

The Register

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Raleigh Register

TUESDAY, AUGUST 7, 1827.

Our annual Elections will be held throughout the State (except in three or four of our eastern counties, which have already taken place) on Thursday next.

The votes for a Member of Congress in the district lately represented by Mr. Edwards, in the two counties which have been heard from, were, in Nash, for W. W. Boddie 682; J. H. Bryan 66. C. A. Hill, 57. D. Turner 3. W. M. Sneed did not receive a vote in Nash.

The votes for a Member of Congress in the Fardor district, in Pitt (the only county heard from) were, for R. Hines, 664. For T. H. Hall, 394.

The Members of Assembly elected for Pitt county, are, John Joiner, S. Marshal Dickinson and John Cherry, C.

The Supreme Court adjourned on Friday last. The following is a list of the causes argued and determined:

William Falls & others v. Hugh Torrence and James Kerr, adm'rs. in Equity, from Iredeell. Interest on the hire and profits of negroes disallowed and decree of last term amended. Bill retained.

James G. Beatty v. James F. Elliot, in Equity, from Lutherford. Order of survey.

John Stearns's heirs v. Nathaniel Jones and Martin Lane, in Equity, from Warren. Remanded to the Court below for the purpose of filing an amended or supplemental bill.

Wm. Bryan & others heirs at law of Moses Griffin v. The Executors and Trustees of Moses Griffin, in Equity, from Johnston. Curia advisari vult.

William Croom ex'r. of Bryan Whitfield v. William Herring and wife and others legatees, in Equity, from Lenoir. Report confirmed and decree accordingly. The question of law referred in the Master's report continued until next term.

Robert H. Wynne and wife v. Peyton R. Tunstall, in Equity, from Halifax. Final decree.

The heirs of Christian L. Benzie & others v. William Lenoir, in Equity, from Iredeell. Motion to dismiss petition disallowed. Petition retained.

Samuel O'Daniel v. John Crawford & others, in Equity, from Orange. Bill dismissed—each party to pay his own costs.

John Crow v. James Holland's heirs, from Haywood. Curia advisari vult.

Trustees of the Association of Friends appts. v. William Dickinson, from Wayne. Judgment of the Court below affirmed.

Jesse Battle adm'r. v. John Burke appt. from Wake. Judgment of the Superior Court affirmed.

Thomas Alston v. Stephen Outerbridge, in Equity, from Franklin. Referred to the Clerk to take an account of the rents and profits of the lands from the time they came to the possession of Alston to the death of Fenner the Trustee, and report to the next term.

Simon Jeffreys v. Archibald Yarborough and Thomas Yarborough, adm'rs. in Equity, from Franklin. Decree for complainant.

John Sellers v. Hillary Hooks and wife, from Wayne. Judgment of the Court below reversed, and report set aside, cause remanded for further proceeding.

Layson Henderson assignee appt. v. William Shinnott and James Shannon ex'rs. from Lincoln. Judgment of the Court below reversed and rule for new trial made absolute.

Nathan Ivy & wife v. Aaron Rogers & others, in Equity, from Wake. Bill dismissed, each party to pay his own costs.

Branch Collins v. Peter Porter ex'r. &c. in Equity, from Wake. Report confirmed and decree accordingly.

James Sheppard v. Samuel Simpson, from Pitt. Judgment affirmed.

Luke Bently and others, v. Benjamin Forbes and others, from Pitt, in Equity. Referred to the master to take an account of the assets of Tapley Bently, which have come to the defendants or either of them.

Samuel Mills v. William Miller, from Pitt, in Equity. Referred to the master to take account.

Abraham Cox Sen. v. Thomas Mills, from Pitt, in Equity. It is ordered that this cause be retained until the trial of an action of ejectment in the Court below.

Daniel Lamont v. Archibald Gilchrist, admr. from Robeson. Judgment of the Court below reversed. Certiorari sustained and new trial granted.

Mary J. Hester and others v. James Hester and Samuel Young ex'rs. &c. in Equity, from Granville. Referred to the Clerk to take an account and an order of sale.

