, united to the known healthiness of the place, and the moderate terms of tuition, present no ordinary claims to the notice of the parents and guardians of our community.

Prices as before. Ordinary tuition per Session. Fourth Class \$10 00 Third do 12 50 Second do 12 50 First do 15 00 Music (per Session) \$24 00 Painting & Drawing 10 00 Needle Work 1 00 Contingent expences 50 Board \$10 per month. W. M. GREEN, Superintendent. Hillsboro', July 2. 83 3c