A. L. Gomez v. A. Lazarus, in Equity, from Cumberland. An order of Sale.

Isaac Palsom v. William Gregory appt. from Pasquotank. Judgment of the Superior Court reversed and rule for a new trial made absolute.

Den on demise of Ambrose Seville v. Addison Whedbee, guardian &c. appt. from Pasquotank. Judgment for the plaintiff.

Henry Wilkes v. William Clark, appt. from Hertford. Judgment affirmed.

The Gov. to the use of the county Trustee v. John Matlock Shff. and others, from Rockingham. Judgment affirmed.

The same v. same. From Rockingham. Judgment affirmed.

Lincoln Superior Court Office v. David Lockman. Judgment of the Court reversed & judgment for the plaintiff.

Jacob Lobe v. appt. v. Joseph Hafner and Abner Berry, from Lincoln. Judgment of nonsuit set aside and judgment of the Superior Court reversed. New trial granted.

William Underwood v. the Admr. of John Lane, dec. and Clarissa Lane appt. from Randolph. Judgment of the Superior Court reversed, and rule for new trial made absolute.

Stephen Brown's ex'rs. v. Thos. G. Johnson, appt. from Northampton. Curia advisari vult.

Den on demise of William Buff-loc v. Richard Newsum appt. from Northampton. Rule discharged and judgment affirmed.

The executors of Richard Pearson, dec'd. v. The executors of Wm. Thomas, dec'd. from Rowan, in Equity. Bill dismissed without costs, each party to pay his own costs.

Charles Banner Shff. v. John McMurry Deputy Shff. and others appt. from Stokes. Judgment of the Superior Court reversed.

William Humphreys v. John R. Buie appt. from Richmond. Judgment of the Court below reversed. A writ of Habeas corpus de novo ordered.

J. A. Dawson and others v. S.H. Dawson et al, in equity, from Halifax. Curia advisari vult.

Susanna Bryan, by her next friend v. John Selser adm'r. & Harry Bryan, in Equity, from Johnston. Decree for complainant. Referred to H. M. Miller to take an account.

The Gov. to the use of the ex'rs. of Thomas Holliday v. James Eastwood and others, from Greene. Judgment of the Superior Court affirmed.

Nathaniel Boyden and wife v. John G. Deane and wife, from Stokes. Judgment of the Superior Court reversed. Rule for new trial made absolute.

Cullen Jones' heirs v. William Andrews' ex'rs. in Equity, from Franklin. Remanded to the Superior Court of Franklin to make proper parties.

Loftis Pippin v. Jeremiah Perry and others, in Equity, from Franklin. Bill dismissed with costs.

Bailey Gay v. Jeremiah Perry and others, in Equity, from Franklin. Bill dismissed with costs.

Gideon Glenn v. Jesse Person, in Equity, from Franklin. Decree for complainants.

Imprisonment for debt!...It appears, from a New-York paper, that a respectable, aged woman, is at present confined in the Jail of Providence, Rhode-Island, for a debt of thirty dollars!...

In the year 1823, an act was passed by our Legislature, that "no female whatever shall in future be imprisoned for debt;" and "no debtor whatever who is willing to take the oath of insolvency, or to render a fair schedule of his property and give bond for his appearance to the succeeding court," can be imprisoned for debt in North-Carolina!

The President of the United States left Washington City for Massachusetts, on Tuesday evening last.

The Secretary of State arrived at the Seat of Government, from Kentucky, on the same day.

We understand that orders have been given by the Navy Department to dismantle the frigate Constellation, & pay off her crew. She lies at Norfolk.

The Lancaster Journal, published at the place of residence of the Hon. James Buchanan, a member of Congress from Pennsylvania, publishes the following:

"It was with some surprise, and much regret, that we observed an editorial article in the last U. S. Telegraph, in which it is assumed as a fact, and so stated, that Mr. Buchanan is the person to whom General Jackson alluded in his letter to Mr. Beverley, of the 5th ult. We have authority for saying that Mr. Buchanan will not set on the presumption that he is the person. He cannot consent to become a volunteer in this business. Should it hereafter become necessary to make any statement upon the subject, Mr. Buchanan will then immediately publish, in detail, the only conversation which he ever held with General Jackson concerning the last Presidential Election, prior to its termination. In the mean time, we think it right to state, that what we believe to have been the premature introduction of Mr. B's name in the Telegraph, has been without his authority, and against his consent."

FOR THE REGISTER. No. 3. Gen. Jackson, the Editor of the U. S. Telegraph, Geo. Kremer, &c.

I may be charged with supererogation, at this distance from the time when the Kremer story bursted, in laying it again before the public...There are few who have not heard it; yet the number is still less who know the rotten foundation upon which it was built. The yeomanry of the country, the laboring class, who possess the physical power in this Republic to give force to their opinions, and especially that portion of them who have not time or inclination to read much, and who depend upon their more idle, and as they believe knowing neighbor to inform them, are at this day entirely ignorant of any other part of the Kremer story, than that Mr. Adams and Mr. Clay had been charged with bartering away their rights and cheating Gen. Jackson out of his election. This imputation, reiterated and supported as it has been without proof, by those whom the commonality look up to for correct information on the political concerns of their country, has, in the hands of the opposition, had a powerful effect upon public opinion, and particularly in the Southern States. Playing upon the credulity of the people, they have sedulously secreted from them the whole truth, and now numbers of this honest and worthy class of the community do not know that the Senate of the United States had any thing more to do with the appointment of Henry Clay to the office of Secretary of State, than they had themselves; but believe as they have been told, that Mr. Adams gave him this appointment in consideration of Clay's voting for him as President. If this discloses the ignorance of a portion of our citizens, it shows the use the opposition have made of it to further their views, and they now have it in a doubly imposing shape from the pen of Gen. Jackson, who having "filled the measure of his country's glory," is now dimming the lustre of his former deeds, and casting a stigma upon the honor of his country, by joining this conspiracy against private character and public reputation. It becomes the solemn duty of every citizen who is in possession of the means, and who wishes to see truth prevail over falsehood, to investigate this subject to the bottom, that the people no longer led by the interested representations of political aspirants may judge for themselves;—and they will judge correctly.

In January, 1825, (this history of the transaction is given by the opposition themselves) while the election for President was pending before the House of Representatives, a member of Congress a friend of Gen. Jackson, who intended at the time to vote for the General, and who in fact did vote for him, informed another friend of Gen. Jackson, "that an offer of the State department had been made to Mr. Clay by the friends of Mr. Adams; that if a similar offer was made by General Jackson's friends, Mr. Clay's friends, who had agreed to act together, would vote for General Jackson." This last mentioned

friend carried the information first to Gen. Kremer, then to Gen. Eaton, and lastly to Gen. Jackson; and upon this flimsy foundation, without a shadow of proof to support it, except the word of the first member of Congress who figures in the transaction, have the opposition endeavoured to fasten upon Clay and Adams the charge of bargain and management for office, and of this informer's character for truth and veracity, you have an ample illustration from the pen of the Editor of the U. S. Telegraph, who appears to be the superintendent of the office of Discount and Deposit for all the secrets of the Opposition, tho' too frequently for the credit of the Company, his discounts overrun the deposits.

The Editor, after speaking of this informer as deficient in moral principle and every other qualification which should characterize an honest man, doubtful the people would not put the same confidence in his story that Gen. Jackson seems to have done, he wishes to give to it a coloring of truth, by telling us he was "a passive instrument in the hands of Mr. Clay." Has not this part of the tale also gone beyond "the sticking point?" If this man was subservient to Mr. Clay, why did not Mr. Clay induce him to vote for Mr. Adams? The opposition accuse him of bending much sterner materials to his purposes than this man appears to be composed of.

I will for awhile let the Editor of the Telegraph rest, but he slips not his neck out of the noose thus easily. He is a culprit of too high note in these days of political iniquity, to escape the punishment that public indignation shall award to his crimes.

Even Gen. Kremer thought the source from which the information came of too suspicious a character to be worthy the notice of Gen. Jackson, and refused to inform him of it; but at all events, it would answer very well to gull the people with— to sink Mr. Clay and Mr. Adams in public opinion, and hoist himself into notice.— The pen that has immortalized Henry IV. of France, also transmits to us the name of his assassin.—The impartial page of history records the vices as well as the virtues of men, and Gen. Kremer will descend to posterity as a foul calumniator. I make no unjustifiable aspersions upon his character, "out of his own mouth will I condemn him." Upon the strength of this equivocal & incredible evidence, he writes to the Editor of the Columbian Observer, under date of the 25th January, "It is now ascertained to a certainty that Henry Clay has transferred his interest to John Quincy Adams. As a consideration for this abandonment of duty to his constituents, it is said and believed, should this unholy coalition prevail, Clay is to be appointed Secretary of State."

Mr. Kremer, in a "Card" to the Public, published in the National Intelligencer of the 3d of February, acknowledges himself the author of the letter in the Columbian Observer, though somewhat equivocally, and announces his readiness to substantiate the charges therein contained. Upon the appearance of this public avowal of Kremer, Mr. Clay solicited from the House of Representatives an investigation into the truth of the charge. Mr. Kremer rose from his seat and said, "he was willing to meet the enquiry and abide the result." The next day, while the debate was going on upon the motion of Mr. Forsyth to raise a committee to investigate the subject, Mr. Kremer, in the presence of Mr. Crowninshield, former Secretary of the Navy, denied being the author of the letter to the Columbian Observer. The same day, in the lobby of the House of Representatives, he declared in the presence of Mr. Brent of Louisiana, Col. Little of Md. and Mr. Diggs, that he never intended to charge Mr. Clay with corruption or dishonor in his life.

[Here follow the Certificates of Wm. Brent of Louisiana, of Peter Little of Md. and of Wm. D. Diggs, as to the declarations of Mr. Kremer, which, as they appeared in our Register of the 27th ult. we omit.]

Mr. Brent sent a copy of his statement previous to publishing it to Mr. Kremer, with a request that he would examine it, and if he discovered any inaccuracies, suggest such alterations as he should deem necessary. Did Kremer suggest any alterations? Not one, he knew it to be true. Compare this statement of Kremer's as made to Mr. Brent, with the contents of his "card," published but one day before in which he promises to "cry aloud and spare not," and prove upon Henry Clay the truth of the charges he has alleged in his letter to the Editor of the "Columbian Observer;" also with his denials of being author of the letter to Mr. Crowninshield, and his remarks to Gov. Kent.— Gov. Kent states, in a letter to a friend in Kentucky, under date of the 15th May, of the present year, speaking of the Kremer story, he says, "At the time the plot opened, I was a member of the House of Representatives, and heard Kremer declare that he never designed to charge Mr. Clay with any thing dishonourable in his life." Who can envy George Kremer his public fame, or that respectability of character which fastens upon those who have joined him in this crusade against truth? Can the human mind rest upon an object more loathsome to its honest and manly feeling than the assassin of ano-

thers good name?—It appears to me that a mind constituted like George Kremer's, appreciating the present and reckless of its consequences to the future, is completely under the control of that moral turpitude which is the life of treason, stratagem, and crime.

I shall pursue the subject in my next. INVESTIGATOR.

The New-England Glass Manufactory, at Lechmere's Point, near Boston, was destroyed by fire in the night of the 28th.

We are informed that Mr. Vaughan, the British Minister, paid to Mr. Clay, at the Department of State, a few days ago, the second and last instalment, amounting to upwards of \$600,000, payable by the Government of Great Britain, under the Convention of November last.

By the packet ship Edward Quessel, Paris papers are received to the 15th ult.— Two frigates sailed from Brest on the 1st of June against Algiers, betwixt whom and France a war is threatened.

The Paris papers contain melancholy tidings concerning the poor Greeks, 2500 of whom have been put to the sword! In a battle fought on the 16th of May, the Greeks had assembled 10,000 men for the relief of Athens. On the 4th, Karaskaki commenced the attack on the Turks, and was killed, with 300 of his men. And in other engagements, the total loss above-mentioned, was sustained. But the Greeks still continue their efforts for the preservation of Athens.

The Convention at Harrisburg was organized on the 30th ult. Mr. Riner, Speaker of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania, was appointed President, Jesse Buel of New York, and F. Tighman of Maryland, Vice Presidents. Mr. Holsted of New Jersey, and Mr. R. Fisher, of Pennsylvania, Secretaries. Thirteen of the States are represented.

MARRIED. Lately in Pasquotank county, Mr. Daniel Jennings to Miss Lovey Sawyer. Mr. George Davis to Miss Mary Davis. Mr. Robert Bailey to Miss Elizabeth Channey. Mr. Reuben Palm to Miss Maria Ward.

In Germantown, Stokes county, on the 5th inst. by Jeremiah Gibson, Esq. Mr. H-aben D. Giddings to Miss Mary Biting, daughter of Mr. John L. Biting.

At the University of Virginia, on the 21st ult. Dr. John P. Esmet one of the Professors of that Institution to Miss Mary Byrd Tucker, from Bermuda, daughter of the John H. Tucker, Paymaster General of his Britannic Majesty's forces in Portugal.

DIED. On the 30th ult. in the 39th year of his age, John Armstrong, Esq. Clerk of the County Court of Cumberland respected and regretted by all who knew him. He was an honest man's noblest work of God, such an one was Mr. A.— He possessed a mind and spirit, the energy and value of which could only be duly estimated by those who were familiarly acquainted with him. In his death, a wife and several children, besides a numerous circle of relatives are left to deplore his loss. His remains were interred 12 miles above town, with Masonic honors by the members, of Phoenix Lodge and Chapter.

On the 16th inst. in Moore county, John Tyson, Jr. Esq.

At his residence in Northampton County, in this state on the 27th ult. Capt. James Exam.— In the death of this truly good man society has lost a most valuable member—He had reached nearly 60 years, and his whole life was one continued scene of active industry, charity and benevolence.—He seemed to live not for himself, alone—the whole community felt the influence of that warm feeling to which his heart beat in unison.—Let the circumstances of his living thus long without a personal enemy, speak the worth of his character. The goodness of his disposition led him to mourn with those that mourned and rejoice with those that rejoiced—to dry the widow's eyes and still the complaints of the orphan—to pour the oil of gladness into the wounded spirit and balm of consolation into the heart bowed with grief seemed to be his greatest pleasure. If society feels the loss of such a man, what must it be to his wife and children—well may it be said to be irreparable. His disease was long—his sufferings were great—but he was enabled to bear it all with that patience and meekness which religion so strongly inculcates—in mercy a close was fixed; to his agonies, and left this for a better world, rejoicing in the glorious hope of a happy immortality.

In Henderson county, Tennessee very suddenly, Col. James J. Hill formerly of Franklin county, in this state, and many years a member of the general assembly from that county. In all the relations of life Col. Hill was esteemed a valuable citizen, and died universally regretted.

Near Penitentiary, S. C. on the 18th ult. Julius H. Walker, Esq. formerly of Wilmington, in this State aged 55 years. Mr. W. was afflicted with a pulmonary disease, and had been travelling with his family some time for the benefit of his health. His talents were of a superior order and his conversation and manners were those of a polished gentleman, and his character was imbued with deep and fervent piety.

The last Chaplain of the Revolution gone.—At Edgartown, Mass. on Wednesday, the 17th ult. aged 83 years, the Rev. Joseph Thaxter, Chaplain of Prescott's regiment, at the battle of Bunker's Hill, and afterwards of other regiments in actual service for four years succeeding that bloody engagement.

In New-York, on the 23d ult. after a short and painful illness, William Chambers, M. D. Dr. Chambers was the inventor of the celebrated medicine for the cure of Intemperance.